Interim Report

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Abstract & Plagirism Declaration

To address the issue of electronic waste and cluttered workspaces in the Level 1 Labs, this project aims to develop an automated system for identifying and sorting electronic components. Utilizing Computer Vision, the system will classify components like resistors, capacitors, ICs, and MOSFETs, and sort them into designated bins. The project will be executed in three stages: initial development of a Computer Vision system for component identification, integration of a semi-automated sorting mechanism, and potentially, full automation of the sorting process or additional features like IC testing. Supervised by Dr. Edward Stott, this project aims to practically solve the problems faced by the Level 1 Labs.

I affirm that I have provided explicit references for all the material in my Interim Report that is not authored by me, but is represented as my own work. I have used GPTv4, as an aid in the preparation of my report. It was used for LaTeX formatting, however all technical content is original.

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1 Project Specification

- This project aims to solve the problem of electronic waste and cluttered workspaces in the Level 1 Labs
- by developing an automated system for identifying and sorting electronic components. It aims to
- 2 do so by employing state of the art Computer
- 2 Vision techniques to classify various electronic
- 2 components, and then sort them into designated bins.
- The project's deliverables are as follows:
- A Computer Vision system for component identification
- 4 An interface from which to observe and control the system's state
- A semi-automated sorting mechanism
 - Potentially, full automation of the sorting process or additional features like IC testing

2 Background

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3 Implementation

The project is to be executed in three stages:

- Initial development of a Computer Vision system for component identification
- Integration of a semi-automated sorting mechanism
- Potentially, full automation of the sorting process or additional features like IC testing

This approach was taken to allow me to set defined goals to ensure that the project is always working towards a deliverable product. Each stage extends the previous stage, and so the project can be considered as a series of smaller projects.

For this initial stage in the project, the focus is on developing the foundation for the system to be built upon so that the development of the various systems can be done independently, in parallel, and in such a way that each system is modular and easily extensible. I have identified four systems that compromise the project:

- · The Hardware, Mechanics and Design
- The Computer Vision system
- The software that coordinates the various components
- The tools used to develop the system

3.1 Hardware, Mechanics and Design

The hardware, mechanics and design (HMD) of the system are the physical components that make up the system. It is necassary to first consider the HMD of the system as they are the foundation upon which the rest of the system is built; for example, when designing the Computer Vision system, it should utilise training data that was collected using the HMD that the system will be deployed on, ensuring that the system is robust to the conditions it will be used in. As such, the main focus of this stage has been the HMD.

3.1.1 Hardware

For the initial stage of the project, the main components of the HMD are:

- Raspberry Pi 4 Model B 2GB
- 7" Touchscreen Display
- 24V dc, 6.25A, 150W Power Supply
- Okdo Adjustable Focus OV5647 Camera
- LED Light Strip
- 3D Printed Frame

Raspberry Pi 4 Model B 2GB

The Raspberry Pi 4 Model B is the main component of the system, and is the central hub that all other components are connected to. This model was chosen as it is regarded as a reliable SoC and is widely used in the industry. It has a large amount of software and driver support, so I can be confident that I will be able to find a solution to any issues that may arise. Additionally, it has GPIO pins that can be used to control other components which will be necassary in future stages. It also has a dedicated camera port which allows for a camera to be connected directly to the SoC, which is necassary for the Computer Vision system.

It also has WiFi support for SSH and remote development, as well as HDMI port for the display. Originally, the 4GB model was ordered however an issue with the EE Stores resulted in receiving the 2GB model instead. This was not an issue as the 2GB model is sufficient for the initial stage of the project, however if it is found to be a bottleneck in future stages, a more powerful model may be used. The decision to not return the 2GB model is because the EEStores are not available over the Christmas break.

7" Touchscreen Display

The DFRobot 7" Touchscreen Display was chosen as it is a relatively cheap display that is compatible with the Raspberry Pi. It has touchscreen support and has a Raspberry Pi 4 mount on its back, as well as HDMI adapter boards to connect to the Pi. This means I do not have to design a physical mount for the Pi, and only need to design a mount for the display.

24V dc, 6.25A, 150W Power Supply

There are two parameters that were taken into consideration when choosing a power supply: the power output and the voltage.

Power

The power supply must be able to drive all



Figure 1: Raspberry Pi 4 Model B 2GB²



Figure 2: DFRobot 7"
Touchscreen Display¹



Figure 3: Power consumption of the system



Figure 4: Okdo Adjustable Focus OV5647 Camera³

components in the system with overhead in case of spikes in power consumption. In this first stage, the system only consists of the Raspberry Pi, the display, LED lights and camera, making for a power consumption of under 20W, recorded using a smart plug with a power meter. However, in the future, the system will likely need to drive additional motors and sensors, so the total power consumption will be higher. Even with accounting for this, the power consumption will be under 100W, so a 150W power supply will be sufficient, allowing a 50W overhead. In hindsight, this may be considered excessive.

Voltage

The voltage of the power supply must be greater or equal than the highest voltage of any component in the system; this is necassary as I have only step-down converters available on hand, so choosing a higher voltage allows me to step-down the voltage to the required voltage for each component. 24V was chosen as it is a common voltage for stepper motors, which may be used in future stages of the project. It is also used for some LED strips, which are used in this stage. The Pi 4 uses 5V and the LED strip uses 12V, which the 24V power supply can be stepped down to.

Okdo Adjustable Focus OV5647 Camera

For the Computer Vision system, a camera is required to capture images of the components. The Okdo Adjustable Focus OV5647 Camera was chosen as it is CSI compatible, meaning it can be connected directly to the Raspberry Pi, and has a manual focus ring, allowing it to be used as a macro camera to capture images of small components placed directly above it. The manual focus ring allows the camera to be specifically tuned to the design of the system, allowing for the best possible image quality. It also has a 5MP sensor⁴, which is sufficient for the Computer

Vision system, as high resolution images would be preprocessed and reduced.

LED Light Strip

An LED strip is required to illuminate the components so that the camera can capture images of them. Initially, a 12V LED Ring was chosen as it would allow for a uniform light source and can be mounted directly below the camera; however for reasons explained in the next section, it was replaced with a 5V WS2812B LED strip as it solves the issues faced with the LED Ring.

3D Printed Frame

To house the components, a 3D printed housing was designed. It features a modular design, allowing for an iterative design process where I am able to work on different components of the system independently. It also allows for easy replacement of components should my design prove to be inadequate. The housing was designed in FreeCAD, a free and open source parametric CAD software that I have personal experience with.

The parametric design allows for easy modification of the design should I need to make changes - with good design practices, I can ensure that changes can be done as I please by simply modifying a few numerical parameters. The design was then printed using my own personal 3D printer, a heavily modified Voxelab Aquila C2. For this stage on the project, I must design 3 major components for the housing:

PSU Housing

The PSU housing will contain the power supply and also ensure that all high voltage components are safely enclosed. It will also house the power switch, the power socket and the terminals. As I will require step down converters for the Pi and LED strip, the PSU housing will also contain the mounting points

for the step down converters.

· Camera Housing

The camera housing will contain the camera and the LED strip. It will also contain the mounting points for the camera and LED strip. The camera housing will also mount an acrylic plate above the camera, so components can be placed on the plate and be imaged by the camera.

· LCD Display Housing

The LCD display housing will contain the LCD display and the Raspberry Pi. As the 7" DFRobot LCD display has a Raspberry Pi 4 mount on its back, am explicit mount for the Pi is not required. The mount will position the LCD display at an angle, so it can be viewed from above. The LCD display simply slides into the mount, allowing for easy removal and also contains mounting points to secure the LCD display to the camera housing.

The components are secured using brass M3 heat-set inserts and M3 screws. The heat-set inserts are inserted into the 3D printed parts using a soldering iron, and the components are then screwed into the inserts. This allows for easy removal of components should I need to make changes to the design, following my modular design principle.

4 Project Plan

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5 Evaluation Plan

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6 Safety Plan

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