JavaFX Tutorial - JavaFX Event Handlers

Event handlers allows to handle events during the event bubbling phase.

Registering Event Handler

An event handler is an implementation of the EventHandler interface. To register a handler, use the addEventHandler() method.

```
scene.addEventHandler(DragEvent.DRAG_ENTERED,
    new EventHandler<DragEvent>() {
        public void handle(DragEvent e) {
            System.out.println("drag enter");
        }
});
```

Full source code

```
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.event.EventHandler;
import javafx.scene.Group;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.TextField;
import javafx.scene.input.DragEvent;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
/* w ww . j a va2s . c o m*/
public class Main extends Application {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Application.launch(args);
    }
}
```

```
@Override
public void start(Stage primaryStage) {
```

```
Group root = new Group();
   Scene scene = new Scene(root, 300, 250);
   TextField textBox = new TextField();
   textBox.setPromptText("Write here");
   // Register an event handler for a single node and a specific event type
   scene.addEventHandler(DragEvent.DRAG ENTERED,
        new EventHandler<DragEvent>() {
          public void handle(DragEvent e) {
            System.out.println("drag enter");
         }
       });
   root.getChildren().add(textBox);
   primaryStage.setScene(scene);
   primaryStage.show();
 }
}
```

The code above generates the following result.



Reuse Event Handler

The following code defines an event handler object and reuse it to add event handler.

```
// Define an event handler
EventHandler handler = new EventHandler<InputEvent>() {
   public void handle(InputEvent event) {
```

```
System.out.println("Handling event " + event.getEventType());
    event.consume();
}
};
scene.addEventHandler(DragEvent.DRAG_EXITED, handler);
scene.addEventHandler(MouseEvent.MOUSE_DRAGGED, handler);
```

Full source code

```
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.event.EventHandler;
import javafx.scene.Group;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.TextField;
import javafx.scene.input.DragEvent;
import javafx.scene.input.InputEvent;
import javafx.scene.input.MouseEvent;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
/*w w w . j a v a 2s . c o m*/
public class Main extends Application {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   Application.launch(args);
 }
 @Override
 public void start(Stage primaryStage) {
   Group root = new Group();
   Scene scene = new Scene(root, 300, 250);
   TextField textBox = new TextField();
   textBox.setPromptText("Write here");
```

// Define an event handler

```
EventHandler handler = new EventHandler<InputEvent>() {
    public void handle(InputEvent event) {
        System.out.println("Handling event " + event.getEventType());
        event.consume();
    }
};
scene.addEventHandler(DragEvent.DRAG_EXITED, handler);

scene.addEventHandler(MouseEvent.MOUSE_DRAGGED, handler);

root.getChildren().add(textBox);
primaryStage.setScene(scene);
primaryStage.show();
}
```

The code above generates the following result.



http://www.java2s.com/Tutorials/Java/JavaFX/1140 JavaFX Event Handlers.htm