# **CDAC MUMBAI**

## **Concepts of Operating System**

### **Assignment 1**

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Problem 1: Read the instructions carefully and answer accordingly. If there is any need to insert some data then do that as well.

- a) Navigate and List:
- a. Start by navigating to your home directory and list its contents. Then, move into a directory named "LinuxAssignment" if it exists; otherwise, create it.

```
cdac@Samir:~$ cd ~
cdac@Samir:~$ ls
cdac@Samir:~$ mkdir LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~$ ls
LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~$ cd LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ pwd
/home/cdac/LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment
```

- b) File Management:
- a. Inside the "LinuxAssignment" directory, create a new file named "file1.txt". Display its Contents.
- cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment

  cdac@Samir: ~\$ cd LinuxAssignment

  cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ touch file1.txt

  cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ cat file1.txt

  cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ ls

  file1.txt

  cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ \_\_

#### c) Directory Management:

a. Create a new directory named "docs" inside the "LinuxAssignment" directory.

```
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment

cdac@Samir: ~$ cd LinuxAssignment

cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment$ mkdir docs

cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment$ ls

docs file1.txt

cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment$ __
```

#### d) Copy and Move Files:

a. Copy the "file1.txt" file into the "docs" directory and rename it to "file2.txt".

```
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~$ cd LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ cp file1.txt docs/file2.txt
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls docs
file2.txt
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls
docs file1.txt
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ _
```

- e) Permissions and Ownership:
- a. Change the permissions of "file2.txt" to allow read, write, and execute permissions for the owner and only read permissions for others. Then, change the owner of "file2.txt" to the current user.

#### f) Final Checklist:

a. Finally, list the contents of the "LinuxAssignment" directory and the root directory to ensure that all operations were performed correctly.

```
Select cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~$ cd LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 2 cdac samir 4096 Aug 18 13:48 docs
                           0 Aug 18 13:43 file1.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 cdac samir
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls -1 docs
total 0
-rwxr--rwx 1 cdac samir 0 Aug 18 13:48 file2.txt
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 2 cdac samir 4096 Aug 18 13:48 docs
-rw-r--r-- 1 cdac samir
                           0 Aug 18 13:43 file1.txt
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$
```

- g) File Searching:
- a. Search for all files with the extension ".txt" in the current directory and its subdirectories.

```
cdac@Samir:~\square cd cdac1
cdac@Samir:~\cdac1\square ls
A AAA ABC a aaa aaaaa dir1 dir3 dir5 duplicate.txt file2.txt files.txt input.txt output.txt
AA AB ABCD aa aaaa colors.txt dir2 dir4 dir6 file1.txt file3.txt fruit.txt numbers.txt xyz.txt
cdac@Samir:~\cdac1\square ls -R | grep ".txt\square "
colors.txt
duplicate.txt
file1.txt
file2.txt
file3.txt
file3.txt
file3.txt
file3.txt
file5.txt
fruit.txt
input.txt
numbers.txt
output.txt
xyz.txt
cdac@Samir:~\cdac1\square cdac1\square cdac@Samir:~\cdac1\square cdac1\square cdac@Samir:~\cdac1\square cdac1\square cdac@Samir:~\cdac1\square cdac1\square cdac1\square cdac2\square cdac1\square cdac2\square cdac1\square cdac2\square cdac1\square cdac2\square cdac2\square cdac2\square cdac2\square cdac1\square cdac2\square cdac2\squa
```

b. Display lines containing a specific word in a file (provide a file name and the specific word to search).

```
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ cd ~
cdac@Samir:~$ cd LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ grep "IRON" file.txt
grep: file.txt: No such file or directory
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ grep "BATMAN" file.txt
grep: file.txt: No such file or directory
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ cd ~
cdac@Samir:~$ cd LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ grep "BATMAN" file1.txt
I am BATMAN MAN.
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$
```

#### h) System Information:

a. Display the current system date and time.

```
cdac@Samir: ~

cdac@Samir: ~$ date

Mon Aug 18 14:28:11 UTC 2025

cdac@Samir: ~$ _
```

#### i) Networking:

a. Display the IP address of the system.

```
cdac@Samir: ~
cdac@Samir:~$ ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 172.18.112.42 netmask 255.255.240.0 broadcast 172.18.127.255
       inet6 fe80::215:5dff:fe0e:4fc2 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether 00:15:5d:0e:4f:c2 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 494 bytes 284416 (284.4 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 115 bytes 7918 (7.9 KB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
:dac@Samir:~$
```

b. Ping a remote server to check connectivity (provide a remote server address to ping).

```
cdac@Samir:~
$ ping youtube.com
PING youtube.com (142.251.43.110) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from tzdela-bd-in-f14.1e100.net (142.251.43.110): icmp_seq=1 ttl=109 time=52.5 ms
64 bytes from tzdela-bd-in-f14.1e100.net (142.251.43.110): icmp_seq=2 ttl=109 time=52.9 ms
64 bytes from tzdela-bd-in-f14.1e100.net (142.251.43.110): icmp_seq=3 ttl=109 time=55.9 ms
64 bytes from tzdela-bd-in-f14.1e100.net (142.251.43.110): icmp_seq=4 ttl=109 time=52.4 ms
^C
--- youtube.com ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 52.365/53.428/55.922/1.452 ms
cdac@Samir:~$ __
```

- j) File Compression:
- a. Compress the "docs" directory into a zip file.
- cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment
  cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ zip -r docs.zip docs
   adding: docs/ (stored 0%)
   adding: docs/file2.txt (stored 0%)
  cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ ls -l
  total 12
  drwxr-xr-x 2 cdac samir 4096 Aug 18 13:48 docs
  -rw-r--r- 1 cdac samir 316 Aug 19 12:54 docs.zip
  -rw-r--r- 1 cdac samir 32 Aug 19 12:48 file1.txt
  cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ \_\_

b. Extract the contents of the zip file into a new directory.

```
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment$ mkdir unzipped_docs
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment$ unzip docs.zip -d unzipped_docs
Archive: docs.zip
    creating: unzipped_docs/docs/
    extracting: unzipped_docs/docs/file2.txt
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment$ ls -l unzipped_docs
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 2 cdac samir 4096 Aug 18 13:48 docs
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment$
```

#### k) File Editing:

a. Open the "file1.txt" file in a text editor and add some text to it.

b. Replace a specific word in the "file1.txt" file with another word (provide the original word and the word to replace it with)

cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ cat file1.txt
I am IRON MAN.
I love you 3000.
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ sed -i 's/IRON/BATMAN/g' file1.txt
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ cat file1.txt
I am BATMAN MAN.
I love you 3000.
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ \_

cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment\$ \_

Problem 2: Read the instructions carefully and answer accordingly. If there is any need to insert some data then do that as well.

a. Suppose you have a file named "data.txt" containing important information. Display the first 10 lines of this file to quickly glance at its contents using a command.

```
cdac@Samir: ~/LinuxAssignment
```

```
cdac@Samir:~$ cd LinuxAssignment
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ cat > data.txt
Sohan
Mohan
Rohan
Samir
Gaurav
Tushar
Prabhat
Pranav
Ankit
Sumit
Keshri
Keshav
Yuvraj
Abhay
Rinku
Minku
Surya
Virat
Rohit
Mohit
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ head -10 data.taxt
head: cannot open 'data.taxt' for reading: No such file or directory
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ head -10 data.txt
Sohan
Mohan
Rohan
Samir
Gaurav
Tushar
Prabhat
Pranav
Ankit
Sumit
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$
```

b. Now, to check the end of the file for any recent additions, display the last 5 lines of "data.txt" using another command.

```
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$ tail -n -5 data.txt
Minku
Surya
Virat
Rohit
Mohit
cdac@Samir:~/LinuxAssignment$
```

c. In a file named "numbers.txt," there are a series of numbers. Display the first 15 lines of this file to analyze the initial data set.

```
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ cat > numbers.txt
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ head -15 numbers.txt
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ _
```

d. To focus on the last few numbers of the dataset, display the last 3 lines of "numbers.txt".

```
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ tail -n -3 numbers.txt
18
19
20
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ _
```

e. Imagine you have a file named "input.txt" with text content. Use a command to translate all lowercase letters to uppercase in "input.txt" and save the modified text in a new file named "output.txt."

```
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ cat > input.txt

i am samir bharati and i am currently enrolled at cdac in pg-dac course and i am really excited and motivated to enjoy the journey.

cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ tr [:lower:] [:upper:] <input.txt> output.txt

cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ cat output.txt

I AM SAMIR BHARATI AND I AM CURRENTLY ENROLLED AT CDAC IN PG-DAC COURSE AND I AM REALLY EXCITED AND MOTIVATED TO ENJOY THE JOURNEY.

cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$
```

f. In a file named "duplicate.txt," there are several lines of text, some of which are duplicates. Use a command to display only the unique lines from "duplicate.txt."

```
cdac@Samir: ~/cdac1
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ cat > duplicate.txt
Samir
SAmir
samir
Samir
SAMIR
samir
saMir
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ sort -u duplicate.txt
SAMIR
SAmir
Samir
saMir
samir
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ _
```

g. In a file named "fruit.txt," there is a list of fruits, but some fruits are repeated. Use a command to display each unique fruit along with the count of its occurrences in "fruit.txt."

```
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ cat > fruit.txt
Mango
Banana
Apple
Grapes
Mango
Pineapple
Kiwi
Banana
Pomegranante
Kiwi
Grapes
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ sort -u fruit.txt
Apple
Banana
Grapes
Kiwi
Mango
Pineapple
Pomegranante
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ grep -c "Apple" fruit.txt
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ grep -c "Banana" fruit.txt
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ grep -c "Grapes" fruit.txt
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ grep -c "Kiwi" fruit.txt
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ grep -c "Mango" fruit.txt
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ grep -c "Pineapple" fruit.txt
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ grep -c "Pomegranante" fruit.txt
cdac@Samir:~/cdac1$ _
```