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بخش اول و دوم

خواندن از فایل pcap و ایجاد جریان ها و ذخیره در pcap :

```
from scapy.all import rdpcap, IP, TCP, UDP
import json
import base64
def create flow key(packet):
    """Create a normalized flow key for bi-directional traffic."""
    if IP in packet:
        src_ip, dst_ip = packet[IP].src, packet[IP].dst
        src port, dst port = (packet[TCP].sport, packet[TCP].dport) if TCP
in packet else (packet[UDP].sport, packet[UDP].dport) if UDP in packet
else (0, 0)
        if (src ip > dst ip) or (src ip == dst ip and src port >
dst port):
            src ip, dst ip = dst ip, src ip
            src port, dst_port = dst_port, src_port
        protocol = packet[IP].proto
        return f"{src_ip}:{src_port}-{dst_ip}:{dst_port}_proto {protocol}"
    return None
def process pcap(file path, time threshold=5):
    """Process packets from a pcap file and organize them into flows and
sessions."""
    packets = rdpcap(file_path)
    flows = {}
    for packet in packets:
        if IP in packet and (TCP in packet or UDP in packet):
            key = create flow key(packet)
            # print(1)
            if key:
                if key not in flows:
                    flows[key] = {
                        'start_time': float("{:.2f}".format(packet.time)),
                        'end_time': float("{:.2f}".format(packet.time)),
                        'total size': len(packet),
```

```
'sessions': [{
                             'src ip': packet[IP].src,
                             'dst ip': packet[IP].dst,
                             'src_port': packet[TCP].sport if TCP in packet
else packet[UDP].sport,
                             'dst port': packet[TCP].dport if TCP in packet
else packet[UDP].dport,
                             'protocol': packet[IP].proto,
                             'start time':
float("{:.2f}".format(packet.time)),
                             'end time':
float("{:.2f}".format(packet.time)),
                             'total size': len(packet),
                            'number of packets': 1
                            # 'packet_summaries': [packet.summary()] #
Store summaries instead of raw packets
                        }]
                    }
                else:
                    flow = flows[key]
                    last session = flow['sessions'][-1]
                    if float("{:.2f}".format(packet.time)) -
last session['end time'] > time threshold:
                        flow['sessions'].append({
                             'src_ip': packet[IP].src,
                             'dst_ip': packet[IP].dst,
                             'src_port': packet[TCP].sport if TCP in packet
else packet[UDP].sport,
                             'dst port': packet[TCP].dport if TCP in packet
else packet[UDP].dport,
                             'protocol': packet[IP].proto,
                             'start time':
float("{:.2f}".format(packet.time)),
                             'end time':
float("{:.2f}".format(packet.time)),
                             'total size': len(packet),
                             'number_of_packets': 1
                            # 'packet_summaries': [packet.summary()] #
Store summaries instead of raw packets
                        })
                    else:
                        last_session['end_time'] =
float("{:.2f}".format(packet.time))
```

نمونه ذخيره شده:

```
'192.168.199.134:488-192.168.199.135:49612 proto 6": {
       "start time": 1476813996.0,
       "end time": 1476814008.04,
       "total size": 327,
       "sessions": [
               "src ip": "192.168.199.135",
               "dst ip": "192.168.199.134",
               "src_port": 49612,
               "dst_port": 488,
               "protocol": 6,
               "start time": 1476813996.0,
               "end_time": 1476813998.97,
               "total size": 210,
               "number of packets": 2
           },
               "src_ip": "192.168.199.135",
               "dst ip": "192.168.199.134",
               "src port": 49612,
               "dst port": 488,
               "protocol": 6,
               "start time": 1476814008.04,
               "end_time": 1476814008.04,
               "total size": 117,
               "number_of_packets": 1
```

```
]
```

بخش سوم

در این بخش با توجه به شرایط خواسته شده، جریان ها را فیلتر می کنیم:

```
import json
# Define thresholds
SIZE_THRESHOLD = 5000 # Example threshold for size (bytes)
DURATION THRESHOLD = 300 # Example threshold for duration (seconds)
MIN OCCURRENCE THRESHOLD = 3 # Minimum occurrences (sessions per flow)
def filter sessions(flows):
    Filters out sessions that:
    - Have a total size greater than `size_threshold`.
    - Have a duration longer than `duration threshold`.
    - Occur less frequently than `min occurrence threshold`.
    filtered flows = {}
    for flow key, flow data in flows.items():
        filtered sessions = []
        for session in flow data['sessions']:
            duration = session['end_time'] - session['start_time']
            if session['total size'] <= SIZE THRESHOLD and duration <=</pre>
DURATION THRESHOLD:
                filtered_sessions.append(session)
        # Only include flows with enough sessions
        if len(filtered_sessions) >= MIN_OCCURRENCE_THRESHOLD:
            filtered_flows[flow_key] = flow_data.copy()
            # filtered flows[flow key]['sessions'] = filtered sessions
    return filtered_flows
filtered flows = filter sessions(flows)
```

```
save_flows_to_json(filtered_flows, '2-filtered_flows.json')
```

نمونه فایل ذخیره شده:

```
"192.168.199.134:445-192.168.199.135:16332 proto 6": {
        "start time": 1476813986.6,
       "end time": 1476814008.73,
       "total size": 327,
       "sessions": [
                "src ip": "192.168.199.135",
                "dst_ip": "192.168.199.134",
                "src port": 16332,
                "dst port": 445,
                "protocol": 6,
                "start time": 1476813986.6,
                "end time": 1476813986.6,
                "total size": 117,
                "number of packets": 1
           },
                "src_ip": "192.168.199.134",
                "dst ip": "192.168.199.135",
                "src port": 445,
                "dst port": 16332,
                "protocol": 6,
                "start time": 1476814002.72,
                "end time": 1476814002.72,
                "total size": 93,
                "number of packets": 1
           },
                "src_ip": "192.168.199.135",
                "dst ip": "192.168.199.134",
                "src_port": 16332,
                "dst port": 445,
                "protocol": 6,
                "start time": 1476814008.73,
                "end time": 1476814008.73,
                "total size": 117,
                "number of packets": 1
```

```
]
```

بخش چهارم

در این بخش تعداد تکرار جریان های مختلف را بدست می آوریم و در فایل ذخیره میکنیم:

```
def compute_occurrences(flows):
    """Count occurrences of each flow and store the count."""
    occurrences = {}
    for flow_key, flow_data in flows.items():
        # occurrences[flow_key] = sum(session['number_of_packets'] for
session in flow_data['sessions'])
        occurrences[flow_key] = len(flow_data['sessions'])
        return occurrences

occurrences = compute_occurrences(filtered_flows)
save_flows_to_json(occurrences, '3-1-occurrences.json')
```

نمونه فایل ذخیره شده:

```
{
   "192.168.199.134:445-192.168.199.135:49612_proto_6": 9
}
```

بخش پنجم

در این بهش وابستگی جریان های دولایه ای رو استخراج میکنیم:

```
import math
def extract_dependencies(flows, T_dep, N_dep, S_dep_th):
    """Extract two-level dependencies based on temporal proximity and
occurrence similarity."""
    occurrences = compute_occurrences(flows)
    dependencies = {}
    Sdep_scores = {}

    # Prepare flows for processing by sorting them based on the start time
of their sessions
    for flow_key, flow_data in flows.items():
        flow_data['sessions'].sort(key=lambda x: x['start_time'])
```

```
# Compare each flow with every other flow
    for fi key, fi data in flows.items():
        for fj key, fj data in flows.items():
            if fi key != fj key:
                for fi session in fi data['sessions']:
                    for fj session in fj data['sessions']:
                        if abs(fi session['start time'] -
fj session['start time']) <= T dep:</pre>
                            Ni = occurrences[fi_key]
                            Nj = occurrences[fj key]
                            if abs(Ni - Nj) < N_dep:</pre>
                                pair_key = (fi_key, fj_key)
                                if pair key in dependencies:
                                    dependencies[pair key] += 1
                                else:
                                    dependencies[pair key] = 1
    # Calculate Sdep scores for all identified dependencies
    for (fi, fj), Tij in dependencies.items():
        Ni = occurrences[fi]
        Nj = occurrences[fj]
        Sdep = math.sqrt(Tij**2 / (Ni * Nj))
        if Sdep > S dep th:
            Sdep_scores[f"{fi}, {fj}"] = Sdep
    return Sdep_scores
# Define thresholds
T dep = 30 # Maximum time difference between flow starts
N dep = 5 # Maximum difference in occurrences
S dep th = 0.5 # Minimum score threshold for a dependency to be
considered significant
# Assuming `flows` is your data structure loaded from somewhere as
described
dependencies = extract dependencies(filtered flows, T dep, N dep,
S_dep_th)
# print("Dependencies with scores:", dependencies)
save flows to json(dependencies, '3-2-dependencies.json')
```

```
"192.168.199.134:445-192.168.199.135:49612_proto_6,
192.168.199.134:445-244.168.199.135:49612_proto_6": 0.7453559924999299,
}
```

بخش ششم

در این بخش تلاش میکنیم وابستگی جریان های چند لایه ای را استخراج کنیم:

```
def parse_dependencies(dependencies):
    """Parse the dependencies to a more accessible structure."""
    parsed dependencies = {}
    for key, score in dependencies.items():
        flows = key.split(", ")
        for i in range(len(flows) - 1):
            if flows[i] not in parsed dependencies:
                parsed dependencies[flows[i]] = []
            parsed_dependencies[flows[i]].append((flows[i + 1], score))
    return parsed dependencies
def find_multi_layer_dependencies(parsed_dependencies):
    """Construct multi-layer dependencies from two-layer dependencies."""
    multi layer dependencies = {}
    for source_flow, targets in parsed_dependencies.items():
        for target flow, score in targets:
            if target flow in parsed dependencies: # Check if the target
has further dependencies
                for next target, next score in
parsed dependencies[target flow]:
                    multi_layer_key = f"{source_flow}, {target_flow},
{next_target}"
                    multi layer dependencies[multi layer key] = min(score,
next score) # Use the min score as the dependency strength
    return multi layer dependencies
# Example data
parsed_dependencies = parse_dependencies(dependencies)
multi layer dependencies =
find multi layer dependencies(parsed dependencies)
```