

TCC COURSE  
ARITHMETIC OF CURVES OF HIGHER GENUS  
EXAMPLE SHEET 2

Students taking this course for credit, please answer the homework questions and mail your solutions to me: Samir Siksek, Mathematics Institute, University of Warwick, Coventry CV4 7AL. Feel free to contact me by email if you have any questions: [samirsiksek@yahoo.com](mailto:samirsiksek@yahoo.com)

(1) Let  $C$  be a smooth projective curve over a field  $k$ .

- (i) Show that  $\text{div} : k(C)^* \rightarrow \text{Div}(C)$  is a homomorphism.
- (ii) Suppose  $\text{ord}_P(f) \neq \text{ord}_P(g)$ , where  $P \in C(\bar{k})$  and  $f, g \in k(C)$ . Show that

$$\text{ord}_P(f + g) = \min\{\text{ord}_P(f), \text{ord}_P(g)\}.$$

- (iii) Let  $t \in \bar{k}(C)$  be a uniformizer at  $P \in C(\bar{k})$ . Show that any function of the form

$$s = \frac{a_1 t + a_2 t^2 + \cdots + a_m t^m}{b_0 + b_1 t + \cdots + b_n t^n}$$

with  $a_1, b_0 \neq 0$  is also a uniformizer at  $P$ .

(2) Let  $C \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  be the smooth projective curve with affine patch  $y^2 = x^3 - x$  over field  $k$  of characteristic 0. Determine  $\text{div}(y)$  and  $\text{div}(dy)$ .

(3) Let  $C$  be the affine curve  $y^2 = x^4 + 1$ . Show that  $\deg(\text{div}(f)) = 0$  need not hold for non-constant  $f \in k(C)^*$ . Show that there are non-constant  $f \in k(C)^*$  with no poles.

(4) Let  $k$  be a field of characteristic  $\neq 2$ . Suppose  $a, b, c \in k^*$  and let  $C \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  be the curve

$$C : ax^4 + by^4 + cz^4 = 0.$$

- (i) Show that  $C$  is non-singular of genus of  $C$  is 3.
- (ii) Write down a positive  $k$ -rational divisor  $D_0$  of degree 4.
- (iii) Suppose  $C$  has a  $k$ -rational divisor  $D_1$  of odd degree. Show that  $C$  has a  $k$ -rational divisor  $D$  of degree 1. (**Hint:** Take  $D$  to be a suitable linear combination of  $D_0$  and  $D_1$ .)
- (iv) Continuing with the assumption of (iii), show that either  $C(k) \neq \emptyset$ , or that there is a positive  $k$ -rational divisor of degree 3. (**Hint:** You need to consider two cases, according to whether  $l(K - 3D)$  is positive or zero.)