

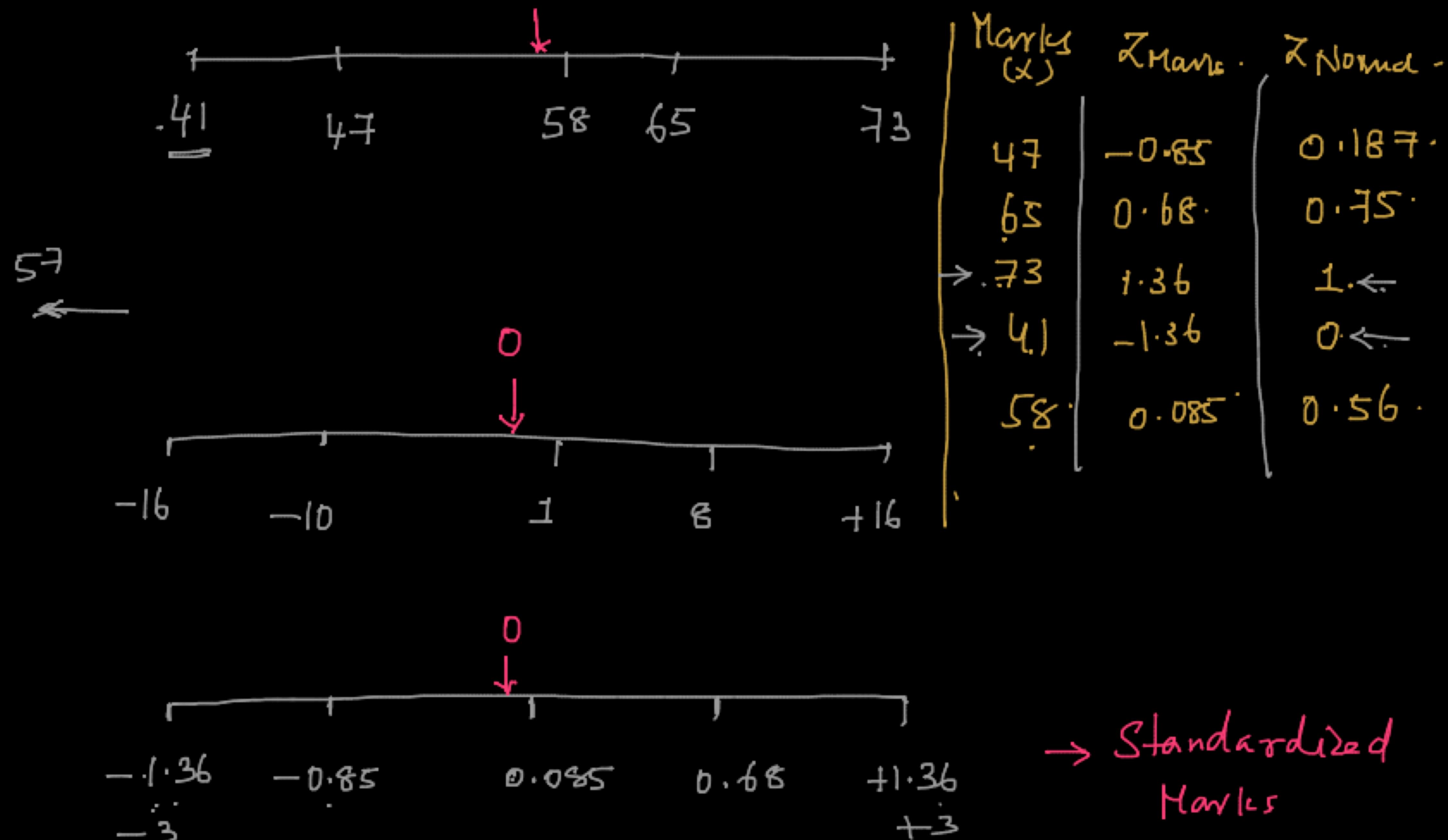
$$\frac{47 - 41}{73 - 41} = \frac{6}{32} = 0.187$$

Standard Normal distribution

Standardizing:

$$\frac{65 - 41}{32} = \frac{41 - 41}{73 - 41} \times = \frac{(x - \mu)}{\sigma}$$

$\rightarrow Z$ -Scores:



✓ Marks (x) $\frac{(x - \bar{x})}{\sigma}$ $\frac{(x - \bar{x})^2}{\sigma^2}$

$$47 \quad -10 \quad 100$$

$$65 \quad +8 \quad 64$$

$$73 \quad +16 \quad 256$$

$$41 \quad -16 \quad 256$$

$$\mu = \frac{58}{57} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{135.5}}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{135.5}$$

$$\sigma = 11.68$$

Z_{Marks} (Standardized Marks)

$$-0.85$$

$$+1.68$$

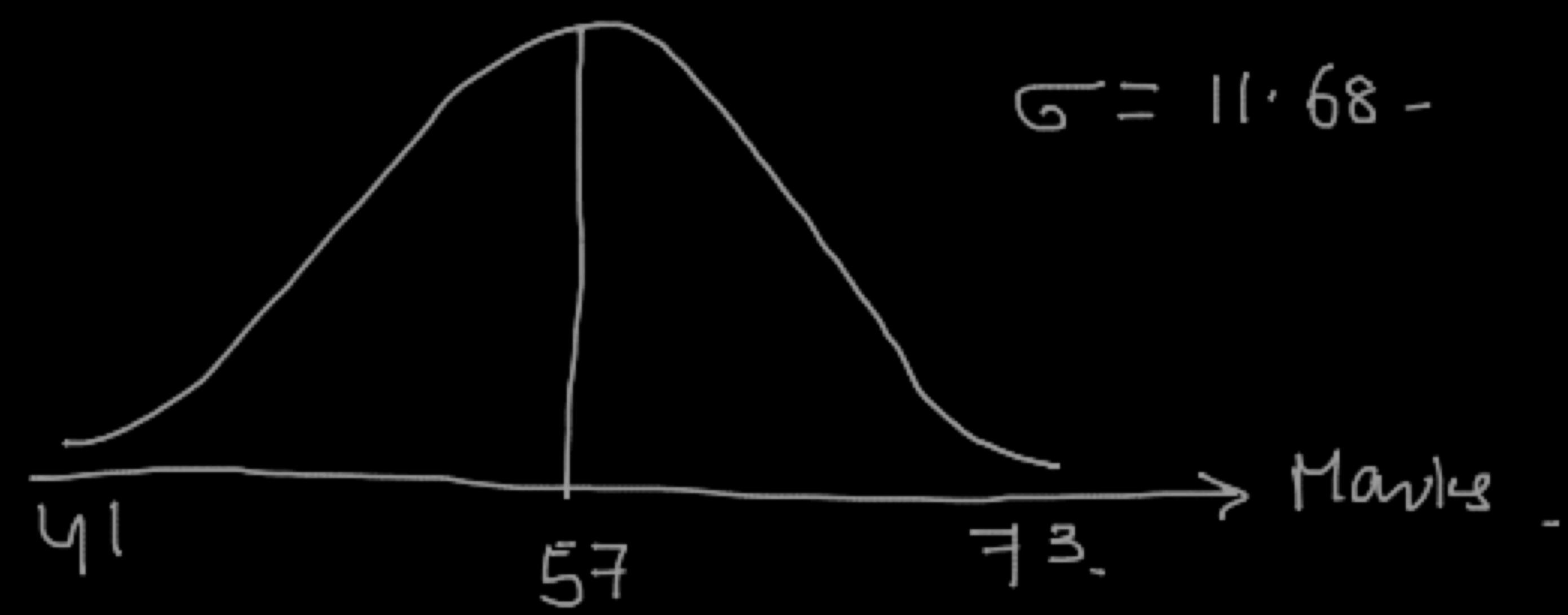
$$1.36$$

$$-1.36$$

$$0.085$$

$$\text{Mean} = 0 \checkmark$$

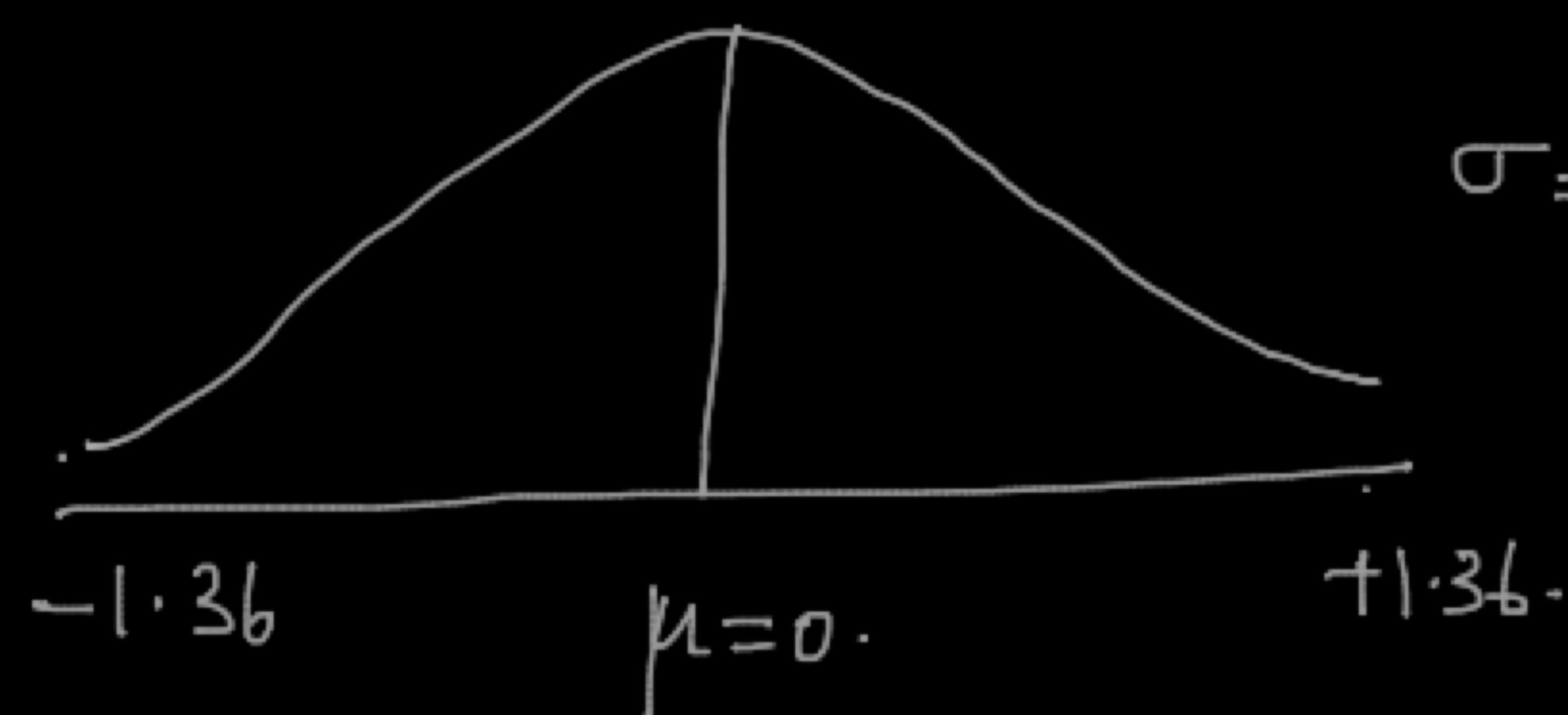
$$\sigma = 1 \checkmark$$



$$\text{ND. } \underbrace{\underline{x}}_{\mu} \Rightarrow \underbrace{\underline{z_x}}_{\begin{array}{c} (x_1 - \mu)/\sigma \\ (x_2 - \mu)/\sigma \\ (x_3 - \mu)/\sigma \\ \vdots \\ (x_n - \mu)/\sigma \end{array}} \text{ SND.}$$

$\Rightarrow \text{Standardize } \sigma = \frac{\mu}{\sigma} = \frac{0}{1} = \mu$

↓↓



→ Standardize
Normal
distribution

1. Scale the data -

$$\text{Standv. } \frac{\text{Income}}{-0.41} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0.33 \\ 1 \\ 0.66 \\ 0 \\ -1.34 \\ 0.41 \\ -1.34 \end{pmatrix}$$

N_{Income}	$\frac{\text{Income}}{(\bar{x})}$	$(x - \bar{x})$	$\frac{(x - \bar{x})}{\sigma}$
0.33	500 k	-125 k	15625 $\leftarrow 0.41$
1	1000 k	375 k	140625 $+1.34$
0.66	750 k	+125	15625 0.41
0	250 k	-375	140625 -1.34
	$\bar{x} = 625 \text{ k}$		$\sigma^2 = \frac{78725}{4}$

$$\frac{250}{4} = 625 \quad \sigma = \sqrt{78725} = 279.5$$

$$\sigma = 200 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{x - x_{\min}}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}}$$

$$\text{Min} = 250 \text{ k} \quad 750 \text{ k} \\ \text{Max} = 1000 \text{ k}$$

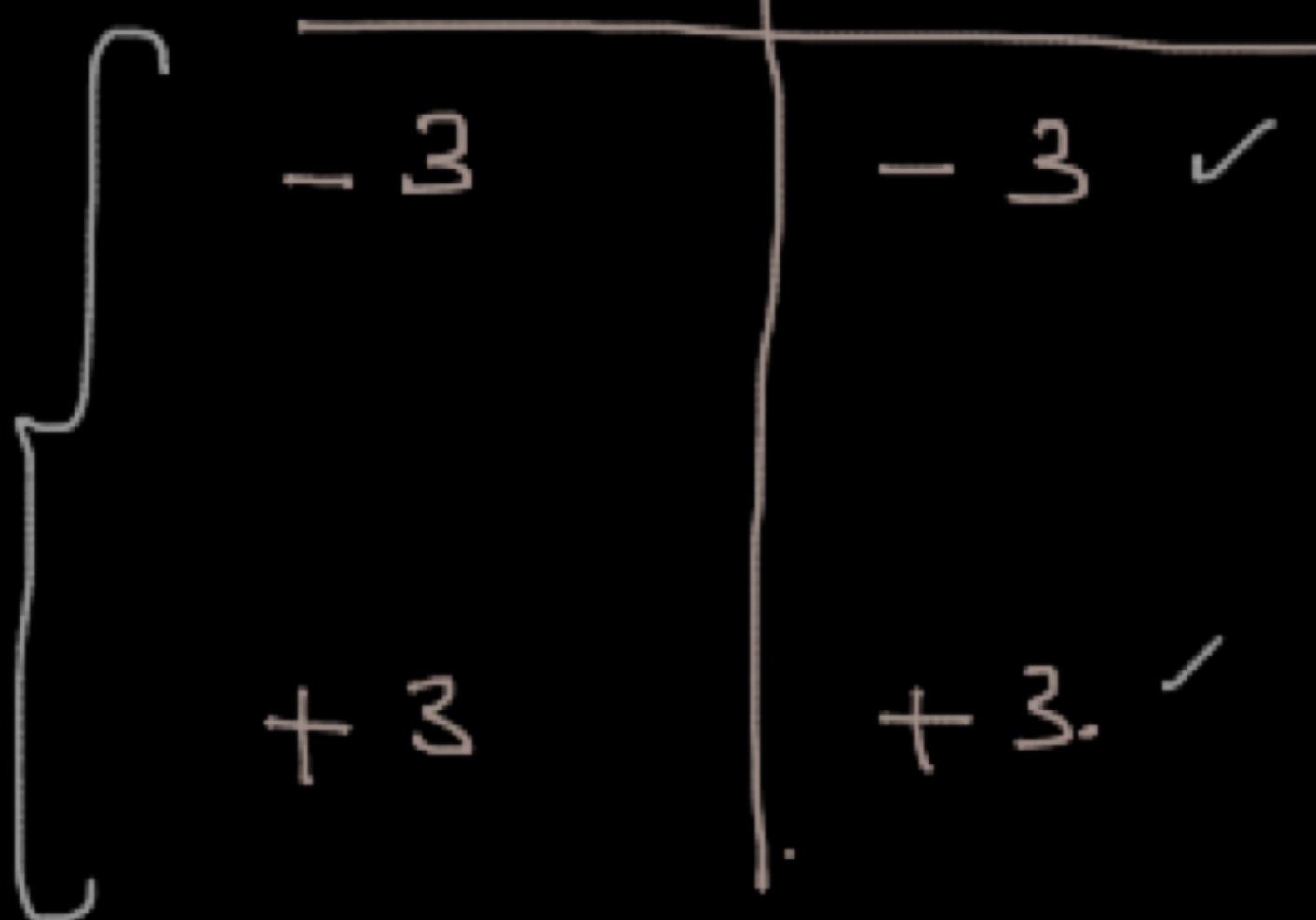
Variance

$$\frac{500 \text{ k} - 250 \text{ k}}{750 \text{ k}} = \frac{250}{750} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Age	Income
$P_1 (23)$	$5L$
$P_2 (28)$	$45L$
-	-
-	-
75	$1Cr$

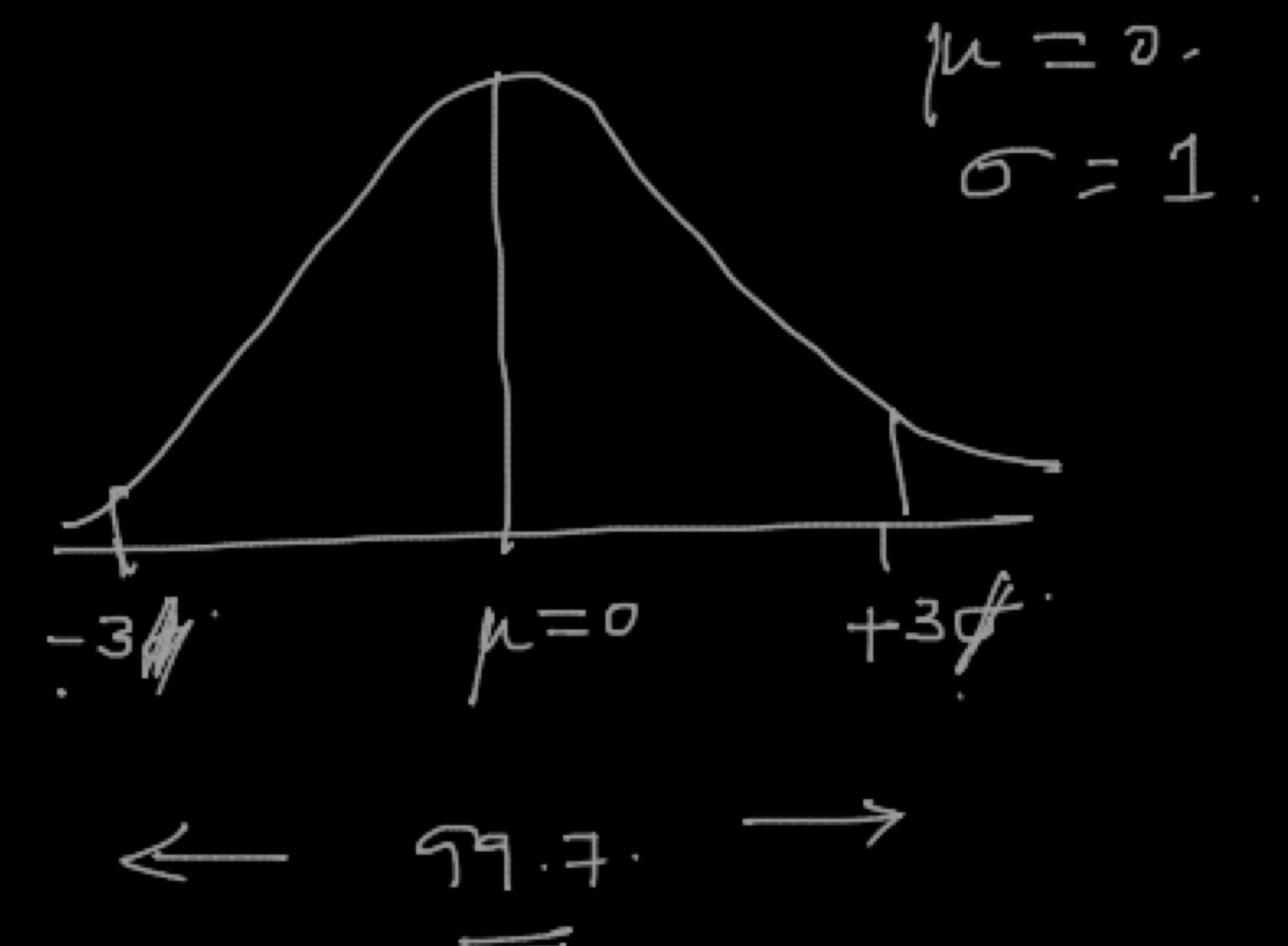
$$\mu = \frac{\text{sum}}{\text{no. of observations}}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n}}$$



$$\begin{aligned} (\overrightarrow{P_1 - P_2}) &= \sqrt{(23 - 28)^2 + (45L - 5L)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{25 + (40,00,000)^2} \end{aligned}$$

SN D



$$P_1 - P_2 =$$

Scaling \rightarrow Standard

$\leftarrow \underline{q_1, q_2} \rightarrow$

Scaling of Data set -

1. Standardize -

2. Normalize -

Standardize

$$z_x = \left[\frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} \right]$$

Normalize

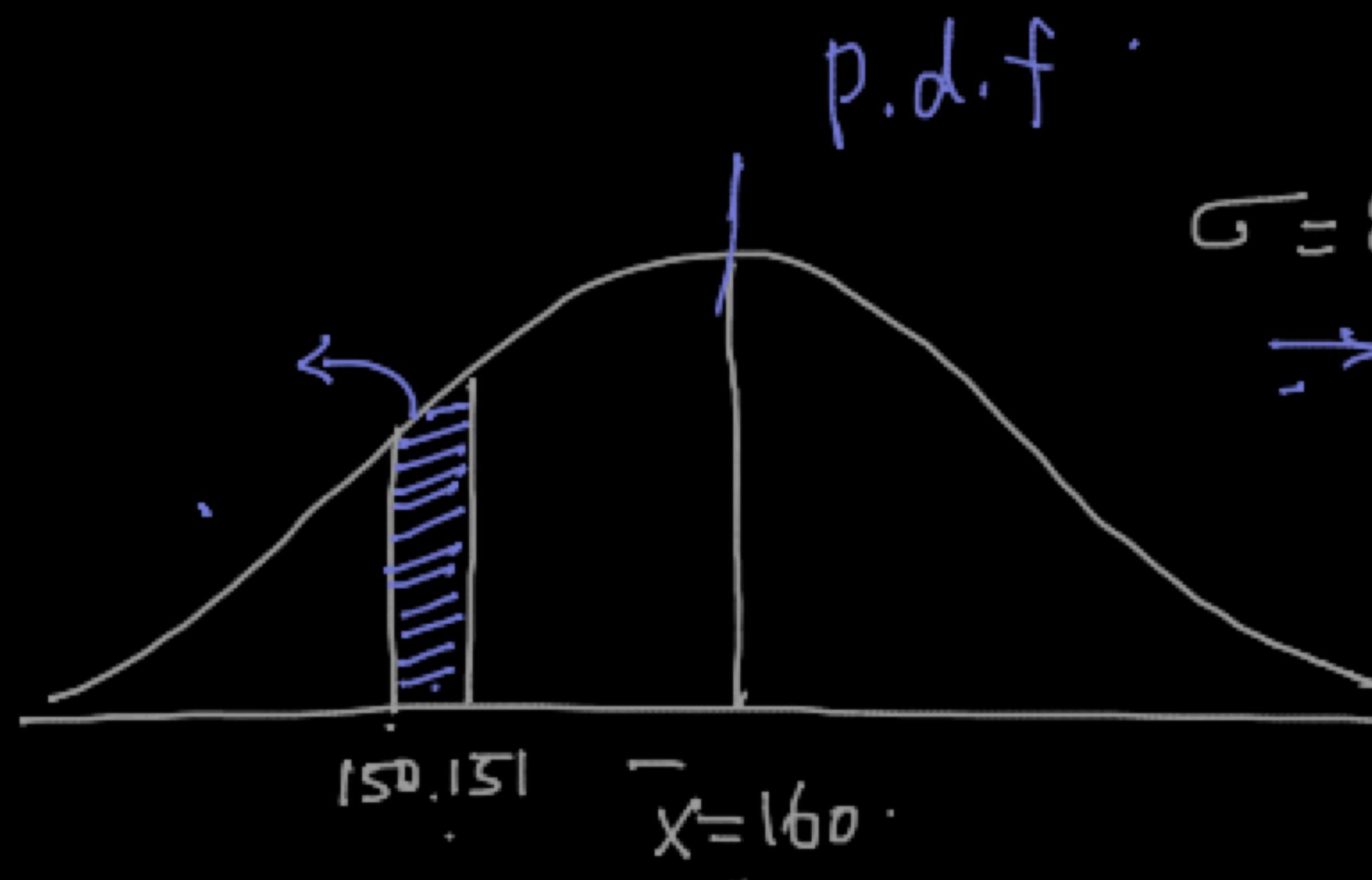
$$n_x = \frac{x - x_{\min}}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}}$$

⇒ Probability

1. Normal Distribution -

2. Standardized Normal distribution

Probabilities



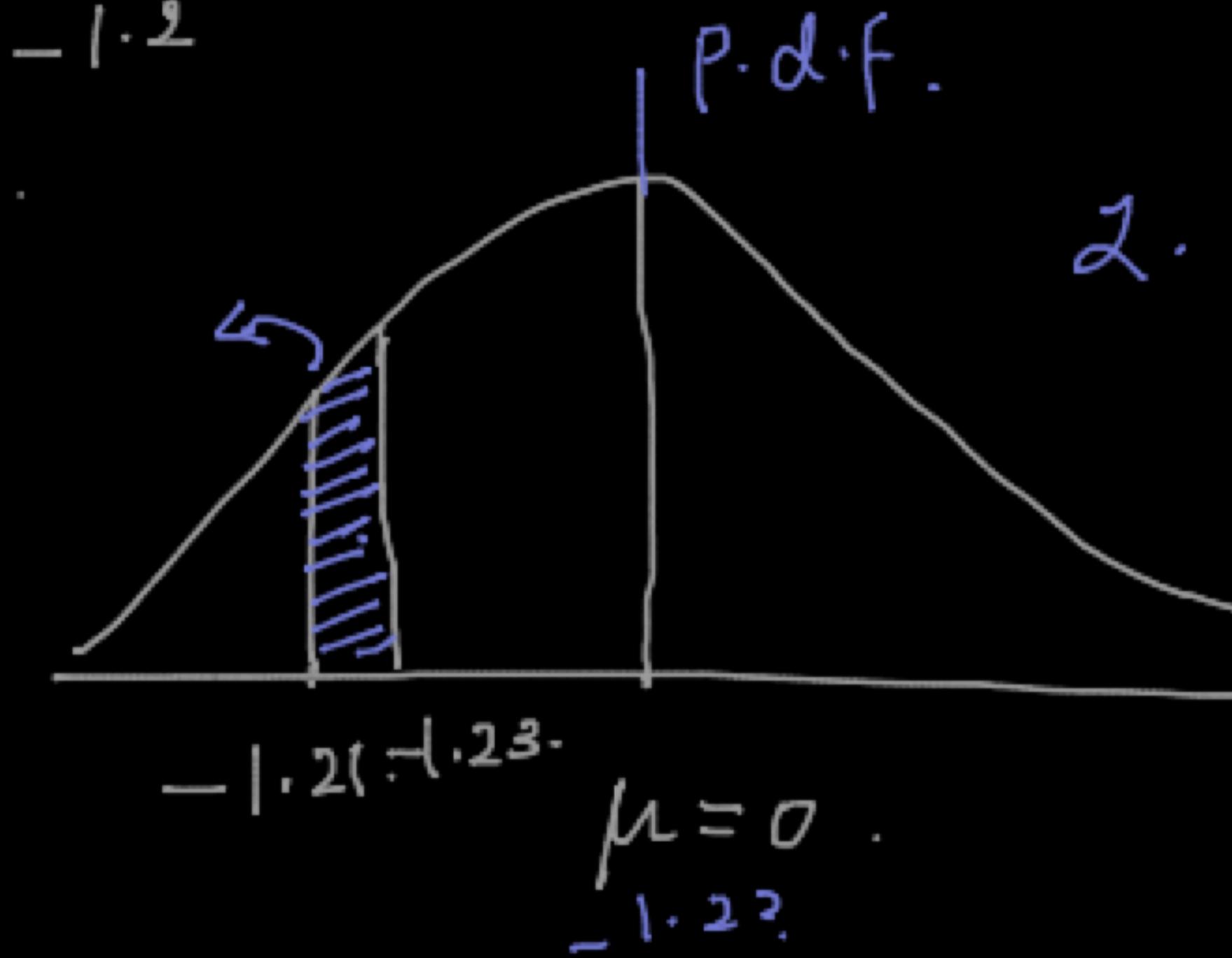
$$\sigma = 8$$

$$= \frac{150 - 160}{8}$$

$$= -10/8 = -1.25$$

$$= \frac{151 - 160}{8}$$

\Rightarrow



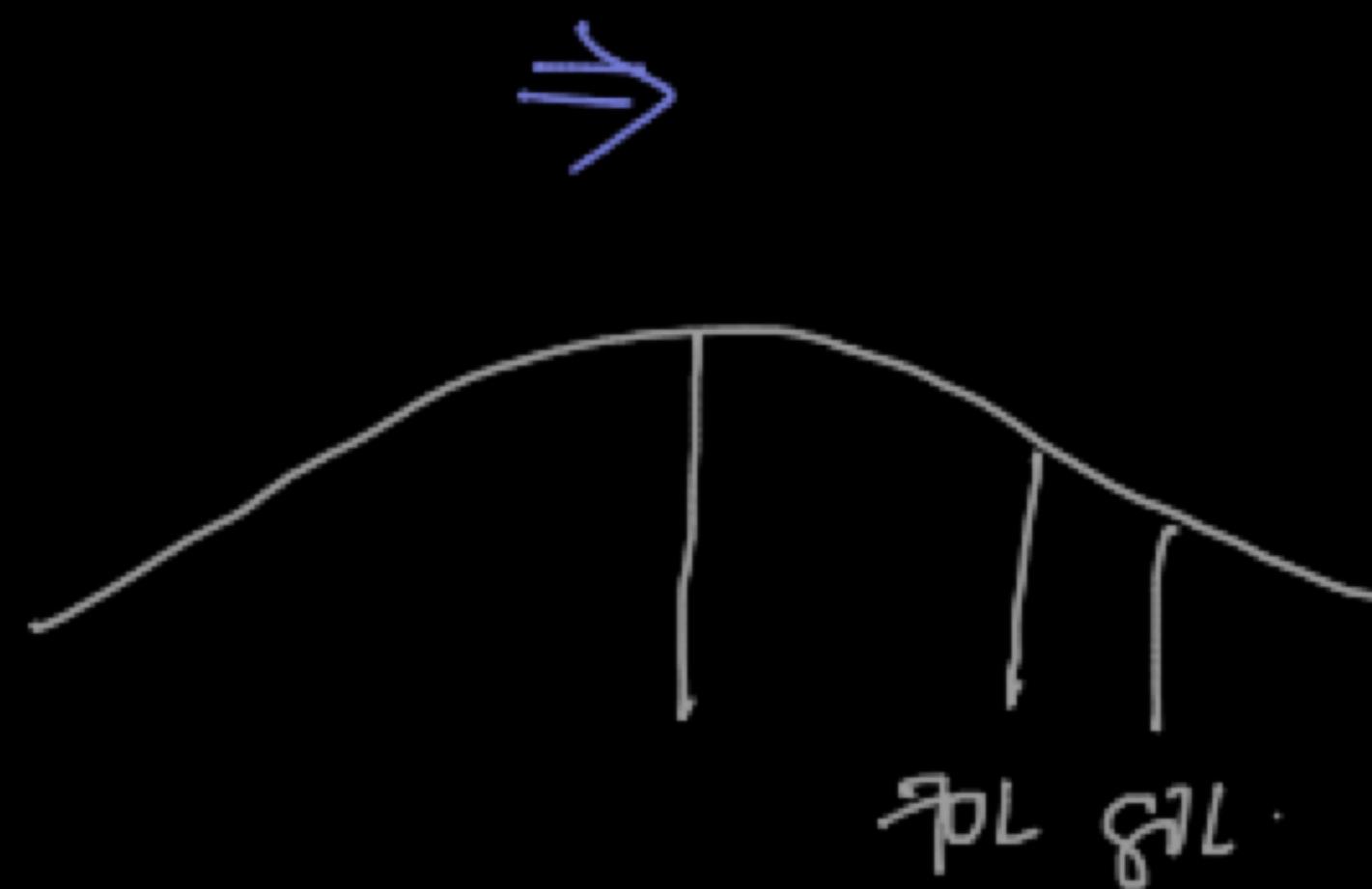
$$P(x)$$

$$Y_4$$

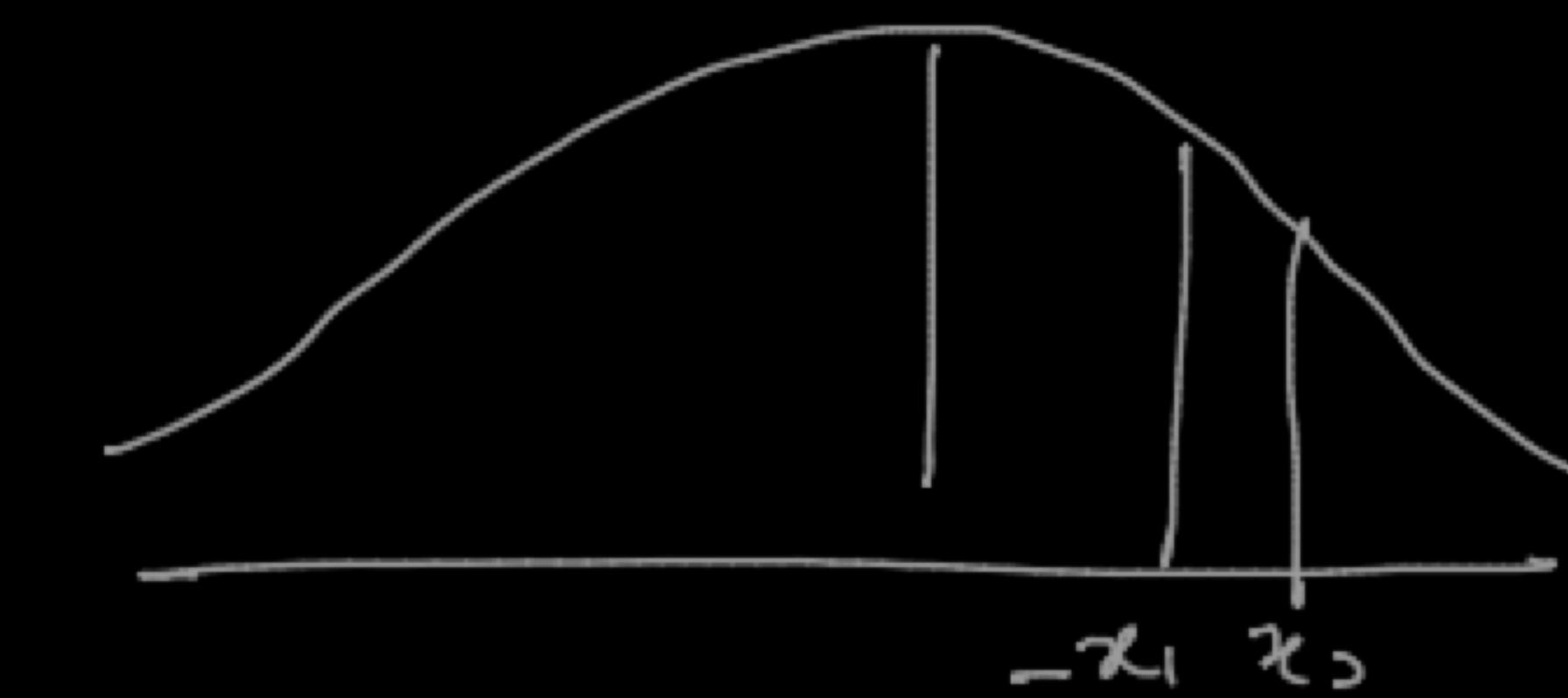
$$P(x=1) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(x) = \int_{150}^{151} p.d.f. = \hookrightarrow \text{standardize}$$

$$\int_{-1.25}^{-1.23} -3 \& + 3$$



\Rightarrow



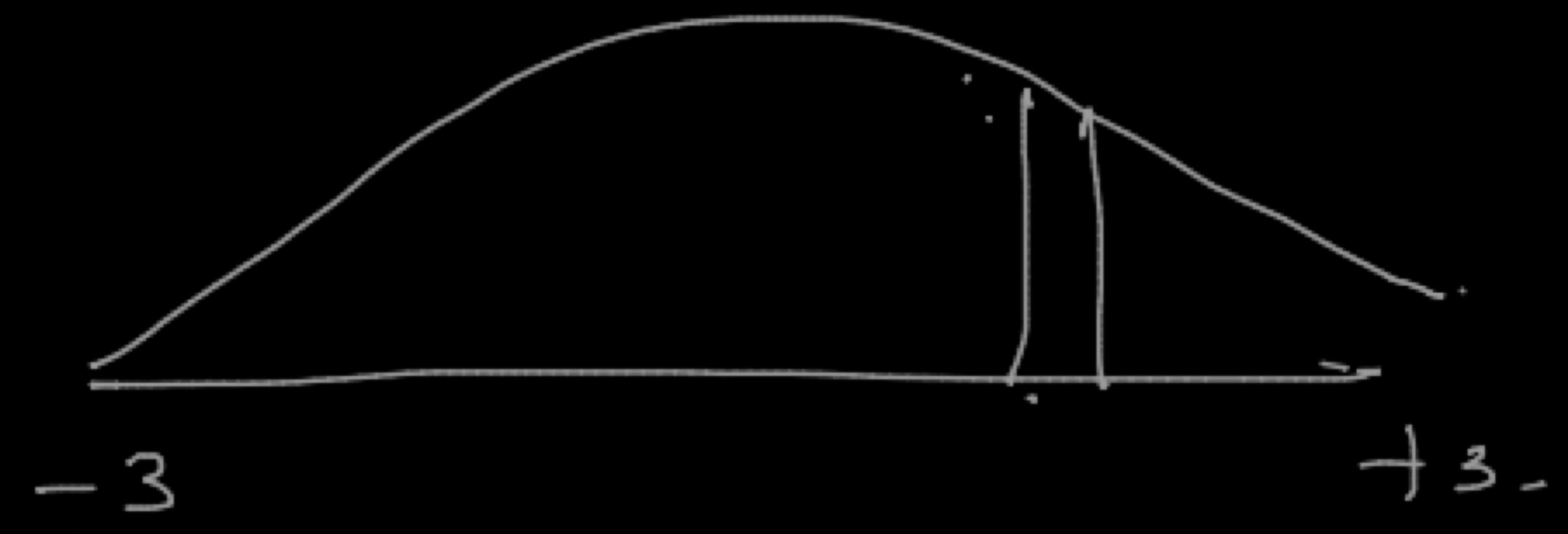
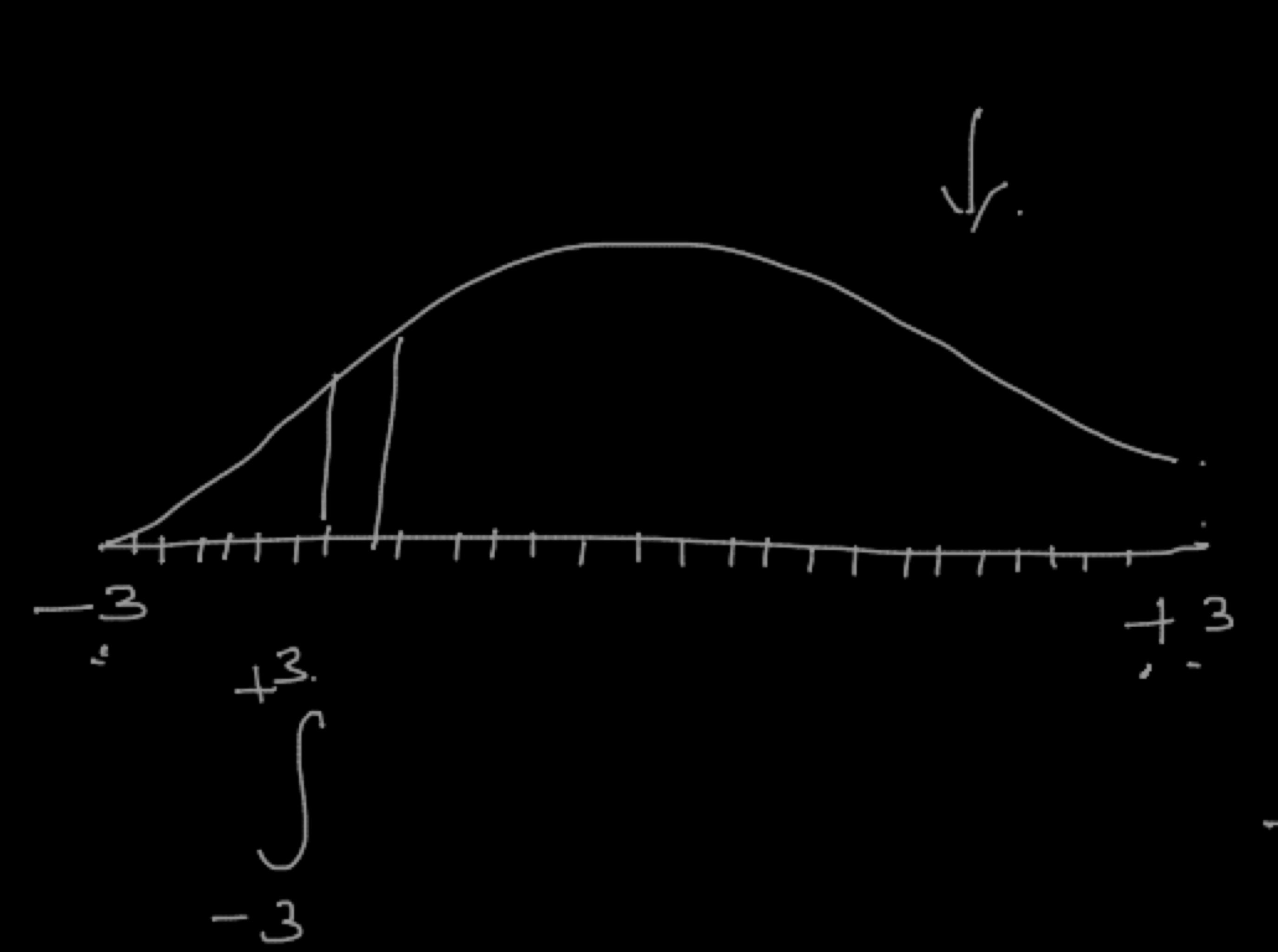
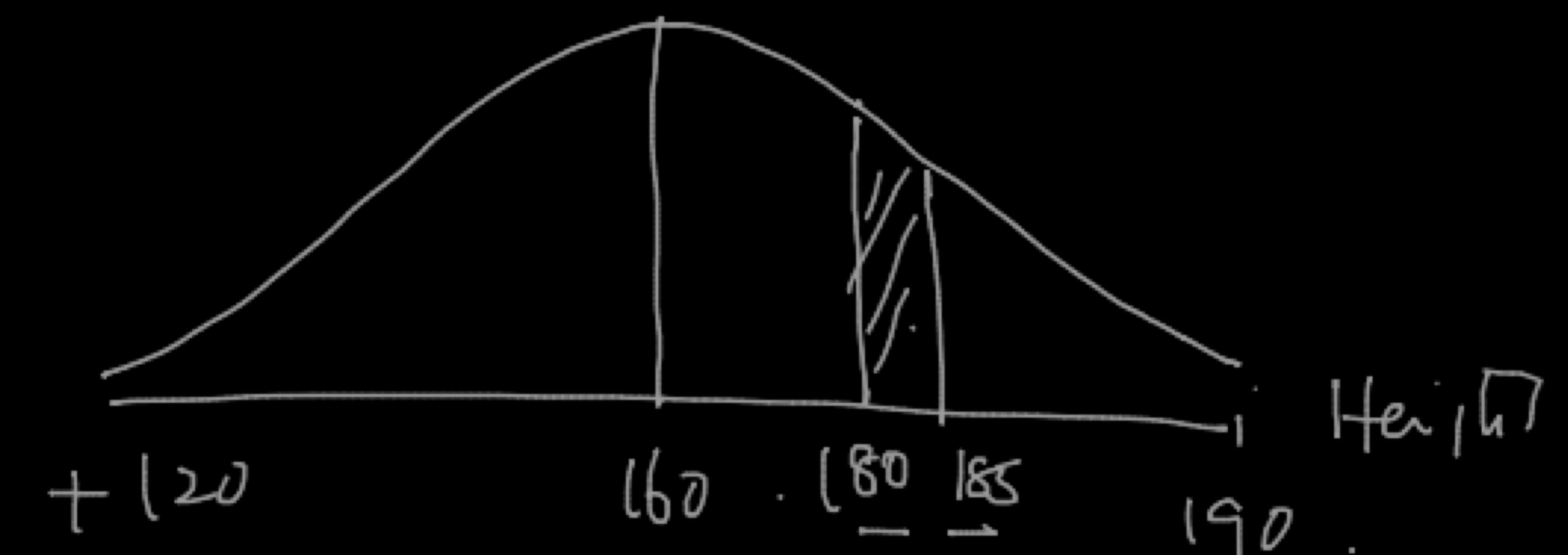
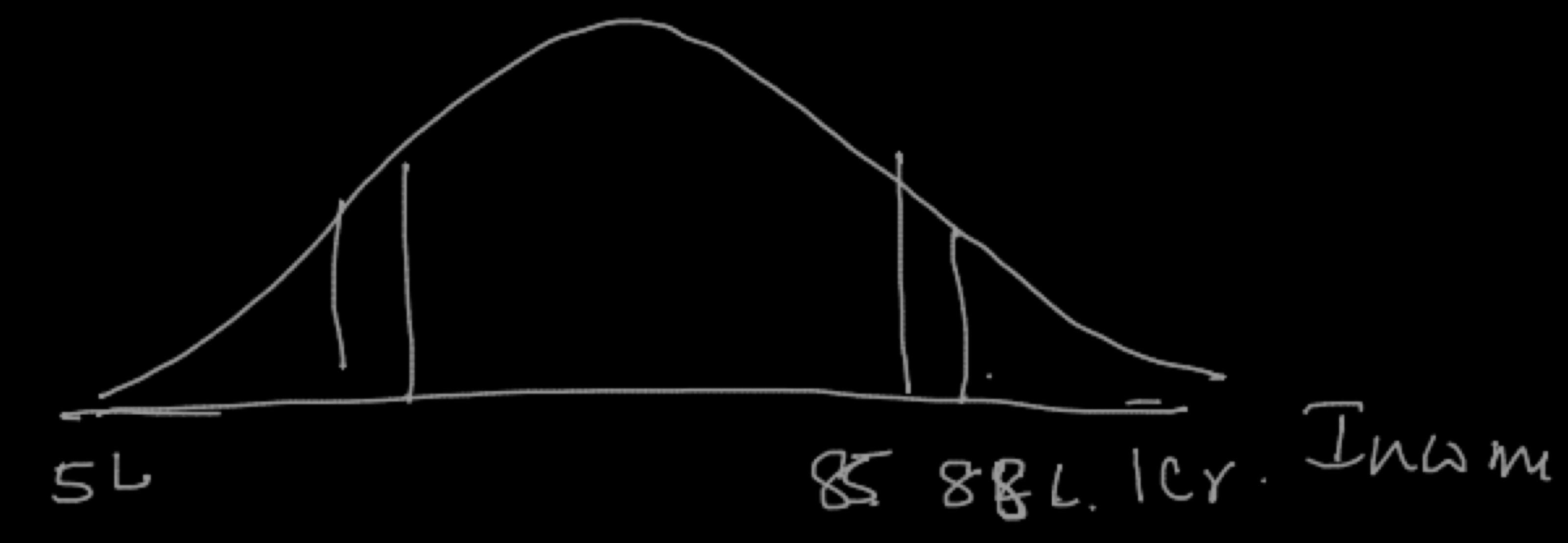
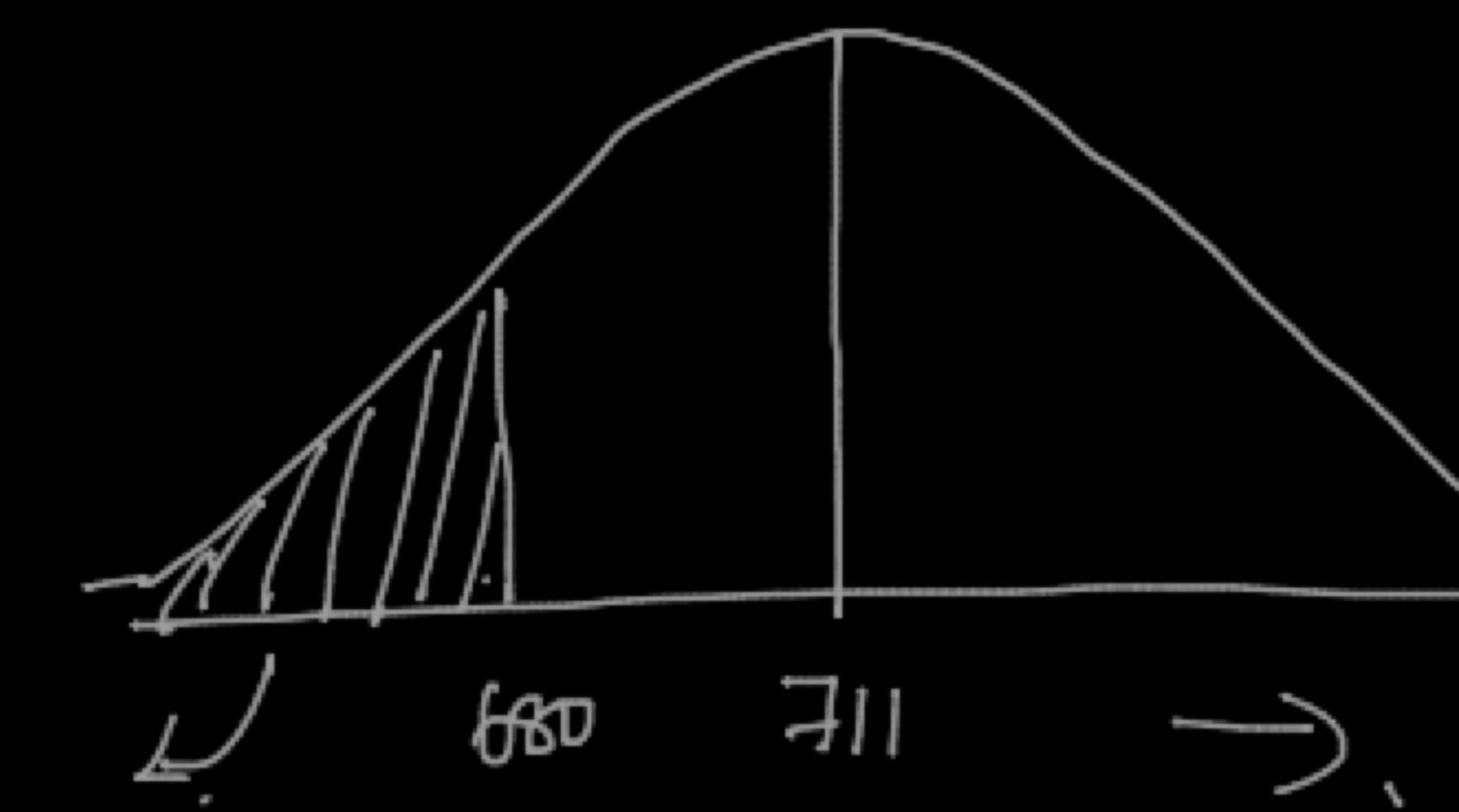


Table \rightarrow log table



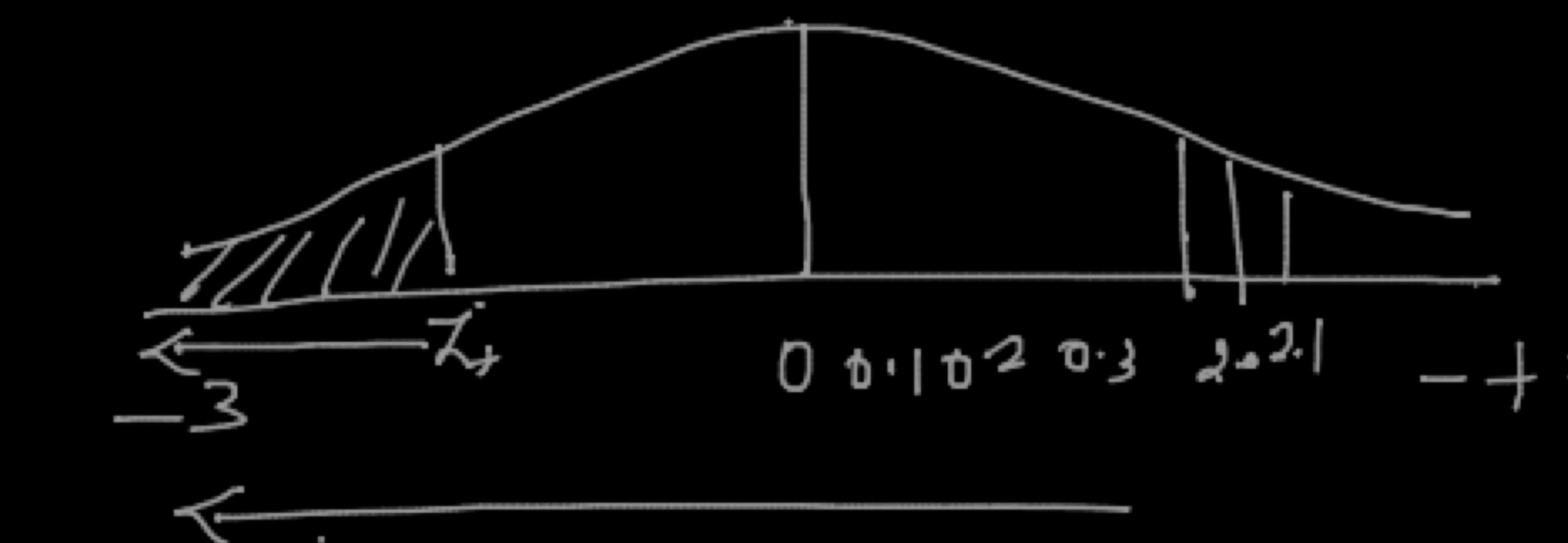
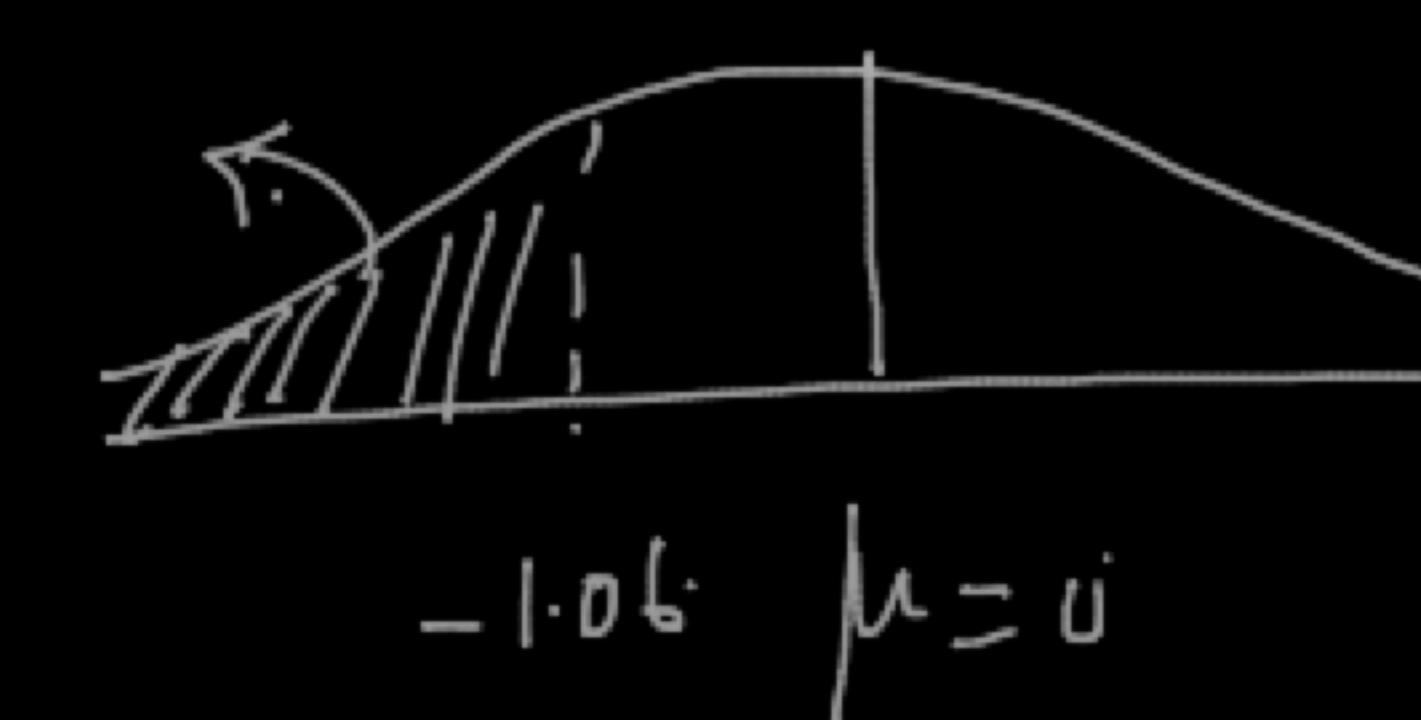
680

$$\int p.d.f.$$

b

$$P(\alpha < ?)$$

↓



Z-table



$$\sigma = 29 .$$

$$P(X \leq 600) . \\ \Rightarrow .$$

$$Z_x = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

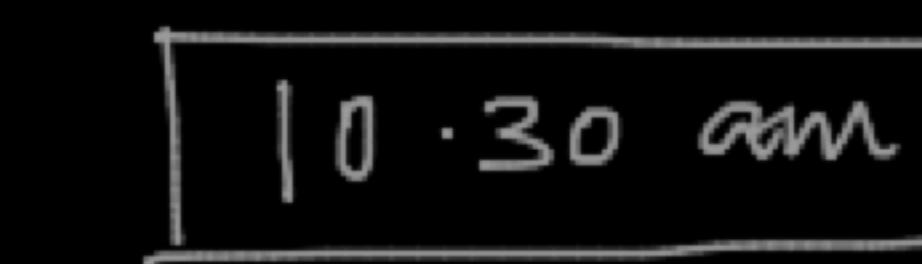
$$= \frac{600 - 711}{29} = -3.82 .$$

$$P(X \leq 600) \approx 0$$

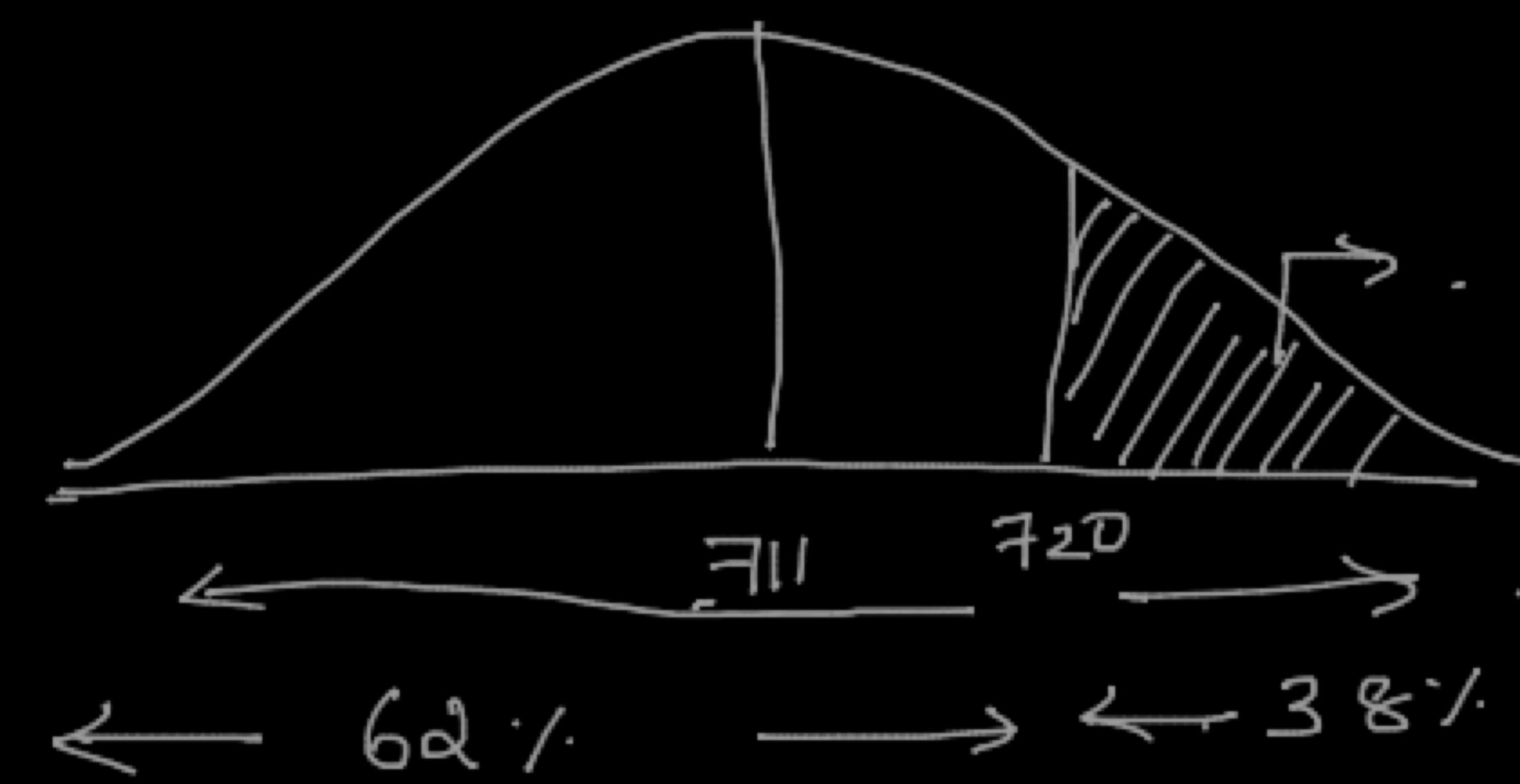
$$P(X \leq 720)$$

$$Z_x = \frac{720 - 711}{29} \\ = 0.310 .$$

$$P(X \leq 720) 0.62172 \\ = 62\% .$$

$\rightarrow \text{Normal}$


10.30 am



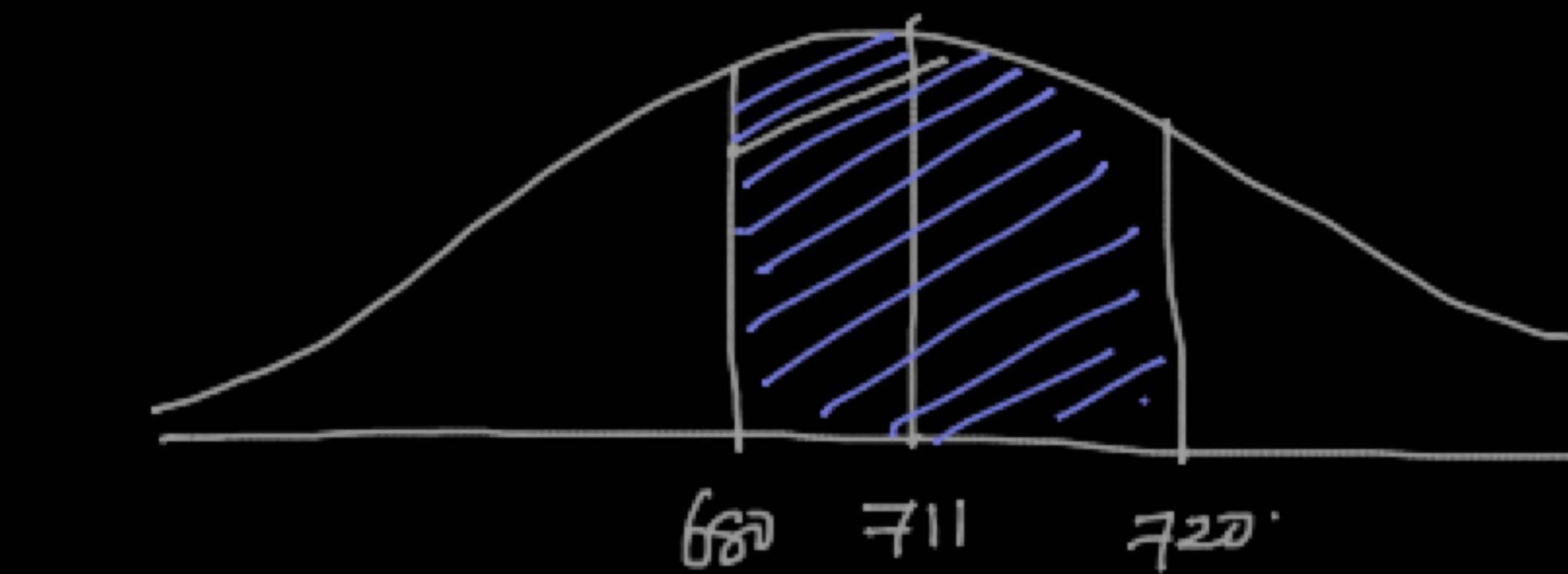
$$\left| - \right() =$$

$$\left| - 0.62 \right.$$

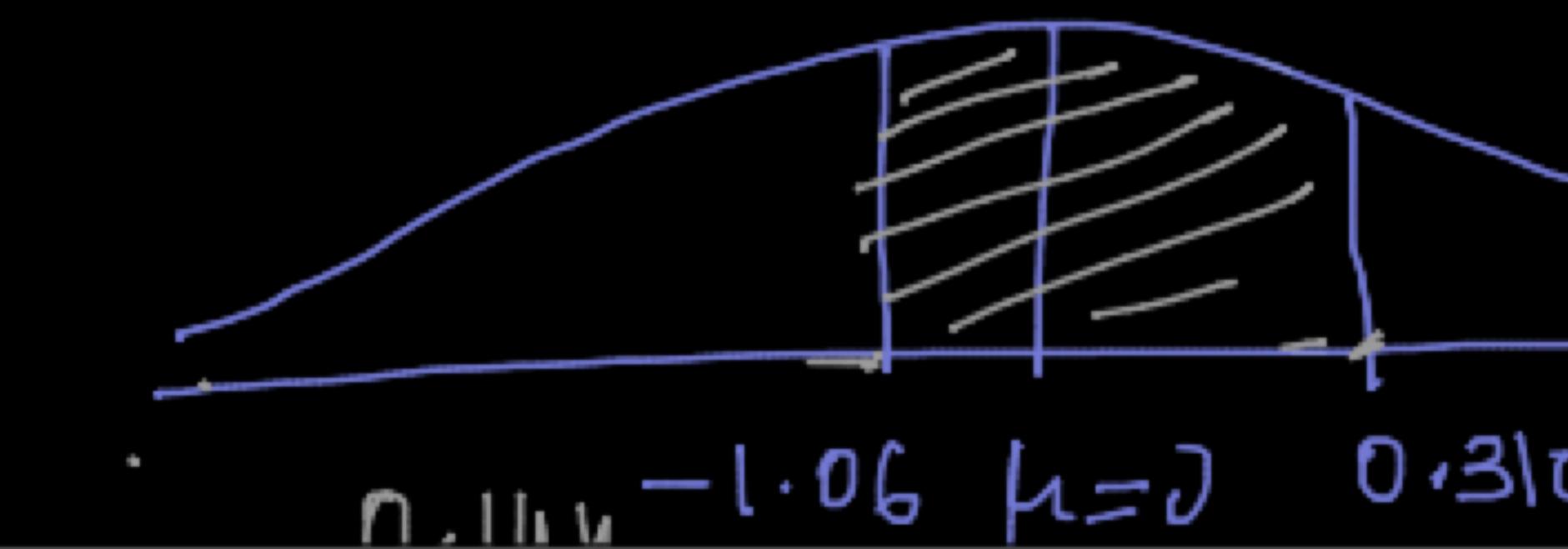
$$P(x > 720) = 0.38$$

$$P(680 < x < 720)$$

$\Rightarrow 48\%$

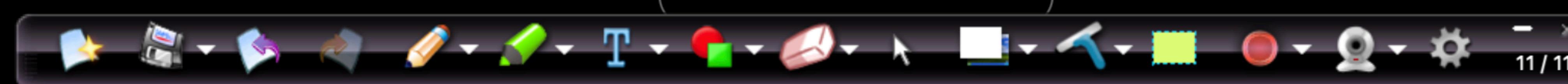


$$\begin{array}{r} 0.62 \\ - \\ 0.14 \\ \hline 0.48 \end{array}$$





Blackboard



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