

Assignment 02

Question 1: Intensity Transformations

Tasks you have to do to complete the assignment:

1. Take a RGB photo
2. Make it a grayscale image, say I
3. Calculate and plot histogram of image I
4. Take gamma value input from user, say $\gamma = 2.5$
5. Apply Power Law Transformation on image I with $c = 1.5$
6. Calculate and plot histogram of the Power Law transformed image
7. Take a threshold value input from user, say $A = 200$
8. Increase brightness by 50% for pixels with intensity smaller than A ; else decrease it by 25% of image I
9. Calculate and plot histogram of the thresholded image
10. Apply Log Transformation on image I with $c = 1.9$
11. Calculate and plot histogram of the log transformed image
12. Apply Negation Transformation on I
13. Calculate and plot histogram of the negative image
14. Understand the histograms, differences, and their indications.

*****Note That:** `im2double`: the function scales any integer **image values** to the range $[0,1]$.

Question 2: Contrast Stretching

a.	Take a RGB photo. Make it grayscale image, say <i>I</i>	
b.	Find the minimum pixel value of the input image. Store the value in a variable, say <i>A</i> .	1
c.	Find the maximum pixel value of the input image. Store the value in a variable, say <i>B</i> .	1
d.	Store the difference of variable <i>B</i> and <i>A</i> in a variable <i>D</i> . Store the highest possible intensity value in a variable <i>M</i> . (If your input image is 4 bit, highest possible intensity value = $2^4 - 1 = 15$)	1
e.	Say your output image is <i>R</i> . Use the following equation for each pixel of the input image <i>I</i> - $\mathbf{R} = \frac{I-A}{D} * M + A$	3
f.	Display the input image <i>I</i> and output image <i>R</i> .	1
g.	Show the histogram of the input image <i>I</i> and output image <i>R</i> . Do not use any built-in function.	3