

Q#1 (C01) (1+3)

What is the significance of bootstrapping for an Operating System? Explain the Microkernel Operating System architecture.

Q#2 (C02) (6)

Given the following data, find the average turn-around time by applying the Round-Robin process scheduling algorithm. Assume that, the time quantum $q=6$

Process	Arrival Time	CPU Burst time
P1	26	22
P4	0	19
P0	7	18
P2	22	16
P5	17	16
P6	11	12
P7	16	12
P3	36	16

Q#1 (C01) (1+3)

What is the purpose of a fork () system call ? Show the steps of the execution of a system call by an Operating System.

Q#2 (C02) (6)

Given the following data, find the average turn-around time by applying the Round-Robin process scheduling algorithm. Assume that, the time quantum $q=7$

Process	Arrival Time	CPU Burst time
P1	26	22
P4	0	19
P0	7	18
P2	22	16
P5	17	16
P6	11	12
P7	16	12
P3	36	16

Q#1 (C01) (1+3)

What is the difference between a process and a program? Explain Monolithic and monolithic modular Operating System architectures.

Q#2 (C02) (6)

Given the following data, find the average turn-around time by applying the Round-Robin process scheduling algorithm. Assume that, the time quantum $q=3$

Process	Arrival Time	CPU Burst time
P1	26	12
P4	0	9
P0	7	8
P2	22	6
P5	17	6
P6	11	12
P7	16	2
P3	32	6

Q#1 (C01) (1+3)

Why is an OS called a kernel? Explain the type-1 and type-2 hypervisors.

Q#2 (C02) (6)

Given the following data, find the average turn-around time by applying the Round-Robin process scheduling algorithm. Assume that, the time quantum $q=4$.

Process	Arrival Time	CPU Burst time
P1	26	12
P4	0	9
P0	7	8
P2	22	6
P5	17	6
P6	11	12
P7	16	2
P3	32	6