

INTRO TO TDD

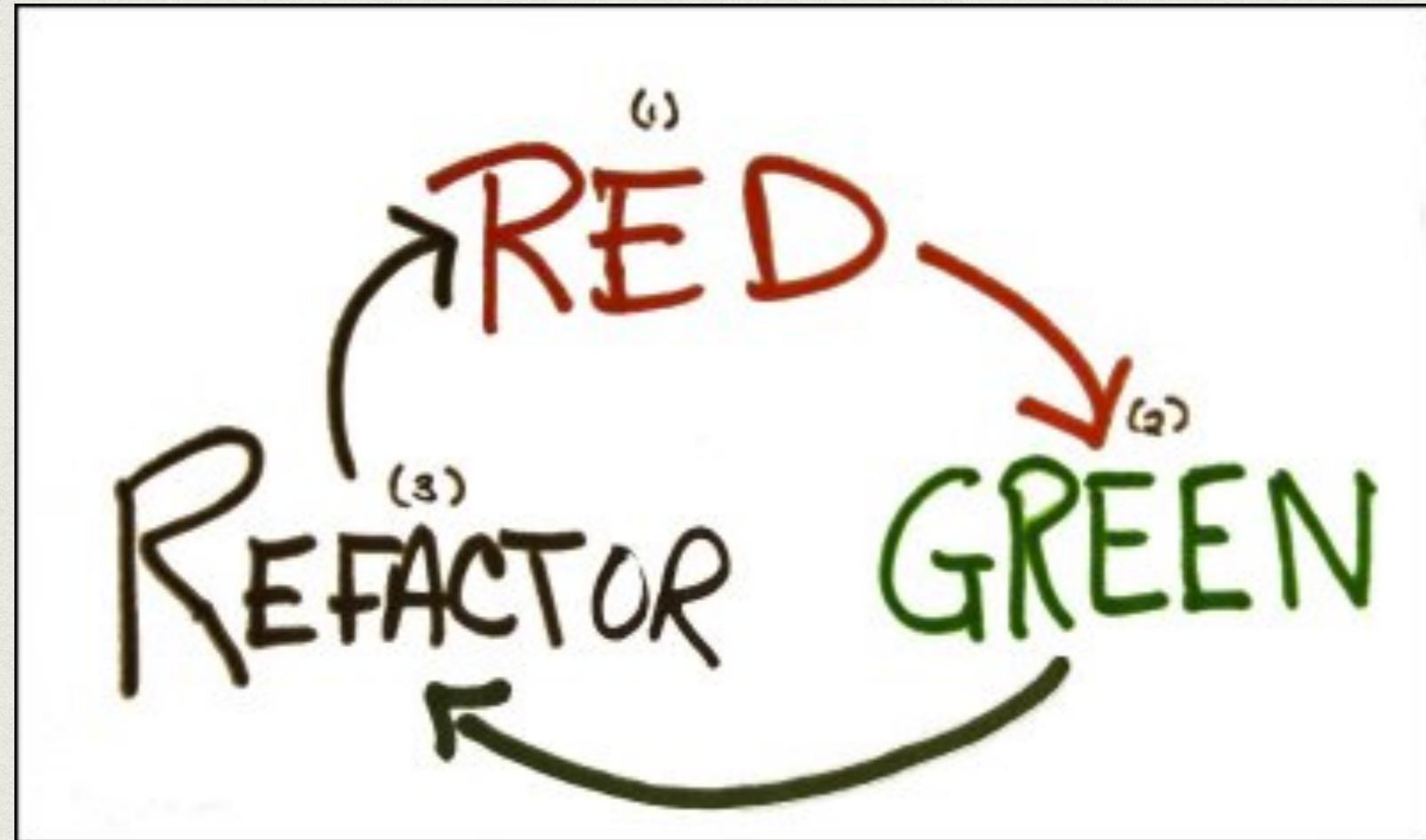
What, Why, How

TEST
DRIVEN

DEVELOPMENT

1. You must write a failing test before you write any production code.
2. You must not write more of a test than is sufficient to fail, or fail to compile.
3. You must not write more production code than is sufficient to make the currently failing test pass.

* <https://blog.cleancoder.com/uncle-bob/2014/12/17/TheCyclesOfTDD.html>



1. Create a unit tests that fails
2. Write production code that makes that test pass.
3. Clean up the mess you just made.

* <https://blog.cleancoder.com/uncle-bob/2014/12/17/TheCyclesOfTDD.html>



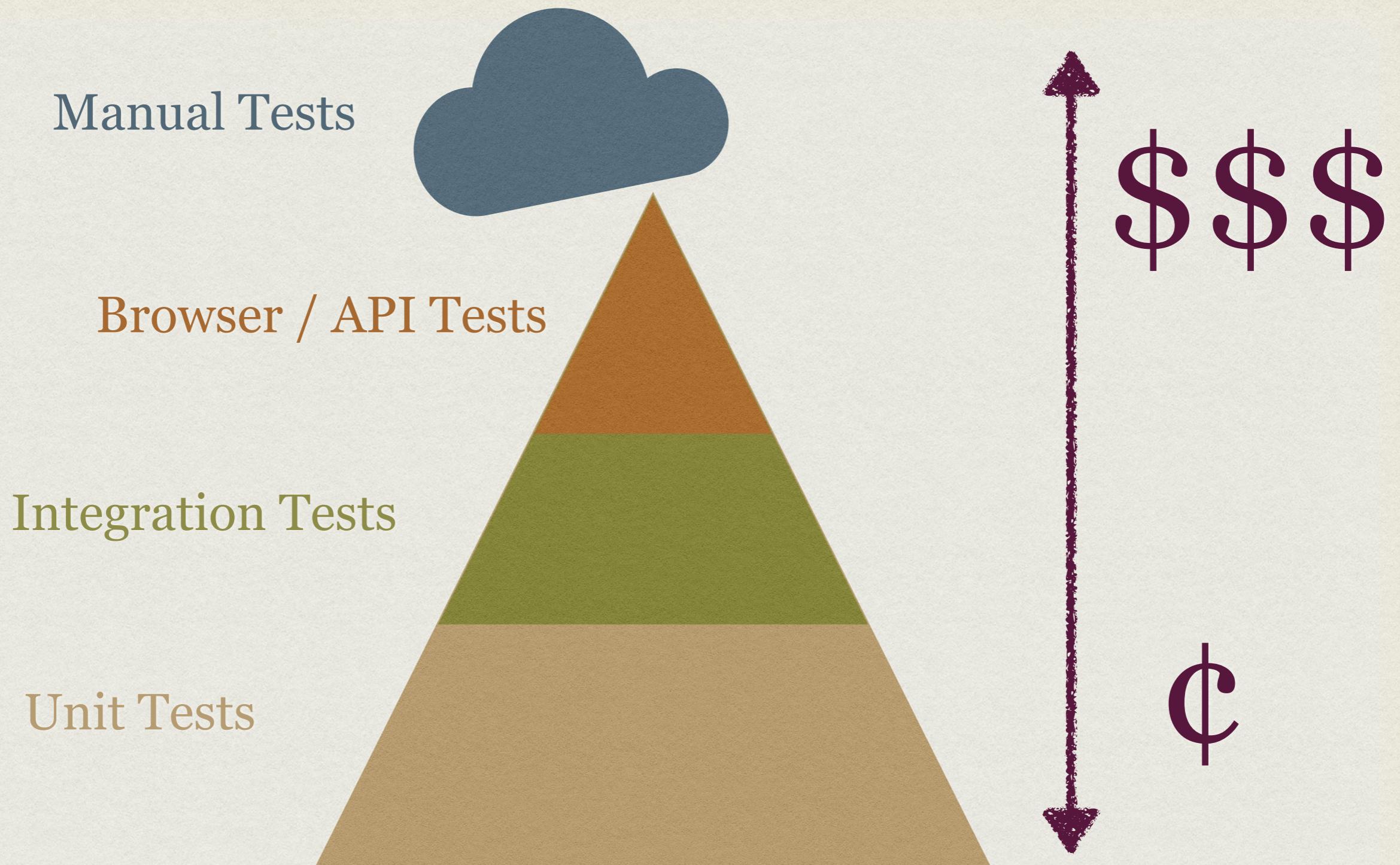
WRITE WHAT KIND OF
TEST?

FOR WHAT UNIT OF
CODE?

WHAT VALUE ARE WE
GETTING OUT OF THIS TEST?

COSTS & BENEFITS





* <https://github.com/testdouble/contributing-tests/wiki/Testing-Pyramid>



Manual Tests

Coordinating with a QA team (hopefully)

Slowest feedback loop

Excellent for finding experience issues

Great for experimenting

Poor for development cycle

* <https://github.com/testdouble/contributing-tests/wiki/Testing-Pyramid>



Browser / API Tests

Test entire application

Slow to run

Data setup is super hard

Lots of regression confidence

Focus on business critical paths

* <https://github.com/testdouble/contributing-tests/wiki/Testing-Pyramid>



Integration Tests

Test a single feature

Faster to run

Data setup is difficult

Tests that pieces integrate properly

Focus on interfaces and error handling

* <https://github.com/testdouble/contributing-tests/wiki/Testing-Pyramid>



Unit Tests

Test a single unit of code

Very fast

Data setup is easy

Tests that a single unit functions properly

Focus on how various inputs affect behavior

* <https://github.com/testdouble/contributing-tests/wiki/Testing-Pyramid>

TEST
DRIVEN

DESIGN



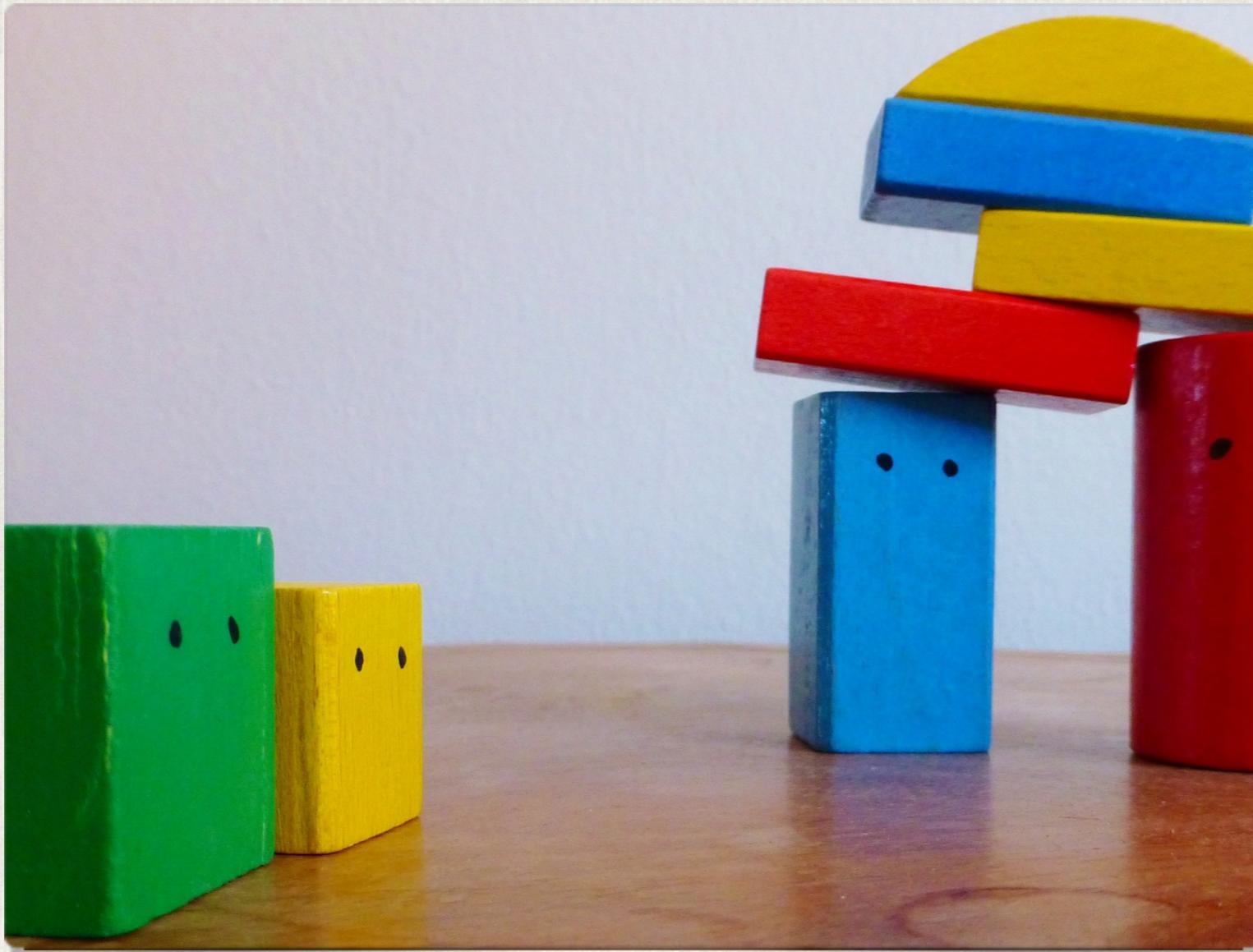
UNITS ARE WELL DESIGNED

Test Driven Design



UNITS INTERACT EASILY

Test Driven Design



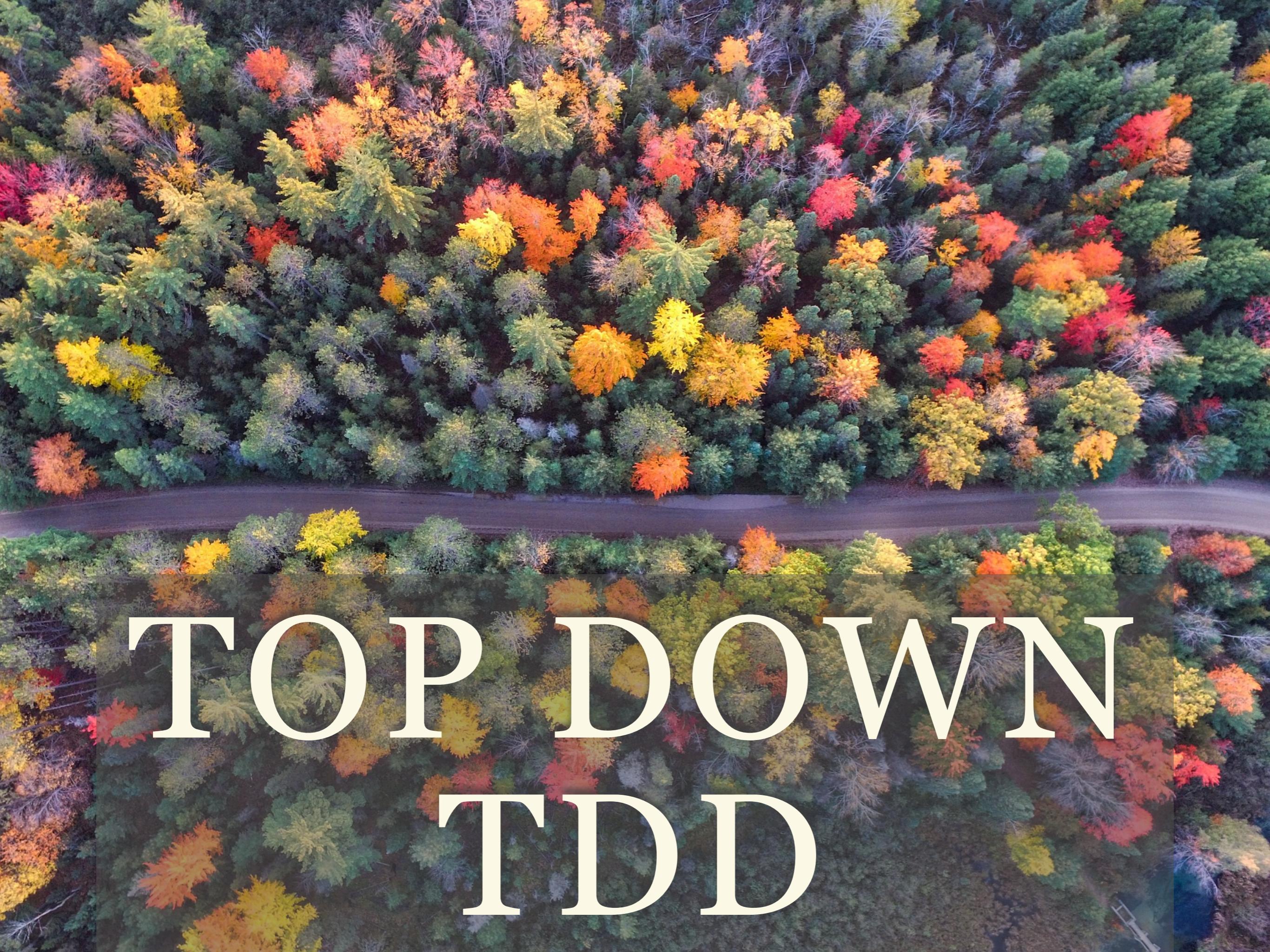
SEPARATED INTO COMPONENTS

Test Driven Design



COMPONENTS ARE FOCUSED

Test Driven Design

An aerial photograph of a dense forest during autumn. The trees are a mix of evergreens and deciduous species, with colors ranging from deep reds and oranges to bright yellows and golds. A single, dark dirt road cuts through the forest, visible as a thin, winding line. The overall scene is a vibrant display of fall colors.

TOPDOWN
TDD

PROCESS

1. Write a test
2. Make it pass
3. Repeat

WHAT KIND OF TEST?

Start with an acceptance test

Describe what would prove that the functionality
of the feature is correct

Define the public API for the feature

WHAT KIND OF TEST?

Now an integration test

Describe what the first unit will accomplish

Define the interactions it will have with
collaborating objects

FOR WHAT CODE?

The entry point

Implement the first unit to pass

Interact with the described collaborating objects

FOR WHAT CODE?

Repeat

For each collaborating unit, repeat integration testing process.

When you can't break the problem up anymore
write a unit test

WHAT VALUE ARE WE
GETTING OUT OF THESE
TESTS?

ACCEPTANCE TEST

- Our unit is complete
- Our unit will not break
- Our unit is documented

COLLABORATING UNIT TESTS

- Components integrate easily
- Components are domain concepts

INTEGRATION TESTS

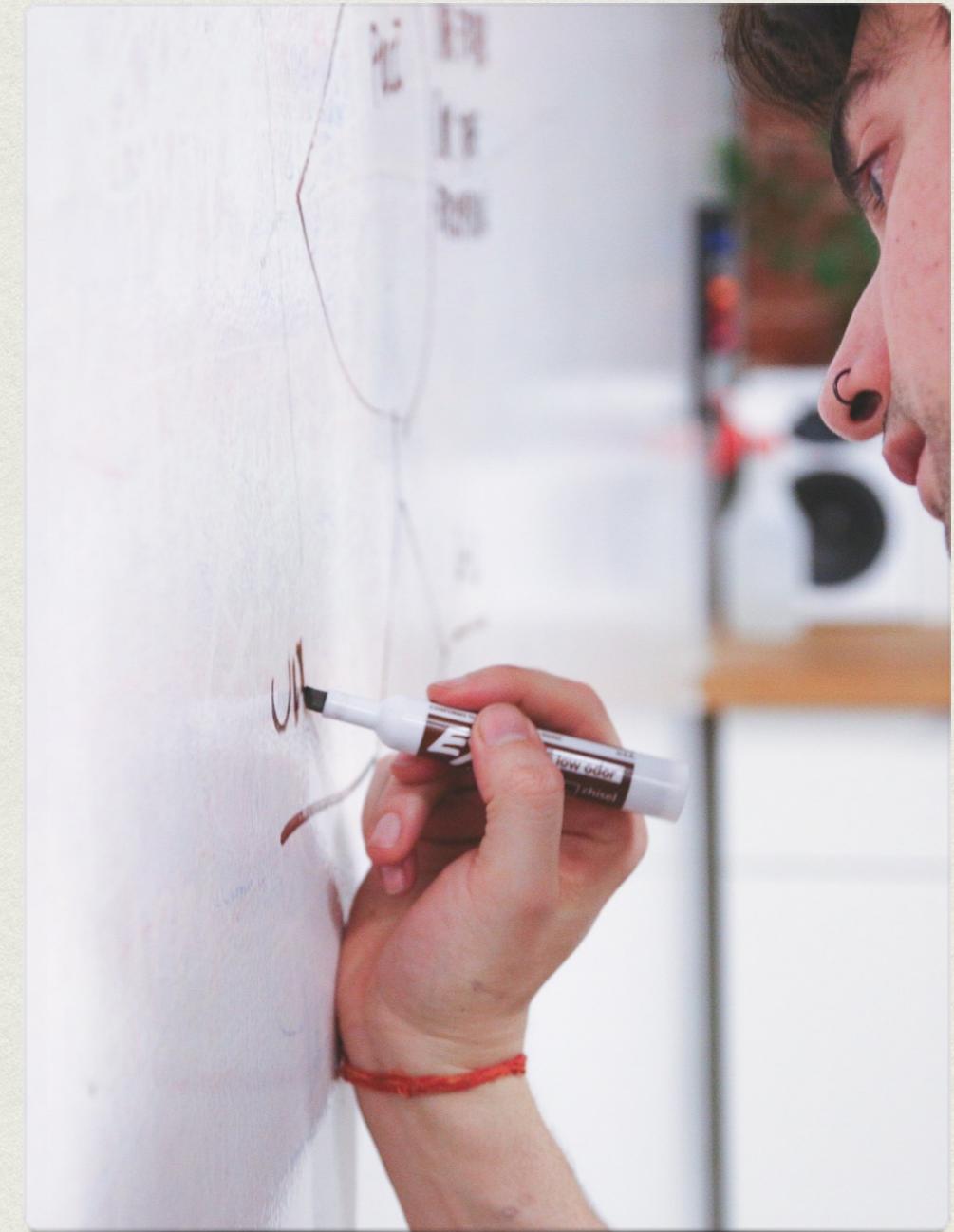
- Components integrate easily
- Components are domain concepts

UNIT TESTS

- Units function properly
- Every possible input has a documented outcome

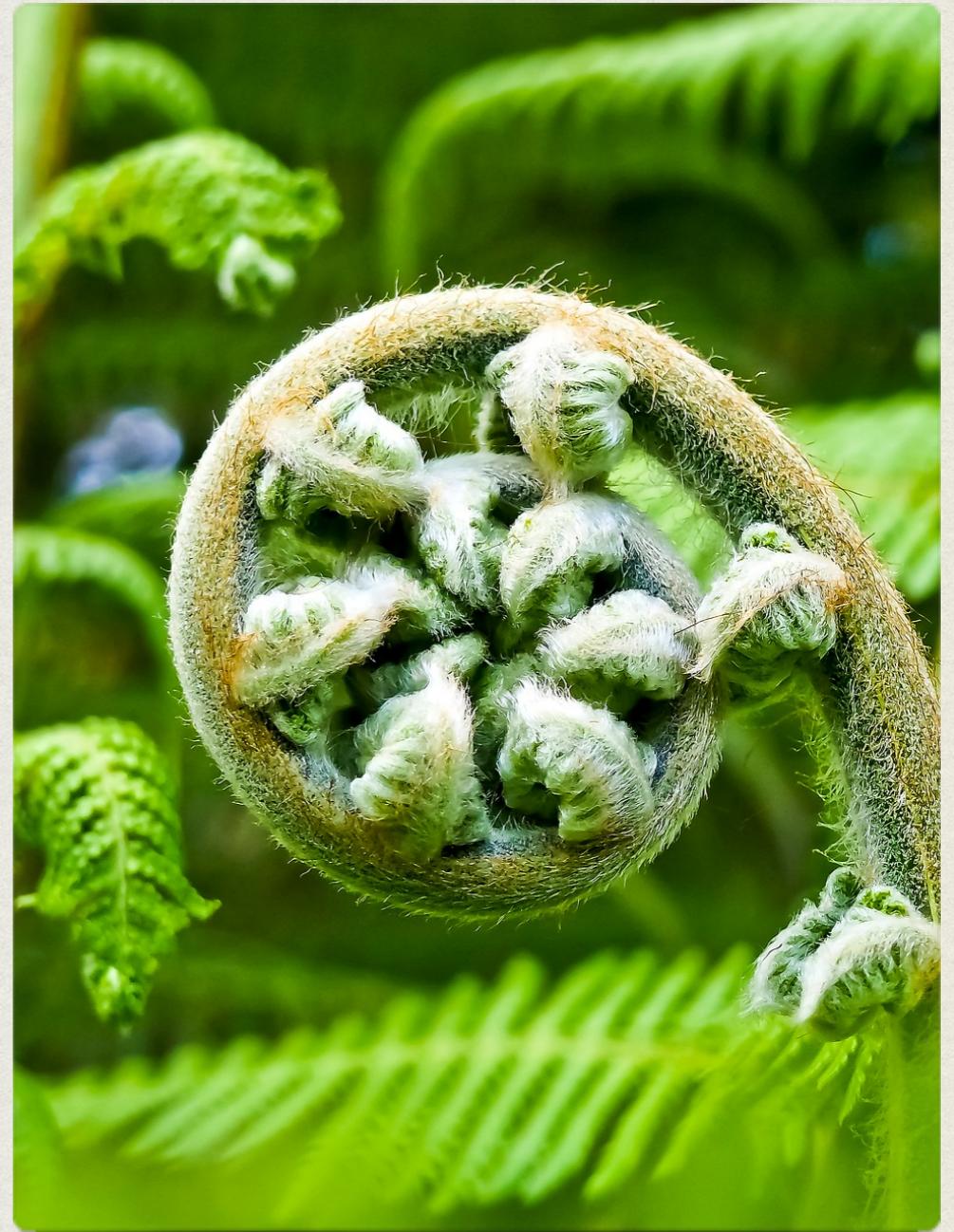
THOUGHTFUL INTERACTIONS

Tests are a place to design interactions



NO MORE REFACTORING

Code design emerges naturally



CLEAN INTERNAL API

*No fighting and refactoring awkward
APIs*



BIT.LY/SAC_TDD