

## Progressive Education Society's

## Modern College of Engineering, Pune MCA Department A.Y.2023-24

(310908) Python Programming Laboratory

Class: FY-MCA Shift / Div : F2 / B Roll Number : 51124

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1. Write a Python Program to Check if a Number is Positive, Negative or 0

```
def check_number(num):
    if num > 0:
        print("The number is positive.")
    elif num < 0:
        print("The number is negative.")
    else:
        print("The number is zero.")

number = float(input("Enter a number: "))

check_number(number)</pre>
```

```
Enter a number:

5
The number is positive.
```

2. Write a Python Program to Check if a Number is Odd or Even def check\_odd\_even(num):

```
return "Even" if num % 2 == 0 else "Odd"
```

```
number = int(input("Enter a number: "))
result = check_odd_even(number)
print(f"The number is {result}.")
```

```
Enter a number:
53
The number is Odd.
```

3. Write a Python Program to Check Leap Year def check\_leap\_year(year): return (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0) or (year % 400 == 0)

```
year = int(input("Enter a year: "))
if check_leap_year(year):
    print(f"{year} is a leap year.")
else:
    print(f"{year} is not a leap year.")
```

```
Enter a year:
2020
2020 is a leap year.
```

4. Write a Python Program to Find the Largest Among Three numbers def find\_largest(num1, num2, num3):
return max(num1, num2, num3)

```
# Example usage:
num1 = int(input("Enter the first number: "))
num2 = int(input("Enter the second number: "))
num3 = int(input("Enter the third number: "))
largest = find_largest(num1, num2, num3)
print(f"The largest number is: {largest}.")
```

```
Enter the first number:

23
Enter the second number:

104
Enter the third number:

65
The largest number is: 104.
```

5. Write a Python Program to Check Prime Number
 def is\_prime(num):
 if num < 2:
 return False
 for i in range(2, int(num\*\*0.5) + 1):
 if num % i == 0:
 return False
 return True

number = int(input("Enter a number: "))
 if is\_prime(number):
 print(f"{number} is a prime number.")
 else:
 print(f"{number} is not a prime number.")</pre>

```
Enter a number:
36
36 is not a prime number.

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **
Press Enter to exit terminal
```

```
6. Write a Python Program to Print all Prime Numbers in an Interval
  def print primes in interval(start, end):
    primes = []
    for num in range(start, end + 1):
       if is_prime(num):
         primes.append(num)
    return primes
  def is prime(num):
    if num < 2:
       return False
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
       if num \% i == 0:
         return False
    return True
  start = int(input("Enter the start of the interval: "))
  end = int(input("Enter the end of the interval: "))
  prime numbers = print primes in interval(start, end)
  print(f"The prime numbers in the interval are: {prime_numbers}.")
```

```
Enter the start of the interval:

10

Enter the end of the interval:

110

The prime numbers in the interval are: [11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97, 101, 103, 107, 109].
```

7. Write a Python Program to Find the Factorial of a Number def factorial(num):

```
if num == 0:
    return 1
    else:
       return num * factorial(num - 1)

number = int(input("Enter a number: "))
result = factorial(number)
print(f"The factorial of {number} is: {result}.")
```

```
Enter a number:

5
The factorial of 5 is: 120.
```

8. Write a Python Program to Display the multiplication Table def multiplication\_table(num):

```
print(f"{num} x {i} = {num*i}")
number = int(input("Enter a number: "))
multiplication_table(number)
```

for i in range(1, 11):

```
Enter a number:

25

25 x 1 = 25

25 x 2 = 50

25 x 3 = 75

25 x 4 = 100

25 x 5 = 125

25 x 6 = 150

25 x 7 = 175

25 x 8 = 200

25 x 9 = 225

25 x 10 = 250
```

9. Write a Python Program to Print the Fibonacci sequence def fibonacci\_sequence(n):

```
fib_sequence = [0, 1]
while len(fib_sequence) < n:
    fib_sequence.append(fib_sequence[-1] + fib_sequence[-2])
return fib_sequence</pre>
```

```
length = int(input("Enter the length of the sequence: "))
fib_sequence = fibonacci_sequence(length)
print(f"The Fibonacci sequence is: {fib_sequence}.")
```

```
Enter the length of the sequence:

5
The Fibonacci sequence is: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3].
```

10. Write a Python Program to Check Armstrong Number def is\_armstrong\_number(num):

```
order = len(str(num))
sum = 0
temp = num
while temp > 0:
    digit = temp % 10
    sum += digit ** order
    temp //= 10
return num == sum

number = int(input("Enter a number: "))
if is_armstrong_number(number):
```

```
print(f"{number} is an Armstrong number.")
else:
   print(f"{number} is not an Armstrong number.")
```

```
Enter a number:
153
153 is an Armstrong number.
```

11. Write a Python Program to Find Armstrong Number in an Interval
 def find\_armstrong\_numbers(start, end):
 armstrong\_numbers = []
 for num in range(start, end + 1):
 if is\_armstrong\_number(num):
 armstrong\_numbers.append(num)
 return armstrong\_numbers

def is\_armstrong\_number(num):
 order = len(str(num))
 sum = 0
 temp = num
 while temp > 0:
 digit = temp % 10
 sum += digit \*\* order

temp //= 10

```
start = int(input("Enter the start of the interval: "))
end = int(input("Enter the end of the interval: "))

armstrong_numbers = find_armstrong_numbers(start, end)
print(f"The Armstrong numbers in the interval are:
{armstrong_numbers}.")
```

```
Enter the start of the interval:

100
Enter the end of the interval:

1100
The Armstrong numbers in the interval are: [153, 370, 371, 407].
```

12. Write a Python Program to Find the Sum of Natural Numbers def sum\_of\_natural\_numbers(n): return n \* (n + 1) // 2

```
number = int(input("Enter a positive integer: "))
result = sum_of_natural_numbers(number)
print(f"The sum of natural numbers up to {number} is: {result}.")
```

Enter a positive integer:

45

The sum of natural numbers up to 45 is: 1035.