Entities and Glossary

List of entities:

- 1. Book
 - a. Strong entity
 - b. The entity to represent all individual books in the library regardless of author, location, genre, size, price, etc.
- 2. Magazine
 - a. Strong entity
 - b. The entity to represent all individual magazines in the library
- 3. Digital media
 - a. Strong entity
 - b. Represents any game, video, digital book, digital magazine, etc.
- 4. Author
 - a. Strong entity
 - b. Stores all data about individual authors
- 5. Publisher
 - a. Strong entity
 - b. This entity represents any individual publisher of a book/magazine/digital media
- 6. Member/client
 - a. Strong entity
 - b. Represents any person who currently has a library membership
- 7. Membership type
 - a. Weak entity

b. Stores all information associated with a certain member's membership type. This is a weak entity as it is reliant on the member.

8. Employee

- a. Strong entity
- b. Represents any person currently working for the library

9. Transaction

- a. Weak entity
- b. This entity will record all data that pertains to a member borrowing/renting/buying any product such as the member info, date borrowed, return date, price paid, etc. This is a weak entity as it is reliant on other entities such as books/magazines and the members/employees

10. Reservation

- a. Weak entity
- b. An entity that holds all data pertaining to a product that has been reserved

11. Fine/fee

- a. Weak entity
- b. Records all data for any fine/fee given to a member because of an overdue product. This is a weak entity as it is reliant on the members, the products, and the transactions.

12. Notification

- a. Strong entity
- b. The entity for holding information for notifications that will be sent to members

Glossary:

The Librarians - The alias used by the team developing library database system.

DB - An acronym for database.

DBMS - Database management system.

SQL - Structured query language.

DDL - Data definition language.

DML - Data manipulation language.

DCL - Data control language.

TCL - Transaction control language.

Genre - Descriptor for books/magazines that gives a brief insight into what the reader should expect from the product in an umbrella classification.

ID - Identification.

Product - A book or magazine.

Fine - A fee charged for overdue items.

Hold - A request to reserve an item currently checked out.

Catalog - A database listing the books and materials in the library.

Dewey Decimal System (DDC) - A classification system organizing books by subject.

Periodical - A publication issued regularly, like a magazine or journal.

Monograph - A book on a single subject.

Folio - An oversized book.

Microform - A reduced-size reproduction of documents for storage.

Renewal - Extending the loan period of a checked-out item.

Reference product - A product in the library that cannot be checked out.