Putting Software Testing Terminology to the Test M.A.Sc. Seminar

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The Need for Standardized Terminology

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 - Force
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The Need for Standardized Terminology

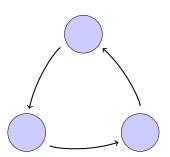
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- Therefore, the same should be true of software engineering!
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If software engineering holds code to high standards of clarity, consistency, and robustness, the same should apply to its supporting literature!

Improved Communication

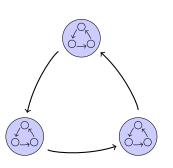
Interorganizational

Schools, companies, etc.



Improved Communication

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Intraorganizational

Kaner et al. (2011, p. 7) say "complete testing" could require the tester to:

- discover "every bug",
- exhaust the time allocated,
- implement every planned test,
- . .

The Lack of Standardized Terminology

- Unfortunately, a search for a systematic, rigorous, and complete taxonomy for software testing revealed that the existing ones are inadequate:
 - Tebes et al. (2020) focus on parts of the testing process (e.g., test goal, testable entity),
 - Souza et al. (2017) prioritize organizing testing approaches over defining them, and
 - Unterkalmsteiner et al. (2014) focus on the "information linkage or transfer" (p. A:6) between requirements engineering and software testing.

"The Problem"

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 - loads that are as large as possible (Patton, 2006, p. 86)

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"The Problem" (cont.)

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"Okay testing team, we want to conduct alpha testing on our product. What's our timeline? Budget? Sample size?"

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What testing approaches does the literature describe?

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Research Question 3

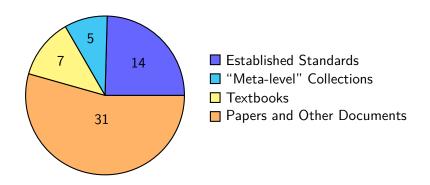
Is it possible to resolve/reduce any of these discrepancies systematically?

Research Question 1

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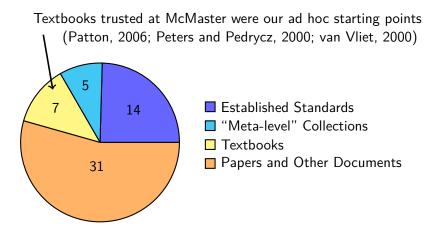
Literature Review Time!

Methodology: Sources



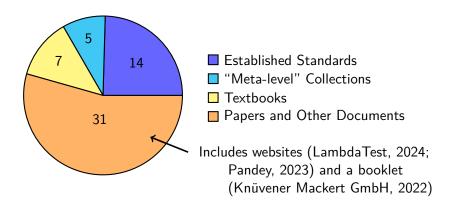
Summary of how many sources comprise each source category.

Methodology: Sources



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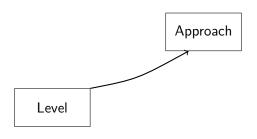
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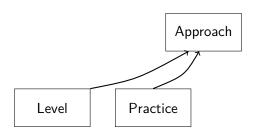
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Approach

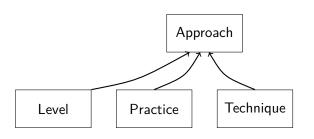
Approach: a "high-level test implementation choice" (ISO/IEC and IEEE, 2022, p. 10) used to "pick the particular test case values" (2017, p. 465)



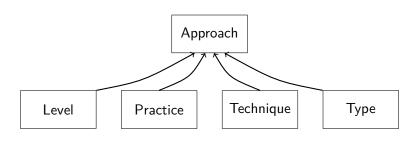
Level: a stage of testing with "particular objectives and ... risks", each performed in sequence (ISO/IEC and IEEE, 2022, p. 12; 2021, p. 6)



Practice: a "conceptual framework that can be applied to . . . [a] test process to facilitate testing" (ISO/IEC and IEEE, 2022, p. 14; 2017, p. 471)



Technique: a "defined" and "systematic" (ISO/IEC and IEEE, 2017, p. 464) "procedure used to create or select a test model, identify test coverage items, and derive corresponding test cases" (2022, p. 11)



Type: "Testing that is focused on specific quality characteristics" (ISO/IEC and IEEE, 2022, p. 15; 2021, p. 7; 2017, p. 473)

Acknowledgment

- Dr. Smith and Dr. Carette have been great supervisors in the past and have, both then and now, provided me with valuable guidance and feedback
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- The past and current Drasil team have created a truly amazing framework!

Thank you! Questions?

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