# Summary of Key Concepts

Median Class

Tree Diagrams

Conditional Prob.

Topic	Key Formula / Idea
Grouped Data Mean	$ar{x} = rac{\sum (f  imes x)}{\sum f}$

Class where cumulative frequency  $\geq n/2$ 

Multiply probabilities along each branch

 $P(A \mid B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$ 

Example

Q3

Q4a

Q7, Q8

Q10

# 5.1 Grouped Data Interpretation

# 1. Frequency Tables

# Question:

The marks of 30 students are grouped as follows:

Marks Range	Frequency
0-10	4
10-20	7
20-30	12
30-40	5
40-50	2

a) How many students scored below 20 marks?

# Solution:

$$4(0-10) + 7(10-20) = 11 \text{ students}$$

b) What is the modal class?

# Solution:

Class with the highest frequency: 20–30

# 2. Histograms

## Question:

Students recorded the time spent on homework:

Time (min)	Frequency
0-20	5
20-40	8
40-60	10
60-80	7

- a) Draw a histogram.
- b) Estimate how many students spent 30-50 minutes.

#### Solution:

- From 20–40 min:  $8 \div 2 = 4$  students (30–40)
- From 40–60 min:  $10 \div 2 = 5$  students (40–50)

$$Total = 4 + 5 = 9$$
 students

# 3. Mean from Grouped Data

# Question:

Estimate the mean time using class midpoints: 10, 30, 50, 70.

## Solution:

$$\mathrm{Mean} = \frac{(5 \times 10) + (8 \times 30) + (10 \times 50) + (7 \times 70)}{5 + 8 + 10 + 7} = \frac{1280}{30} = \boxed{42.67 \, \mathrm{min}}$$

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# 4. Cumulative Frequency

#### Question:

Cumulative frequency for marks:

Marks (≤)	Cumulative Frequency
10	4
20	11
30	23
40	28
50	30

# a) What is the median class?

# Solution:

Median position =  $30 \div 2 = 15$ 

First class to reach 15 is 20 – 30

# 5.2 Probability (Including Tree Diagrams)

# 5. Basic Probability

#### Question:

A bag contains 4 red, 3 blue, and 5 green marbles. What is the probability of drawing a red one?

Solution:

$$P( ext{Red}) = rac{4}{4+3+5} = rac{4}{12} = \boxed{rac{1}{3}}$$

# 6. Independent Events

## Question:

A coin is flipped twice. What is the probability of getting two tails?

Solution:

$$P( ext{T and T}) = rac{1}{2} imes rac{1}{2} = \boxed{rac{1}{4}}$$

# 7. Tree Diagram (With Replacement)

#### Question:

A bag has 3 black and 2 white balls. Two are drawn with replacement. Find the probability both are white.

Solution:

$$P(\mathrm{WW}) = rac{2}{5} imes rac{2}{5} = \boxed{rac{4}{25}}$$

# 8. Tree Diagram (Without Replacement)

#### Question:

Two cards are drawn from a 52-card deck without replacement. Find the probability both are Kings.

Solution:

$$P=rac{4}{52} imesrac{3}{51}=\boxed{rac{1}{221}}$$

## 9. Combined Events

#### Question:

60% of a class are girls, and 20% of the girls wear glasses. What's the probability of selecting a girl who wears glasses?

## Solution:

$$P = 0.6 \times 0.2 = \boxed{0.12 \ {
m or} \ 12\%}$$

# 10. Conditional Probability

#### Question:

In a school, 30% of students play football, and 10% play both football and basketball. What is the probability that a football player also plays basketball?

## Solution:

$$P( ext{Basketball} \mid ext{Football}) = rac{0.10}{0.30} = \boxed{rac{1}{3}}$$

# **Mixed Practice**

# 11. Grouped Data + Probability

## Question:

Height (cm)

In a survey of 100 people:

Height (Cili)	riequelicy
150-160	15
160-170	25
170-180	40
180-190	20

What is the probability a randomly selected person is 160–180 cm tall?

### Solution:

$$P = \frac{25 + 40}{100} = \boxed{0.65}$$