What Makes a Movie Successful? An Investigation into Characteristics of High-Grossing Films

Presented by Sam Oliver

Summary

- · This analysis examines data about films from Box Office Mojo and IMDB.
- · This report highlights how films can be produced to maximize gross.
- · Recommendations:
- 1. Produce films that fit under animation.
- 2. Produce films that run between 75-175 minutes.
- 3. Further examine qualitative elements found in successful production studios.

Outline

- · Business Problem
- Data
- Methods
- Results
- · Conclusions

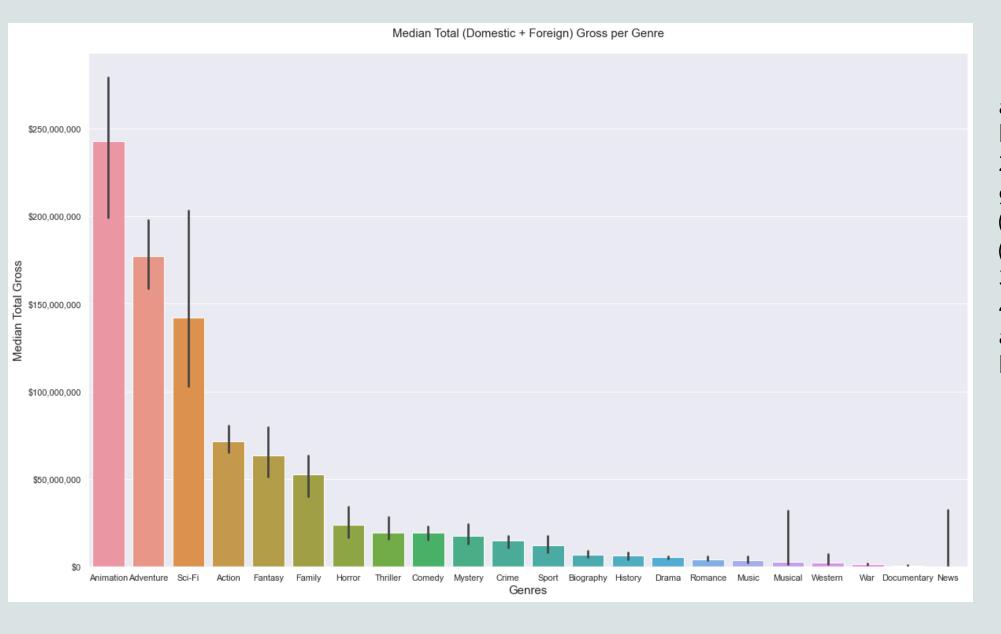
Business Problem

- · Create films that generate high gross.
- · Identify trends in film data that tend to be associated with high gross films.

Data & Methods

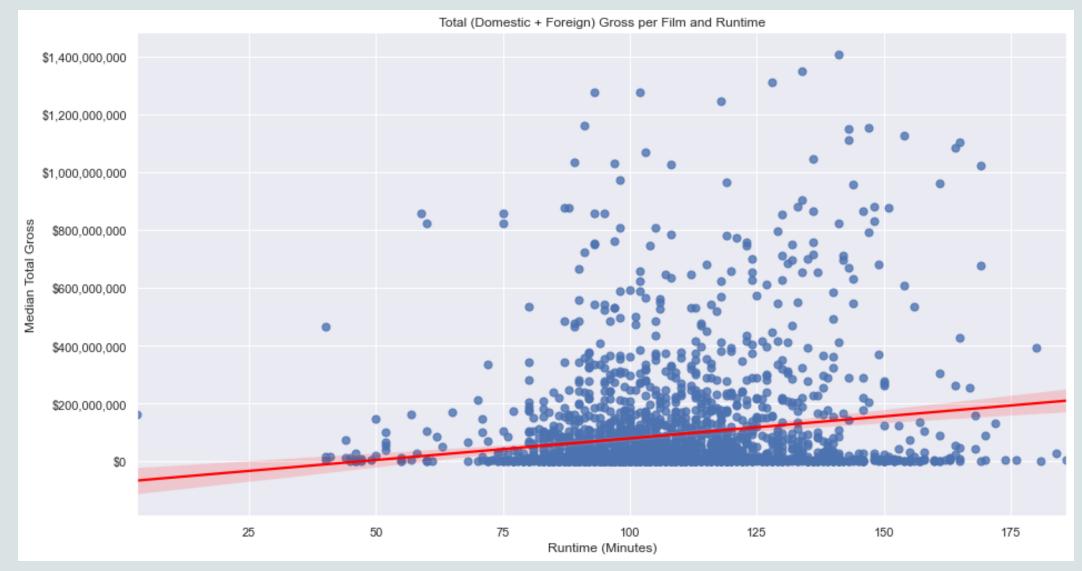
- · 2,447 different films. Ranging from 2010-2018
- Target variable: total gross (domestic + foreign gross)
- Other variables analyzed: genre, runtime, and studio
- Methods:
 - Poduction of genre and studio subsets
 - · Combination of total gross as the addition of domestic + foreign gross.
 - Visualizations

Results



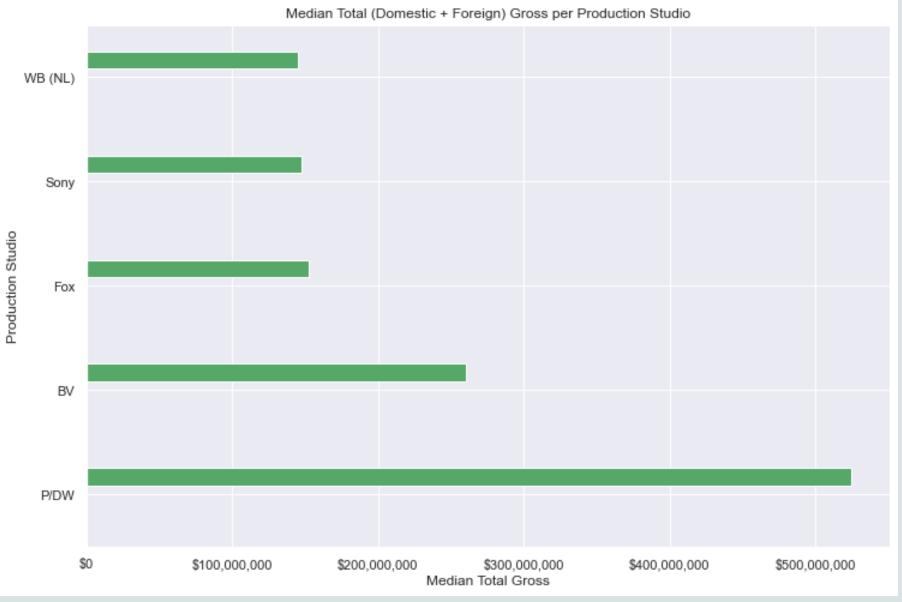
1. On average, animation films gross higher than others.
2. Highest-grossing genres: Animation (n=112), Adventure (n=381), Sci-Fi (n=128).
3. Cl = 1 SD
4. Sci-Fi is riskiest among the three highest-grossing.

Results (Continued)



- 1. Films grossing >=\$500M typically run between 75-170 minutes.
- 2. There is a weak, positive relationship between runtime and gross (emphasis on higher value of the above range.
- 3. Limitations of trendline (people will not watch films that are 1000s of hours...)

Results (Continued)



Films produced by Pixar/Dreamworks grossed median amount of over \$500M (n=10)

Disney (BV) is second highest median amount (n=89)

Conclusions

- · Produce films falling under the genre of animation.
- Produce films running between 75-170 minutes with emphasis on higher values in this range.
- Explore qualitative elements found in other studios. Disney (conservative approach) or Pixar/Dreamworks (riskier).
- Explore the effect of other variables (i.e. director) on total gross.