

Predicting Presence of Pneumonia from Images of X-Rays

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Outline

1. Business Problem
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Business Problem

- Stakeholder: angel investor for startup
- Predict presence of pneumonia from x-rays

**Comply with
FDA standards**

Seek Funding

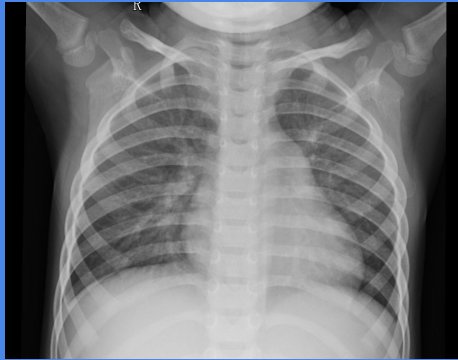
**Create Software
Diagnostic Tool**

**Partner with
Medical
Practitioners**

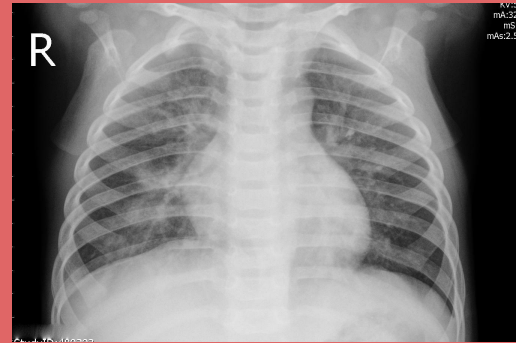
Data

- 5,800 x-rays
- Bacterial and viral pneumonia

Normal: 4273 images

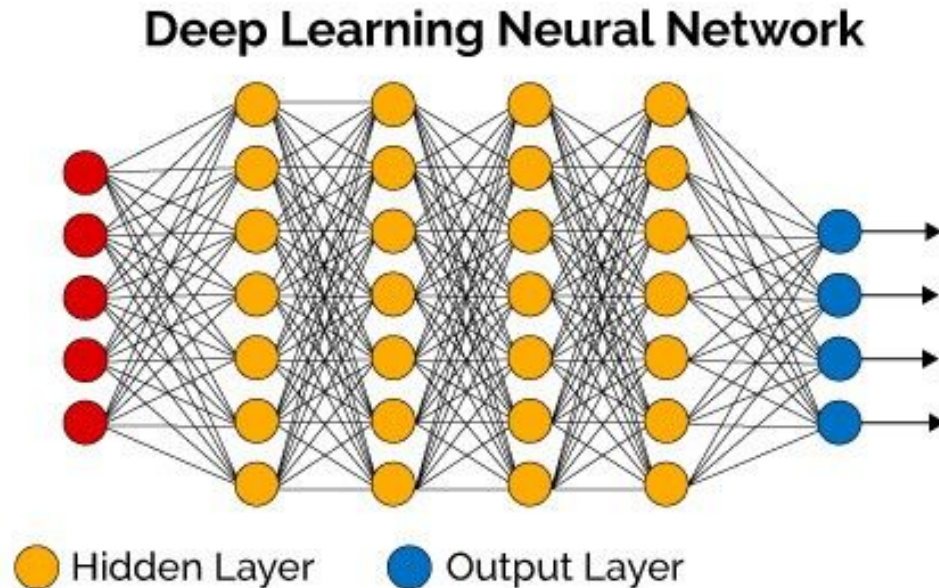


Pneumonia: 1583 images



Methods

- Deep Learning
- Convolutional Neural Networks



Model Results

- Common x-ray performance metrics:
 - Sensitivity, specificity, PPV, F1

| Metric Type | Goal Value* | Baseline Value | Final Model Value |
|-------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Sensitivity | 0.720 | 0.959 | 0.877 |
| Specificity | 0.973 | 0.632 | 0.939 |
| PPV | 0.682 | 0.813 | 0.970 |
| F1 | 0.435 | 0.880 | 0.920 |

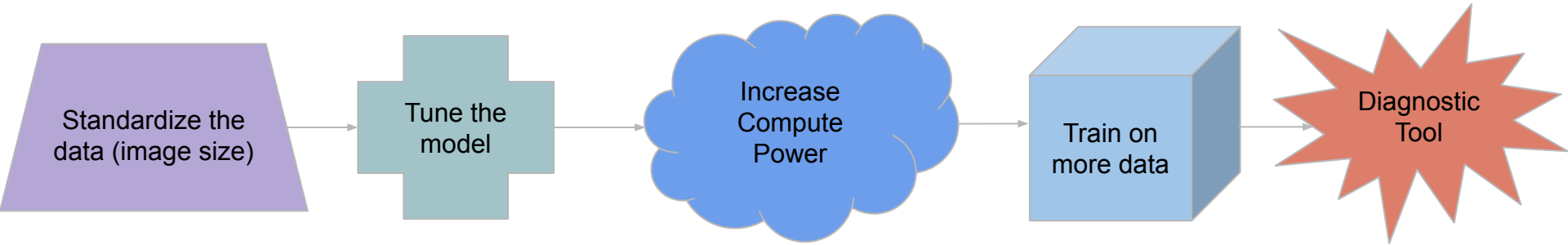
Legend:

- <10% worse than standard
- $\geq 10\%$ worse than standard
- $\geq 10\%$ better than standard

* Reference Appendix

Conclusions & Further Recommendations

Improve the Model and Create the Product



Appendix

Evaluation standard sources:

- IBM - radiology resident success metrics include sensitivity, specificity, and positive predictive value:
 - <https://www.ibm.com/blogs/research/2020/11/ai-x-rays-for-radiologists/>
- Stanford University - Andrew Ng and others cite F1 score as their evaluation metric used in their CheXNet algorithm
 - <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1711.05225.pdf>

Dataset Source:

- <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/paultimothymooney/chest-xray-pneumonia>