

# **GRC20** and Coins

# Token Standards in the Gno Ecosystem

How native coins and tokens differs

How to implement tokens and their use cases

### Coins

Managed by the banker module, separate from GnoVM,

- Native type
- ✓ Efficient gas use -- Lightweight
- Used for staking, fees

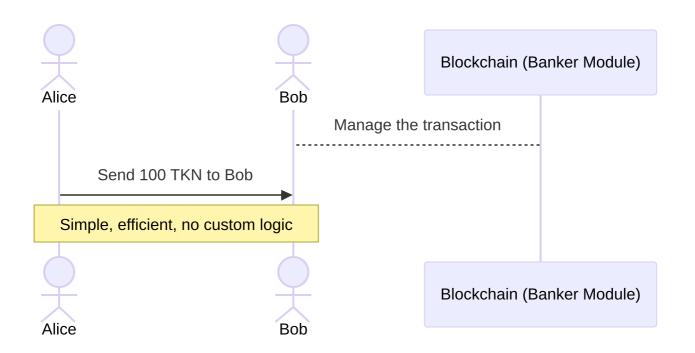
- X No custom logic
- X Limited dApp usage
- Read the Coin and Bankers Docs



A Coin is a Gno type made of a denomination and an amount.

```
// Defines a basic Coin with a denomination and amount
type Coin struct {
    Denom string `json:"denom"` // e.g., "GNOT"
    Amount int64 `json:"amount"` // e.g., 1000
}
banker.SendCoins(from, to, coins)
banker.IssueCoin(addr, denom, amount)
banker.RemoveCoin(addr, denom, amount)
coins := banker.GetCoins(addr)
```



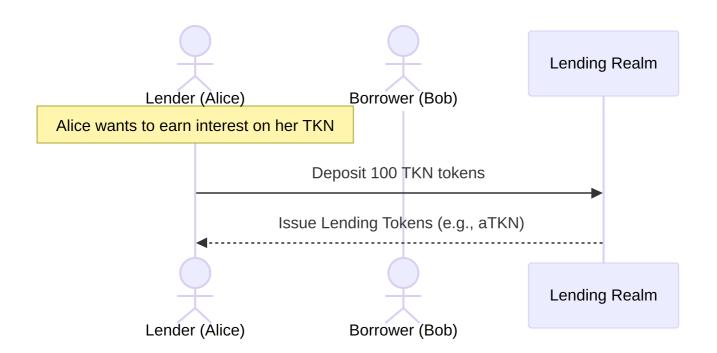


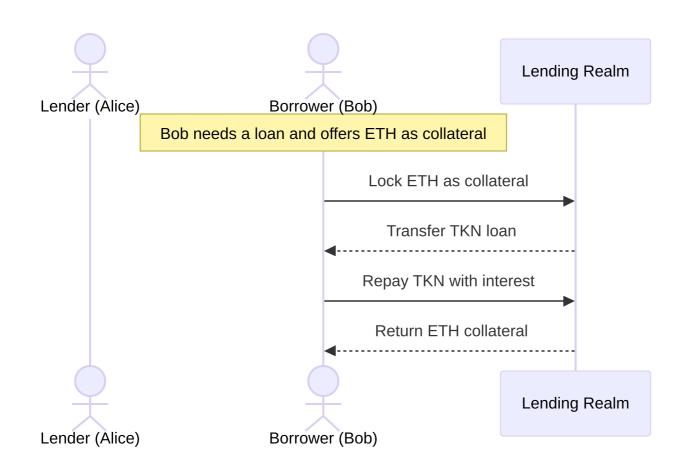
#### **ERC20-style Smart Contracts**

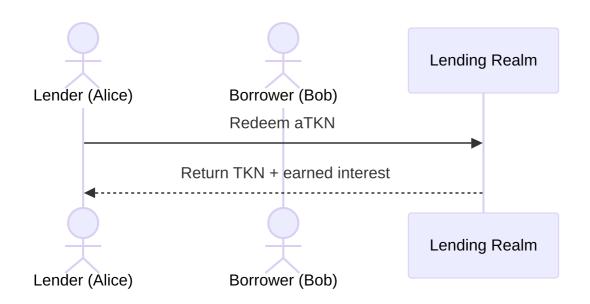
- Eigen Fungible, programmable token standard
- Stored and executed in Gno realm



K Fully programmable logic on-chain







## 

### ■ Use Case 1: Token Gating

#### **■** Token Gating

Use GRC20 tokens to:

- **W** Unlock gated content
- Access private organizations
- Establishment<

```
if (!hasGRC20(user)) {
   return "Access Denied"
}
```

### **Solution** Use Case 2: Vaults

#### **«** Vaults: Passive Income

- Deposit GRC20 → Get yield-bearing shares
- Withdraw anytime with rewards

```
vault.deposit(user, GRC20.amount)
shares = calculateShares(user)
```

## **Use Case 3: Wrapping Coins**

### **Wrapping Native Coins**

- i Works in DeFi (Decentralized Finance)
- Composable Connects to other apps

### Enables:

- Liquidity pools
- Lending protocols
- Cross-chain assets

### X Comparison Table

Coins (Banker) ♣ GRC20 Token Feature Native to chain Composable in dApps **Custom Logic Governance Control** Centralized Decentralized Efficiency Slight overhead

Coins vs Grc20

## Let's build our own GRC20

#### Let's fill our functions!

```
func init() {}
// Informations
func TotalSupply() uint64 {}
func BalanceOf(owner std.Address) uint64 {}
// Create / Delete
func Mint(to std.Address, amount uint64) {}
func Burn(from std.Address, amount uint64) {}
// Send
func Transfer(to std.Address, amount uint64) {}
// Send from another address
func Allowance(owner, spender std.Address) uint64 {}
func Approve(spender std.Address, amount uint64) {}
func TransferFrom(from, to std.Address, amount uint64) {}
```

### 

- **(f)** gno.land
- foo20
- bar20
- Fully on-chain Gno smart contracts

Read the Coin and Bankers Docs