

GRC20 and Coins

Token Standards in the Gno Ecosystem

How native coins and tokens differs

How to implement tokens and their use cases

Coins

Managed by the banker module, separate from GnoVM,

- Native type
- Efficient gas use -- Lightweight
- Used for staking, fees

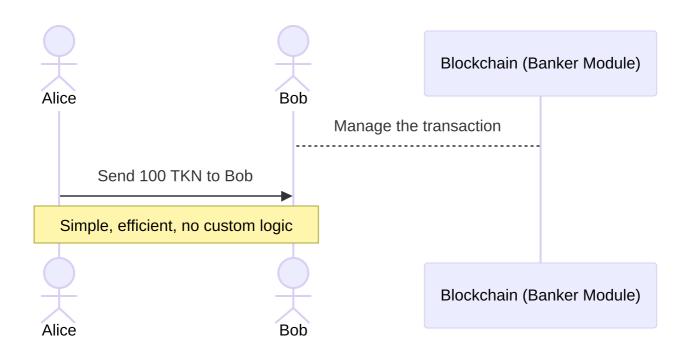
- X No custom logic
- X Limited dApp usage
- Read the Coin and Bankers Docs



A Coin is a Gno type made of a denomination and an amount.

```
// Defines a basic Coin with a denomination and amount
type Coin struct {
    Denom string `json:"denom"` // e.g., "GNOT"
    Amount int64 `json:"amount"` // e.g., 1000
}
banker.SendCoins(from, to, coins)
banker.IssueCoin(addr, denom, amount)
banker.RemoveCoin(addr, denom, amount)
coins := banker.GetCoins(addr)
```



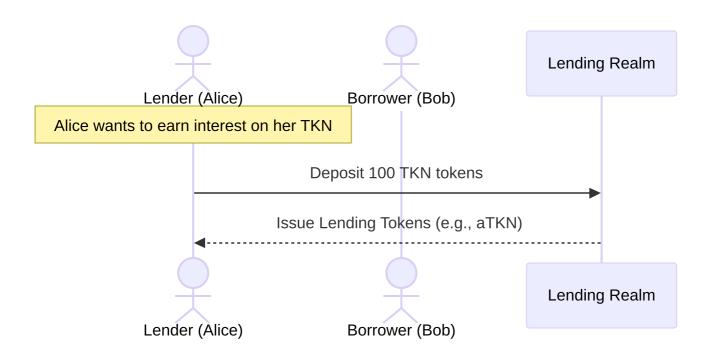


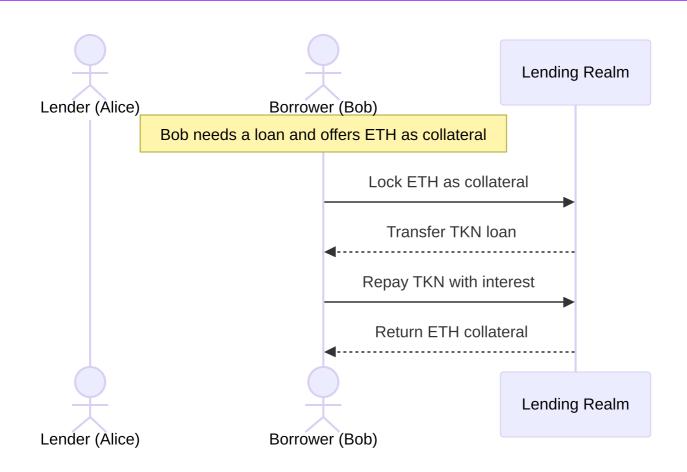
ERC20-style Smart Contracts

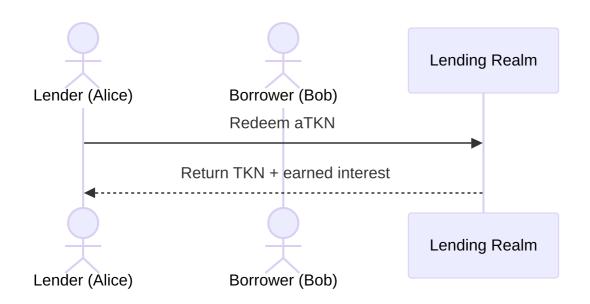
- Eigen Fungible, programmable token standard
- Stored and executed in Gno realm



K Fully programmable logic on-chain







Use Case 1: Token Gating

Token Gating

Use GRC20 tokens to:

- William
 Unlock gated content
- \(\begin{align*}
 \text{Access private organizations}
 \end{align*}
- Establishment<

```
if (!hasGRC20(user)) {
   return "Access Denied"
}
```

Solution Use Case 2: Vaults

« Vaults: Passive Income

- Deposit GRC20 → Get yield-bearing shares
- ✓ Earn interest as the vault grows
- Withdraw anytime with rewards

```
vault.deposit(user, GRC20.amount)
shares = calculateShares(user)
```

Use Case 3: Wrapping Coins

Wrapping Native Coins

- i Works in DeFi (Decentralized Finance)
- Composable Connects to other apps

Enables:

- Liquidity pools
- Lending protocols
- Cross-chain assets

X Comparison Table

Feature	ins (Banker)	
Native to chain		×
Composable in dApps	×	
Custom Logic	×	
Efficiency		⚠ Slight overhead

Coins vs Grc20

Let's build our own GRC20

Let's fill our functions!

```
func init() {}
// Informations
func TotalSupply() uint64 {}
func BalanceOf(owner std.Address) uint64 {}
// Create / Delete
func Mint(to std.Address, amount uint64) {}
func Burn(from std.Address, amount uint64) {}
// Send
func Transfer(to std.Address, amount uint64) {}
// Send from another address
func Allowance(owner, spender std.Address) uint64 {}
func Approve(spender std.Address, amount uint64) {}
func TransferFrom(from, to std.Address, amount uint64) {}
```


- **(f)** gno.land
- foo20
- bar20
- Fully on-chain Gno smart contracts

Read the Coin and Bankers Docs