## Rotate array by K elements

## For Rotating Elements to left

```
Step 1: Reverse the first k elements of the array

Step 2: Reverse the last n-k elements of the array.

Step 3: Reverse the whole array.

For Eg, arr[]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7}, k=2
```

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
// Function to Reverse the array
  public static void Reverse(int[] arr, int start, int end) {
    while (start <= end) {</pre>
      int temp = arr[start];
      arr[start] = arr[end];
      arr[end] = temp;
      start++;
      end--;
  // Function to Rotate k elements to left
  public static void Rotateeletoleft(int[] arr, int n, int k)
{
    // Reverse first k elements
    Reverse(arr, 0, k - 1);
   // Reverse last n-k elements
    Reverse(arr, k , n - 1);
    // Reverse whole array
```

```
Reverse(arr, 0, n - 1);

public static void main(String args[]) {
   int[] arr = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7};
   int n = 7;
   int k = 2;
   Rotateeletoleft(arr, n, k);
   System.out.print("After Rotating the k elements to left");
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
   System.out.println();
}
</pre>
```

## Output:

After Rotating the k elements to left 3 4 5 6 7 1 2

**Time Complexity** - O(N) where N is the number of elements in an array

Space Complexity - O(1) since no extra space is required