

▸ iPhone Sales Analysis using Python

Now let's import the necessary Python libraries and the dataset to get started with the task of iPhone sales analysis:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph_objects as go
```

```
data = pd.read_csv("/content/apple_products.csv")
print(data.head())
```

```

Product Name \
0  APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Gold, 64 GB)
1  APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Space Grey, 256 GB)
2  APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Silver, 256 GB)
3  APPLE iPhone 8 (Silver, 256 GB)
4  APPLE iPhone 8 (Gold, 256 GB)

Product URL  Brand  Sale Price \
0  https://www.flipkart.com/apple-iphone-8-plus-g...  Apple      49900
1  https://www.flipkart.com/apple-iphone-8-plus-s...  Apple      84900
2  https://www.flipkart.com/apple-iphone-8-plus-s...  Apple      84900
3  https://www.flipkart.com/apple-iphone-8-silver...  Apple      77000
4  https://www.flipkart.com/apple-iphone-8-gold-2...  Apple      77000

Mrp  Discount Percentage  Number Of Ratings  Number Of Reviews \
0  49900                  0                3431             356
1  84900                  0                3431             356
2  84900                  0                3431             356
3  77000                  0               11202             794
4  77000                  0               11202             794

Upc  Star Rating  Ram
0  MOBEXRGV7EHHTGUH      4.6  2 GB
1  MOBEXRGVAC6TJT4F      4.6  2 GB
2  MOBEXRGVGETABXWZ      4.6  2 GB
3  MOBEXRGVMZWUHCBA      4.5  2 GB
4  MOBEXRGVPK7PFEJZ      4.5  2 GB
```

Before moving forward, let's have a quick look at whether this dataset contains any null values or not:

```
print(data.isnull().sum())
```

```
Product Name      0
Product URL       0
Brand             0
Sale Price        0
Mrp               0
Discount Percentage  0
Number Of Ratings  0
Number Of Reviews  0
Upc               0
Star Rating       0
Ram              0
dtype: int64
```

The dataset doesn't have any null values. Now, let's have a look at the descriptive statistics of the data:

```
print(data.describe())
```

```

Sale Price      Mrp  Discount Percentage  Number Of Ratings \
count    62.000000    62.000000      62.000000      62.000000
mean    80073.887097    88058.064516      9.951613    22420.403226
std     34310.446132    34728.825597      7.608079    33768.589550
min     29999.000000    39900.000000      0.000000     542.000000
25%     49900.000000    54900.000000      6.000000     740.000000
50%     75900.000000    79900.000000     10.000000    2101.000000
75%    117100.000000   120950.000000     14.000000   43470.000000
max    140900.000000   149900.000000     29.000000   95909.000000

Number Of Reviews  Star Rating
count           62.000000    62.000000
mean          1861.677419     4.575806
std           2855.883830     0.059190
min             42.000000     4.500000
25%            64.000000     4.500000
50%           180.000000     4.600000
```

75%	3331.000000	4.600000
max	8161.000000	4.700000

iPhone Sales Analysis in India

Now I will create a new dataframe by storing all the data about the top 10 highest-rated iPhones in India on Flipkart. It will help in understanding what kind of iPhones are liked the most in India:

```
highest_rated = data.sort_values(by=["Star Rating"],
                                ascending=False)
highest_rated = highest_rated.head(10)
print(highest_rated['Product Name'])
```

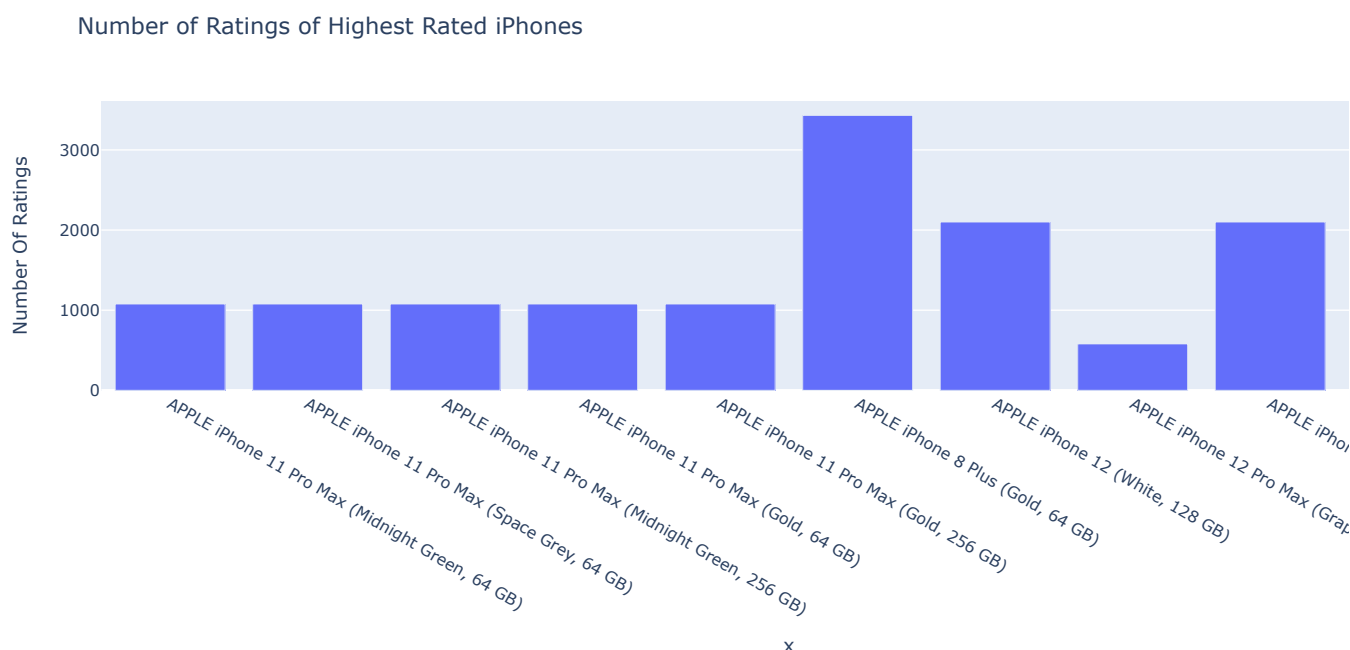
```
20    APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Midnight Green, 64 GB)
17    APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Space Grey, 64 GB)
16    APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Midnight Green, 256 GB)
15    APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Gold, 64 GB)
14    APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Gold, 256 GB)
0     APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Gold, 64 GB)
29    APPLE iPhone 12 (White, 128 GB)
32    APPLE iPhone 12 Pro Max (Graphite, 128 GB)
35    APPLE iPhone 12 (Black, 128 GB)
36    APPLE iPhone 12 (Blue, 128 GB)
Name: Product Name, dtype: object
```

According to the above data, below are the top 5 most liked iPhones in India:

- APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Midnight Green, 64 GB)
- APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Space Grey, 64 GB)
- APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Midnight Green, 256 GB)
- APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Gold, 64 GB)
- APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Gold, 256 GB)

Now let's have a look at the number of ratings of the highest-rated iPhones on Flipkart:

```
iphones = highest_rated["Product Name"].value_counts()
label = iphones.index
counts = highest_rated["Number Of Ratings"]
figure = px.bar(highest_rated, x=label,
                y = counts,
                title="Number of Ratings of Highest Rated iPhones")
figure.show()
```



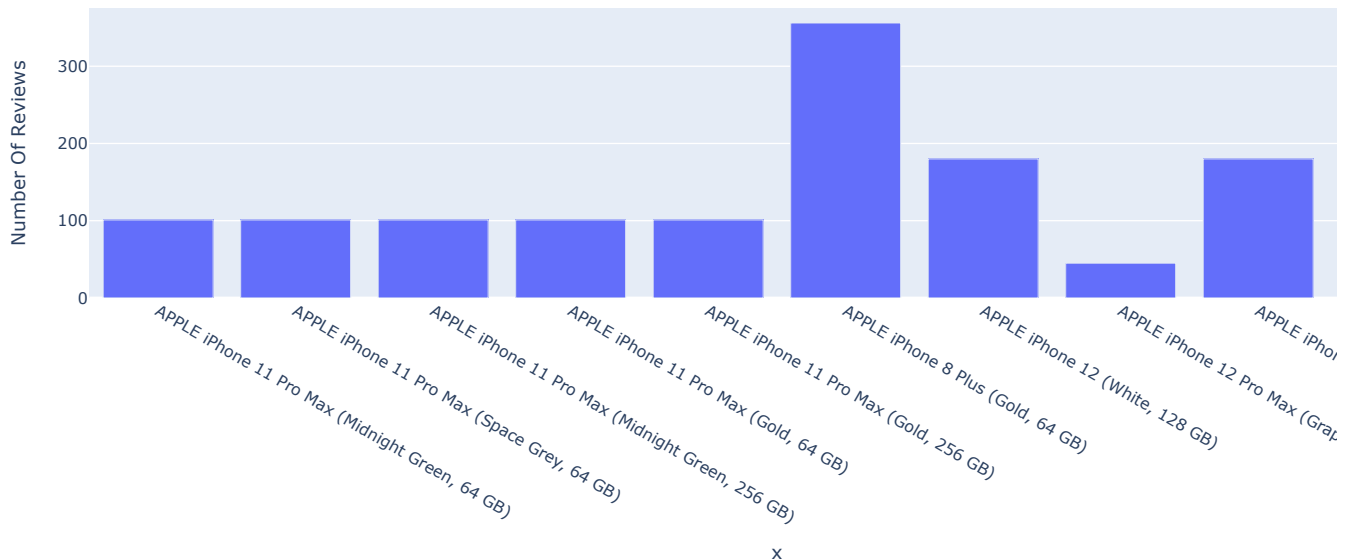
According to the above bar graph, APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Gold, 64 GB) has the most ratings on Flipkart. Now let's have a look at the number of reviews of the highest-rated iPhones on Flipkart:

```

iphones = highest_rated["Product Name"].value_counts()
label = iphones.index
counts = highest_rated["Number Of Reviews"]
figure = px.bar(highest_rated, x=label,
                y = counts,
                title="Number of Reviews of Highest Rated iPhones")
figure.show()

```

Number of Reviews of Highest Rated iPhones



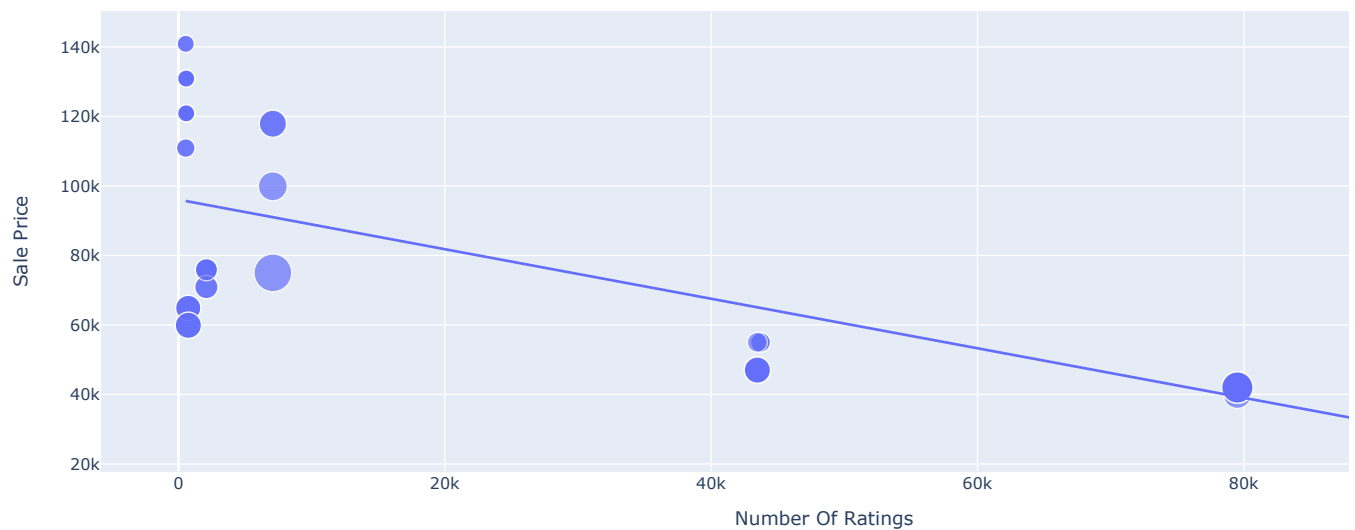
APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Gold, 64 GB) is also leading in the highest number of reviews on Flipkart among the highest-rated iPhones in India. Now let's have a look at the relationship between the sale price of iPhones and their ratings on Flipkart:

```

figure = px.scatter(data_frame = data, x="Number Of Ratings",
                    y="Sale Price", size="Discount Percentage",
                    trendline="ols",
                    title="Relationship between Sale Price and Number of Ratings of iPhones")
figure.show()

```

Relationship between Sale Price and Number of Ratings of iPhones

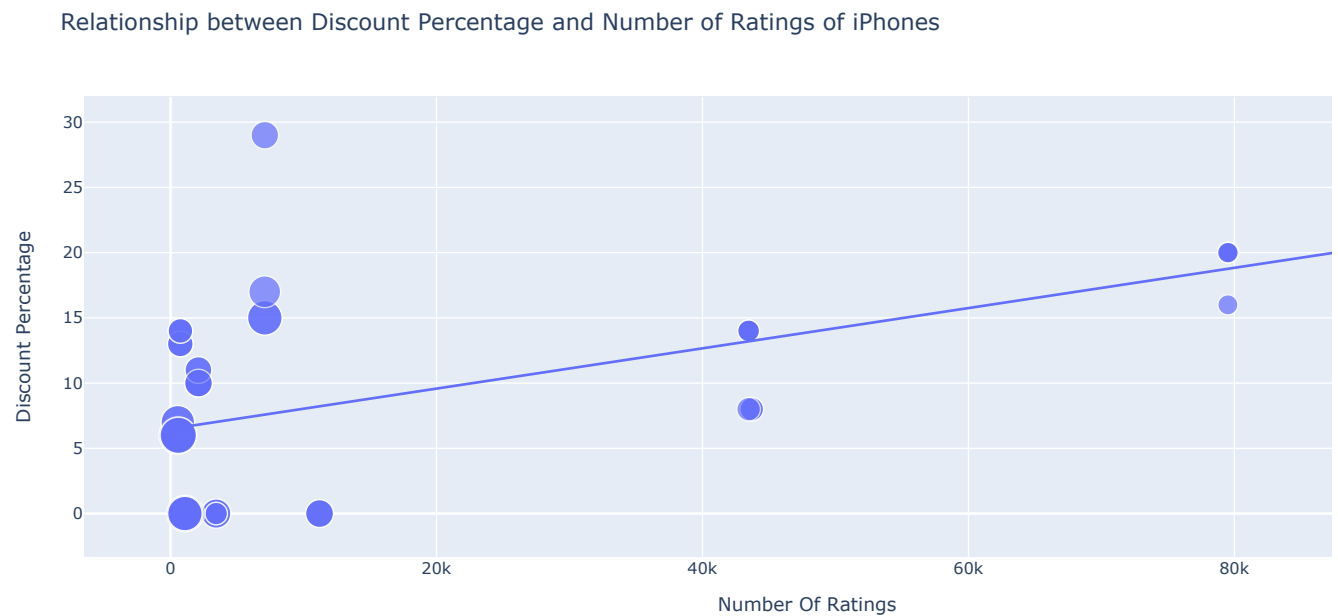


There is a negative linear relationship between the sale price of iPhones and the number of ratings. It means iPhones with lower sale prices are sold more in India. Now let's have a look at the relationship between the discount percentage on iPhones on Flipkart and the number of ratings:

```

figure = px.scatter(data_frame = data, x="Number Of Ratings",
                    y="Discount Percentage", size="Sale Price",
                    trendline="ols",
                    title="Relationship between Discount Percentage and Number of Ratings of iPhones")
figure.show()

```



There is a linear relationship between the discount percentage on iPhones on Flipkart and the number of ratings. It means iPhones with high discounts are sold more in India.

Summary

So this is how you can analyze the sales of iPhones in India using the Python programming language. Some of the takeaways from this article about the sales of iPhone in India are:

- APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Gold, 64 GB) was the most appreciated iPhone in India
- iPhones with lower sale prices are sold more in India
- iPhones with high discounts are sold more in India