

## Lab 6: Propositional Logic

Implementation of truth-table enumeration algorithm for deciding propositional entailment.

i.e., Create a knowledge base using propositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.

### Code:

```
from itertools import product

def pl_true(sentence, model):
    """Evaluates if a sentence is true in a given model."""
    if isinstance(sentence, str):
        return model.get(sentence, False)
    elif isinstance(sentence, tuple) and len(sentence) == 2: # NOT
        operation
        operator, operand = sentence
        if operator == "NOT":
            return not pl_true(operand, model)
    elif isinstance(sentence, tuple) and len(sentence) == 3:
        operator, left, right = sentence
        if operator == "AND":
            return pl_true(left, model) and pl_true(right, model)
        elif operator == "OR":
            return pl_true(left, model) or pl_true(right, model)
        elif operator == "IMPLIES":
            return not pl_true(left, model) or pl_true(right, model)
        elif operator == "IFF":
            return pl_true(left, model) == pl_true(right, model)

def print_truth_table(kb, query, symbols):
    """Generates and prints the truth table for KB and Query."""
    # Define headers with spaces for alignment
    headers = ["A", "B", "C", "A  $\vee$  C", "B  $\vee$   $\neg$ C",
"KB", "α"]
    print(" | ".join(headers))
    print("-" * (len(headers) * 9)) # Separator line

    # Generate all combinations of truth values
    for values in product([False, True], repeat=len(symbols)):
```

```

model = dict(zip(symbols, values))

# Evaluate sub-expressions and main expressions
a_or_c = pl_true(("OR", "A", "C"), model)
b_or_not_c = pl_true(("OR", "B", ("NOT", "C")), model)
kb_value = pl_true(("AND", ("OR", "A", "C"), ("OR", "B", ("NOT",
"C"))), model)
alpha_value = pl_true(("OR", "A", "B"), model)

# Print the truth table row
row = values + (a_or_c, b_or_not_c, kb_value, alpha_value)
row_str = " | ".join(str(v).ljust(7) for v in row)

# Highlight rows where both KB and  $\alpha$  are true
if kb_value and alpha_value:
    print(f"\033[92m{row_str}\033[0m") # Green color for rows
where KB and  $\alpha$  are true
else:
    print(row_str)

# Define the knowledge base and query
symbols = ["A", "B", "C"]
kb = ("AND", ("OR", "A", "C"), ("OR", "B", ("NOT", "C")))
query = ("OR", "A", "B")

# Print the truth table
print_truth_table(kb, query, symbols)

```

### Output:

A	B	C	A $\vee$ C	B $\vee$ $\neg$ C	KB	$\alpha$
False	False	False	False	True	False	False
False	False	True	True	False	False	False
False	True	False	False	True	False	True
False	True	True	True	True	True	True
True	False	False	True	True	True	True
True	False	True	True	False	False	True
True	True	False	True	True	True	True
True	True	True	True	True	True	True