

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB RECORD

Computer Network Lab (23CS5PCCON)

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

BENGALURU-560019

Academic Year 2024-25 (odd)

B.M.S. College of Engineering

Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled “ Computer Network (23CS5PCCON)” carried out by **Samraat Dabolay (1BM22CS236)**, who is a bonafide student of **B.M.S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfilment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements of the above-mentioned subject and the work prescribed for the said degree.

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Github Link:

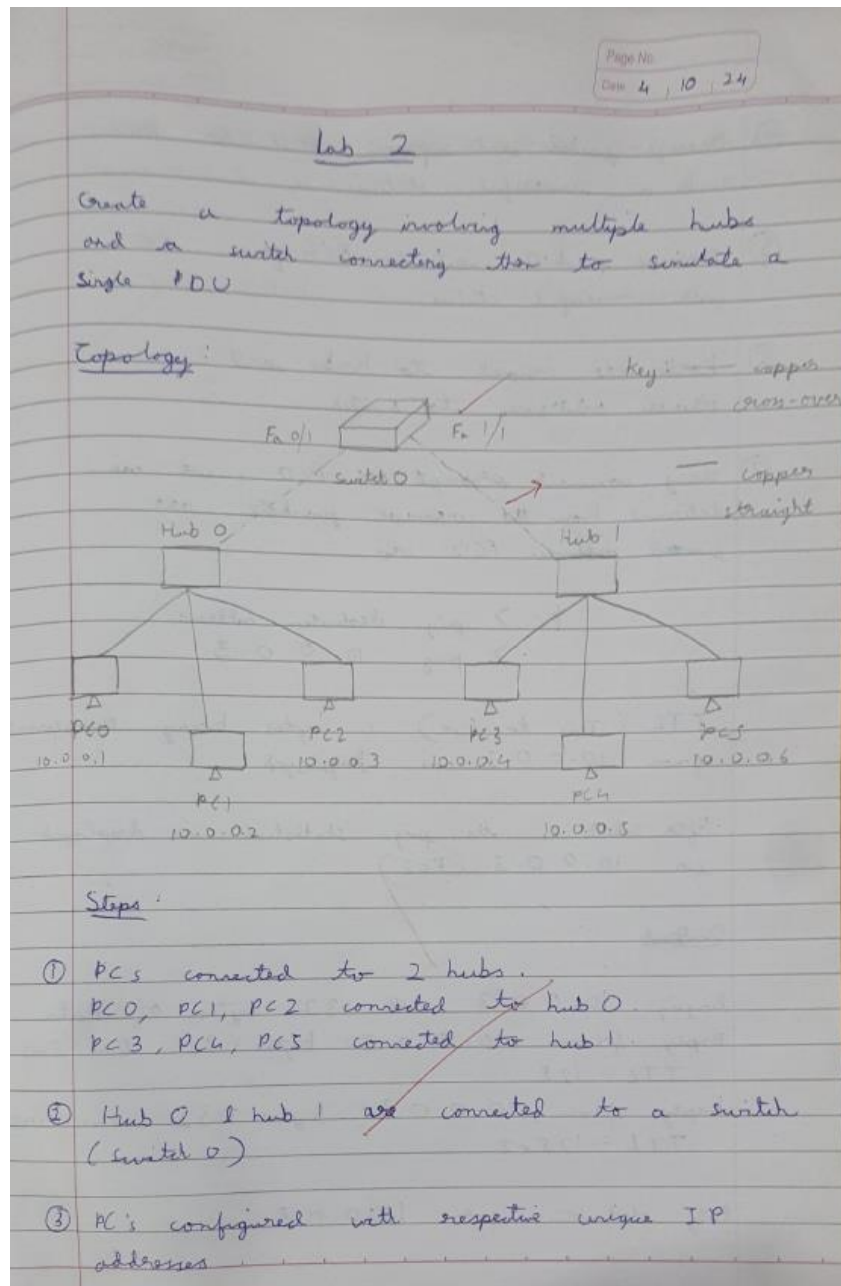
<https://github.com/samraatd/CN-LAB>

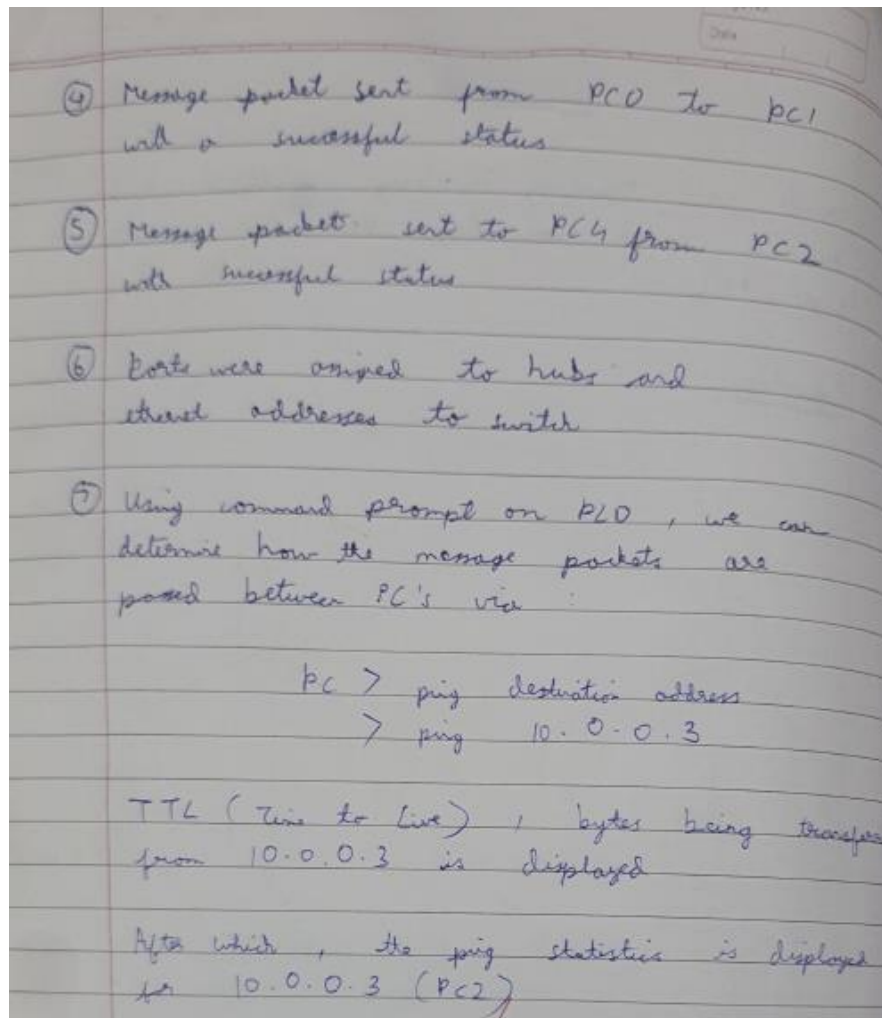
Program 1

i. Aim of the program

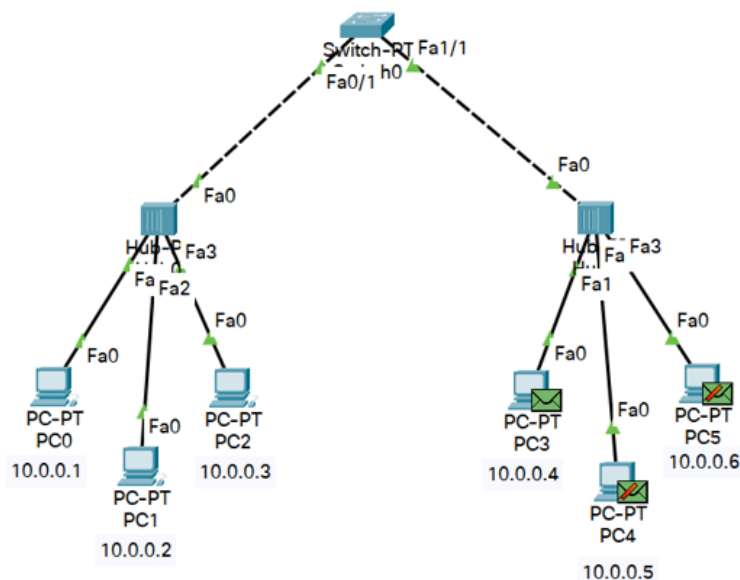
Create a topology and simulate sending a simple PDU from source to destination using hub and switch as connecting devices and demonstrate ping messages.

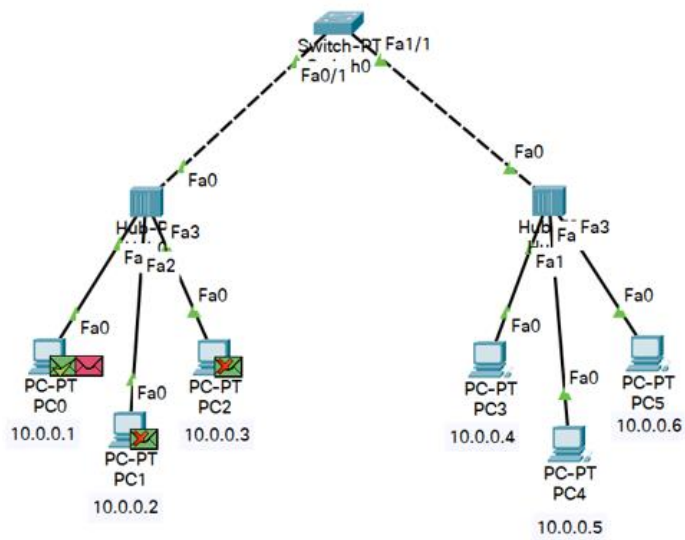
ii. Procedure along with the topology





iii. Screen shots/ output





```

PC0
Physical Config Desktop Programming
Command Prompt
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 10.0.0.4

Pinging 10.0.0.4 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.4: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.4: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.4: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.0.0.4: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.4:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>

```

iv. Observation

Output :

Pinging 10.0.0.3 with 32 bytes of data

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=8ms
TTL=128

Reply from 10.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=4ms
TTL=128x2

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.3:

Date:

Packets: sent = 4, received = 4, lost = 0 (0% loss)

Approximate round trip times in milliseconds:

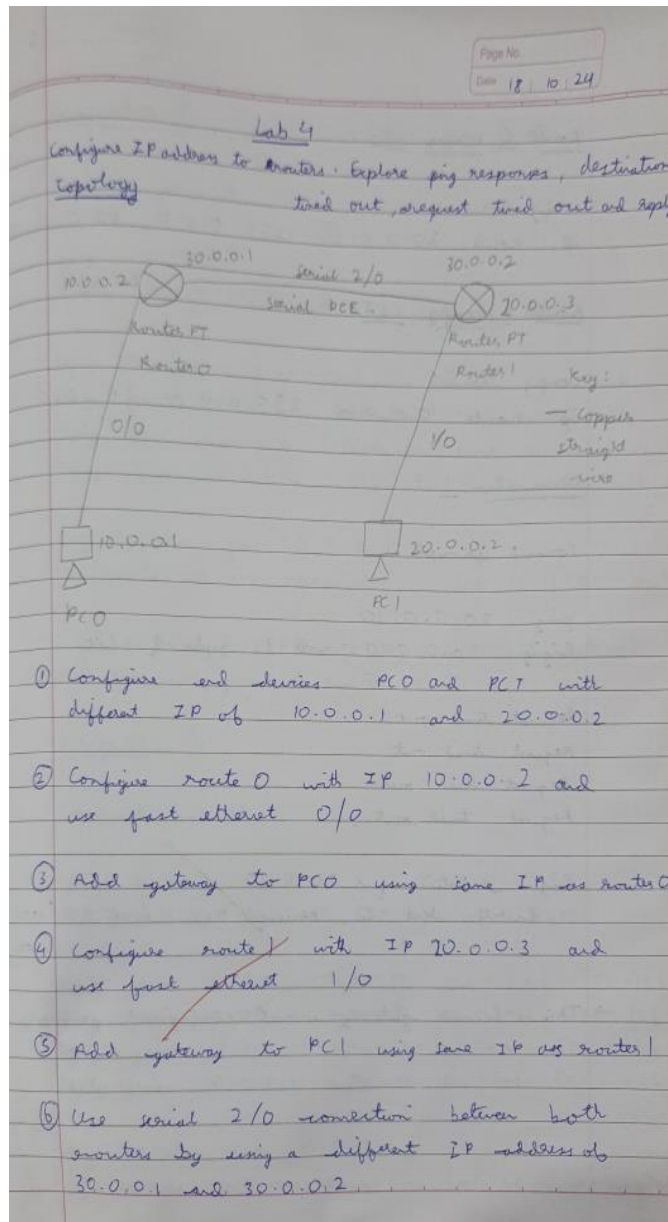
~~Minimum = 4ms, maximum = 8ms, average = 5ms~~

Program 2

i. Aim of the program

Configure IP address to routers in packet tracer. Explore the following messages: ping responses, destination unreachable, request timed out, reply

ii. Procedure along with the topology



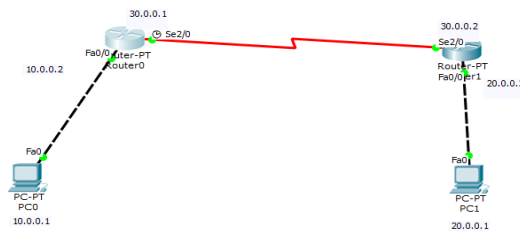
Router 0 config CLI

config terminal
 ip route 20.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 30.0.0.2

Router 1 config CLI

config terminal
 ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 30.0.0.1

iii. Screen shots/ output



```

Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
PC>ping 20.0.0.1

Pinging 20.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 20.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

PC>ping 30.0.0.2

Pinging 30.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 30.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

PC>ping 30.0.0.1

Pinging 30.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:
  
```

Router0

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
Router>enable
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#ip route 20.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 30.0.0.2
Router(config)#
Router(config)#interface Serial2/0
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
        i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
        P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

C    10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
S    20.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 30.0.0.2
C    30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
Router#
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
```

Copy Paste

PC0

Physical Config Desktop Custom Interface

Command Prompt

```
PC>ping 30.0.0.2

Pinging 30.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 30.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=13ms TTL=254
Reply from 30.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=254
Reply from 30.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=254
Reply from 30.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=254

Ping statistics for 30.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 5ms, Maximum = 13ms, Average = 8ms

PC>ping 20.0.0.1

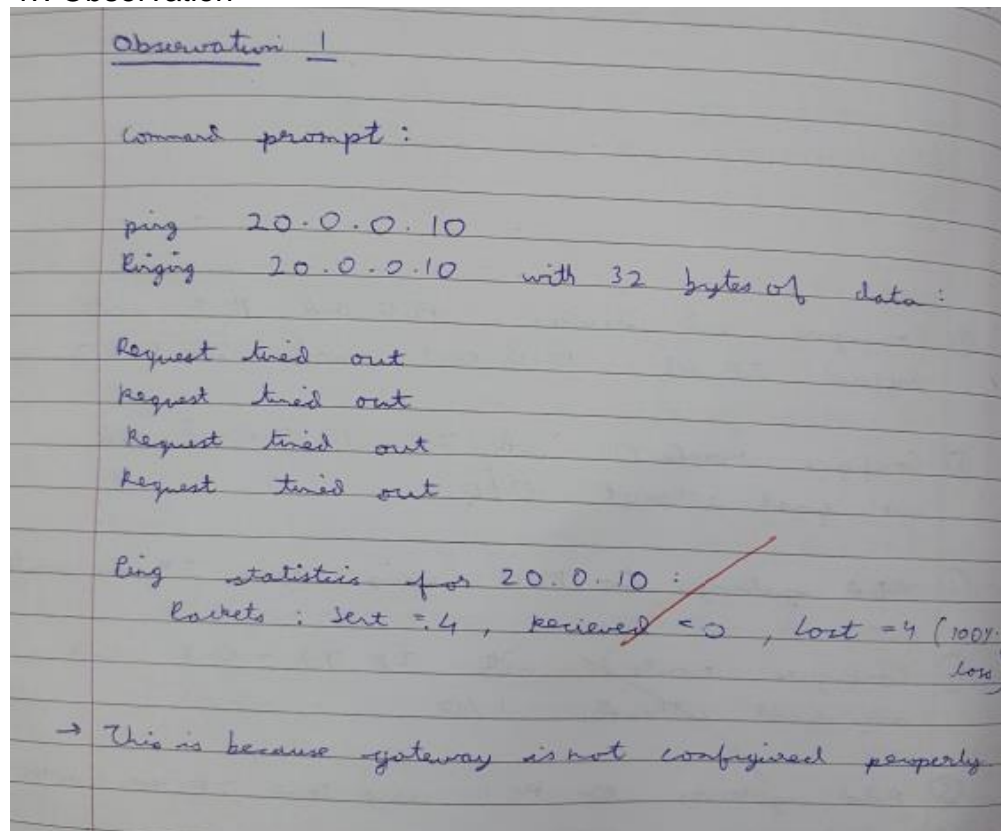
Pinging 20.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=126
Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=126
Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 20.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 14ms, Average = 7ms

PC>|
```

iv. Observation



Observation 2

Command prompt :

ping 20.0.0.1

Pinging 20.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.2 : Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.2 : Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.2 : Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.2 : Destination host unreachable

Ping statistics for 20.0.0.1

Packets: sent = 4, received = 0, lost = 4 (100% loss)

→ This is because 20 route of unidentified network not been configured in router CLI.

Observation 3

Command prompt :

ping 10.0.0.1

Pinging 10.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.1 : bytes = 32 time = 5 ms TTL = 126

Reply from 10.0.0.1 : bytes = 32 time = 5 ms TTL = 126

Reply from 10.0.0.1 : bytes = 32 time = 6 ms TTL = 126

Reply from 10.0.0.1 : bytes = 32 time = 5 ms TTL = 126

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.1 :

Packets: sent = 4, received = 4, lost = 0 (0% loss)

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 5 ms, Maximum = 6 ms, Average = 5 ms

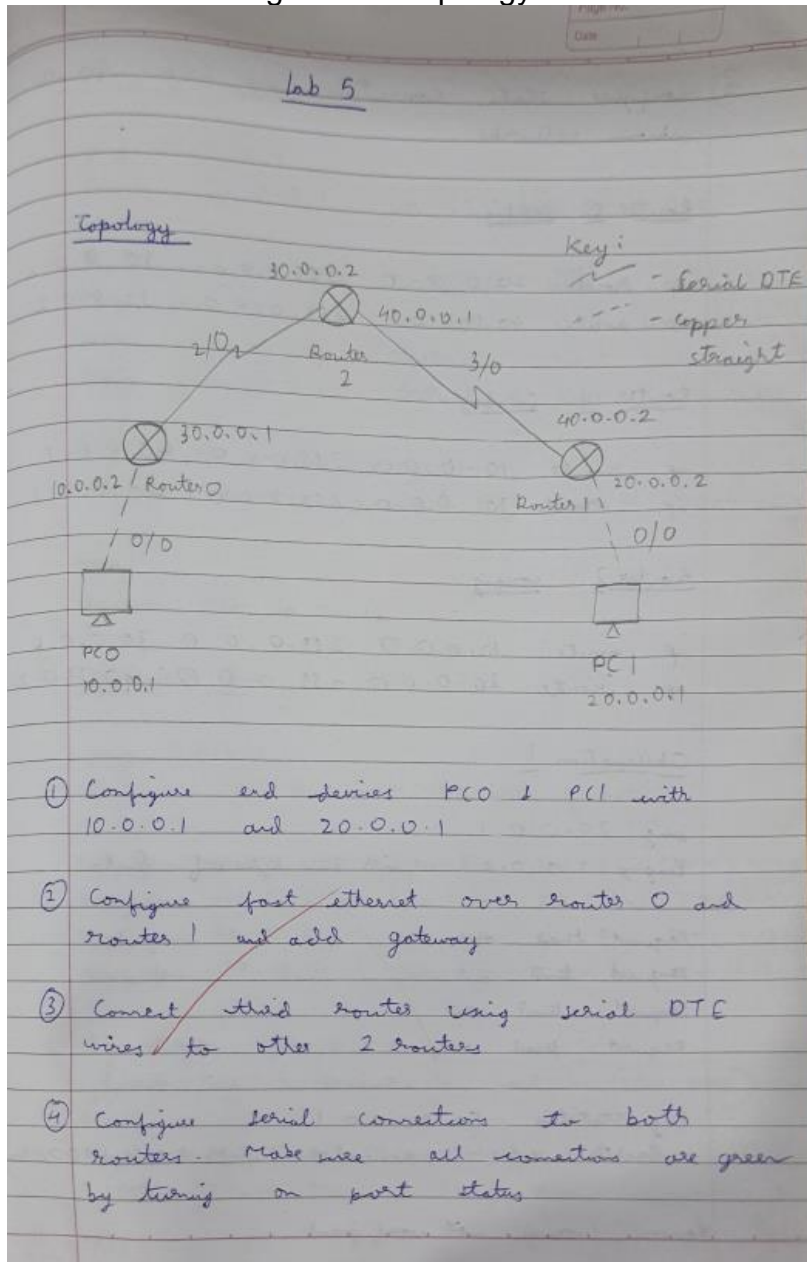
19/11/20

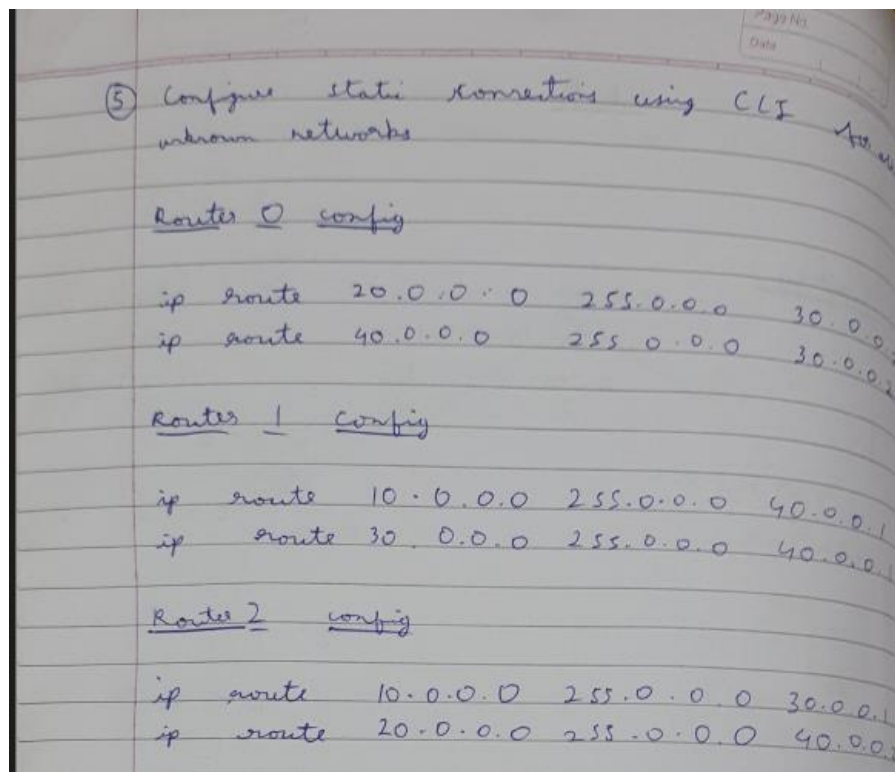
Program 3

i. Aim of the program

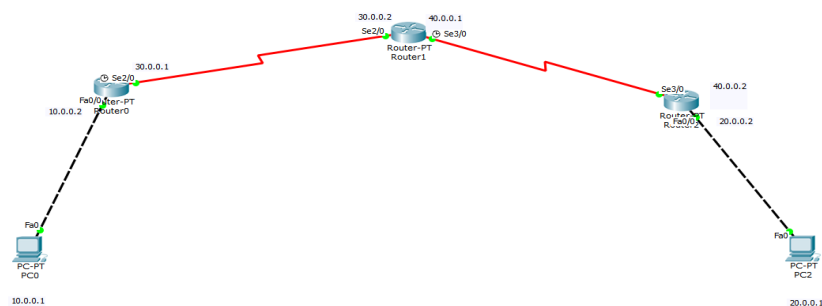
Configure default route, static route to the Route

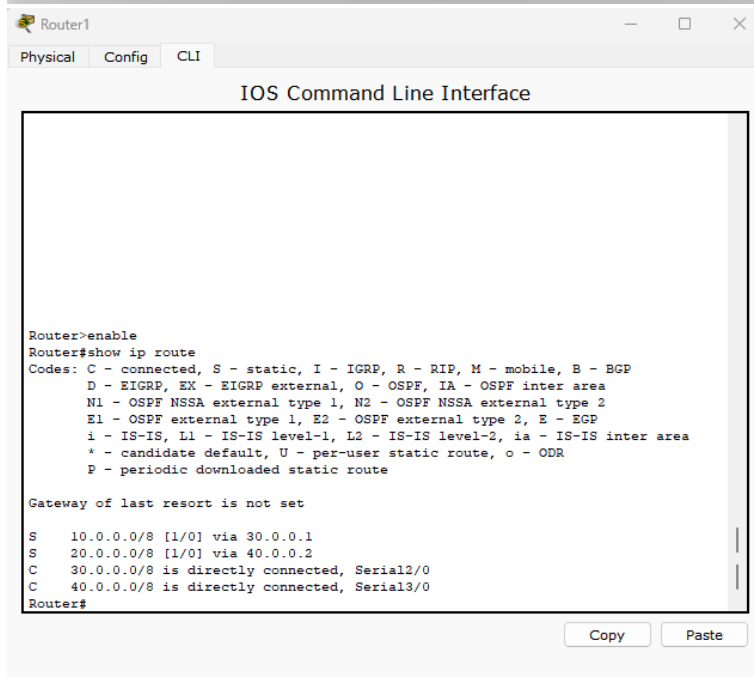
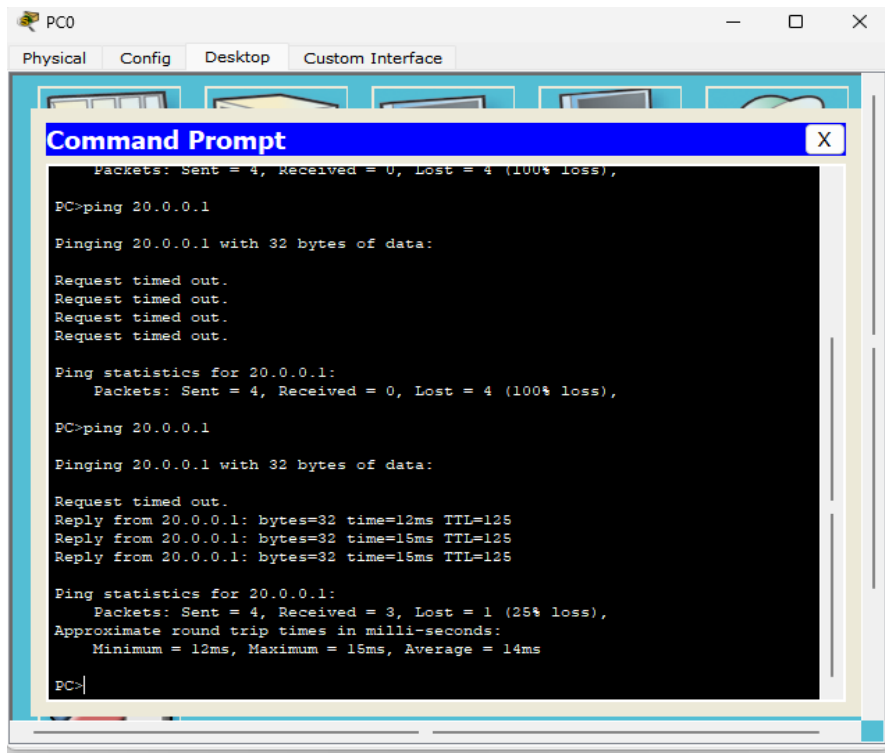
ii. Procedure along with the topology





iii. Screen shots/ output





Router0

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
S 20.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 30.0.0.2
  [1/0] via 40.0.0.2
C 30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
S 40.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 20.0.0.2
Router#enable
Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
S 20.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 30.0.0.2
  [1/0] via 40.0.0.2
C 30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
S 40.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 20.0.0.2
Router#
```

Copy Paste

Router2

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
C 20.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
C 40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial3/0
Router#configure termina;
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 30.0.0.1
Router(config)#ip route 30.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 40.0.0.1
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

S 10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 30.0.0.1
C 20.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
S 30.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 40.0.0.1
C 40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial3/0
Router#
```

Copy Paste

Default Routing:

```
Router0
Physical Config CLI
IOS Command Line Interface

Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface Serial2/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface Serial2/0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#configure terminal
Router#
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 20.0.0.2
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 20.0.0.2 to network 0.0.0.0

C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
C 20.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 20.0.0.2
Router#
```

```
Router1
Physical Config CLI
IOS Command Line Interface

Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet1/0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface Serial2/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface Serial3/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 30.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial3/0, changed state to down
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet1/0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface Serial2/0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to down
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

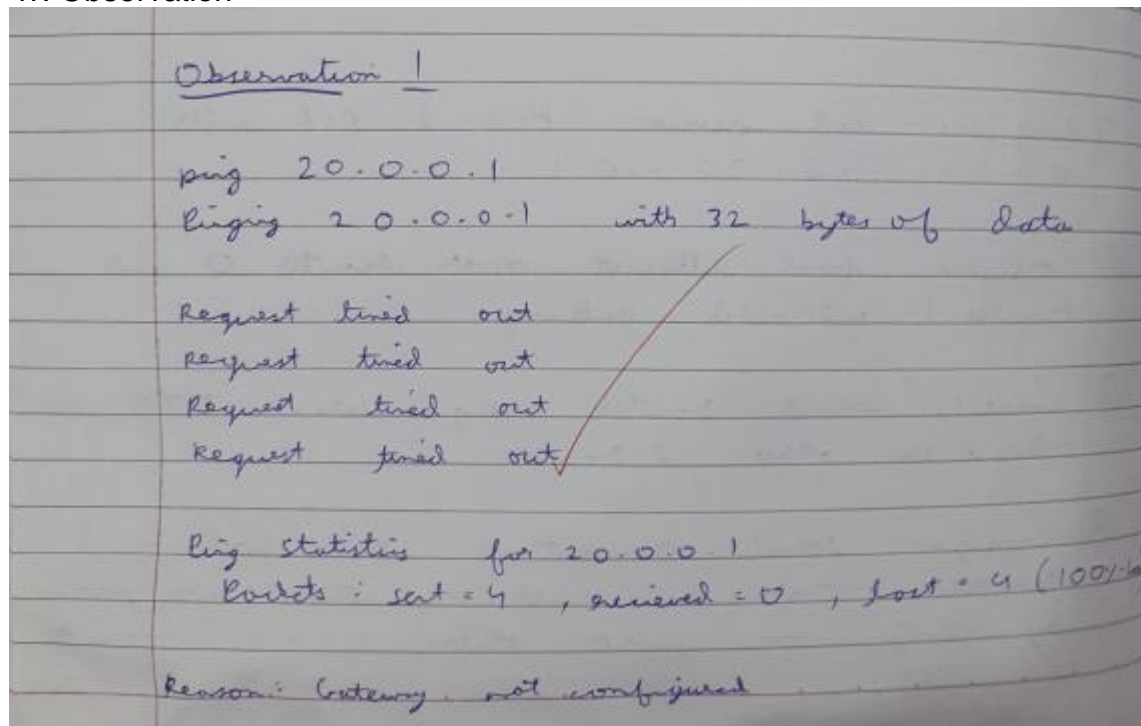
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 20.0.0.1
Router(config)#ip route 40.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 30.0.0.2
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

S 10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 20.0.0.1
C 20.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
C 30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial3/0
S 40.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 30.0.0.2
Router#
```

iv. Observation



Observation 2

ping 20.0.0.1

Pinging 20.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data

Reply from 10.0.0.1: Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.1: Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.1: Destination host unreachable

Reply from 10.0.0.1: Destination host unreachable

Ping statistics for 20.0.0.1

Packets: sent = 4, received = 0, lost = 4 (100% loss)

~~Reason~~

Reason: No ip route

Observation 3

ping 20.0.0.1

Pinging 20.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data

Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time = 2 ms TTL = 12

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time = 2 ms TTL = 12

Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time = 9 ms TTL = 12

Reply from 20.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time = 13 ms TTL = 12

Ping statistics for 20.0.0.1

Packets: sent = 4, received = 4, lost = 0 (0% loss)

Approx. round trip times in ms:

Minimum = 2 ms, Maximum = 13 ms, Average = 6 ms

default routes config

ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.1

ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 20.0.0.1

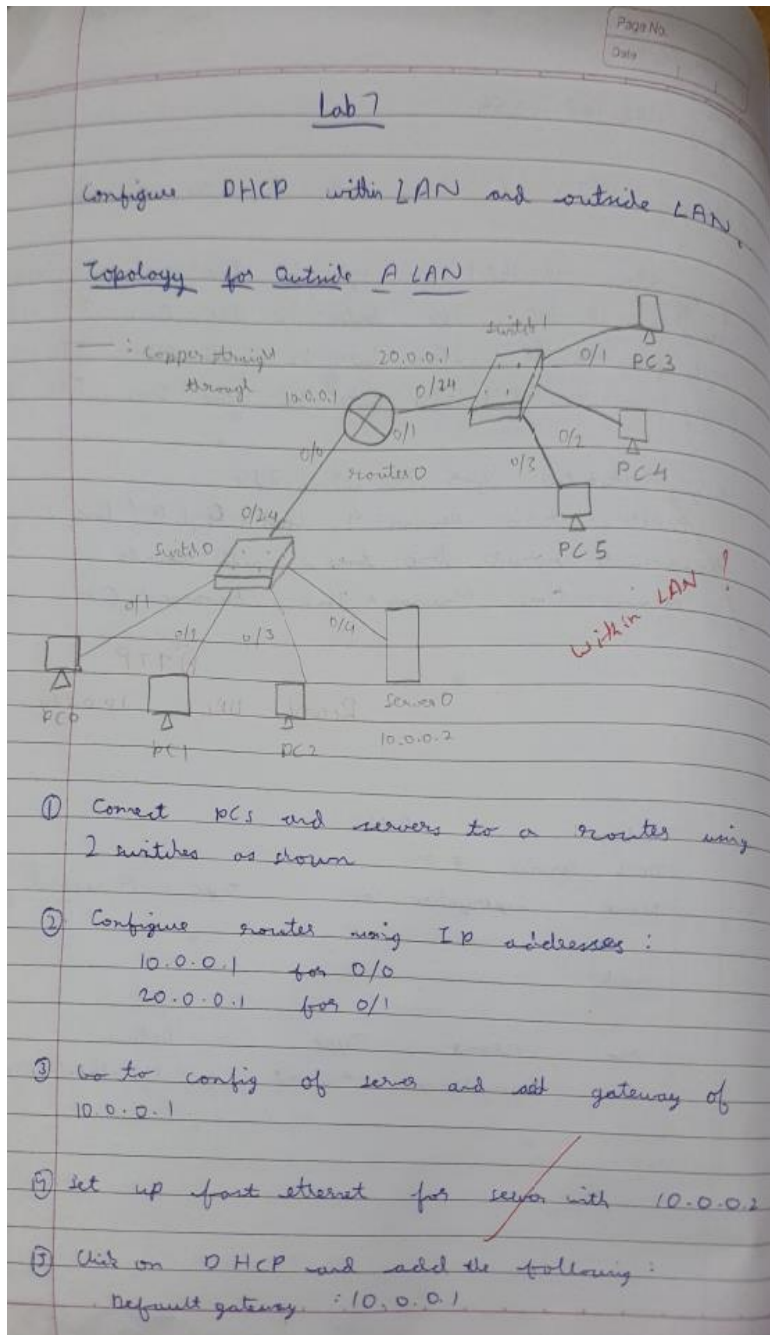
Can't find a route in routing table, useful for large networks

Program 4

i. Aim of the program

Configure DHCP within a LAN and outside LAN.

ii. Procedure along with the topology



Page No. _____
Date ____/____/____

DNS server: 10.0.0.2
IP address from 10.0.0.10 to 10.0.0.20
TFTP server: 10.0.0.2

⑥ Click on any PC → Desktop → IP Config → Choose DHCP

⑦ Add other network by adding DHCP server with different pool name and change to:

Default gateway: 20.0.0.1

DNS server: 10.0.0.2

Start IP address: 20.0.0.10

Max users: 100

TFTP server: 10.0.0.2

⑧ Configure router and give helper ip address:

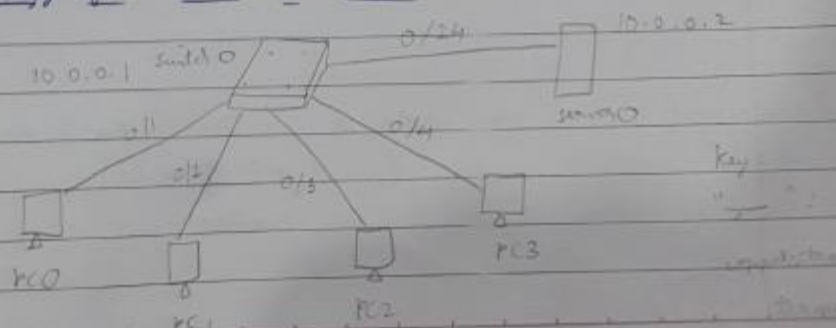
```
interface fastethernet 0/1
```

```
ip helper-address 10.0.0.2
```

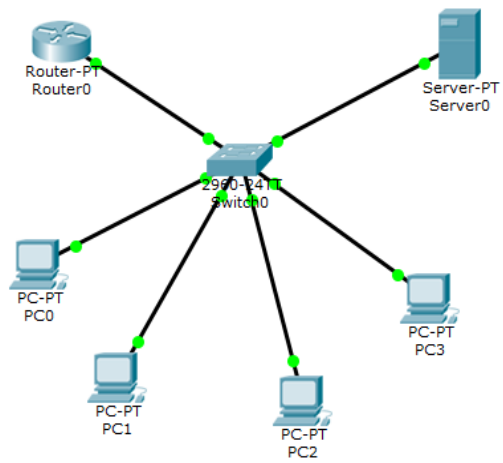
```
exit
```

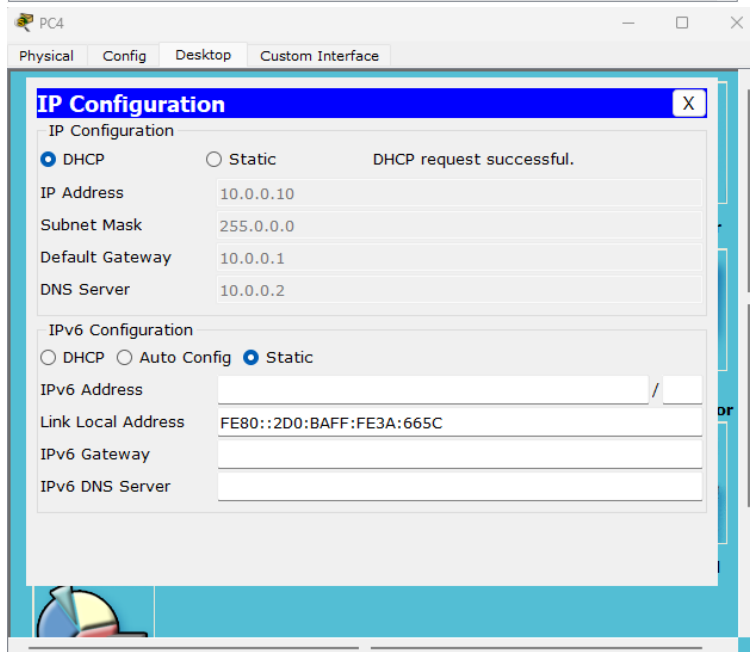
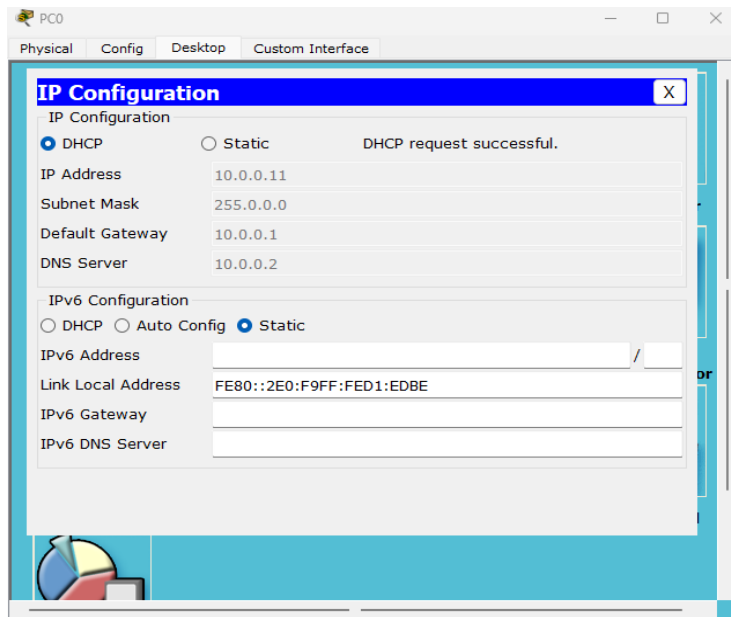
⑨ Click on any PC and change IP config DHCP server

Topology for within a LAN

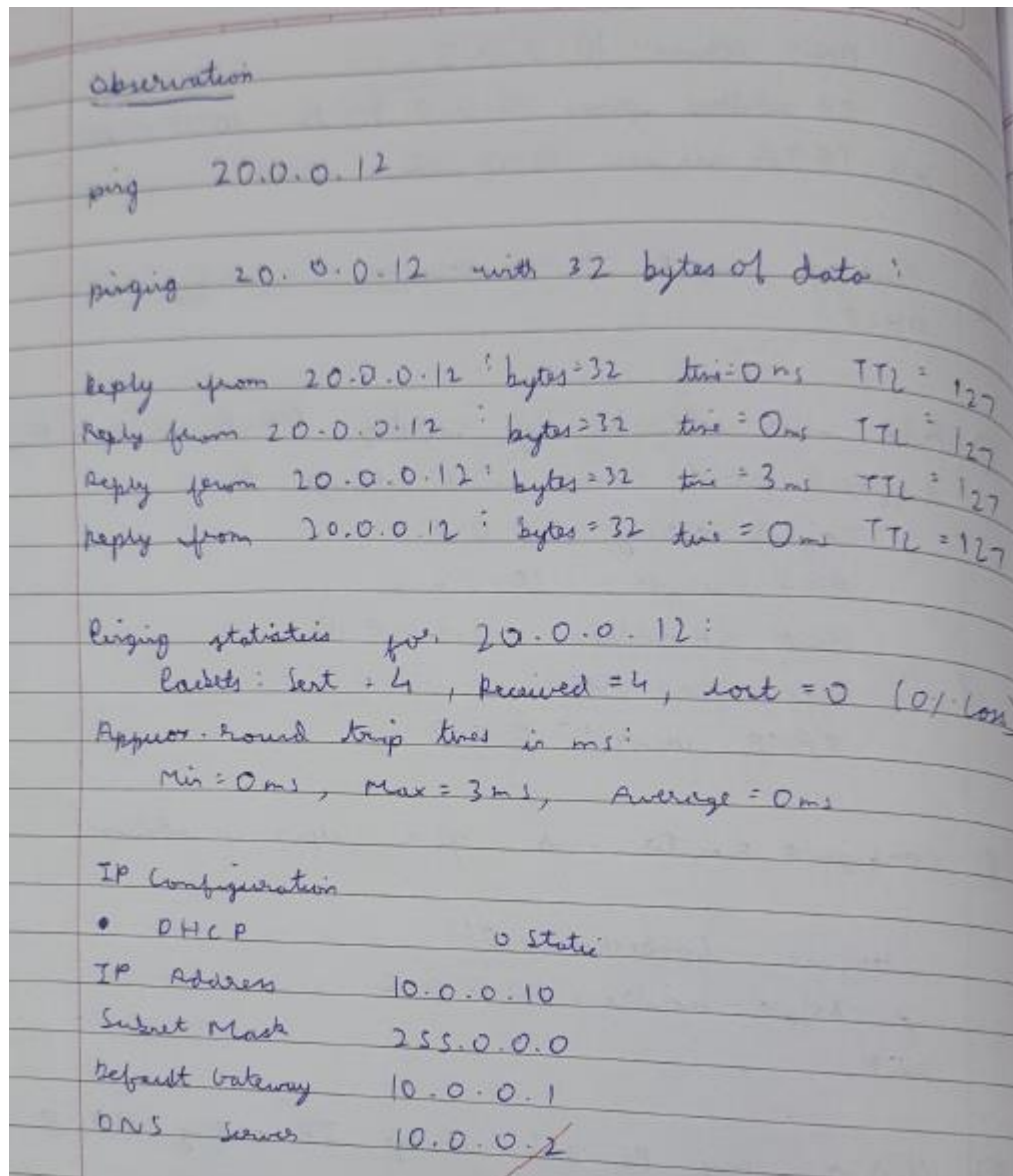


iii. Screen shots/ output





iv. Observation

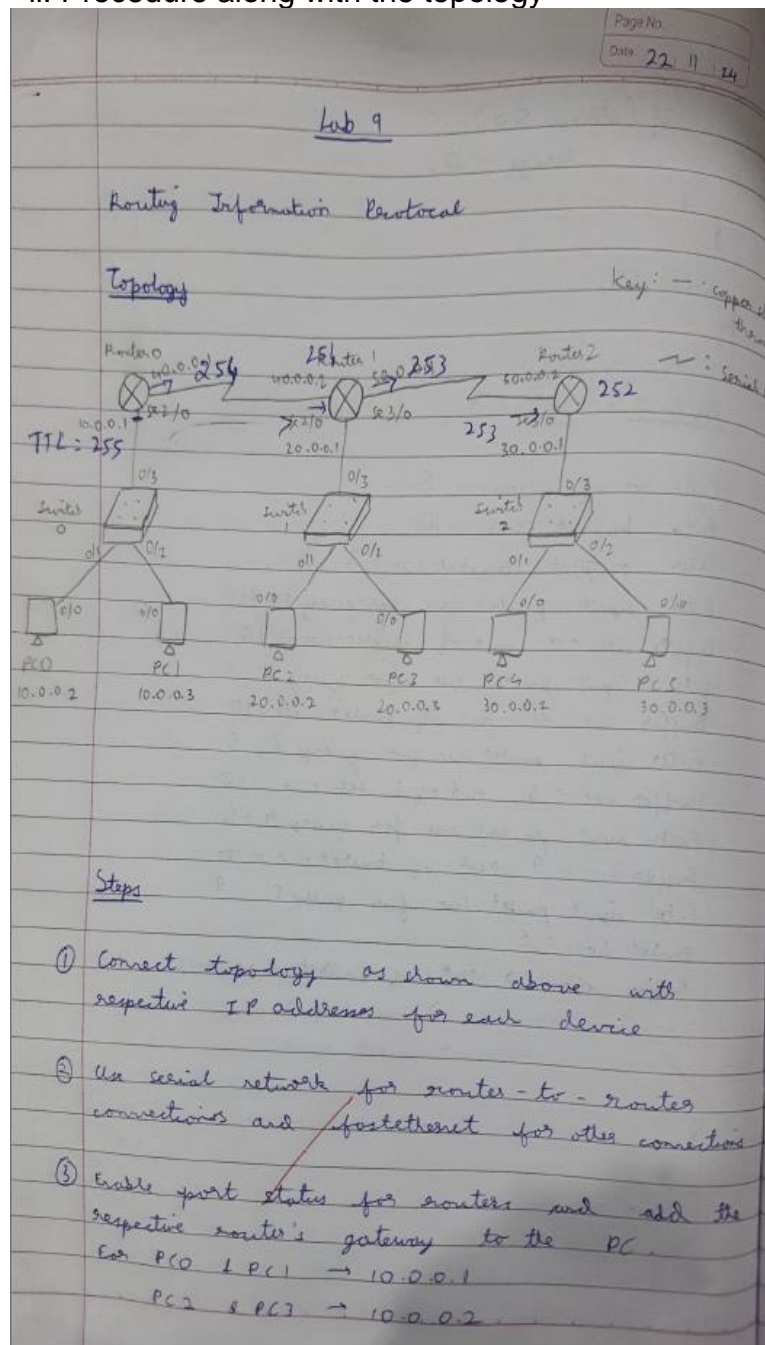


Program 5

i. Aim of the program

Configure RIP routing Protocol in Routers

ii. Procedure along with the topology



PC4 & PC5 → 10.0.0.3

- ④ Connect routers with serial network & IP of 40.0.0.1 & 40.0.0.2. The other 2 routers are 50.0.0.1 & 50.0.0.2.

- ⑤ Add network to each router using RIP in CLI:

~~Router 0:~~

> enable

configure terminal

router rip

For router 0:

network 10.0.0.0

network 40.0.0.0

For router 1:

network 20.0.0.0

network 40.0.0.0

network 50.0.0.0

Router 2 RIP:

network 30.0.0.0

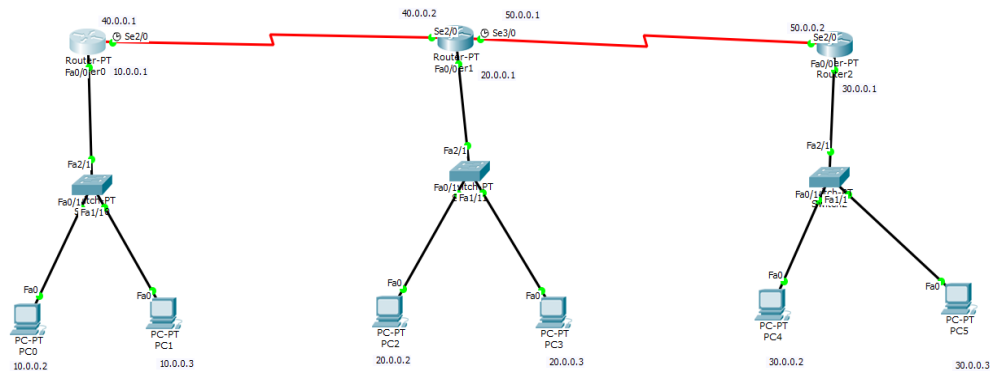
network 50.0.0.0

~~#~~

- ⑥ Check if network addresses are assigned by using command in CLI:

show ip route

iii. Screen shots/ output



```

Router0
Physical Config CLI
IOS Command Line Interface

Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNIL/Z.
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 40.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-S-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

C    10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
R    20.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 40.0.0.2, 00:00:12, Serial2/0
R    30.0.0.0/8 [120/2] via 40.0.0.2, 00:00:12, Serial2/0
C    40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
R    50.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 40.0.0.2, 00:00:12, Serial2/0
Router#
  
```

Router1

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
Router>enable
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#network 20.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 40.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 50.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

R    10.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 40.0.0.1, 00:00:12, Serial2/0
C    20.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
R    30.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 50.0.0.2, 00:00:24, Serial3/0
C    40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
C    50.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial3/0
Router#
```

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Router2

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

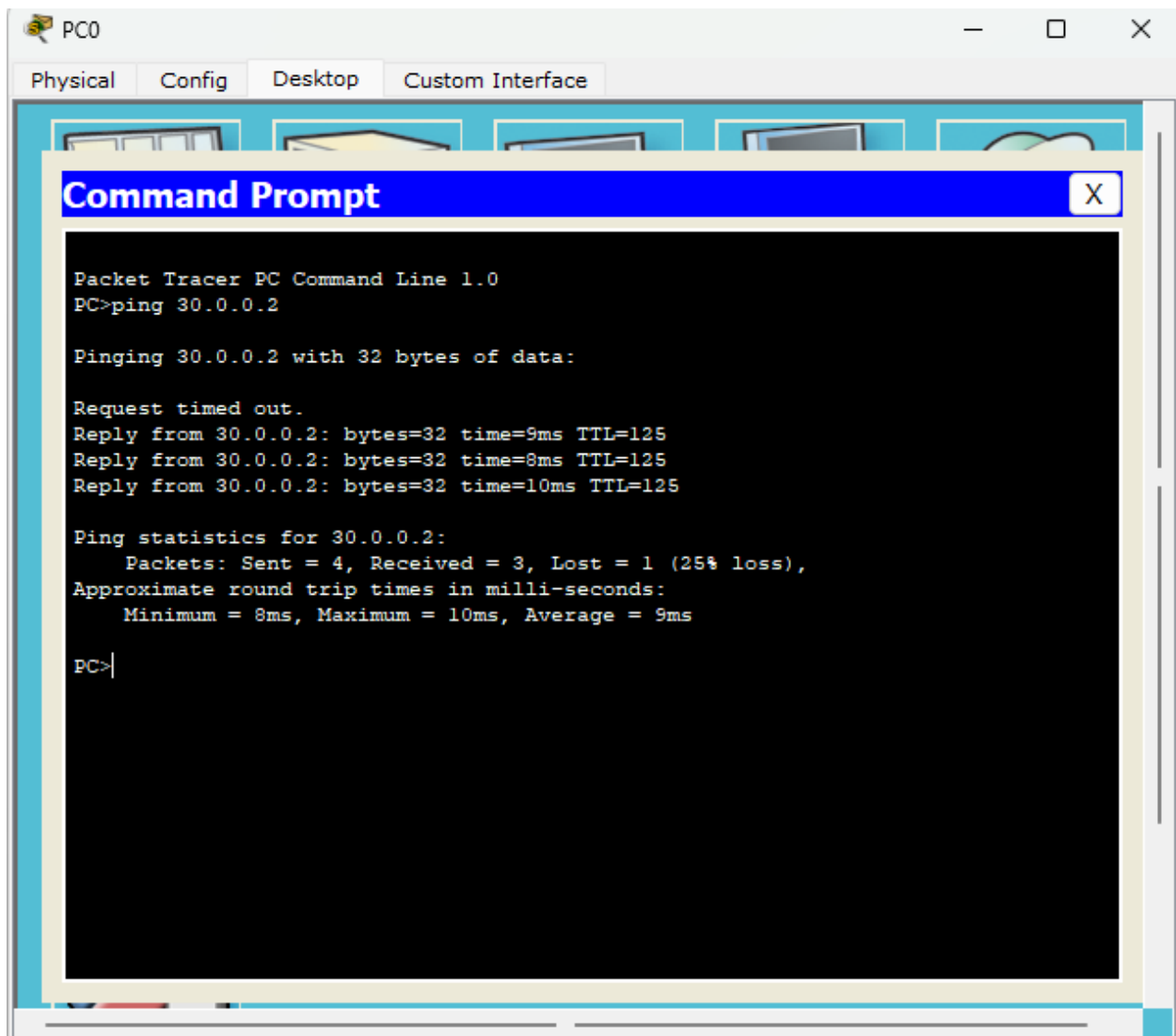
```
Router>enable
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#network 30.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 50.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

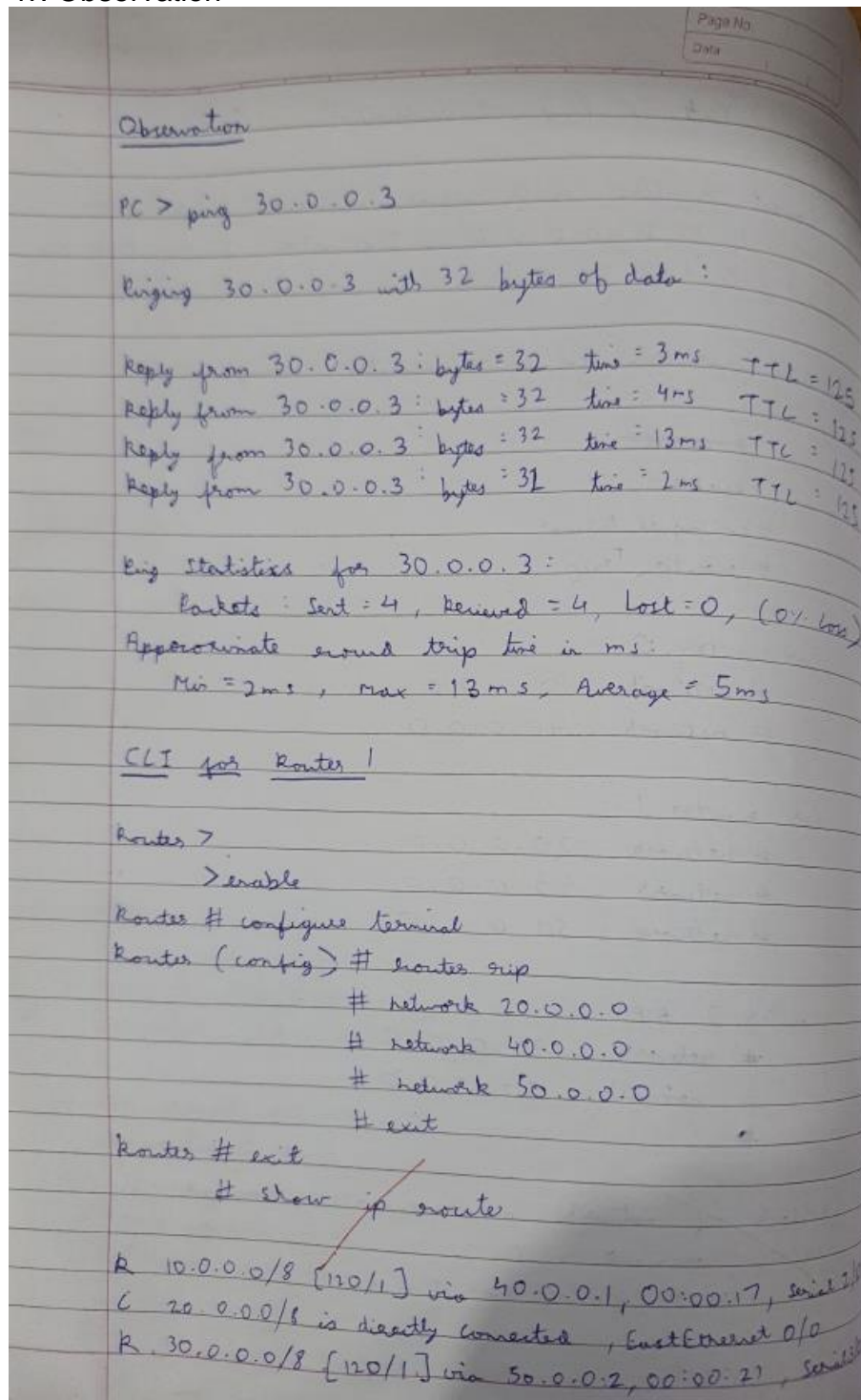
Gateway of last resort is not set

R    10.0.0.0/8 [120/2] via 50.0.0.1, 00:00:25, Serial2/0
R    20.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 50.0.0.1, 00:00:25, Serial2/0
C    30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
R    40.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 50.0.0.1, 00:00:25, Serial2/0
C    50.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
Router#
```

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iv. Observation

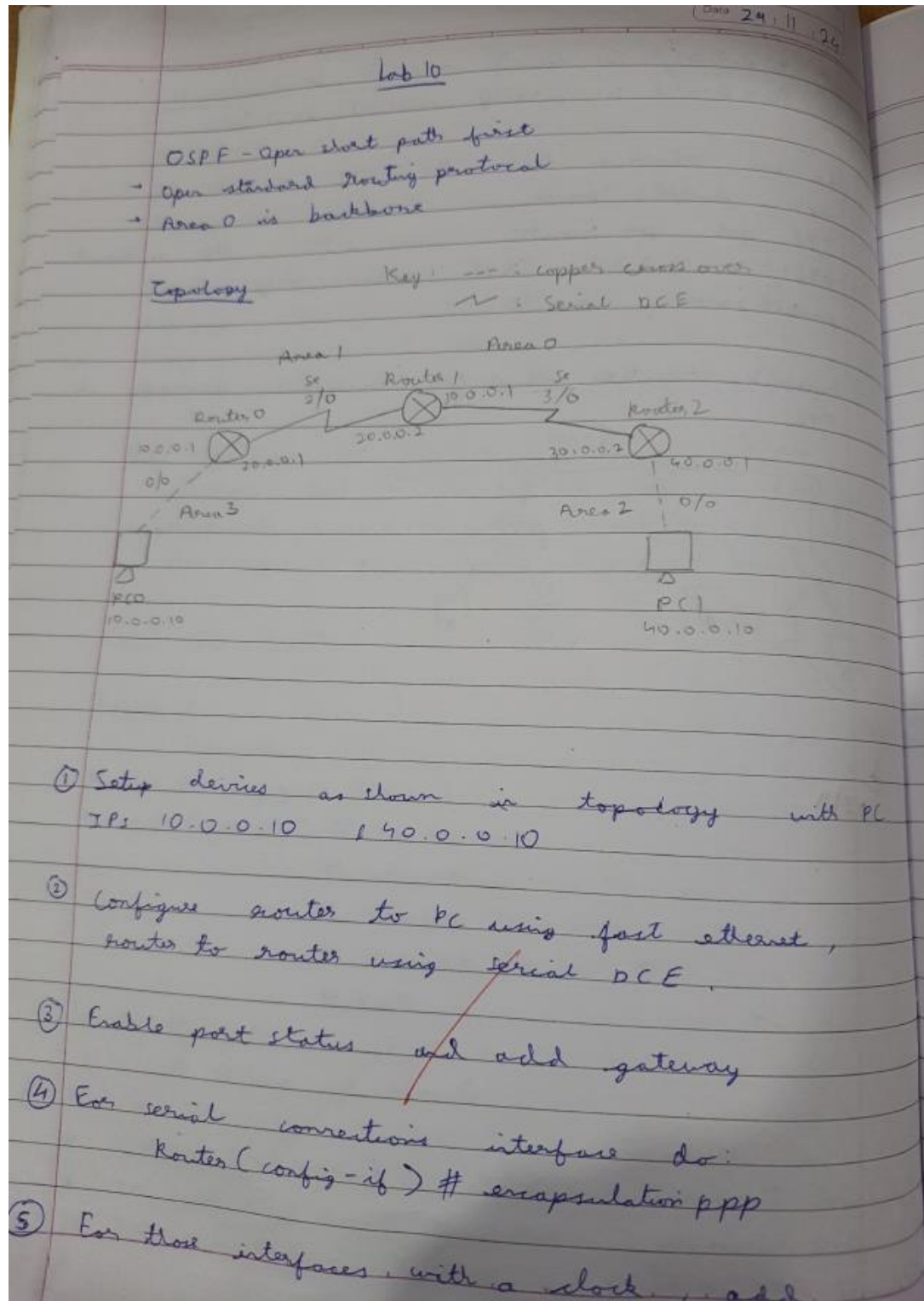


Program 6

i. Aim of the program

Configure OSPF routing protocol

ii. Procedure along with the topology



note

Router(config-if) # clock ^ 6400

- ⑥ Enable ip routing by configuration ospf routing protocol by following commands.

Router (config) # router ospf 1

R1 : Router (config-if) # router-id 1.1.1.1
 # network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
 area 3
 # network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
 area 1

R2 : Router (config-if) # router-id 2.2.2.2
 # network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
 area 1
 # network 30.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
 area 0

R3 : Router (config-if) # router-id 3.3.3.3
 # network 30.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
 area 0
 # network 40.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
 area 2

- ⑦ Make interface to keep ospf process running using

Router(config) # interface loopback 0

R1 : Router (config-if) # ip add 172.16.1.252
 255.255.0.0
 # no shutdown

R2: Router(config-if) # ^{ip add} ~~interface~~ 172.16.1.253
255.255.0.0
no shutdown

R3: Router(config-if) # ip add 172.16.1.254
255.255.0.0
no shutdown

- ⑧ Create virtual link between R1 / R2 to connect area 3 to area 0

Router(config) # router ospf 1

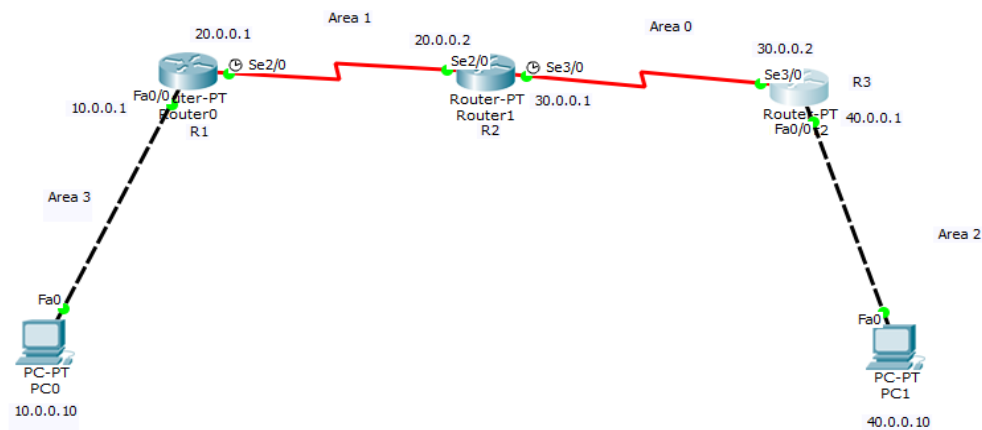
R1: Router(config-router) # area 1 virtual-link
2.2.2.2

R2: Router(config-router) # area 1 virtual-link
1.1.1.1

- ⑨ Check routing table of R3 to check if R2 + R3 get updates about area 3.

- ⑩ Ping to check connection

iii. Screen shots/ output

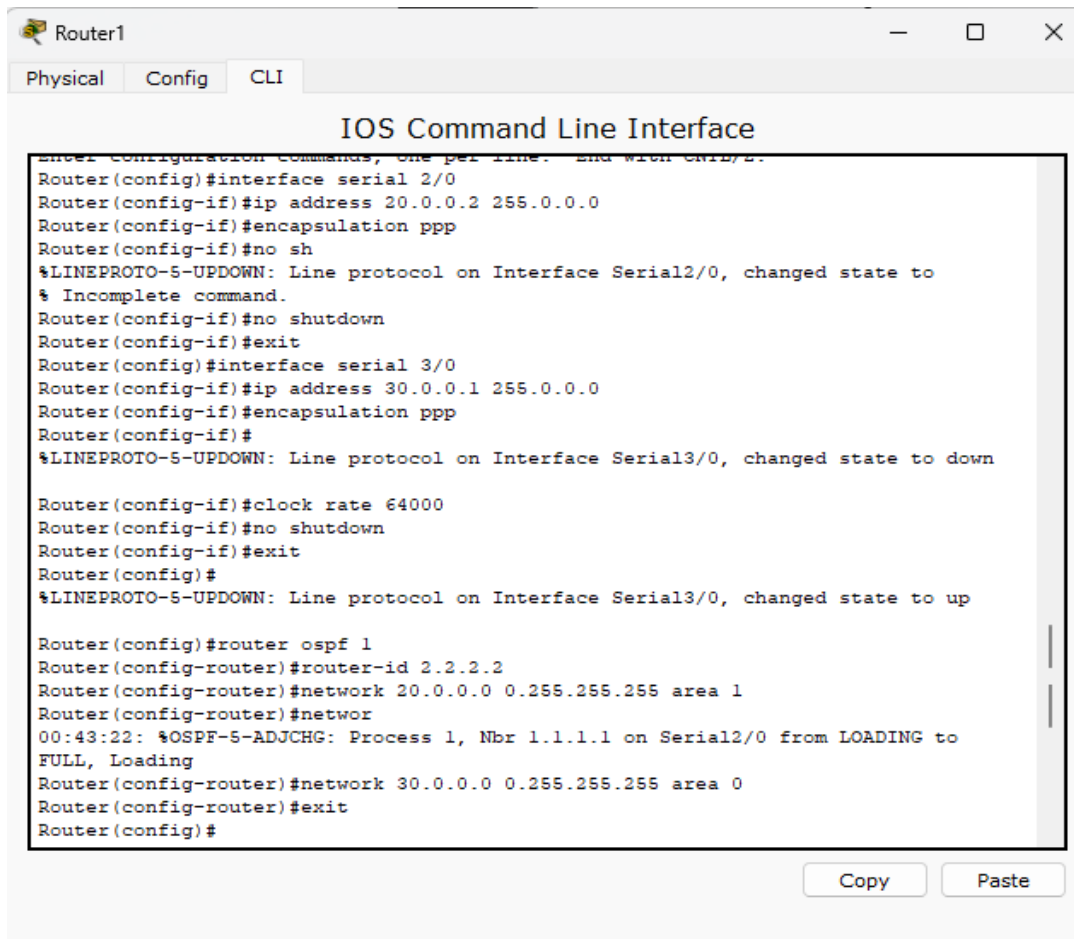


```
Router0
Physical Config CLI
IOS Command Line Interface

Router>enable
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface fastethernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface serial 2/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
Router(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to down

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

Router(config)#router ospf 1
Router(config-router)#router-id 1.1.1.1
Router(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 3
Router(config-router)#network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 1
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#
00:43:24: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 2.2.2.2 on Serial2/0 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
```



Router1

PhysicalConfigCLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

    20.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C       20.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial2/0
C       20.0.0.1/32 is directly connected, Serial2/0
    30.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C       30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial3/0
C       30.0.0.2/32 is directly connected, Serial3/0
O IA 40.0.0.0/8 [110/65] via 30.0.0.2, 00:03:38, Serial3/0
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface loopback 0

Router(config-if)#
%LINK-S-CHANGED: Interface Loopback0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-S-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed state to up

Router(config-if)#ip add 172.16.1.253 255.255.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
```

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Router2

PhysicalConfigCLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
Router>enable
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface serial 3/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 30.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
Router(config-if)#no shu
%LINEPROTO-S-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up

Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface fastethernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 40.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#
Router(config)#router ospf 1
Router(config-router)#router-id 3.3.3.3
Router(config-router)#network 30.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 40.0.0.0
00:44:34: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 2.2.2.2 on Serial3/0 from LOADING to FULL
Router(config-router)#network 40.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 2
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#
Router(config)#EXIT
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

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Router2

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
Router(config)#
Router(config)#router ospf 1
Router(config-router)#router-id 3.3.3.3
Router(config-router)#network 30.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
Router(config-router)#network 40.0.0.0
00:44:34: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 2.2.2.2 on Serial3/0 from LOADING to FULL
Router(config-router)#network 40.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 2
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#
Router(config)#EXIT
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
        i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
        P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

O IA 20.0.0.0/8 [110/128] via 30.0.0.1, 00:02:41, Serial3/0
    30.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial3/0
C    30.0.0.1/32 is directly connected, Serial3/0
C    40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
Router#
```

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Router2

Physical Config CLI

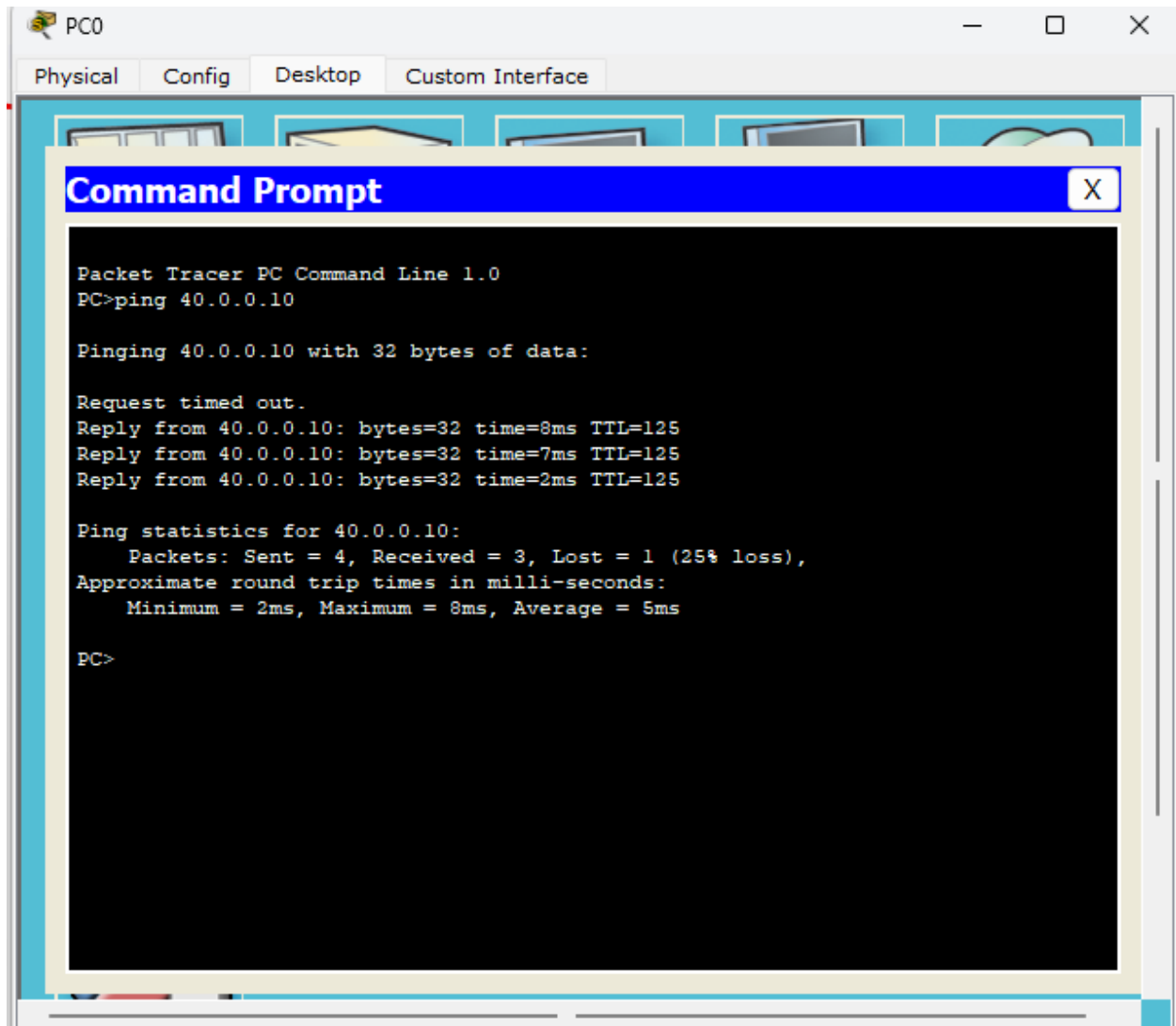
IOS Command Line Interface

```
C    30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial3/0
C    30.0.0.1/32 is directly connected, Serial3/0
C    40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
C    172.16.0.0/16 is directly connected, Loopback0
Router#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
        i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
        P - periodic downloaded static route

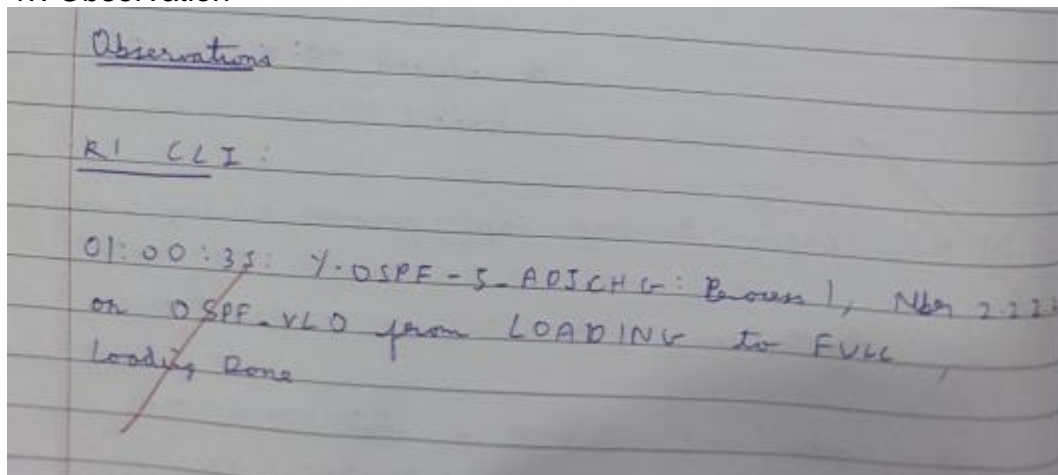
Gateway of last resort is not set

O IA 10.0.0.0/8 [110/129] via 30.0.0.1, 00:01:54, Serial3/0
O IA 20.0.0.0/8 [110/128] via 30.0.0.1, 00:21:03, Serial3/0
    30.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial3/0
C    30.0.0.1/32 is directly connected, Serial3/0
C    40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
C    172.16.0.0/16 is directly connected, Loopback0
Router#
```

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iv. Observation



CMD of PC0

PC > ping 40.0.0.10

Pinging 40.0.0.10 with 32 bytes of data :

Reply from 40.0.0.10 : bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.10 : bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.10 : bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.10 : bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.10

Packets : Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss)

Approx round trip in ms:

Min = 2ms, Max = 6ms, Average = 4ms

CLI of R3

Router # show ip route

O IA 10.0.0.0/8 [110/128] via 30.0.0.1 00:00:26

Serial 3/0

O IA 20.0.0.0/8 [110/128] via 30.0.0.1 00:00:26

Serial 3/0

30.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

C 30.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial 3/0

C 36.0.0.0/32 is directly connected, Serial 3/0

C 40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet 0/0

C 172.16.0.0/16 is directly connected, Loopback 0

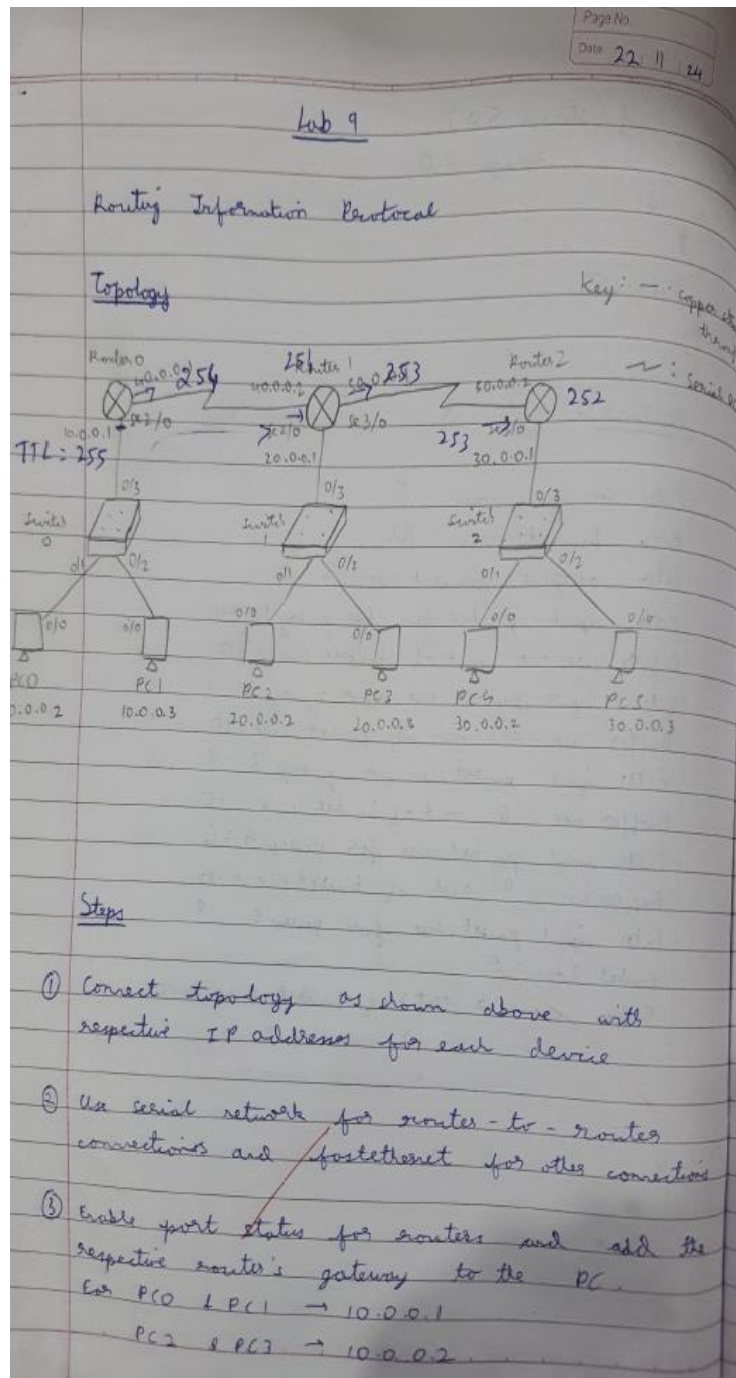
29/11

Program 7

i. Aim of the program

Demonstrate the TTL/ Life of a Packet

ii. Procedure along with the topology



iii. Screen shots/ output

Logical [Root] New Cluster Move Object Set Tiled Background Viewport

Simulation Panel

Event List

Vis.	Time(sec)	Last Device	At Device	Type	Info
	3.435	Switch0	Router0	STP	
	3.435	Switch0	PC1	STP	
	3.435	Switch0	PC0	STP	
	4.090	...	Switch2	DTP	
	4.091	Switch2	PC3	DTP	
	4.311	...	Switch3	STP	
	4.312	Switch3	Router2	STP	
	4.312	Switch3	PC4	STP	
	4.312	Switch3	PC5	STP	

Reset Simulation ☒ Constant Delay Capturing...

Play Controls: Back Auto Capture / Play Capture / Forward

Event List Filters - Visible Events

ACL Filter, ARP, BGP, CDP, DHCP, DHCPv6, DNS, DTP, EIGRP, EIGRPv6, FTP, H.323, HSRP, HSRPv6, HTTP, HTTPS, ICMP, ICMPv6, IPsec, ISAKMP, LACP, NTP, NETFLOW, NTP, OSPF, OSPFv6, PAgg, POP3, RADIUS, RIP, RIPng, RTSP, SCOP, SMTP, SNMP, SSH, STP, SYSLOG, TACACS, TFTP, Telnet, UDP, VTP

Edit Filters Show All/None

Time: 01:06:43.485 Power Cycle Devices PLAY CONTROLS: Back Auto Capture / Play Capture / Forward

Connections

Copper Straight-Through

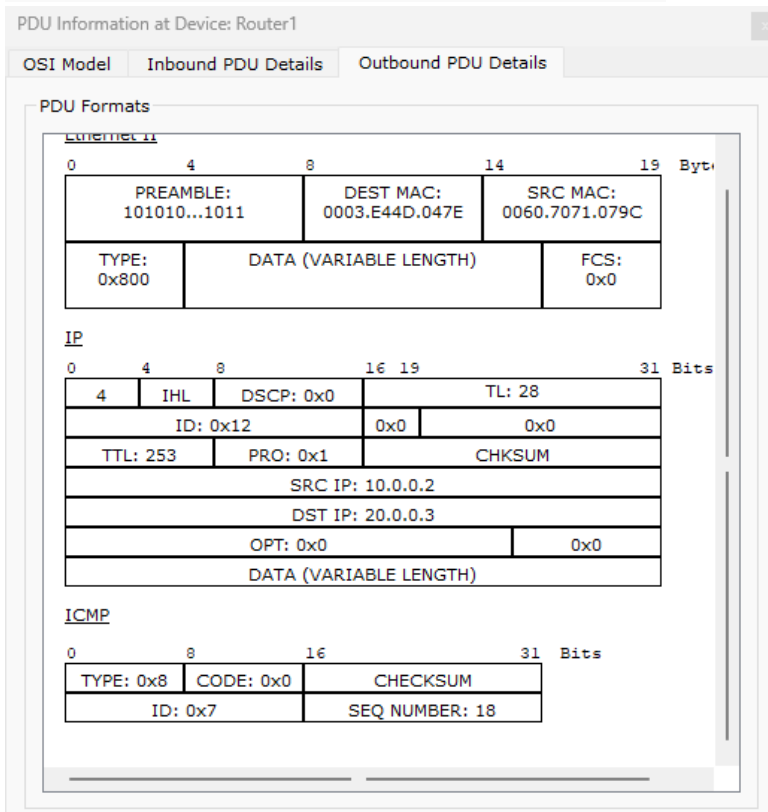
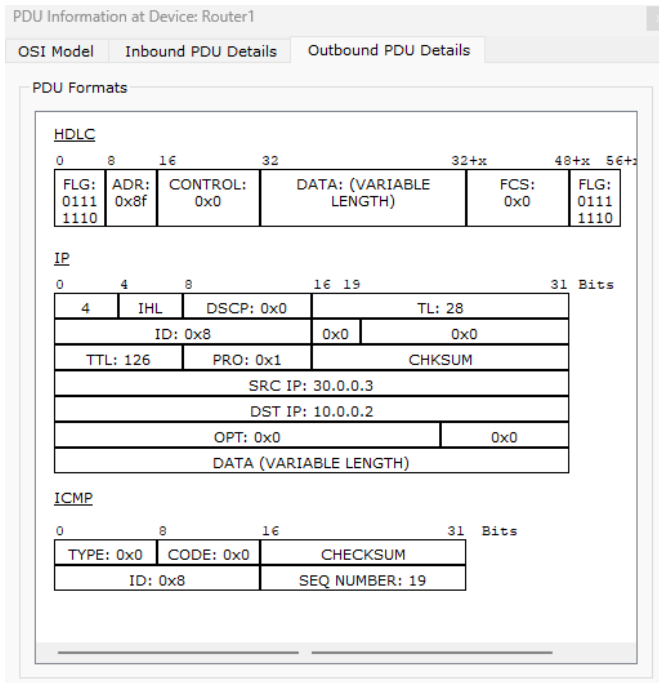
Scenario 0

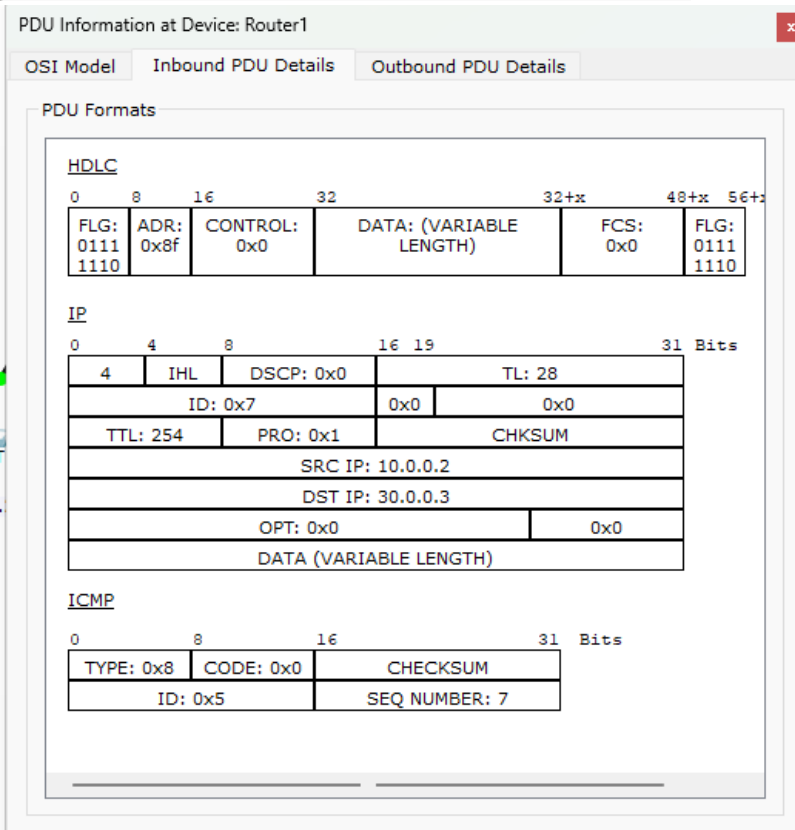
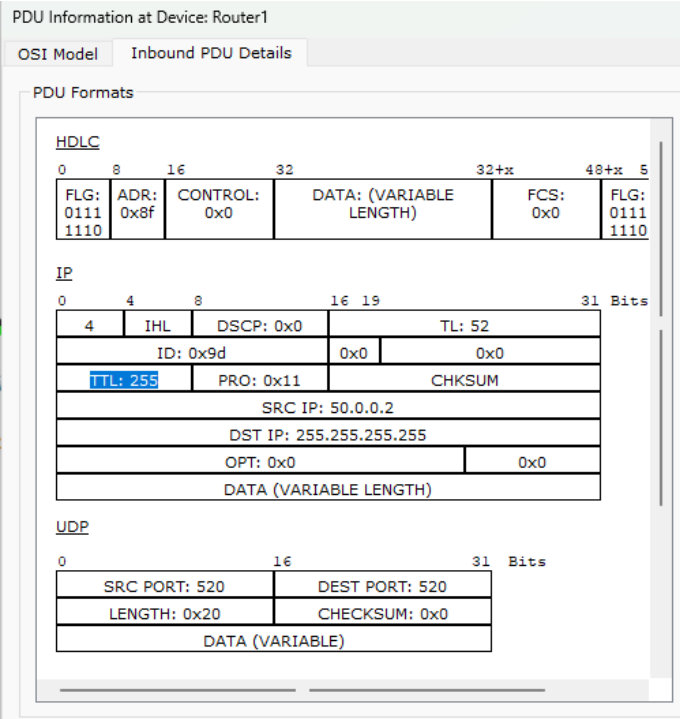
New Delete

Toggle PDU List Window

Fire	Last Status	Source	Destination	Type	Color	Time(sec)	Periodic	Num	Edit	Delete
	Successful	PC0	PC3	ICMP		0.000	N	0	(edit)	(delete)
	Successful	Router0	Router2	ICMP		1.306	N	1	(edit)	(delete)
	Successful	PC0	PC5	ICMP		3.307	N	2	(edit)	(delete)

Event List Simulator

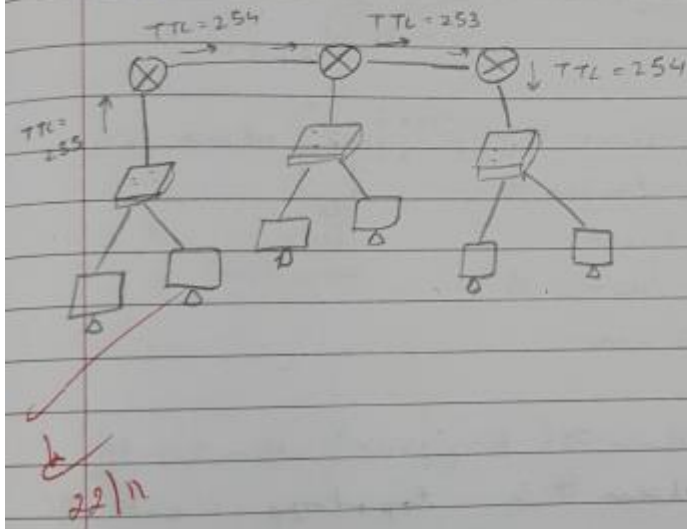




iv. Observation

He can observe that the TTL reduces by 1 as a packet passes a router. The inbound TTL for router 1 was 254, the outbound TTL is 253. This occurs only as a packet passes a router.

Successive routers lead to successive decrease in TTL

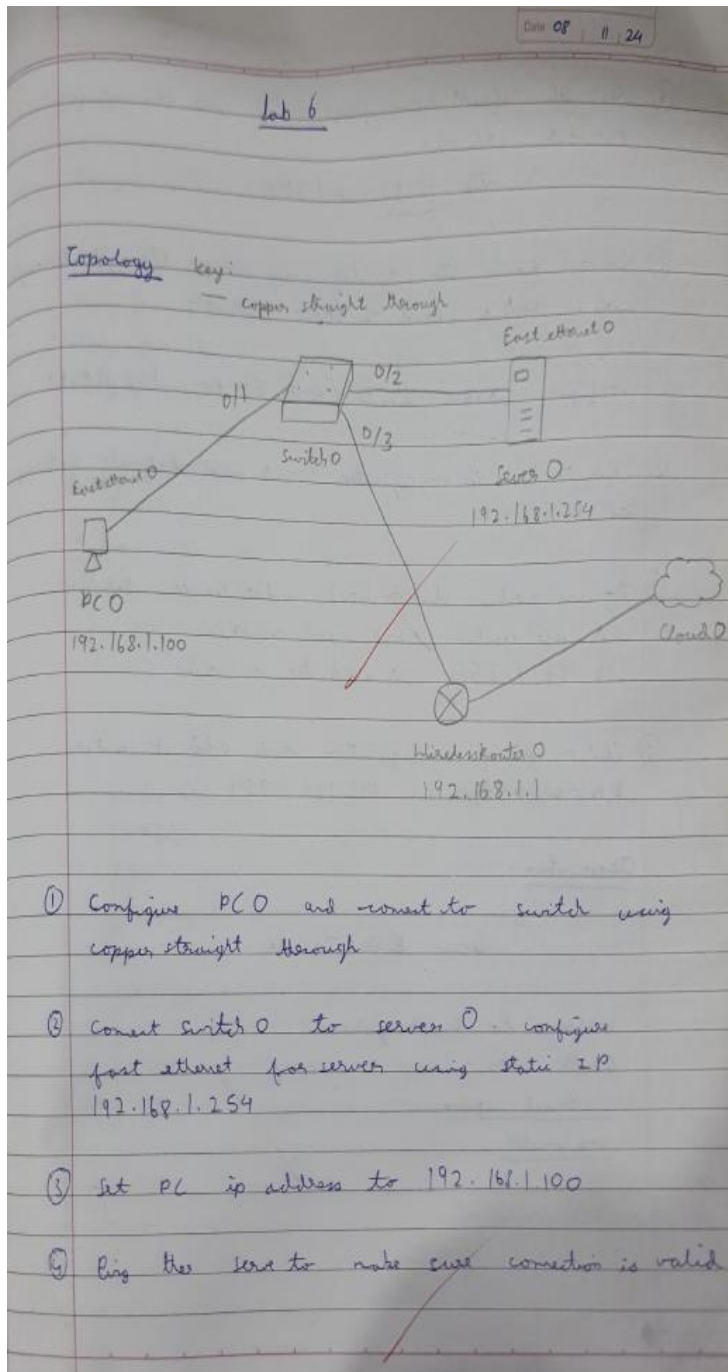


Program 8

i. Aim of the program

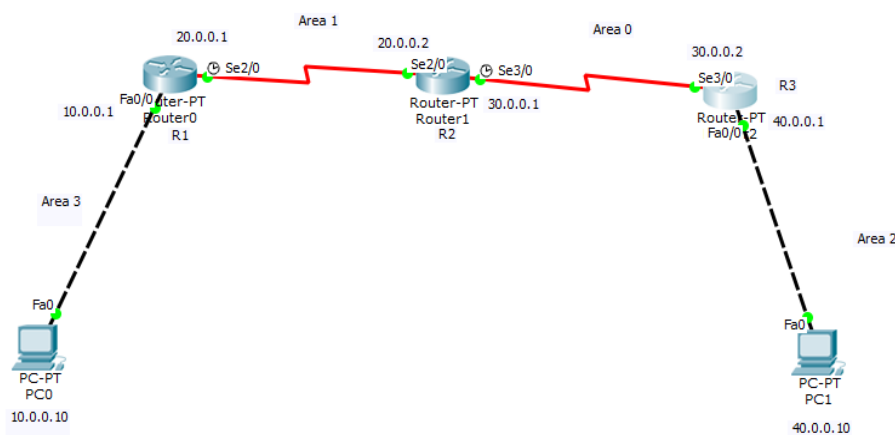
Configure Web Server, DNS within a LAN.

ii. Procedure along with the topology



- ⑤ Test the default home page using web browser on PC and url of:
http://192.168.1.254
- ⑥ Connect Router to switch using copper straight through wire. Add a cloud to show internet.
- ⑦ Configure wireless router LAN IP to 192.168.1.1
- ⑧ Click on PC ip configuration and add default gateway as 192.168.1.1
- ⑨ To use url, click on DNS under server services and use custom name, url address as 192.168.1.254 and add to records.
- ⑩ Click on pc ip configuration and add it under DNS server type as 192.168.1.254

iii. Screen shots/ output



Router0

PhysicalConfigCLI

IOS Command Line Interface

Press RETURN to get started.

Router>config terminal
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Router>enable
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface fastethernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface serial 2/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
Router(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to down
Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#

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Router1

PhysicalConfigCLI

IOS Command Line Interface

Router>enable
Router#interface serial 2/0
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface serial 2/0
Router(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
Router(config-if)#e
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
xit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Router#interface serial 3/0
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface serial 3/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 30.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
Router(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to down
Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#

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```
Router(config)#router ospf 1
Router(config-router)#router-id 1.1.1.1
Router(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 3
Router(config-router)#network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 1
Router(config-router)#exit
Router(config)#
```

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PC0

Physical

Config

Desktop

Custom Interface

Command Prompt

```
PC>ping 40.0.0.10

Pinging 40.0.0.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 7ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 9ms

PC>ping 40.0.0.10

Pinging 40.0.0.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 6ms, Average = 4ms

PC>
```

iv. Observation

Observation:

Cisco Packet Tracer

Welcome to Supergahon.

Quick Links:

- a small space
- copyrights

ping 192.168.1.254

Pinging 192.168.1.254 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.254: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.254: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.254: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.254: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.254:

Packets: Sent=4, Received=4, Lost=0 (0% loss)

Approximate round trip times in milliseconds:

Minimum=0ms, Maximum=3ms, Average=0ms

HTTP

Record URL ip address

Config DNS

DNS Service ☒ ON ☐ OFF

Name: Supergahon.com Type: A record

Add

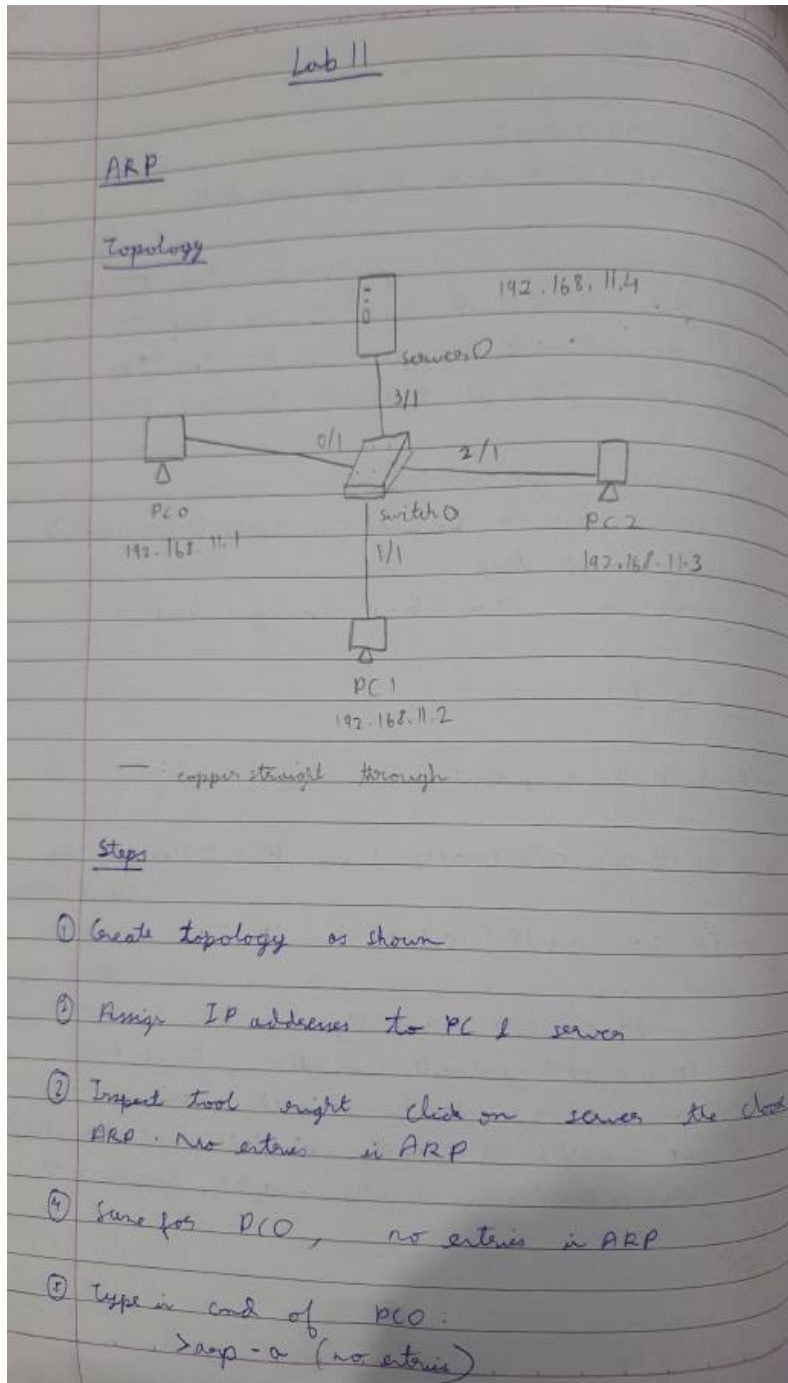
No.	Name	Type	Detail
0	supergahon.com	A record	192.168.1.254

Program 9

i. Aim of the program

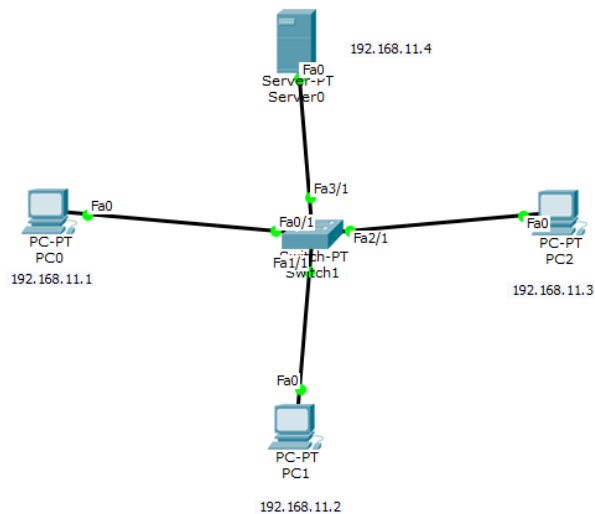
To construct simple LAN and understand the concept and operation of Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

ii. Procedure along with the topology



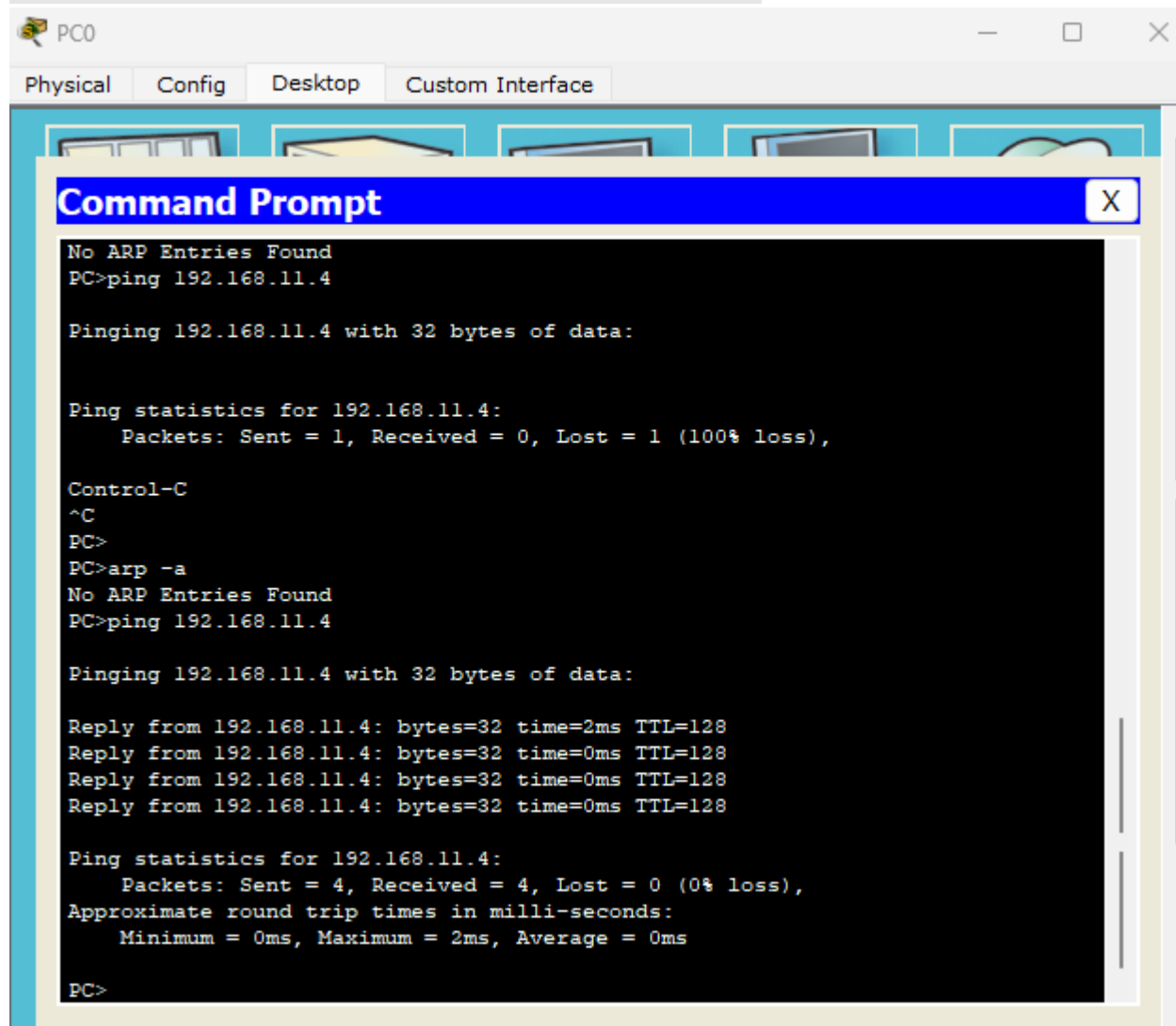
- ⑥ Ping PC0 to server to check connection
- ⑦ Click on packet from PC0 to server 2 packets are created ICMP and ARP
- ⑧ Click on ARP packet, then capture forward for simulation
- ⑨ Repeatedly click on capture forward to see ARP and ICMP movements

iii. Screen shots/ output



ARP Table for PC0		
IP Address	Hardware Address	Interface
192.168.11.4	0060.2FBA.43E7	FastEthernet0

ARP Table for Server0		
IP Address	Hardware Address	Interface
192.168.11.1	0090.0C49.4460	FastEthernet0



iv. Observation

Observation

Req request from PC0 to switch, then acceptance from server0 to PC0.

IP Address	Hardware Address	Interface
192.168.11.4	0060.2FBA.43E7	Fast Ethernet 0

IP Address	Hardware Address	Interface
192.168.11.1	0090.0149.4460	Fast Ethernet 0

PC > ping 192.168.11.4

Pinging 192.168.11.4 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.11.4 : bytes = 32 time = 2ms TTL = 128

Reply from 192.168.11.4 : bytes = 32 time = 0ms TTL = 128

Reply from 192.168.11.4 : bytes = 32 time = 0ms TTL = 128

Reply from 192.168.11.4 : bytes = 32 time = 0ms TTL = 128

Ping statistics for 192.168.11.4

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss)

Approximate Round Trip Times in ms:

Min = 0ms, Max = 2ms, Avg = 0ms

Program 10

i. Aim of the program

To understand the operation of TELNET by accessing the router in server room from a PC in IT office

ii. Procedure along with the topology

Telnet Protocol

Topology

key:
--- : copper crossover

- ① Configure IP address for PC, and gateway
- ② Configure router IP address in CLI with IP address
- ③ Open CLI of router and type:

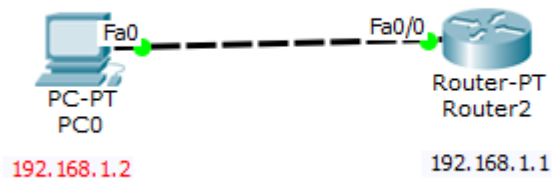
```
Router (config) # hostname R1
R1 (config) # enable secret sp
# interface fastEthernet 0/0
R1 (config-if) # ip address 0 5
R1 (config-if) # login
! login disabled on line 132, until 'password' is set

R1 (config-if) # password top
# exit

R1 (config) # exit
R1 #
Building configuration...
[OK]
R1 #
```


④ go to PC command prompt then:

iii. Screen shots/ output



```
PC0
Physical Config Desktop Custom Interface
Command Prompt
PC>
PC>
PC>
PC>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

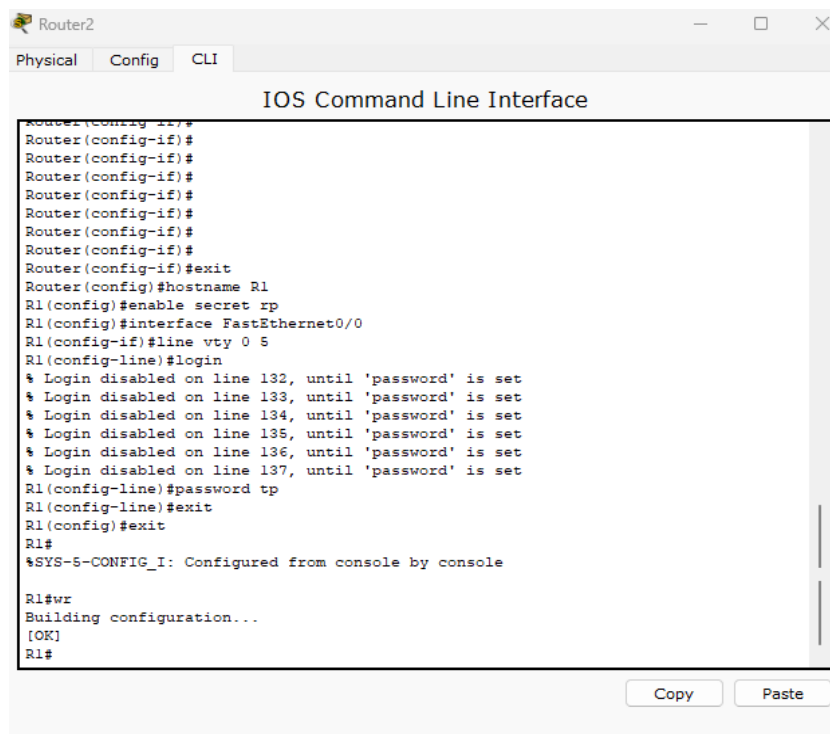
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

PC>telnet 192.168.1.1
Trying 192.168.1.1 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
R1>en
Password:
Password:
R1#
```



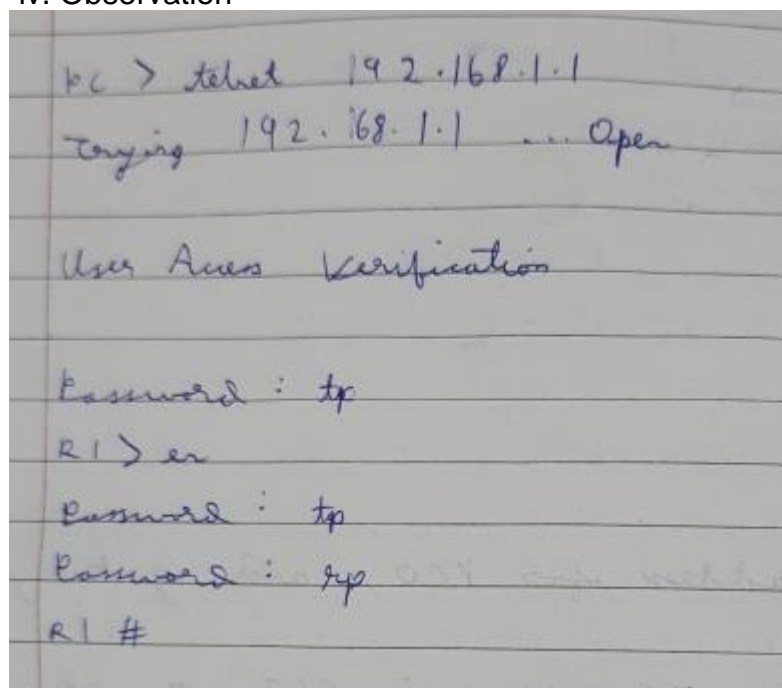
The screenshot shows a Cisco Router2 CLI window with tabs for Physical, Config, and CLI. The CLI tab is active, displaying the IOS Command Line Interface. The configuration commands entered are as follows:

```
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#hostname R1
R1(config)#enable secret rp
R1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
R1(config-if)#line vty 0 5
R1(config-line)#login
% Login disabled on line 132, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 133, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 134, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 135, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 136, until 'password' is set
% Login disabled on line 137, until 'password' is set
R1(config-line)#password tp
R1(config-line)#exit
R1(config)#exit
R1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

R1#wr
Building configuration...
[OK]
R1#
```

At the bottom of the window, there are 'Copy' and 'Paste' buttons.

iv. Observation



The handwritten notes on lined paper are as follows:

pc > telnet 192.168.1.1
Trying 192.168.1.1 ... Open

User Access Verification

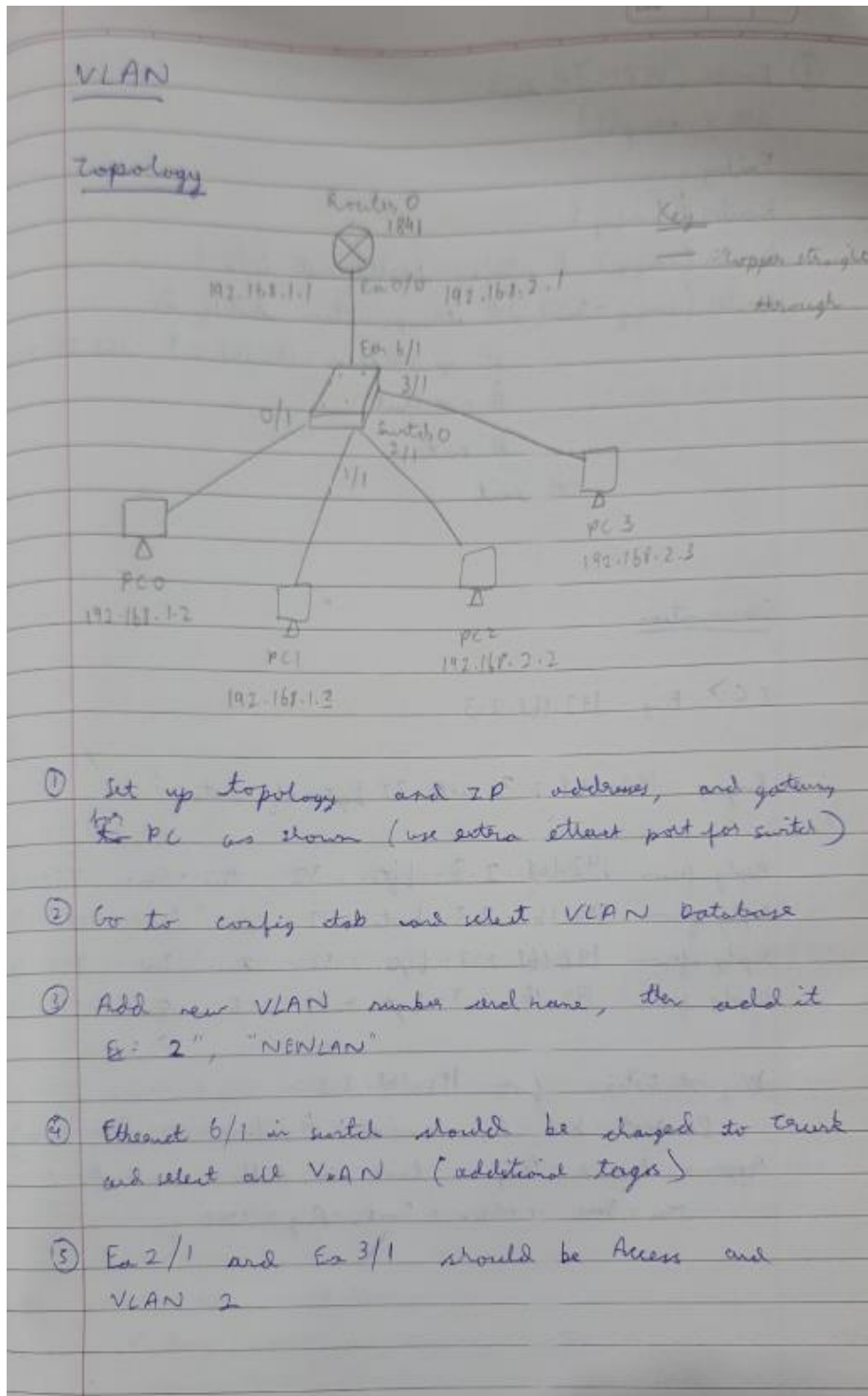
Password : tp
R1 > en
Password : tp
Password : rp
R1 #

Program 11

i. Aim of the program

To construct a VLAN and make the PC's communicate among a VLAN

ii. Procedure along with the topology

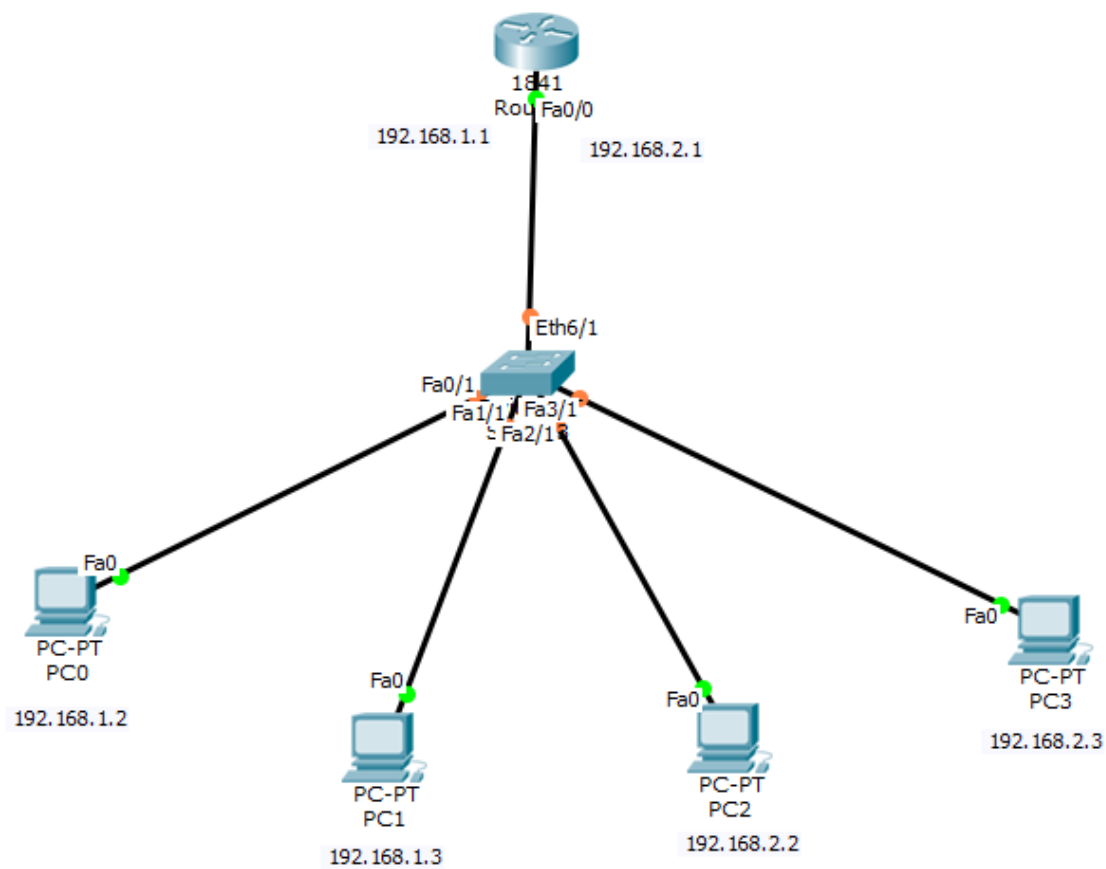


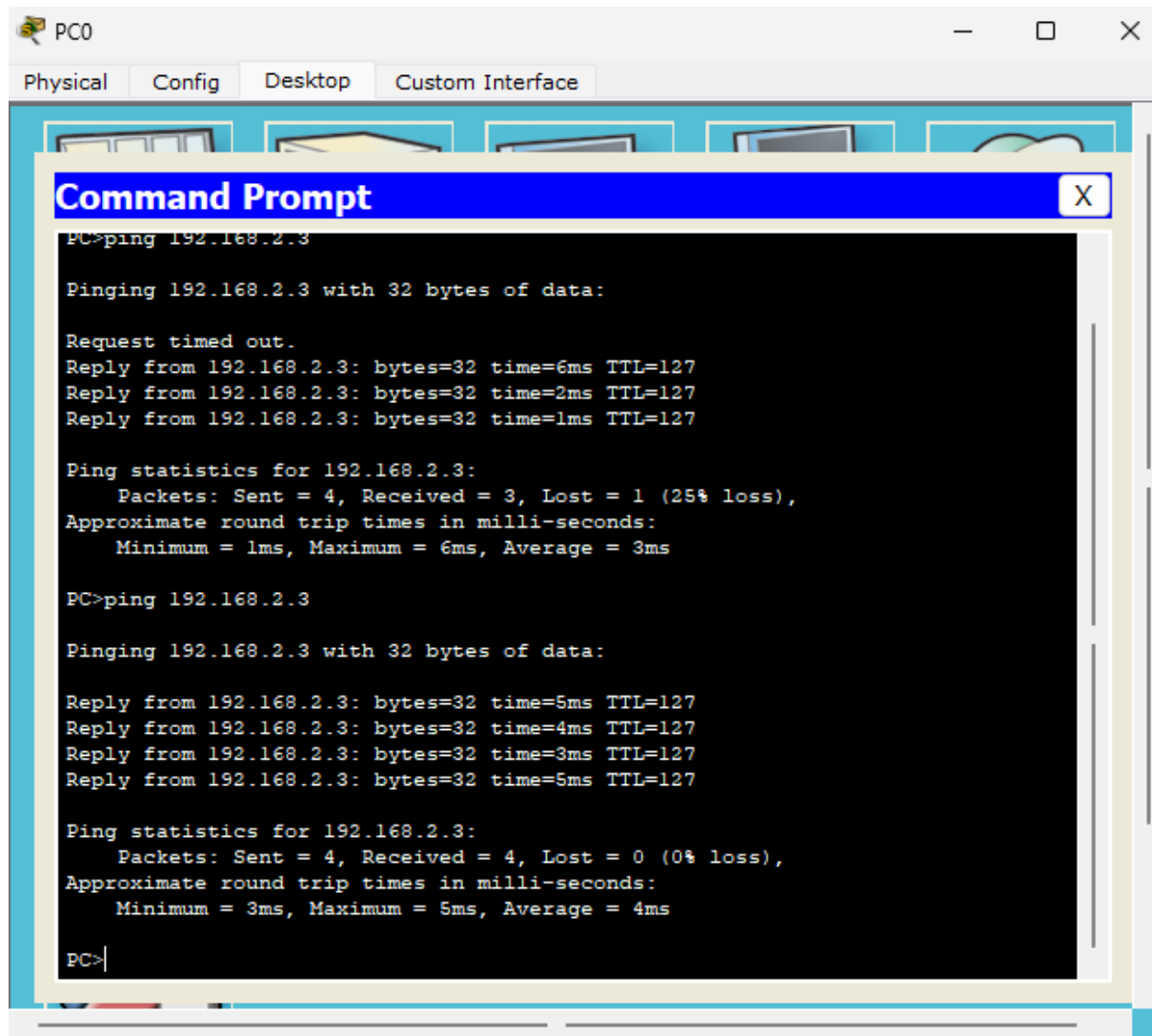
```

⑥ Router (VLAN) # exit
APPLY completed
Exiting...
Router # config t
Router (config) # interface fastEthernet 0/0.1
Router (config-subif) # encapsulation dot1q 2
# ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
# no shut
# exit
# exit

```

iii. Screen shots/ output





Router0

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
documentation for configuring VTP/VLAN in config mode.

Router(vlan)#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
vlan 2 name NEWVLAN
VLAN 2 modified:
    Name: NEWVLAN
Router(vlan)#exit
APPLY completed.
Exiting....
Router#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/0.1
Router(config-subif)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state
to up

Router(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 2
Router(config-subif)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-subif)#no shut
Router(config-subif)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#exit
Router#vlan database
% Warning: It is recommended to configure VLAN from config mode,
as VLAN database mode is being deprecated. Please consult user
documentation for configuring VTP/VLAN in config mode.
```

Copy Paste

iv. Observation

Observation

PC > Ping 192.168.2.3

Pinging 192.168.2.3 with 32 bytes of data :

Reply from 192.168.2.3: bytes = 32	time = 5ms	TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.2.3: bytes = 32	time = 4ms	TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.2.3: bytes = 32	time = 3ms	TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.2.3: bytes = 32	time = 5ms	TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.2.3:

Round-trip times in milliseconds

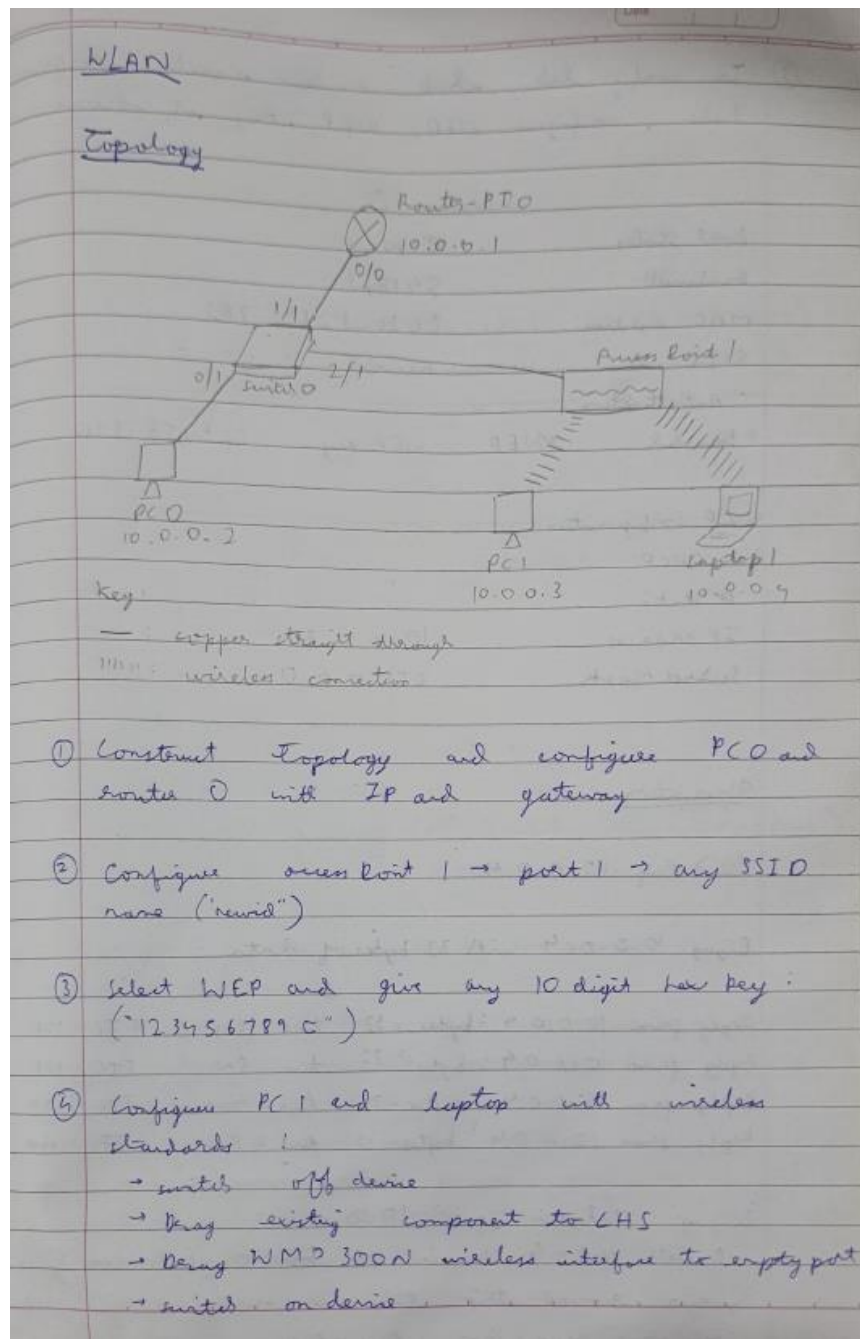
Min = 3ms, Max = 5ms, Avg = 4ms

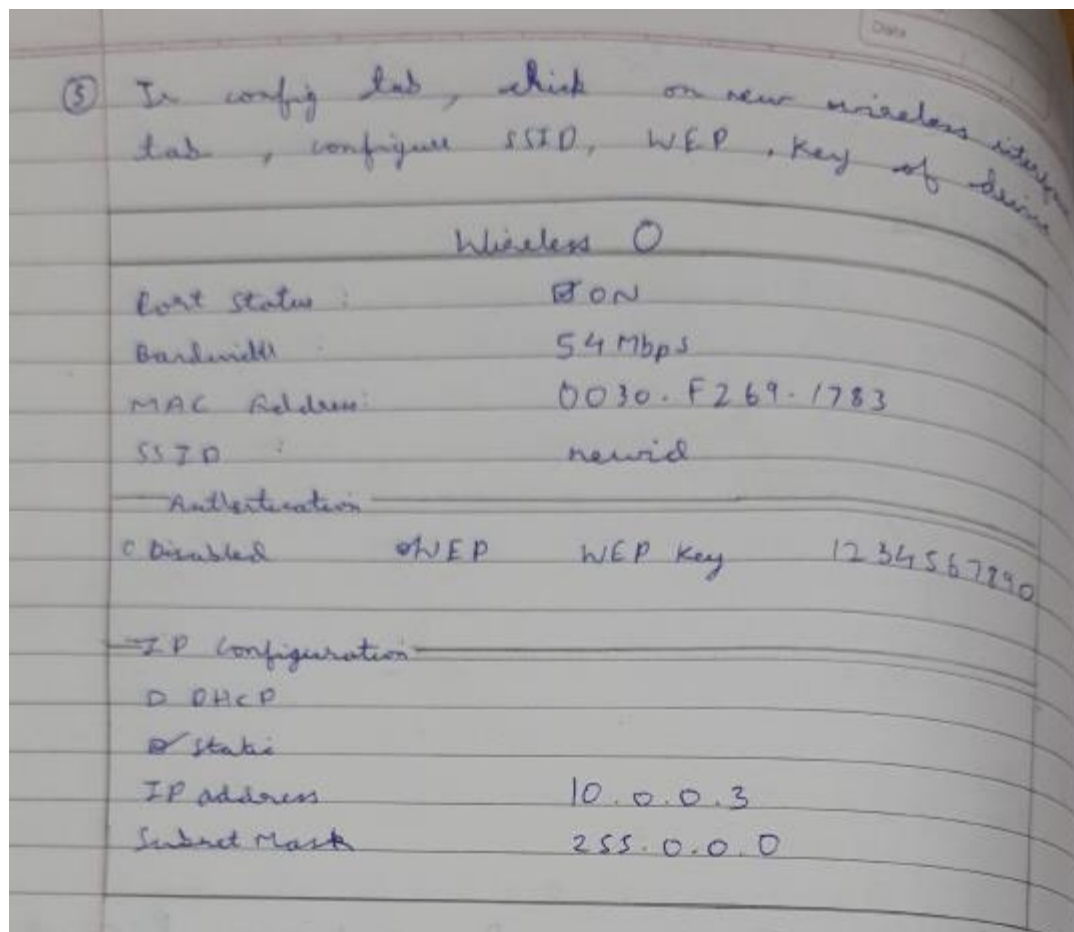
Program 12

i. Aim of the program

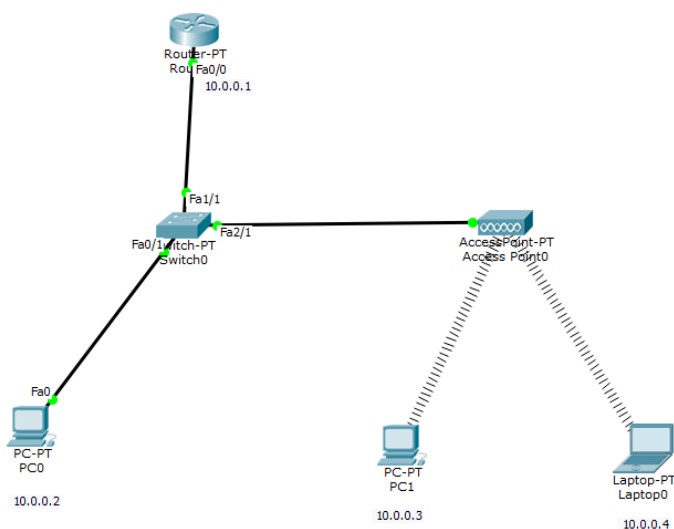
To construct a WLAN and make the nodes communicate wirelessly

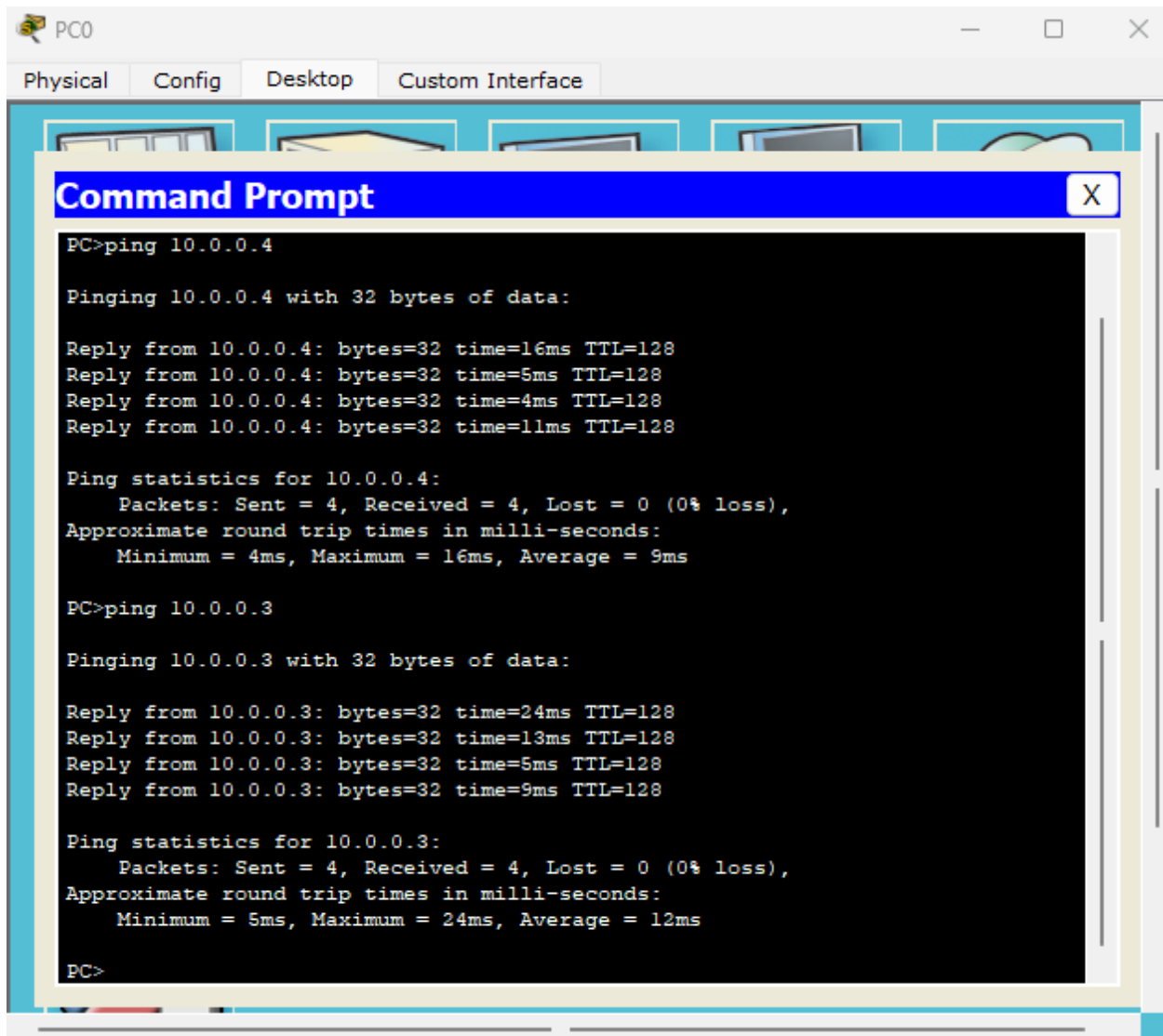
ii. Procedure along with the topology





iii. Screen shots/ output





PC1

Physical
Config
Desktop
Custom Interface

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

Wireless0

Wireless0

Port Status

On

Bandwidth

54 Mbps

MAC Address

0030.F269.1783

SSID

newid

Authentication

☐ Disabled
☒ WEP

WEP Key

1234567890

☐ WPA-PSK
☐ WPA2-PSK

PSK Pass Phrase

☐ WPA
☐ WPA2

User ID

Password

Encryption Type

104/128-Bits (26 Hex digits)

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP
☒ Static

IP Address

10.0.0.3

Subnet Mask

255.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ DHCP
☐ Auto Config
☒ Static

Laptop0

Physical
Config
Desktop
Custom Interface

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

Wireless0

Wireless0

Port Status

On

Bandwidth

48 Mbps

MAC Address

0060.3EEB.6C32

SSID

newid

Authentication

☐ Disabled
☒ WEP

WEP Key

1234567890

☐ WPA-PSK
☐ WPA2-PSK

PSK Pass Phrase

☐ WPA
☐ WPA2

User ID

Password

Encryption Type

40/64-Bits (10 Hex digits)

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP
☒ Static

IP Address

10.0.0.4

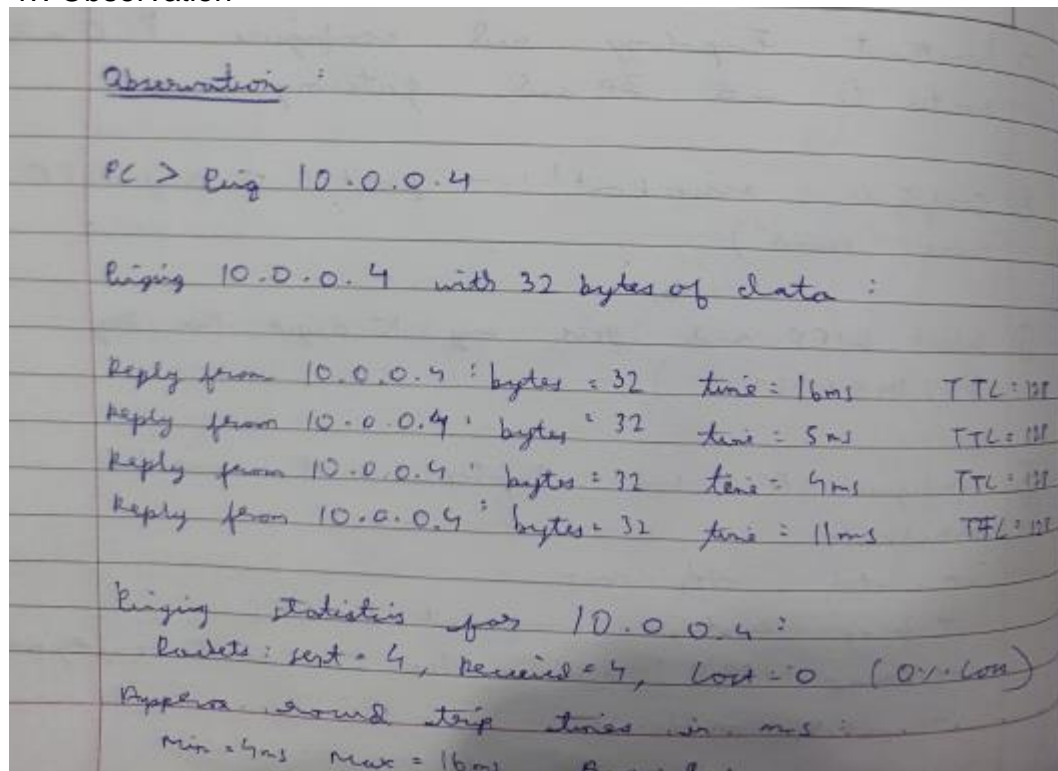
Subnet Mask

255.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ DHCP
☐ Auto Config
☒ Static

iv. Observation



Program 13

i. Aim of the program

Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16-bits)

ii. Procedure along with the topology

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;

int crc(char *ip, char *op, char *poly, int mode) {
    strcpy(op, ip);

    // Append zeros if mode is 1 (transmitting)
    if (mode) {
        for (int i = 1; i < strlen(poly); i++) {
            strcat(op, "0");
        }
    }

    // Perform XOR on the message with the selected polynomial
    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(ip); i++) {
        if (op[i] == '1') {
            for (int j = 0; j < strlen(poly); j++) {
                if (op[i + j] == poly[j])
                    op[i + j] = '0';
                else
                    op[i + j] = '1';
            }
        }
    }

    // Check for errors. Return 0 if error detected
    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(op); i++) {
        if (op[i] == '1')
            return 0;
    }

    return 1;
}

int main() {
    char ip[50], op[50], recv[50];
    char poly[] = "10001000000100011";
```

```

cout << "Enter the input message in binary: " << endl;
cin >> ip;

crc(ip, op, poly, 1);

cout << "The transmitted message is: " << ip << op + strlen(ip) << endl;

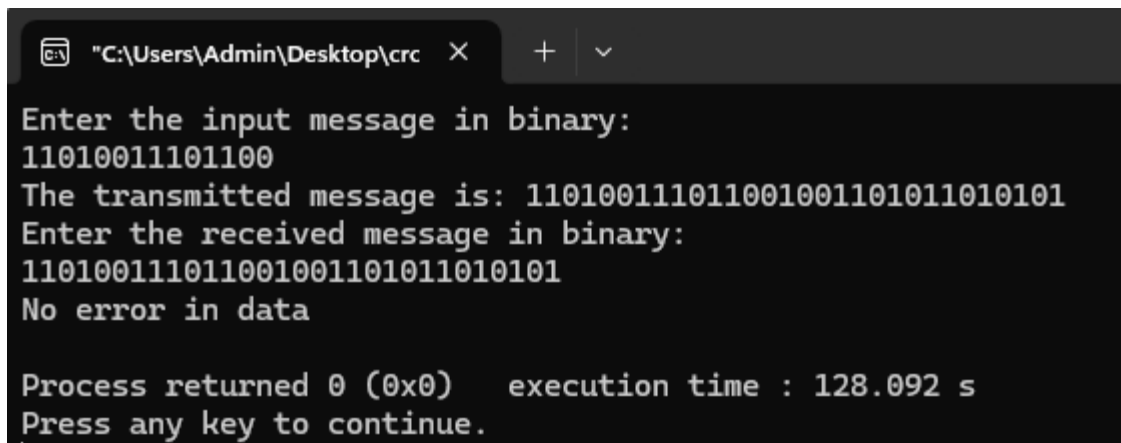
cout << "Enter the received message in binary: " << endl;
cin >> recv;

if (crc(recv, op, poly, 0))
    cout << "No error in data" << endl;
else
    cout << "Error in data transmission has occurred" << endl;

return 0;
}

```

iii. Screen shots/ output



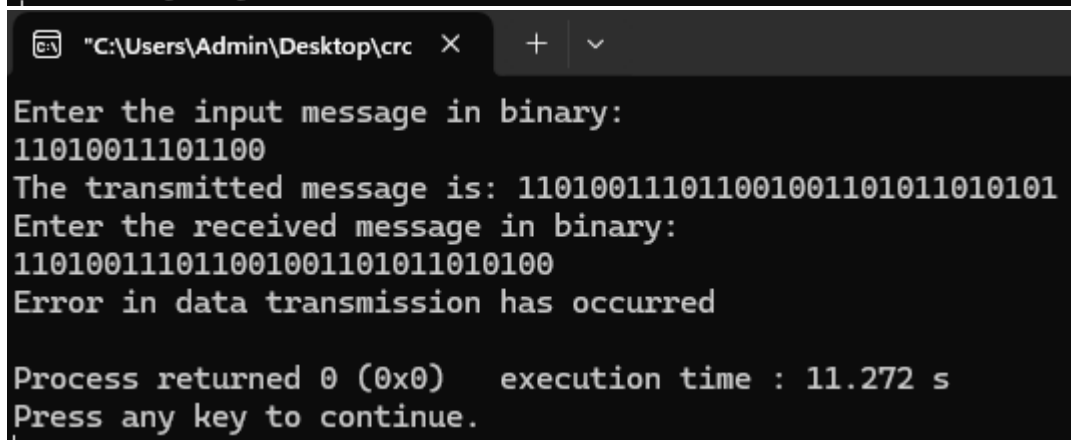
A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window titled "C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\crc". The window shows the execution of a C++ program. The user enters the input message "11010011101100". The program outputs "The transmitted message is: 110100111011001001101011010101". The user then enters the received message "110100111011001001101011010101". The program outputs "No error in data". At the bottom, it shows "Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 128.092 s" and "Press any key to continue."

```

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\crc X + v
Enter the input message in binary:
11010011101100
The transmitted message is: 110100111011001001101011010101
Enter the received message in binary:
110100111011001001101011010101
No error in data

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 128.092 s
Press any key to continue.

```



A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window titled "C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\crc". The window shows the execution of the same C++ program. The user enters the input message "11010011101100". The program outputs "The transmitted message is: 110100111011001001101011010101". The user then enters the received message "110100111011001001101011010100". The program outputs "Error in data transmission has occurred". At the bottom, it shows "Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 11.272 s" and "Press any key to continue."

```

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\crc X + v
Enter the input message in binary:
11010011101100
The transmitted message is: 110100111011001001101011010101
Enter the received message in binary:
110100111011001001101011010100
Error in data transmission has occurred

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 11.272 s
Press any key to continue.

```


iv. Observation

11/11/24

Lab 8

CRC Code

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

int crc(char* ip, char* op, char* poly, int mode)
{
    strcpy(op, ip);
    if (mode) {
        for (int i = 1; i < strlen(poly); i++) {
            strcat(op, "0");
        }
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(ip); i++) {
        if (op[i] == '1') {
            for (int j = 0; j < strlen(poly); j++) {
                if (op[i+j] == poly[j])
                    op[i+j] = '0';
                else
                    op[i+j] = '1';
            }
        }
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(op); i++) {
        if (op[i] == '1')
            return 0;
    }

    return 1;
}
```

```

int main() {
    char ip[50], op[50], rrecv[50];
    char poly[] = "1000100000010001";

    cout << "Enter input msg (binary) " << endl;
    cin >> ip;

    enc(ip, op, poly);

    cout << "Transmitted message is : " << ip <<
        op + storer(ip) << endl;

    cout << "Enter received msg (binary) " << endl;
    cin >> rrecv;

    if (dec(rrecv, op, poly, 0))
        cout << "No error in data " << endl;
    else
        cout << "Error in data transmission has
            occurred " << endl;

    return 0;
}

```

Output :

① Enter input msg (binary) :
 1101001110100
 Transmitted message is : 11010011101001001101
 011010101
 Received message is (binary):
 110100111011001001101010101
 No error in data

② Given input msg (binary):

110100 11101100

Transmitted message is: 110100111011001001101

011010100

Received message is (binary):

1101001110110010011010100

✖

Error in data transmission occurred.

15/11

Program 14

i. Aim of the program

Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.

ii. Procedure along with the topology

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int no_of_queries, storage, output_pkt_size;
    int input_pkt_size, bucket_size, size_left;

    // Initial packets in the bucket
    storage = 0;

    // Total number of times bucket content is checked
    cout << "Enter the number of queries: ";
    cin >> no_of_queries;

    // Total number of packets that can be accommodated in the bucket
    cout << "Enter the bucket size: ";
    cin >> bucket_size;

    // Number of packets that exit the bucket at a time
    cout << "Enter the output packet size: ";
    cin >> output_pkt_size;

    // Iterating for each query
    for (int i = 0; i < no_of_queries; i++) {
        // Get the input packet size for the current query
        cout << "Enter the input packet size for query " << i + 1 << ": ";
        cin >> input_pkt_size;

        // Calculate the space left in the bucket
        size_left = bucket_size - storage;

        if (input_pkt_size <= size_left) {
            // If there is enough space, add the input packets to the storage
            storage += input_pkt_size;
        } else {
            // If there is not enough space, packet loss occurs
            cout << "Packet loss = " << input_pkt_size - size_left << endl;
        }
    }
}
```

```

// Print current buffer size
cout << "Buffer size = " << storage << " out of bucket size = " << bucket_size << endl;

// Simulate output packet consumption
storage -= output_pkt_size;

// Ensure the storage does not become negative
if (storage < 0) {
    storage = 0;
}
}

return 0;
}

```

iii. Screen shots/ output

```

Enter the number of queries: 5
Enter the bucket size: 10
Enter the output packet size: 3
Enter the input packet size for query 1: 4
Buffer size = 4 out of bucket size = 10
Enter the input packet size for query 2: 3
Buffer size = 4 out of bucket size = 10
Enter the input packet size for query 3: 5
Buffer size = 6 out of bucket size = 10
Enter the input packet size for query 4: 6
Buffer size = 9 out of bucket size = 10
Enter the input packet size for query 5: 9
Packet loss = 5
Buffer size = 6 out of bucket size = 10

```

iv. Observation

Leaky Bucket Code

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int no-of-queries, storage, output-pkt-size,
    int input-pkt-size, bucket-size, size-left,
    storage = 0;

    cout << "Enter no. of queries: ";
    cin >> no-of-queries;
    cout << "Enter bucket size: ";
    cin >> bucket-size;

    cout << "Enter output packet size: ";
    cin >> packet output-pkt-size;

    for (int i = 0; i < no-of-queries; i++) {
        cout << "Enter packet size of input of query: "
              << i + 1;
        cin >> input-pkt-size;
        size-left = bucket-size - storage;
        if (input-pkt-size <= size-left)
            storage += input-packet-size;
        else
            cout << "Packet loss = " << input-pkt-size
                  - size-left << endl;

        cout << "Buffer size = " << storage << "out of
        bucket size = " << bucket-size << endl;
        storage -= output-pkt-size;
    }
```



```

    if (storage < 0)
        storage = 0;
    }
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Output :

Enter no. of queries : 5

Enter bucket size : 10

Enter output packet size : 3

Enter input packet size for query 1 : 4

Buffer size = 4 out of bucket size = 10

Enter input packet size for query 2 : 3

Buffer size = 4 out of bucket size = 10

Enter input packet size for query 3 : 5

Buffer size = 6 out of bucket size = 10

Enter input packet size for query 4 : 6

Buffer size = 9 out of bucket size = 10

Enter input packet size for query 5 : 9

Packet loss = 5

Buffer size = 6 out of bucket size = 10

Program 15

i. Aim of the program

Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client-server program to make the client send the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

ii. Procedure along with the topology

Client.py

```
from socket import *

serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000

clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
clientSocket.connect((serverName, serverPort))

sentence = input("Enter file name: ")
clientSocket.send(sentence.encode())

filecontents = clientSocket.recv(1024).decode()
print('From Server:', filecontents)

clientSocket.close()
```

Server.py

```
from socket import *

serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000

serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName, serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1)

print("The server is ready to receive")

while 1:
    connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()
    sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()

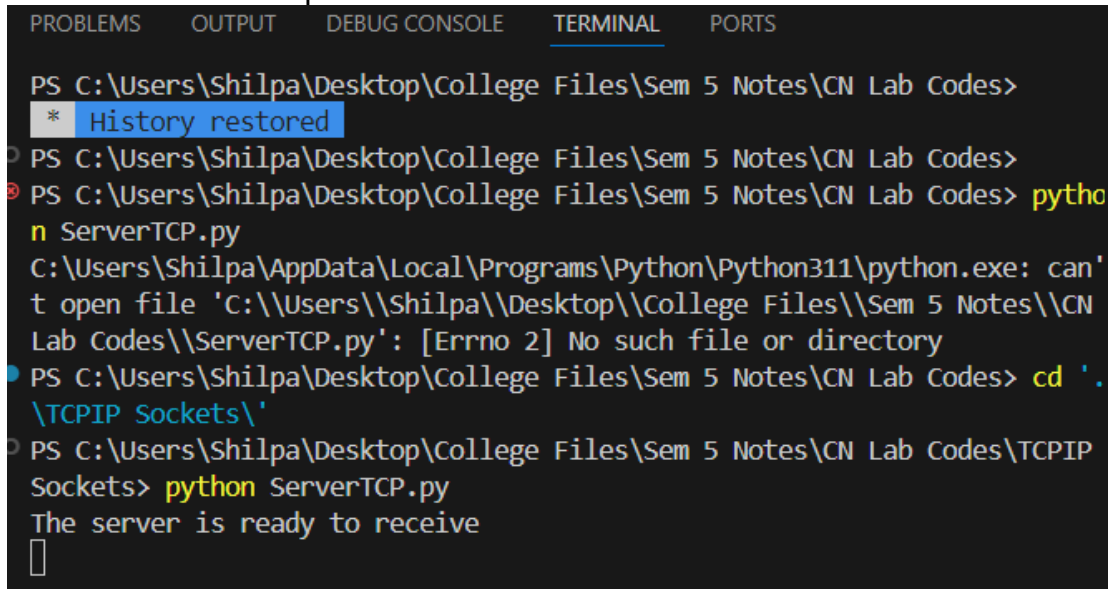
    try:
        with open(sentence, "r") as file:
            content = file.read(1024)
            connectionSocket.send(content.encode())
    except FileNotFoundError:
```



```
connectionSocket.send("File not found".encode())
```

```
connectionSocket.close()
```

iii. Screen shots/ output



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\Shilpa\Desktop\College Files\Sem 5 Notes\CN Lab Codes>
* History restored
PS C:\Users\Shilpa\Desktop\College Files\Sem 5 Notes\CN Lab Codes>
PS C:\Users\Shilpa\Desktop\College Files\Sem 5 Notes\CN Lab Codes> python ServerTCP.py
C:\Users\Shilpa\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe: can't open file 'C:\\Users\\Shilpa\\Desktop\\College Files\\Sem 5 Notes\\CN Lab Codes\\ServerTCP.py': [Errno 2] No such file or directory
PS C:\Users\Shilpa\Desktop\College Files\Sem 5 Notes\CN Lab Codes> cd '.\\TCPIP Sockets\\'
PS C:\Users\Shilpa\Desktop\College Files\Sem 5 Notes\CN Lab Codes\TCPIP Sockets> python ServerTCP.py
The server is ready to receive
█
```

```

PS C:\Users\Shilpa\Desktop\College Files\Sem 5 Notes\CN Lab Codes> cd '.
\TCPIP Sockets\'
PS C:\Users\Shilpa\Desktop\College Files\Sem 5 Notes\CN Lab Codes\TCPIP
Sockets> python ClientTCP.py
Enter file name: ServerTCP.py
From Server: from socket import *

serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000

serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName, serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1)

print("The server is ready to receive")

while 1:
    connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()
    sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()

    try:
        with open(sentence, "r") as file:
            content = file.read(1024)
            connectionSocket.send(content.encode())
    except FileNotFoundError:
        connectionSocket.send("File not found".encode())

    connectionSocket.close()

PS C:\Users\Shilpa\Desktop\College Files\Sem 5 Notes\CN Lab Codes\TCPIP
Sockets> █

```

iv. Observation

TCP/IP Sockets

Client.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = '127.0.0.1'
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
clientSocket.connect((serverName, serverPort))
sentence = input("Enter file name:")

clientSocket.send(sentence.encode())
filecontents = clientSocket.recv(1024).decode()
print('From Server:', filecontents)
clientSocket.close()
```

Server.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = '127.0.0.1'
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName, serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1)
print('The server is ready to receive')
while 1:
    connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()
    sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()
    file = open(sentence, 'r')
    l = file.read(1024)
    connectionSocket.send(l.encode())
    file.close()
    connectionSocket.close()
```

Date: / /

Output:

The server is ready to receive.

Enter file name: ServerTCP.py

From Server:

file contents of server.py

Program 16

i. Aim of the program

Using UDP sockets, write a client-server program to make the client send the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

ii. Procedure along with the topology

Client.py

```
from socket import *

serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000

clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)

sentence = input("Enter file name: ")
clientSocket.sendto(bytes(sentence, "utf-8"), (serverName, serverPort))

filecontents, serverAddress = clientSocket.recvfrom(2048)
print('From Server:', filecontents.decode())

clientSocket.close()
```

Server.py

```
from socket import *

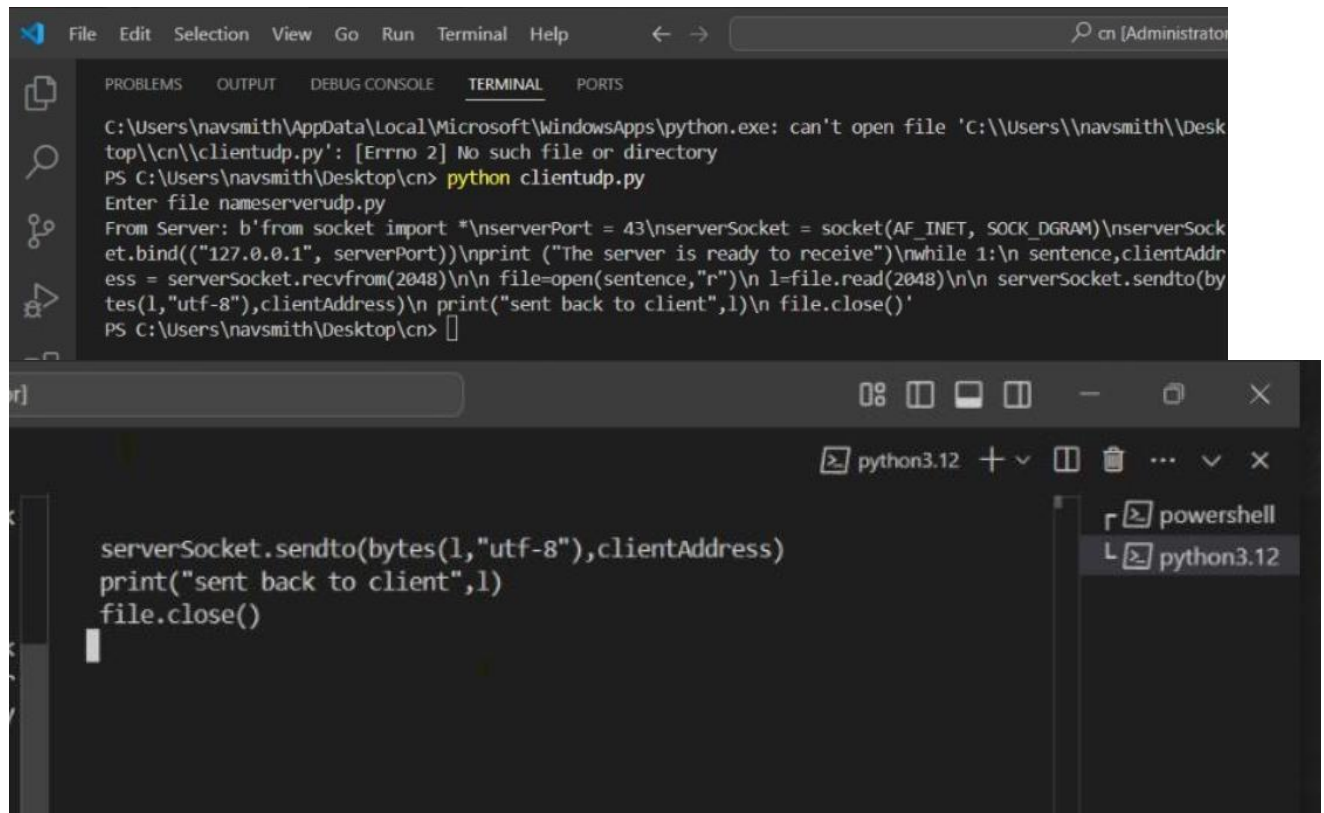
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)

serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
print("The server is ready to receive")

while 1:
    sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)

    try:
        with open(sentence.decode(), "r") as file:
            l = file.read(2048)
            serverSocket.sendto(bytes(l, "utf-8"), clientAddress)
            print("Sent back to client:", l)
    except FileNotFoundError:
        serverSocket.sendto(bytes("File not found", "utf-8"), clientAddress)
        print("File not found:", sentence.decode())
```

iii. Screen shots/ output



The screenshot displays the Visual Studio Code interface. The top terminal window shows an error message from the Windows command prompt: 'C:\Users\navsmith\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python.exe: can't open file 'C:\Users\navsmith\Desktop\cn\clientudp.py': [Errno 2] No such file or directory'. Below this, the command 'python clientudp.py' is entered, followed by the file path 'C:\Users\navsmith\Desktop\cn>'. The code editor below shows a Python script for a UDP server. The script imports the socket module, sets a server port of 43, binds to '127.0.0.1', and enters a loop to receive and send data. The code is as follows:

```
from socket import *
serverPort = 43
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
print("The server is ready to receive")
while 1:
    sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
    file=open(sentence,"r")
    l=file.read(2048)
    serverSocket.sendto(bytes(l,"utf-8"),clientAddress)
    print("sent back to client",l)
    file.close()
```

The bottom terminal window shows the same Python script being executed. The output shows the server is ready to receive, and it receives a message 'b'from socket import *'. It then sends the message back to the client and closes the file.

iv. Observation

UDP Sockets

Client UDP.py

```
from socket import *
serverName = '127.0.0.1'
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
sentence = input('Enter file name')
clientSocket.sendto(bytes(sentence, 'utf-8'),
                    (serverName, serverPort))
filecontents, serverAddress = clientSocket.recvfrom(2048)
print('From server: ', filecontents)

clientSocket.close()
```

Server UDP.py

```
from socket import *
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(('127.0.0.1', serverPort))
print('The server is ready to receive')
while 1:
    sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
    file = open(sentence, 'r')
    l = file.read(2048)
    serverSocket.sendto(bytes(l, 'utf-8'),
                        clientAddress)
    print('sent back to client', l)
    file.close()
```

Output:

The server is ready to receive

Sent contents of serverUDP.py

The server is ready to receive

Enter file name: serverUDP.py

Reply from server:

file contents of server.py