ORACLE° Cloud Infrastructure

Key Management
Level 100

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Safe Harbor Statement

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Objectives

After completing this lesson, you should be able to:

 Explain how Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Key Management enables customers to encrypt their data using keys that they control



Key Management

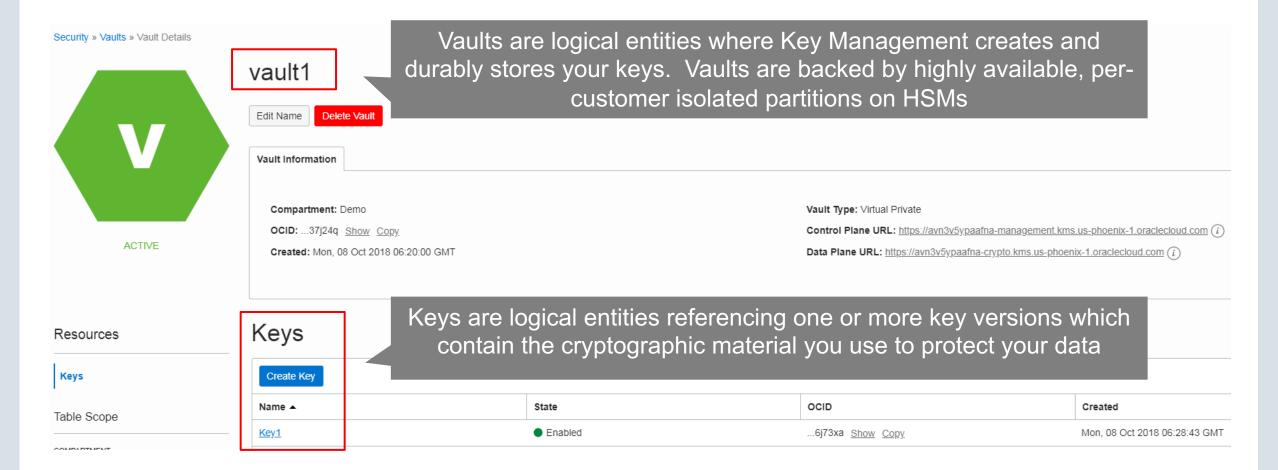
- Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Key Management is a managed service that enables you to encrypt your data using keys that you control
- Oracle Key Management provides you with
 - Centralized key management capabilities
 - Highly available, durable, and secure key storage using per-customer isolated partitions in hardware security modules (HSMs)*
 - Integration with select Oracle Cloud Infrastructure services
- Oracle Key Management uses HSMs that meet Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 Security Level 3 security certification. This means that the HSM hardware is tamper-evident, has physical safeguards for tamper-resistance, requires identity-based authentication, and deletes keys from the device when it detects tampering.

^{*} A HSM is a physical computing device that safeguards digital keys and provides crypto processing

Key Management capabilities

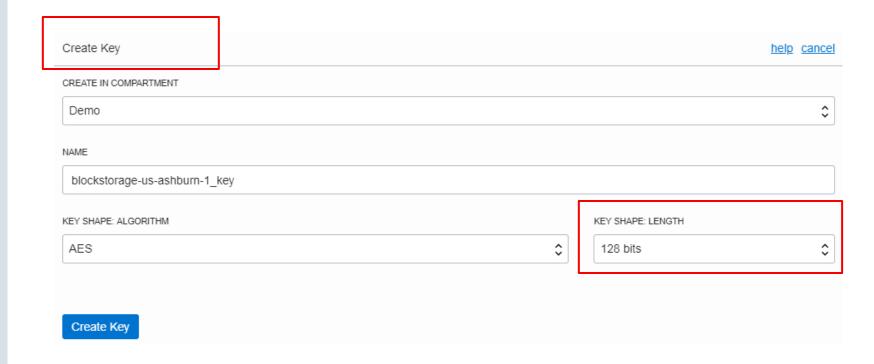
- Create highly available key vaults to durably store your encryption keys
- Create keys /quickly disable keys (so they can't be used by anyone) /re-enable disabled keys
- Rotate your keys to meet your security governance and regulatory compliance needs
- Define which Oracle Identity and Access Management (IAM) users or groups can manage keys and key vaults
- Define which IAM users, groups or service can use keys to encrypt and decrypt your data
- Define which IAM users or groups can associate keys with other OCI resources (e.g. block volumes, object storage bucket)
- Monitor the lifecycle of your keys and key vaults using Oracle Audit
- Delete key vaults that you no longer use

Centralized Key Management



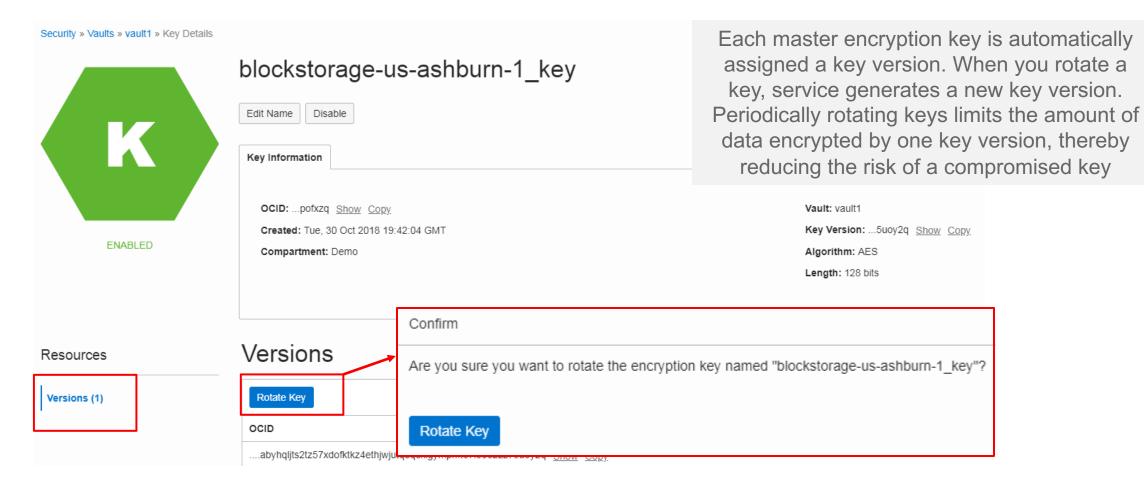


Create a Key



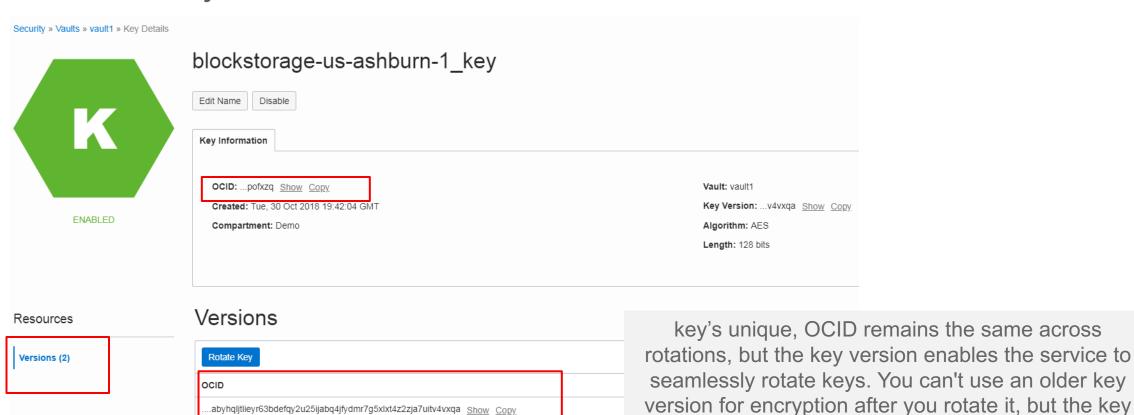
Key Management supports Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) *Key Shape Algorithm* with key sizes of 128, 196, and 256 bits

Rotate a Key





Rotate a Key



.abyhqljts2tz57xdofktkz4ethjwjutqeqckigympnft67looo2zz75uoy2q Show Copy



version remains available to decrypt any data that it

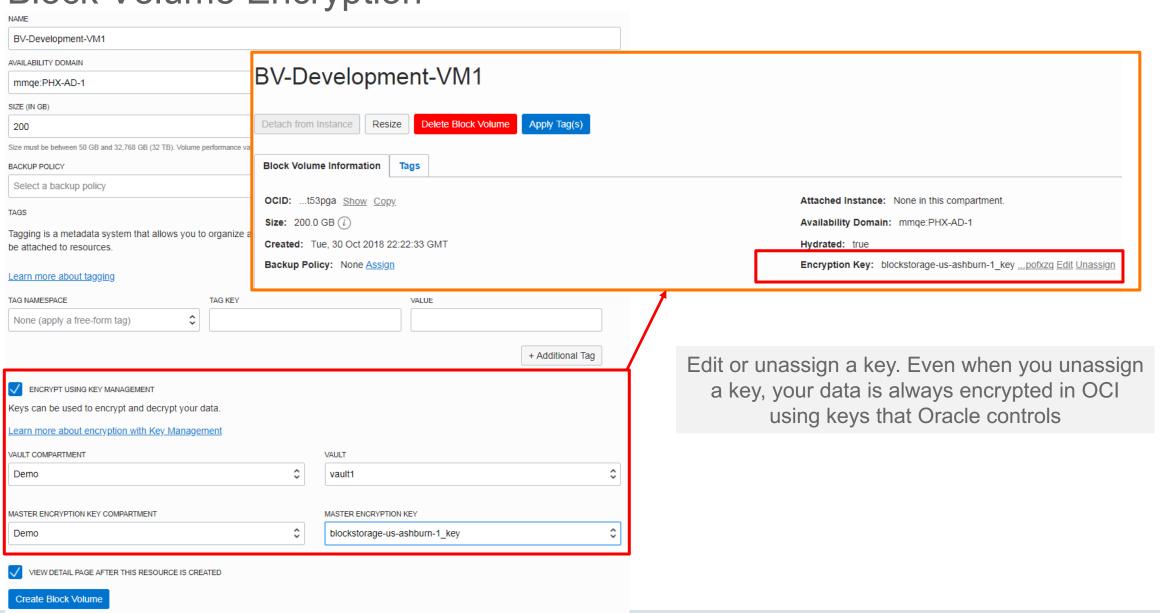
previously encrypted

IAM Integration with Key Management

- Only users, groups, or services that you authorize via an IAM policy can use the keys by invoking Key Management to encrypt or decrypt data. Example policies
- Compartments for keys management should be separated
- Policies
 - This policy allows the group VaultAdministrators to perform all management actions in the VaultCompartment
 - Allow group VaultAdministrators to manage vaults in compartment VaultCompartment
 - This policy allows the group KeyAdministrators to manage keys and use the vaults in the VaultCompartment
 - Allow group KeyAdministrators to manage keys in compartment VaultCompartment
 - Allow group KeyAdministrators to use vaults in compartment VaultCompartment
 - These policies allow Object and Block storage to use keys
 - allow service objectstorage-us-phoenix-1 to manage keys in compartment VaultCompartment
 - allow service blockstorage to manage keys in compartment VaultCompartment



Block Volume Encryption





Key Management – Design Considerations

- Regional service, replicates encryption keys across 3 ADs in a region
- Block Volumes and Object Storage are integrated with Key Management
- Rotating a key does not automatically re-encrypt data that was previously encrypted with the old key version; this data is re-encrypted the next time it's modified by the customer
- If you suspect that a key has been compromised, you should re-encrypt all data protected by that key and disable the prior key version
- You cannot import a key from your existing key management solution to Oracle Key Management. You
 cannot export encryption keys from the Oracle Key Management key vaults
- You cannot delete keys, but can disable them. You can delete key vaults
- You can schedule the deletion of a key vault by configuring a waiting period for deletion from 7 30 days
 - The key vault and all the keys created inside the key vault are deleted at the end of the waiting period, and all the data that was protected by those keys is no longer accessible.
 - After a key vault is deleted, it can't be recovered

https://cloud.oracle.com/cloud-security/kms/faq



Key Management Pricing

- When using Key Management, you pay an hourly fee for each key vault that you create, and you are charged at the end of the month for that month's usage.
- You are not charged for the keys that you create inside your key vaults and use with supported Oracle Cloud Infrastructure services
- You aren't billed for the use of a key vault that is scheduled for deletion. If you cancel the deletion of your key vault during the waiting period, billing continues

	PAYG	Monthly Flex	Metric
Oracle Key Management	\$6.983	\$4.655	Virtual Private Vault Per Hour

https://cloud.oracle.com/en US/cloud-security/pricing



Summary

- Key Management is a managed service that enables you to encrypt your data using keys that you control
- Provides centralized key management capabilities leveraging FIPS 140-2 Security Level 3
 Hardware Security Modules
- Currently, integrated with OCI Block Volume and Object Storage services
- IAM integration defines which IAM users, groups or service can use keys to encrypt and decrypt your data



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