Maximum Entropy Theorems

Samuel Epstein

February 17, 2025

Theorem 1 (Epstein) Let $(X \times Y, \mu \times \nu)$ be a product computable measure space. Let $A : \mathbb{N} \to X$, $B : \mathbb{N} \to Y$ be injective functions with $\mathbf{I}(\langle A, B \rangle : \mathcal{H}) < \infty$. For $s \in \mathbb{N}$, m < s, there exists 2^{s-m} indices $t < 2^s$ with $\max\{\mathbf{G}_{\mu}(A(t)), \mathbf{G}_{\nu}(B(t))\} < -m + O(\log s)$.

Theorem 2 Let L be the Lebesgue measure over \mathbb{R} , (\mathcal{X}, μ) , (\mathcal{Y}, ν) be non-atomic computable measure spaces. Let $A:[0,1] \to \mathcal{X}$ and $B:[0,1] \to \mathcal{Y}$ be continuous. Let $\mathbf{I}(\langle A,B\rangle:\mathcal{H})<\infty$. There is a constant c with $L\{t\in[0,1]:\max\{\mathbf{G}_{\mu}(A(t)),\mathbf{G}_{\nu}(B(t))\}<\log\mu(X)-n\}>2^{-n-\mathbf{K}(n)-c}$.