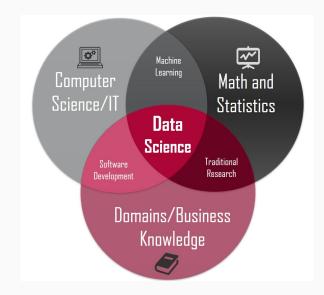


What is Data Science?

- **Definition**: "Data Science is the discipline of extracting knowledge and insights from structured and unstructured data using scientific methods, processes, algorithms, and systems."
- **Key Fields**: Statistics, Machine Learning, Computer Science.
- Goal: To make data-driven decisions and predictions.





The Data Science Process

Stages:

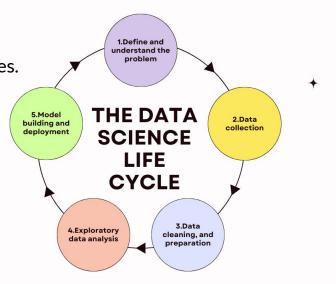
1. Data Collection: Gathering raw data.

2. Data Cleaning: Removing inaccuracies and filling missing values.

3. Data Analysis: Applying statistical methods and algorithms.

4. Data Visualization: Creating graphs and charts.

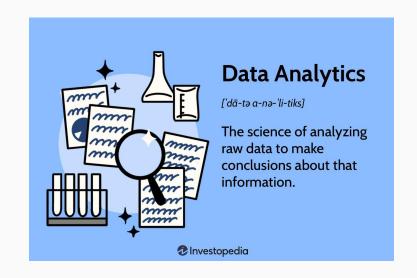
5. Model Deployment: Using models in real-world applications.





Key Components of Data Science

- **1. Data Understanding:** Knowing the types and nature of data.
- **2. Data Manipulation:** Techniques for processing data (e.g., sorting, merging).
- **3. Data Storage:** Use of databases and data warehouses.
- 4. Importance of Data Quality: Impact on analysis accuracy.
- **5. Machine Learning:** Builds models to predict future data or automate decisions.





Title: Introduction to Data Science

Tools and Technologies

Programming Languages: Python, R

Libraries and Frameworks:

Python: Pandas, NumPy, scikit-learn, TensorFlow

R: ggplot2, dplyr, caret

Development Environments: Jupyter Notebook, RStudio





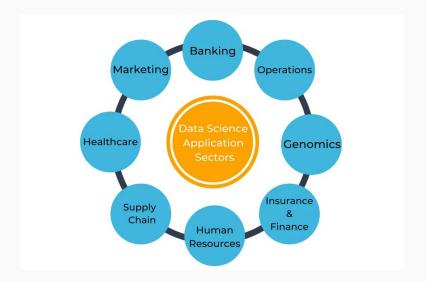
Applications of Data Science

Healthcare: Disease prediction, medical imaging.

Finance: Credit scoring, algorithmic trading.

Retail: Customer segmentation, inventory management.

Transportation: Route optimization, demand forecasting.





Challenges in Data Science

Data Privacy: Ensuring personal data is protected.

Data Quality: Dealing with poor or incomplete data.

Keeping Up-to-Date: Staying current with new methods and technologies.

Skill Diversity: Need for a broad range of skills.



Common Data
Science
Problems



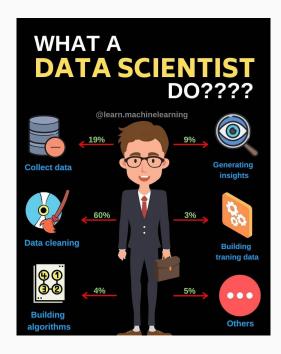
Title: Introduction to Data Science

Becoming a Data Scientist

Education: Background in computer science, mathematics, or domain-specific fields.

Skills: Statistical analysis, programming, problem-solving.

Pathways: Academic degrees, online courses, bootcamps.





Conclusion and Resources

Summary: Data Science is a powerful tool for insight and innovation across many fields.

Further Learning:

- Online Platforms: Coursera, Udemy, edX
- Books: "Data Science for Business" by Foster Provost, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning"
 by Christopher Bishop
- Communities: Kaggle, Stack Overflow, GitHub

https://github.com/samresume/USU-Workshop



