

Assignment9

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libraries

```
library(countrycode)
```

```
## Warning: package 'countrycode' was built under R version 3.6.3
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.3.0      v purrr   0.3.3
## v tibble  2.1.3      v dplyr   0.8.5
## v tidyr   1.0.2      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.3.1      v forcats 0.5.0
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.6.3
```

```
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 3.6.3
```

```
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.6.3
```

```
## Warning: package 'stringr' was built under R version 3.6.3
```

```
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 3.6.3
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(lubridate)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      date
```

```
theme_set(theme_bw())

dat <-
  read_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/nytimes/covid-19-data/master/us-counties.csv")
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   date = col_date(format = ""),
##   county = col_character(),
##   state = col_character(),
##   fips = col_character(),
##   cases = col_double(),
##   deaths = col_double()
## )
```

```
deaths_by_state <- dat %>%
  group_by(state,date) %>%
  summarize(total_deaths = sum(deaths)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  filter(date == max(date)) %>%
  arrange(desc(total_deaths))
deaths_by_state
```

```
## # A tibble: 55 x 3
##   state      date      total_deaths
##   <chr>      <date>      <dbl>
## 1 New York   2020-04-12    9385
## 2 New Jersey 2020-04-12    2350
## 3 Michigan   2020-04-12    1488
## 4 Louisiana  2020-04-12     840
## 5 Massachusetts 2020-04-12     756
## 6 Illinois   2020-04-12     727
## 7 California 2020-04-12     676
## 8 Connecticut 2020-04-12     554
## 9 Pennsylvania 2020-04-12     525
## 10 Washington 2020-04-12     511
## # ... with 45 more rows
```

EX1

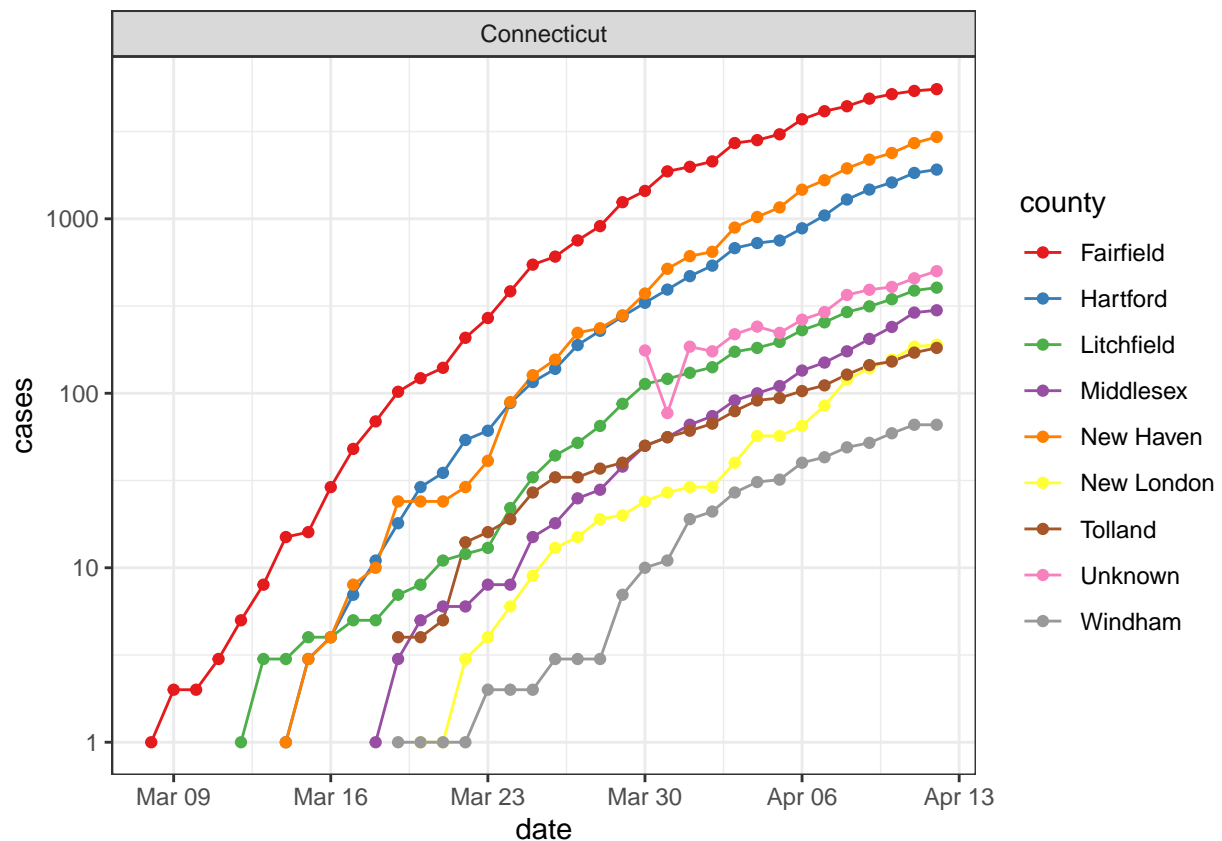
```
deaths_by_date<-dat %>%
  group_by(state,date) %>%
  summarize(total_deaths = sum(deaths),
            Total_cases=sum(cases)) %>%
  arrange(desc(Total_cases))
deaths_by_date
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,269 x 4
## # Groups:   state [55]
##   state      date      total_deaths Total_cases
```

```
##      <chr>      <date>          <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1 New York 2020-04-12          9385      188694
## 2 New York 2020-04-11          8627      180458
## 3 New York 2020-04-10          7844      170512
## 4 New York 2020-04-09          7067      159937
## 5 New York 2020-04-08          6268      149401
## 6 New York 2020-04-07          5563      140081
## 7 New York 2020-04-06          5505      130703
## 8 New York 2020-04-05          4161      122911
## 9 New York 2020-04-04          3568      114996
## 10 New York 2020-04-03          2935      102945
## # ... with 2,259 more rows
```

```
dat_small <-
  dat %>%
  filter(state %in% c("South Carolina", "Connecticut")) %>%
  mutate(county = factor(county))

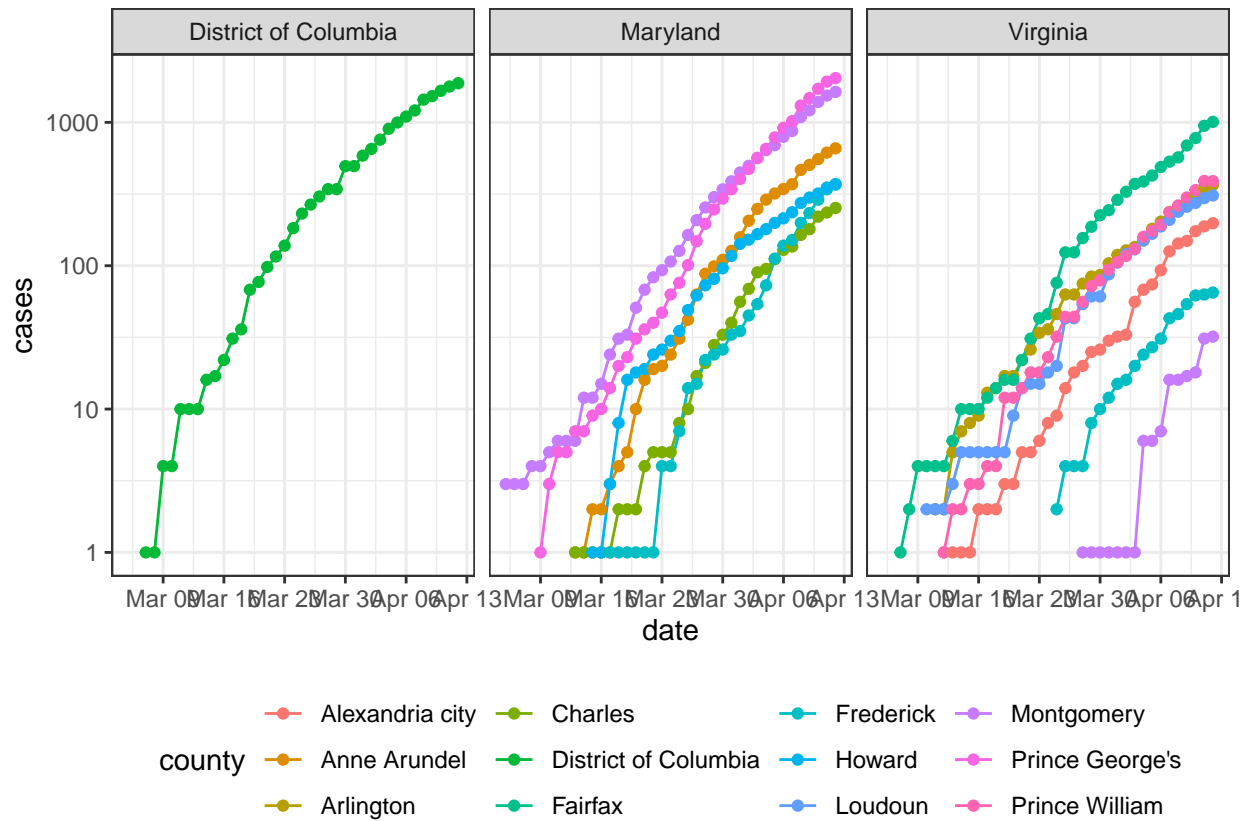
dat_small %>%
  filter(state == "Connecticut") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = date, y = cases, group = county, col = county)) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  facet_wrap(~ state) +
  scale_y_log10() +
  scale_color_brewer(palette = "Set1")
```



Ex2

```
dat_small <-
  dat %>%
  filter(state %in% c("District of Columbia", "Maryland", "Virginia")) %>%
  filter(county %in% c("Anne Arundel", "Charles", "Alexandria city", "District of Columbia", "Frederick", "H
  mutate(county = factor(county),
         date = as.Date(date, format = "%Y-%m-%d"))

dat_small %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = date, y = cases, group = county, col = county)) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  facet_wrap(~ state) +
  scale_y_log10() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```



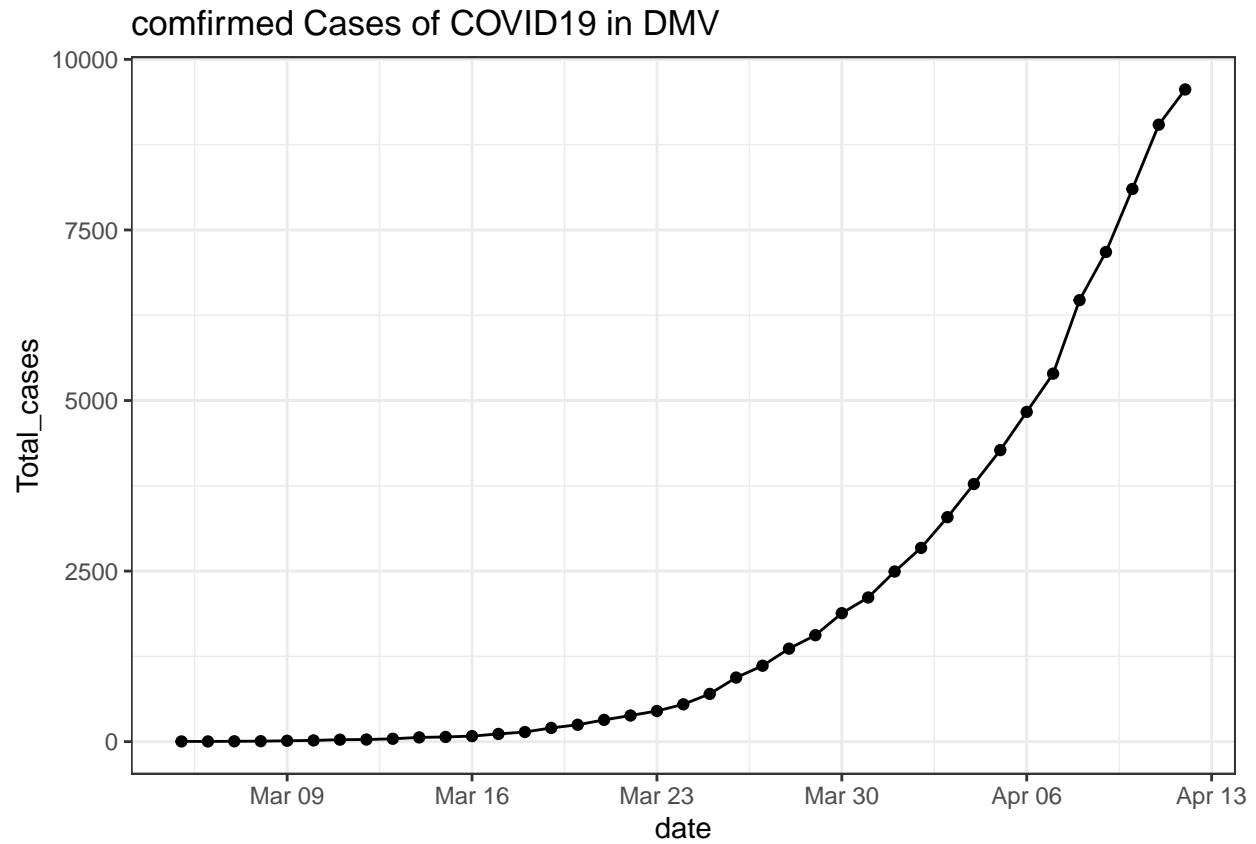
EX3

```
DMV<-dat_small %>%
  group_by(date) %>%
  summarize(total_deaths = sum(deaths),
```

```

    Total_cases=sum(cases))
ggplot(DMV,aes(x=date,y=Total_cases))+
  geom_line()+
  geom_point()+
  ggtitle("confirmed Cases of COVID19 in DMV ")

```

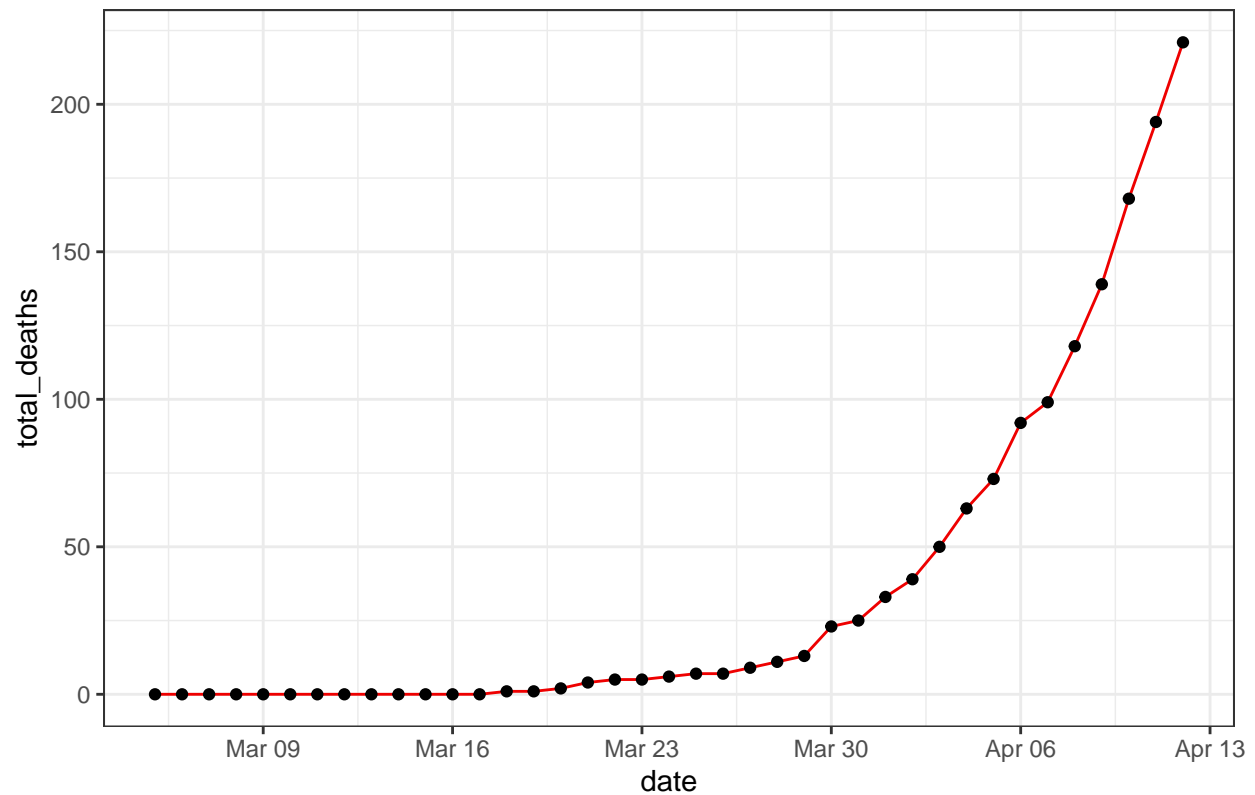


```

ggplot(DMV,aes(x=date,y=total_deaths))+
  geom_line(color="#EE0000")+
  geom_point()+
  ggtitle("Deaths due of COVID19 in DMV ")

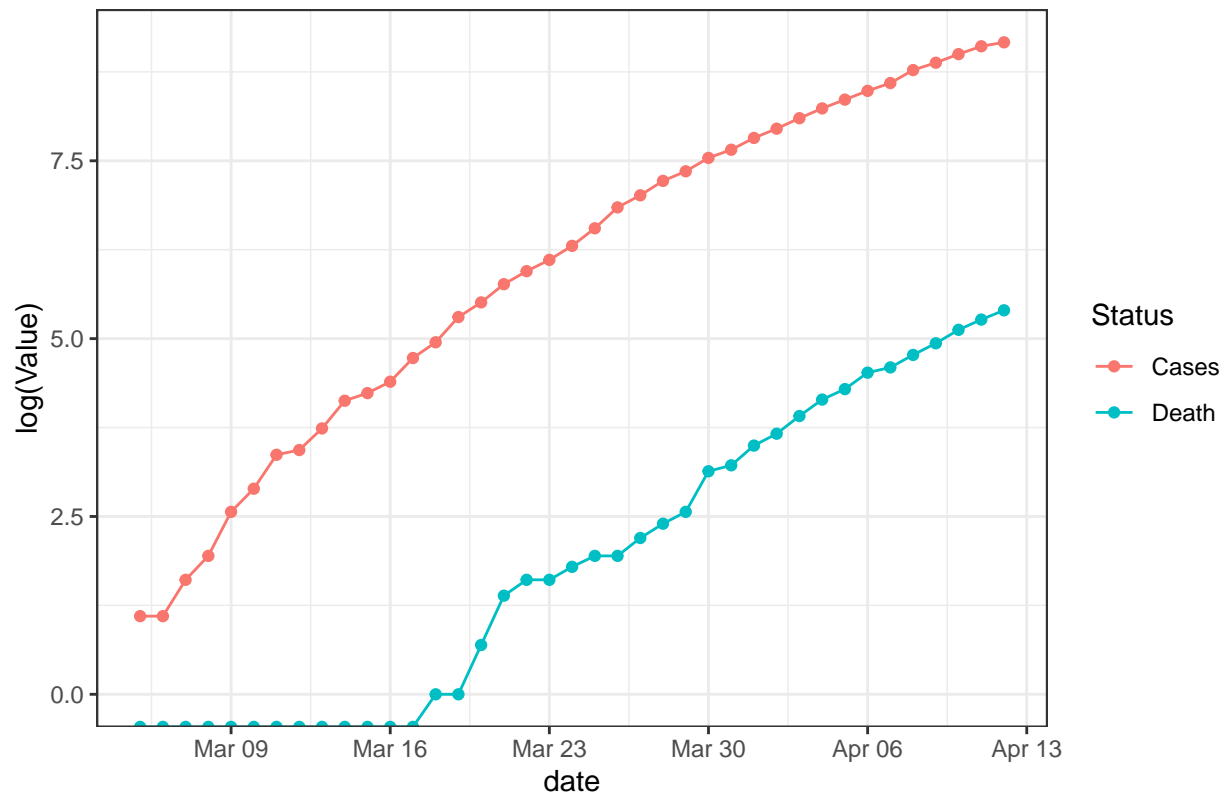
```

Deaths due of COVID19 in DMV



```
DMV<-DMV %>%  
  mutate(Cases=Total_cases,  
         Death=total_deaths) %>%  
  select(date,Cases,Death) %>%  
  pivot_longer(-date,names_to = "Status",values_to = "Value")  
  
ggplot(DMV,aes(x=date,y=log(Value),color=Status))+  
  geom_line()+  
  geom_point()+  
  ggtitle("COVID19 in DMV ")
```

COVID19 in DMV



EX4

```
dat <-
  read_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19/master/archived_data/archived_time_series_data.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   .default = col_double(),
##   `Province/State` = col_character(),
##   `Country/Region` = col_character()
## )

## See spec(...) for full column specifications.

new_dat<-dat %>%
  pivot_longer(-c(`Province/State`, `Country/Region`, Lat, Long), names_to = "date", values_to = "Confirmed_Cases")

new_dat$`Country/State` = paste(new_dat$`Province/State`, new_dat$`Country/Region`, sep = ",")
new_dat

## # A tibble: 31,062 x 7
##   `Province/State` `Country/Region` Lat Long date Confirmed_Cases
```

```
##      <chr>                <chr>                <dbl> <dbl> <chr>                <dbl>
## 1 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/22~                2
## 2 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/23~                3
## 3 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/24~                5
## 4 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/25~                7
## 5 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/26~                8
## 6 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/27~                8
## 7 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/28~               14
## 8 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/29~               14
## 9 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/30~               14
## 10 <NA>               Thailand                15    101 1/31~               19
## # ... with 31,052 more rows, and 1 more variable: `Country/State` <chr>
```

Ex5

```
new_dat1<-new_dat %>%
  mutate(continent=countrycode(sourcevar = `Country/Region`,
                                origin = "country.name",
                                destination = "continent")) %>%
  mutate(continent=case_when(`Country/Region`=="South Yemen (former)"~"Asia",
                              `Country/Region`=="Akrotiri and Dhekelia"~"Europe",
                              `Country/Region`=="Central African Rep."~"Africa",
                              `Country/Region`=="Channel Islands"~"Europe",
                              `Country/Region`=="Cocos Island"~"Asia",
                              `Country/Region`=="Czechoslovakia"~"Europe",
                              `Country/Region`=="East Germany"~"Europe",
                              `Country/Region`=="Eritrea and Ethiopia"~"Africa",
                              `Country/Region`=="Kosovo"~"Europe",
                              `Country/Region`=="North Yemen (former)"~"Asia",
                              `Country/Region`=="North Yemen (former)"~"Americas",
                              `Country/Region`=="St. Martin"~"Asia",
                              `Country/Region`=="Yugoslavia"~"Europe",
                              `Country/Region`=="Serbia and Montenegro"~"Asia",
                              TRUE~continent))
```

```
## Warning in countrycode(sourcevar = `Country/Region`, origin = "country.name", : Some values were not
```

```
new_dat1
```

```
## # A tibble: 31,062 x 8
##   `Province/State` `Country/Region`   Lat   Long date   Confirmed_Cases
##   <chr>            <chr>            <dbl> <dbl> <chr>            <dbl>
## 1 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/22~            2
## 2 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/23~            3
## 3 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/24~            5
## 4 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/25~            7
## 5 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/26~            8
## 6 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/27~            8
## 7 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/28~           14
## 8 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/29~           14
## 9 <NA>            Thailand            15    101 1/30~           14
```



```
## 10 <NA>                Thailand                15    101 1/31~                19
## # ... with 31,052 more rows, and 2 more variables: `Country/State` <chr>,
## #   continent <chr>
```

EX6

```
new_dat2<-new_dat1 %>%
  select(`Country/Region`,Confirmed_Cases,`Country/State`) %>%
  group_by(`Country/State`) %>%
  summarize(Confirmed_Cases_sum=sum(Confirmed_Cases)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  arrange(desc(Confirmed_Cases_sum))

new_dat2<-head(new_dat2,25)
new_dat2
```

```
## # A tibble: 25 x 2
##   `Country/State` Confirmed_Cases_sum
##   <chr>           <dbl>
## 1 Hubei,China      2894885
## 2 NA,Italy         497959
## 3 NA,Iran          252770
## 4 NA,Spain        186200
## 5 NA,Korea, South  181699
## 6 NA,Germany       160974
## 7 France,France    117724
## 8 Guangdong,China  67015
## 9 New York,US       64538
## 10 Henan,China      61811
## # ... with 15 more rows
```

```
country<-new_dat2$`Country/State`
```

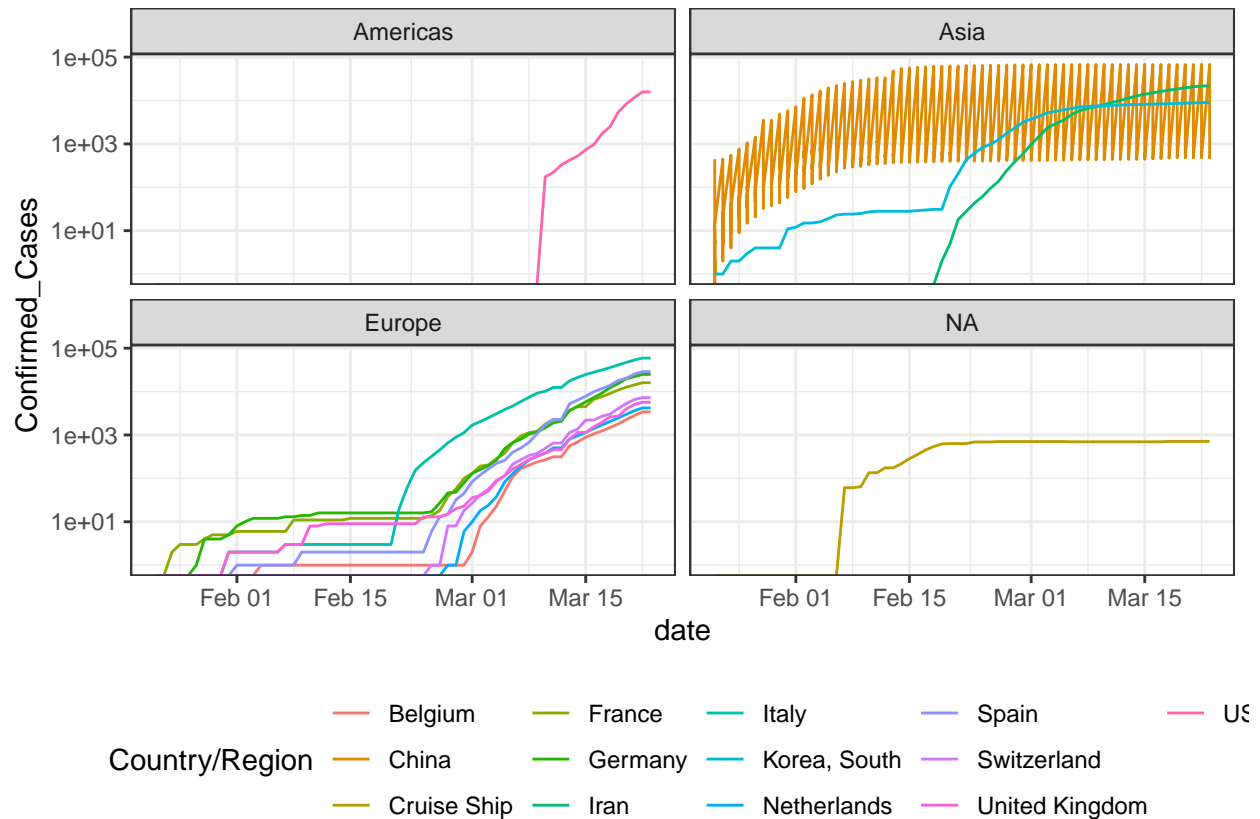
EX7

```
new_dat3<-new_dat %>%
  mutate(continent=countrycode(sourcevar = `Country/Region`,
                                origin = "country.name",
                                destination = "continent")) %>%
  mutate(continent=case_when(`Country/Region`=="Kosovo"~"Europe",
                              TRUE~continent),
         date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%Y")) %>%
  filter(`Country/State` %in% country)
```

```
## Warning in countrycode(sourcevar = `Country/Region`, origin = "country.name", : Some values were not
```

```
new_dat3 %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = date, y = Confirmed_Cases,color=~Country/Region`)) +
  geom_line() +
  facet_wrap(~ continent) +
  scale_y_log10() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

```
## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis
```



EX8

```
data<-new_dat1 %>%
  filter(`Province/State`=="New York") %>%
  select(date,Confirmed_Cases) %>%
  mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%y"))

data1<-deaths_by_date %>%
  select(date,state,Total_cases) %>%
  filter(state=="New York") %>%
  mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%Y-%m-%d")) %>%
  select(date,Total_cases)
```

```
## Adding missing grouping variables: `state`
```

```
data3<-full_join(data,data1,all=T)
```

```
## Joining, by = "date"
```

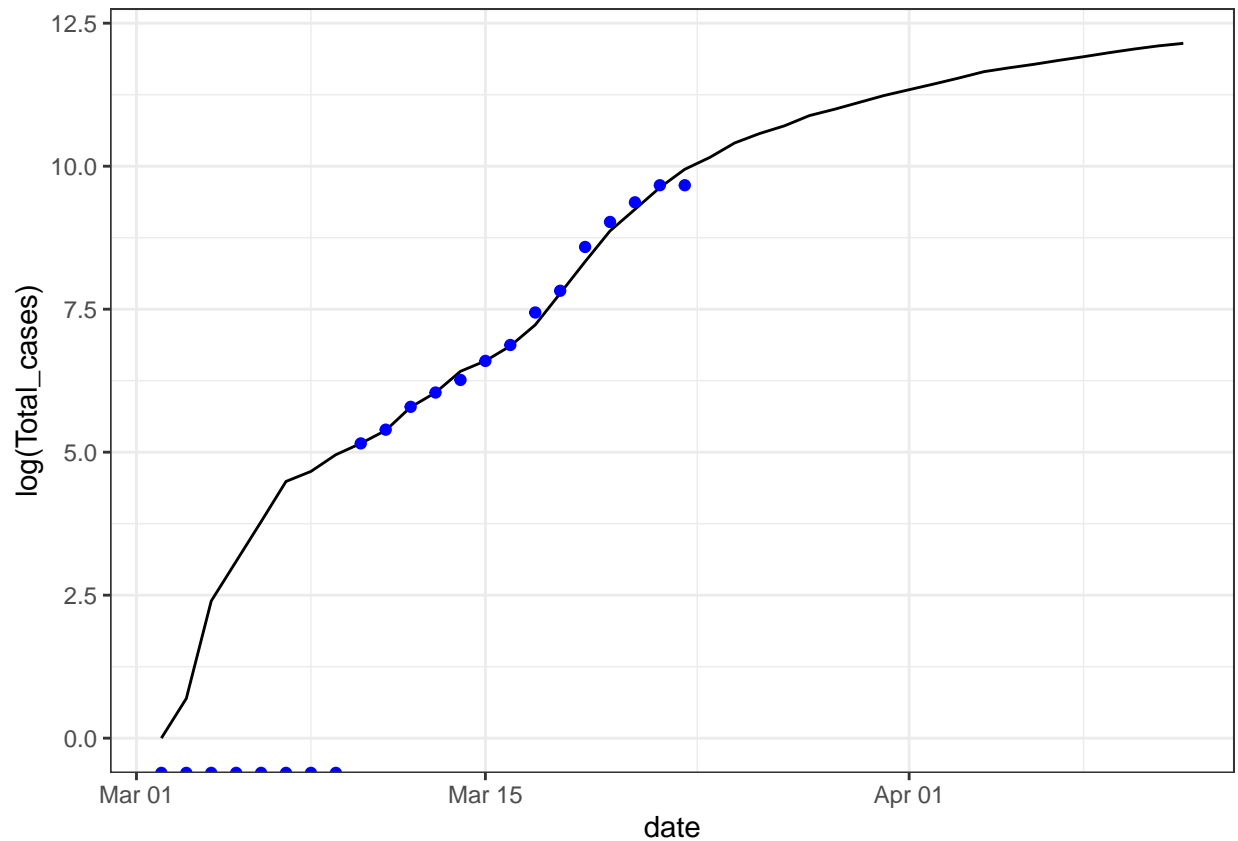
```
data3
```

```
## # A tibble: 82 x 4
##   date      Confirmed_Cases state Total_cases
##   <date>          <dbl> <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 2020-01-22            0 <NA>         NA
## 2 2020-01-23            0 <NA>         NA
## 3 2020-01-24            0 <NA>         NA
## 4 2020-01-25            0 <NA>         NA
## 5 2020-01-26            0 <NA>         NA
## 6 2020-01-27            0 <NA>         NA
## 7 2020-01-28            0 <NA>         NA
## 8 2020-01-29            0 <NA>         NA
## 9 2020-01-30            0 <NA>         NA
## 10 2020-01-31           0 <NA>         NA
## # ... with 72 more rows
```

I think that there is change in number because the tells today number of positive cases in first part and second one tells the total cases after people are recovered.

```
data3 %>%
  filter(date>ymd(20200301)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=date,y=log(Total_cases)))+
  geom_line()+
  geom_point(aes(y=log(Confirmed_Cases)),color="blue")
```

```
## Warning: Removed 20 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

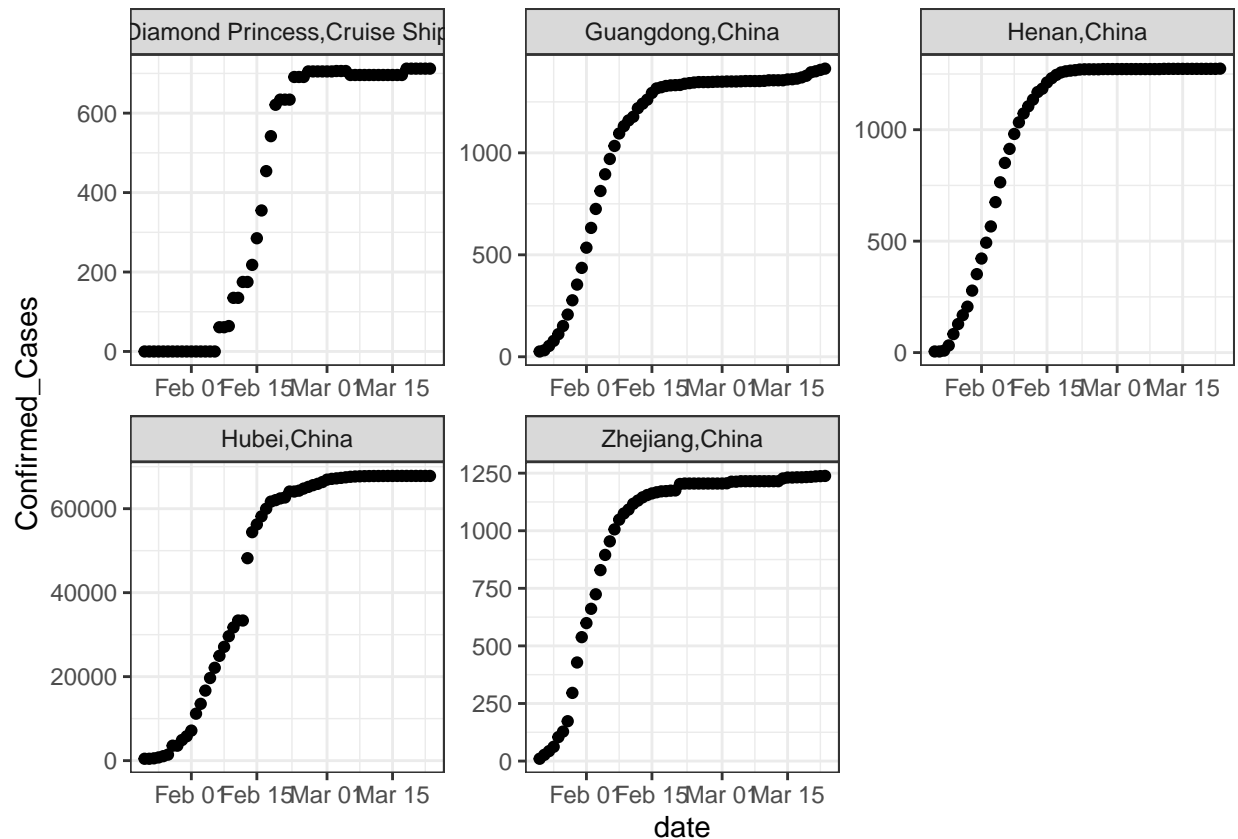


```
ggtitle("Deaths due of COVID19 in DMV ")
```

```
## $title
## [1] "Deaths due of COVID19 in DMV "
##
## attr("class")
## [1] "labels"
```

```
Slowed_cases <- new_dat1 %>%
  filter(`Country/State` %in% c("Hubei,China", "Diamond Princess,Cruise Ship","Guangdong,China","Henan,China"))
  mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%y"))

Slowed_cases %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = date, y = Confirmed_Cases)) +
    geom_point() +
    facet_wrap(~ `Country/State`, scales = "free")
```

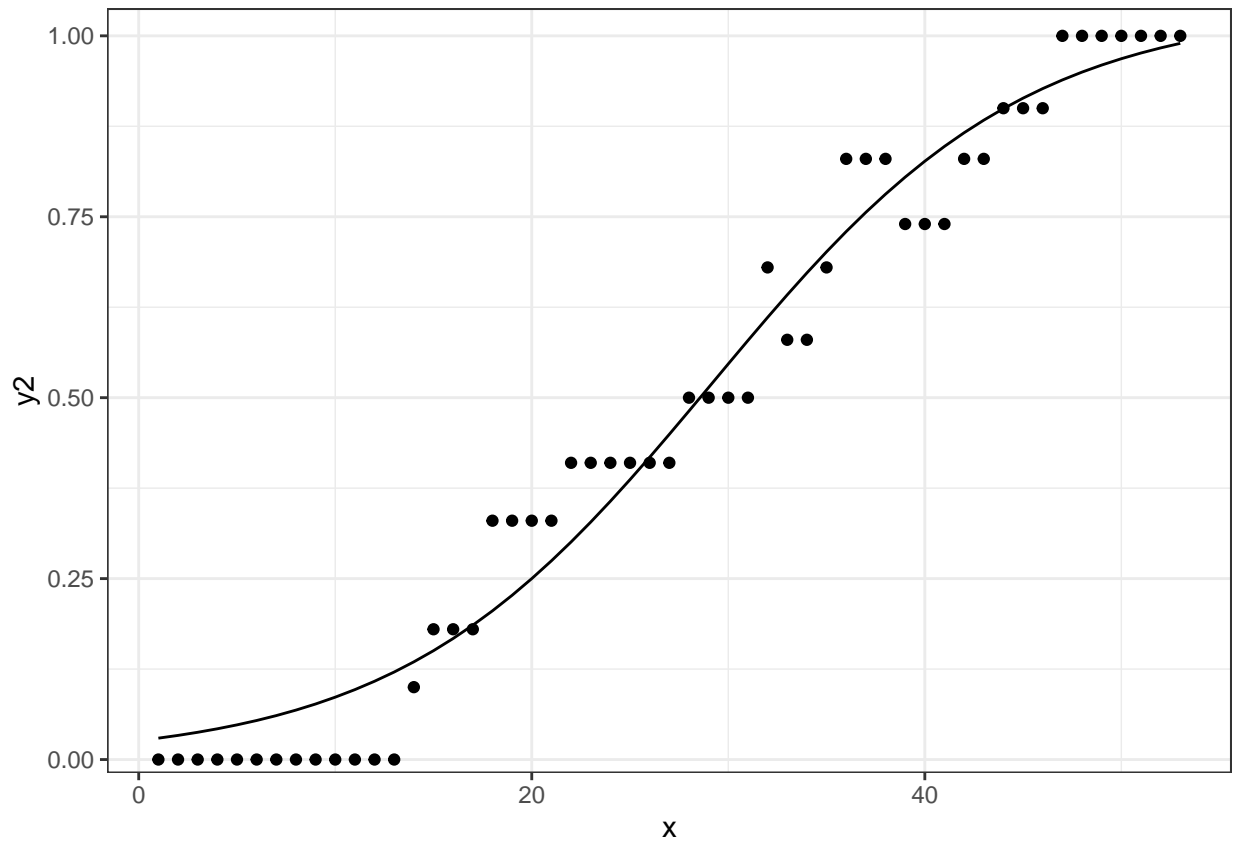


```
# function needed for visualization purposes
sigmoid = function(x, params) {
  params[1] / (1 + exp(-params[2] * (x - params[3])))
}

x = 1:53
y = c(0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0.1,0.18,0.18,0.18,0.33,0.33,0.33,0.33,0.41,
      0.41,0.41,0.41,0.41,0.41,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.5,0.68,0.58,0.58,0.68,0.83,0.83,0.83,
      0.74,0.74,0.74,0.83,0.83,0.9,0.9,0.9,1,1,1,1,1,1,1)
df <- tibble(x = x, y = y)
# fitting code
fitmodel <- nls(y ~ a / (1 + exp(-b * (x - c))), data = df,
               start = list(a = 1, b = 0.5, c = 25))

# visualization code
# get the coefficients using the coef function
params = coef(fitmodel)

df$y2 <- sigmoid(x, params)
df %>% ggplot(aes(x, y2)) + geom_line() + geom_point(y = y)
```



EX10

```
sigmoid = function(x, params) {
  params[1] / (1 + exp(-params[2] * (x - params[3])))
}

Slowed_cases <- new_dat1 %>%
  filter(`Country/State` %in% c("Hubei,China"))%>%
  mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%y"),
         date_int=unclass(date))

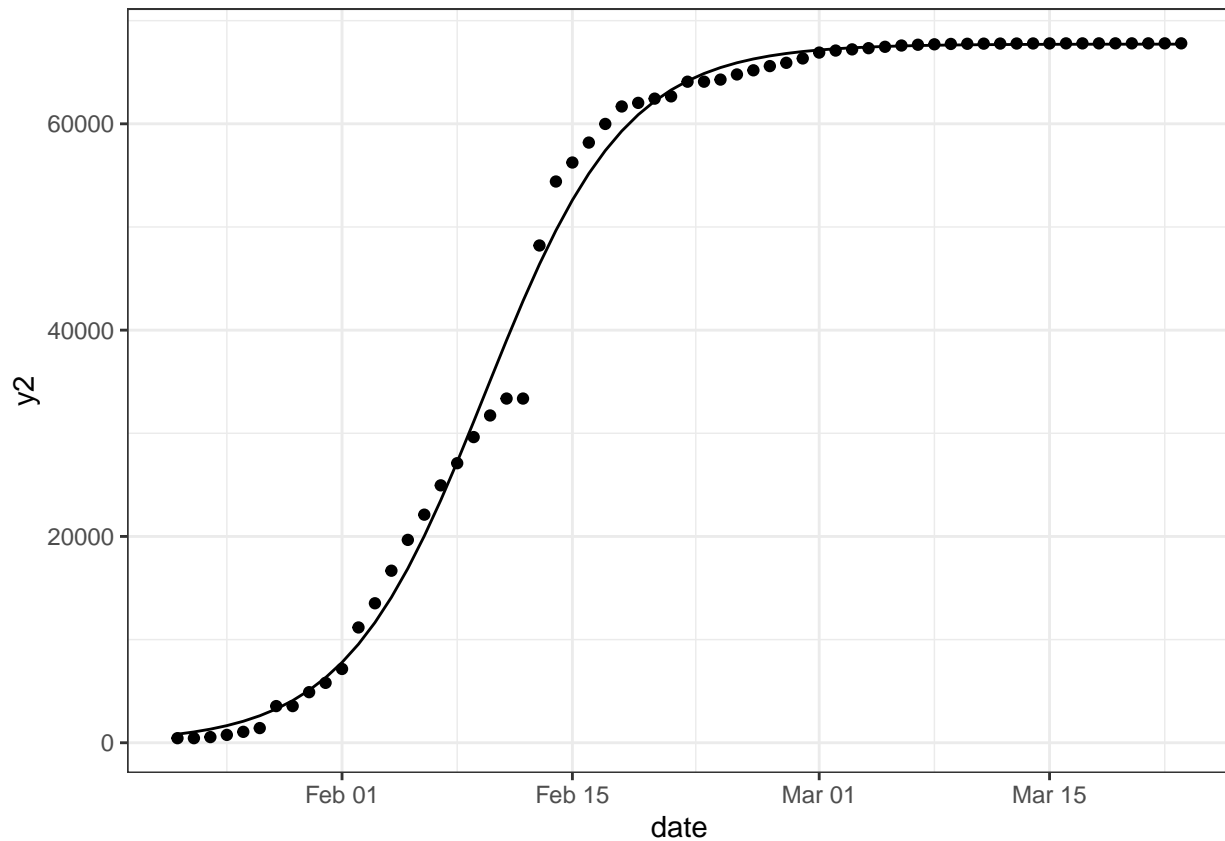
startK <- max(Slowed_cases$Confirmed_Cases)
fitmodel <- nls(Confirmed_Cases ~ K / ( 1 +
                                         exp(-B * (date_int - t0))) ) ,
               data = Slowed_cases,
               start = list(K = startK, B = .25, t0 = 18300),
               control = list(maxiter = 1000, warnOnly = TRUE))

params=coef(fitmodel)

Slowed_cases$y2 <- sigmoid(Slowed_cases$date_int, params)

ggplot(Slowed_cases,aes(date, y2)) +
```

```
geom_line() +
geom_point(aes(y = Confirmed_Cases))
```



```
summary(fitmodel)
```

```
##
## Formula: Confirmed_Cases ~ K/((1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0))))
##
## Parameters:
##      Estimate Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## K  6.773e+04  3.839e+02    176.44  <2e-16 ***
## B   2.348e-01  7.916e-03    29.66  <2e-16 ***
## t0  1.830e+04  1.660e-01 110241.52  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2002 on 59 degrees of freedom
##
## Number of iterations to convergence: 5
## Achieved convergence tolerance: 8.777e-07
```

```
broom::glance(fitmodel)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 8
```

```
##      sigma isConv      finTol logLik   AIC   BIC   deviance df.residual
##      <dbl> <lg1>          <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>      <dbl>      <int>
## 1 2002. TRUE    0.000000878 -558. 1123. 1132. 236424289.        59
```

EX11

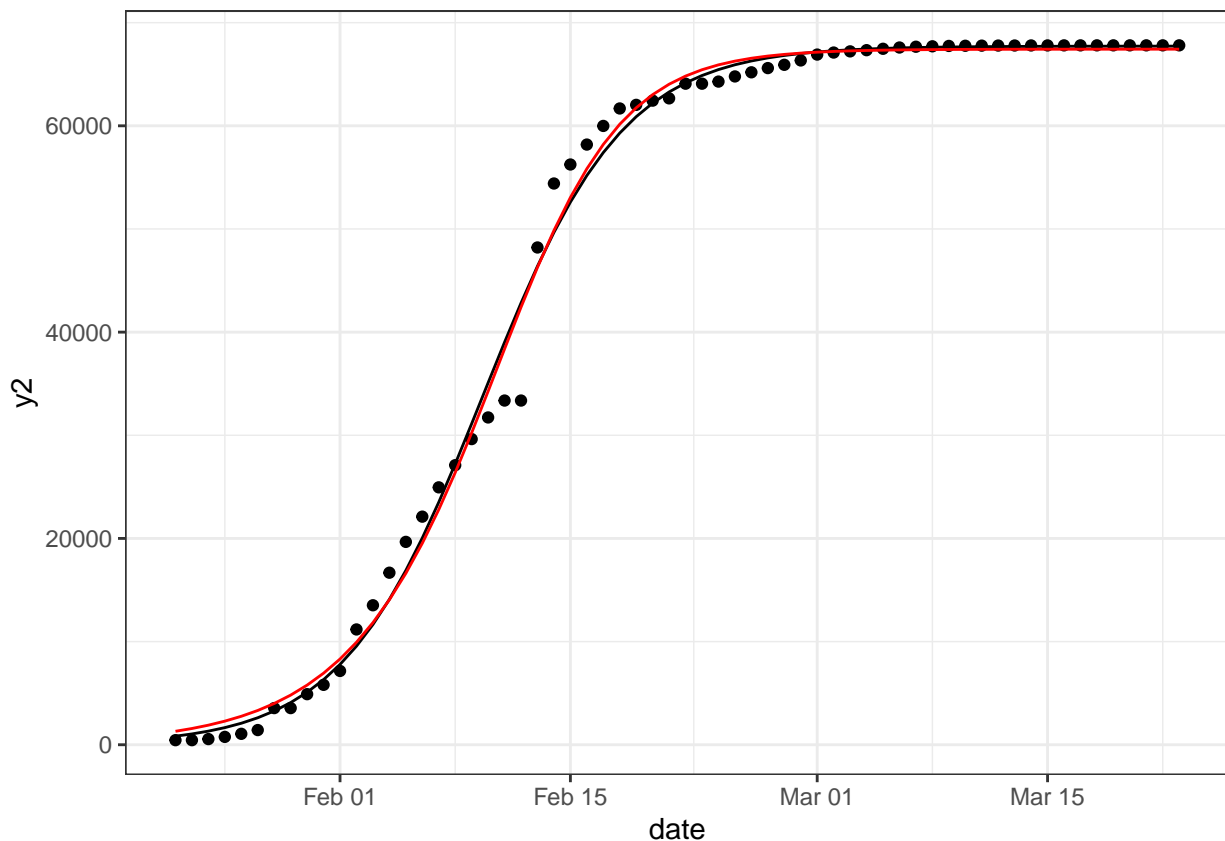
```
sigmoid = function(x, params) {
  params[1] / (1 + exp(-params[2] * (x - params[3])))^(1/params[4])
}

startK <- max(Slowed_cases$Confirmed_Cases)
fitmodel <- nls(Confirmed_Cases ~ K / (1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0)))^(1/v),
  data = Slowed_cases,
  start = list(K = startK, B = .25, t0 = 18300, v=1),
  control = list(maxiter = 1000, warnOnly = TRUE))

params = coef(fitmodel)

Slowed_cases$y3 <- sigmoid(Slowed_cases$date_int, params)

ggplot(Slowed_cases, aes(date, y2)) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point(aes(y = Confirmed_Cases)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = y3, color = "red"))
```




```
summary(fitmodel)
```

```
##
## Formula: Confirmed_Cases ~ K/(1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0)))^(1/v)
##
## Parameters:
##      Estimate Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## K  6.743e+04  3.909e+02   172.490 < 2e-16 ***
## B   2.799e-01  2.746e-02    10.196 1.50e-14 ***
## t0  1.830e+04  1.018e+00  17983.849 < 2e-16 ***
## v   1.490e+00  2.885e-01     5.164 3.09e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1976 on 58 degrees of freedom
##
## Number of iterations to convergence: 11
## Achieved convergence tolerance: 9.751e-06
```

```
broom::glance(fitmodel)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 8
##   sigma isConv   finTol logLik   AIC   BIC   deviance df.residual
##   <dbl> <lgl>      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>      <int>
## 1 1976. TRUE    0.00000975 -556. 1123. 1133. 226420388.      58
```

EX12

```
Hubei <- new_dat1 %>%
  filter(`Country/State` %in% c("Hubei,China"))%>%
  mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%y"),
         date_int=unclass(date))

Guangdong <- new_dat1 %>%
  filter(`Country/State` %in% c("Guangdong,China"))%>%
  mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%y"),
         date_int=unclass(date))

Diamond_Princess <- new_dat1 %>%
  filter(`Country/State` %in% c("Diamond Princess,Cruise Ship"))%>%
  mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%y"),
         date_int=unclass(date))

Henan <- new_dat1 %>%
  filter(`Country/State` %in% c("Henan,China"))%>%
  mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%y"),
         date_int=unclass(date))

Zhejiang <- new_dat1 %>%
  filter(`Country/State` %in% c("Zhejiang,China"))%>%
```

```

mutate(date=as.Date(date,format = "%m/%d/%y"),
       date_int=unclass(date))

country_mod2 <- function(df){
  startK <- max(df$Confirmed_Cases)
  nls(Confirmed_Cases ~ K / ( (1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0))) ) ^ (1/v) ,
      data = df,
      start = list(K = startK, B = .25, t0 = 18300, v = 1),
      control = list(maxiter = 1000, warnOnly = TRUE))
}

data<-c(Zhejiang,Henan,Diamond_Princess,Guangdong,Hubei)

#map(data,country_mod2)

country_mod2(Zhejiang)

## Warning in nls(Confirmed_Cases ~ K/((1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0))))^(1/v), :
## step factor 0.000488281 reduced below 'minFactor' of 0.000976562

## Nonlinear regression model
## model: Confirmed_Cases ~ K/((1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0))))^(1/v)
## data: df
##      K      B      t0      v
## 1.228e+03 1.066e-01 1.826e+04 2.625e-02
## residual sum-of-squares: 1093304
##
## Number of iterations till stop: 40
## Achieved convergence tolerance: 4.631
## Reason stopped: step factor 0.000488281 reduced below 'minFactor' of 0.000976563

country_mod2(Henan)

## Nonlinear regression model
## model: Confirmed_Cases ~ K/((1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0))))^(1/v)
## data: df
##      K      B      t0      v
## 1.276e+03 2.375e-01 1.829e+04 5.262e-01
## residual sum-of-squares: 5229
##
## Number of iterations to convergence: 9
## Achieved convergence tolerance: 2.736e-06

country_mod2(Diamond_Princess)

## Nonlinear regression model
## model: Confirmed_Cases ~ K/((1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0))))^(1/v)
## data: df
##      K      B      t0      v
## 7.012e+02 6.322e-01 1.831e+04 2.480e+00

```

```
## residual sum-of-squares: 13272
##
## Number of iterations to convergence: 13
## Achieved convergence tolerance: 2.321e-06
```

```
country_mod2(Guangdong)
```

```
## Nonlinear regression model
## model: Confirmed_Cases ~ K/((1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0))))^(1/v)
## data: df
##      K      B      t0      v
## 1.362e+03 2.111e-01 1.829e+04 2.865e-01
## residual sum-of-squares: 11478
##
## Number of iterations to convergence: 18
## Achieved convergence tolerance: 5.174e-07
```

```
country_mod2(Hubei)
```

```
## Nonlinear regression model
## model: Confirmed_Cases ~ K/((1 + exp(-B * (date_int - t0))))^(1/v)
## data: df
##      K      B      t0      v
## 6.743e+04 2.799e-01 1.830e+04 1.490e+00
## residual sum-of-squares: 226420388
##
## Number of iterations to convergence: 11
## Achieved convergence tolerance: 9.751e-06
```