## DavidJetter\_Product\_Analysis

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```
[]: # Install all required packages for the product performance analysis
     !pip install --upgrade pip
     # Core data processing and analysis libraries
     !pip install pandas numpy
     # Google Cloud and BigQuery libraries
     !pip install google-cloud-bigguery
     !pip install bigframes
     !pip install db-dtypes
     # Visualization libraries
     !pip install matplotlib seaborn
     # Interactive widgets for Jupyter
     !pip install ipywidgets
     # Additional utilities
     !pip install pyarrow
     !pip install google-auth
     !pip install google-auth-oauthlib
     !pip install google-auth-httplib2
     print(" All packages installed successfully!")
[4]: import bigframes.pandas as bf
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     import numpy as np
     from datetime import datetime
     import warnings
     from IPython.display import display, clear_output
     import ipywidgets as widgets
     from ipywidgets import Button, VBox, HBox, HTML
     warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
# SETUP AND AUTHENTICATION
# -----
# Set BigQuery project BEFORE any data loading
PROJECT_ID = "silken-apex-465710-e4" # Your project ID
bf.options.bigquery.project = PROJECT_ID
print(" Configuring BigQuery connection...")
print(f" Project ID: {PROJECT_ID}")
# Set matplotlib style to ggplot2
plt.style.use('ggplot')
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (12, 8)
plt.rcParams['font.size'] = 11
plt.rcParams['axes.titlesize'] = 14
plt.rcParams['axes.labelsize'] = 12
# -----
# DATA LOADING WITH ERROR HANDLING
def load_superstore_data():
   """Load Superstore data with comprehensive error handling"""
   print("Loading Superstore data...")
   try:
      # Primary attempt: Load from BigQuery
      table_id = f"{PROJECT_ID}.SuperstoreData.Superstore"
      superstore_df = bf.read_gbq(table_id)
      superstore_pd = superstore_df.to_pandas()
      print(" BigQuery data loaded successfully!")
      print(f" Dataset shape: {superstore_pd.shape}")
      return superstore_pd
   except Exception as e:
      print(f" BigQuery loading failed: {e}")
      print("\n Using sample data for demonstration...")
      # Fallback: Create sample data for demonstration
      return create_sample_data()
def create_sample_data():
   """Create sample Superstore data for demonstration"""
   np.random.seed(42)
```

```
n_records = 1000
    categories = ['Technology', 'Office Supplies', 'Furniture']
    segments = ['Consumer', 'Corporate', 'Home Office']
   regions = ['Central', 'East', 'South', 'West']
    sample_data = {
        'order_id': [f'US-2023-{i:06d}' for i in range(n_records)],
        'order_date': pd.date_range('2023-01-01', periods=n_records, freq='D'),
        'ship_date': pd.date_range('2023-01-03', periods=n_records, freq='D'),
        'customer': [f'Customer-{i}' for i in range(n_records)],
        'manufactory': np.random.choice(['HP', 'Canon', 'Logitech', 'Other'],__
 →n records),
        'product_name': [f'Product-{i}' for i in range(n_records)],
        'segment': np.random.choice(segments, n_records),
        'category': np.random.choice(categories, n_records),
        'subcategory': np.random.choice(['Accessories', 'Paper', 'Storage', __
 ⇔'Phones'], n_records),
        'region': np.random.choice(regions, n_records),
        'zip': np.random.randint(10000, 99999, n_records),
        'city': [f'City-{i}' for i in range(n_records)],
        'state': np.random.choice(['CA', 'NY', 'TX', 'FL'], n_records),
        'country': ['United States'] * n_records,
        'discount': np.random.beta(2, 8, n_records) * 0.5,
        'quantity': np.random.randint(1, 10, n_records),
        'sales': np.random.lognormal(4, 1, n_records),
        'profit': np.random.normal(50, 100, n records)
   }
   df = pd.DataFrame(sample_data)
   df['profit_margin'] = df['profit'] / df['sales']
   print(" Sample data created for demonstration")
   print(f" Sample dataset shape: {df.shape}")
   return df
# Load data (with fallback to sample data if BiqQuery fails)
superstore_pd = load_superstore_data()
# Simple data preparation
superstore_pd['order_date'] = pd.to_datetime(superstore_pd['order_date'])
superstore_pd = superstore_pd.fillna(0)
# INTERACTIVE NAVIGATION SYSTEM
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# Global variables for navigation
questions = [
    "Which products/categories perform best?",
   "What drives product profitability?",
   "Where should we focus product strategy?"
]
def create navigation buttons():
    """Create interactive navigation buttons"""
   next button = Button(
       description='Next Question →',
       disabled=False,
       button_style='success',
       tooltip='Click to proceed to next analysis',
       layout=widgets.Layout(width='200px', height='40px')
   )
   prev_button = Button(
       description='← Previous Question',
       disabled=True,
       button_style='info',
       tooltip='Click to go back to previous analysis',
       layout=widgets.Layout(width='200px', height='40px')
   )
   return prev_button, next_button
def display_question_header(question_num, question_text):
    """Display styled header for each question"""
   header_html = f"""
   <div style="background: linear-gradient(90deg, #2E86AB, #A23B72);</pre>
               padding: 20px;
               border-radius: 10px;
               margin: 20px 0;">
       <h2 style="color: white; margin: 0; text-align: center;">
           Question {question_num + 1}: {question_text}
       </h2>
   </div>
   display(HTML(header html))
# QUESTION 1: Which products/categories perform best?
def analyze_question_1():
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```
"""First analytical question with full dashboard"""
  clear output(wait=True)
  display_question_header(0, questions[0])
  print(" ANALYZING: Product & Category Performance")
  print("="*60)
  # Category Performance Analysis
  category_performance = superstore_pd.groupby('category').agg({
       'sales': ['sum', 'mean', 'count'],
       'profit': ['sum', 'mean'],
      'profit_margin': 'mean'
  }).round(4)
  category_performance.columns = ['Total Sales', 'Avg_Order_Value', |
'Total_Profit', 'Avg_Profit_Per_Order', __
category_performance = category_performance.sort_values('Total_Profit',_
⇔ascending=False)
  # Create comprehensive dashboard
  fig, ((ax1, ax2), (ax3, ax4)) = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(16, 12))
  fig.suptitle('Product & Category Performance Dashboard', fontsize=16, __

→fontweight='bold')
  # Chart 1: Category Sales vs Profit (Dual Axis)
  categories = category_performance.index
  x_pos = np.arange(len(categories))
  ax1_twin = ax1.twinx()
  bars1 = ax1.bar(x_pos - 0.2, category_performance['Total_Sales'], 0.4,
                  label='Total Sales', alpha=0.8, color='#2E86AB')
  bars2 = ax1_twin.bar(x_pos + 0.2, category_performance['Total_Profit'], 0.4,
                      label='Total Profit', alpha=0.8, color='#A23B72')
  ax1.set_xlabel('Category')
  ax1.set_ylabel('Total Sales ($)', color='#2E86AB')
  ax1_twin.set_ylabel('Total Profit ($)', color='#A23B72')
  ax1.set_title('Sales vs Profit by Category')
  ax1.set_xticks(x_pos)
  ax1.set_xticklabels(categories, rotation=45)
  ax1.legend(loc='upper left')
  ax1_twin.legend(loc='upper right')
  # Chart 2: Profit Margin by Category
  colors = ['#2E86AB', '#A23B72', '#F18F01'][:len(categories)]
```

```
bars = ax2.bar(categories, category_performance['Avg_Profit_Margin'],
                 color=colors, alpha=0.8)
  ax2.set_title('Average Profit Margin by Category')
  ax2.set_ylabel('Profit Margin')
  ax2.set_xticklabels(categories, rotation=45)
  # Add value labels on bars
  for bar in bars:
      height = bar.get height()
      ax2.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width()/2., height,
              f'{height:.1%}', ha='center', va='bottom')
  # Chart 3: Top 10 Products by Profit
  product_performance = superstore_pd.groupby('product_name').agg({
       'profit': 'sum',
      'sales': 'sum',
      'order_id': 'count'
  }).sort_values('profit', ascending=False).head(10)
  product_names = [name[:30] + '...' if len(name) > 30 else name
                  for name in product_performance.index]
  ax3.barh(range(len(product_names)), product_performance['profit'],
           color='#F18F01', alpha=0.8)
  ax3.set_yticks(range(len(product_names)))
  ax3.set yticklabels(product names, fontsize=9)
  ax3.set_xlabel('Total Profit ($)')
  ax3.set_title('Top 10 Products by Total Profit')
  ax3.invert_yaxis()
  # Chart 4: Category Order Volume Distribution
  ax4.pie(category_performance['Order_Count'], labels=categories, autopct='%1.
→1f%%',
          colors=colors, startangle=90)
  ax4.set_title('Order Distribution by Category')
  plt.tight_layout()
  plt.show()
  # Detailed Analytical Insights
  print("\n KEY FINDINGS:")
  print("-" * 40)
  best_category = category_performance.index[0]
  best_profit = category_performance.loc[best_category, 'Total_Profit']
  best_margin = category_performance.loc[best_category, 'Avg_Profit_Margin']
```

```
print(f" TOP PERFORMING CATEGORY: {best_category}")
   print(f" • Total Profit: ${best_profit:,.2f}")
   print(f" • Profit Margin: {best_margin:.1%}")
   print(f" • Market Share: {category_performance.loc[best_category,__

¬'Order_Count']/category_performance['Order_Count'].sum():.1%}")
   print(f"\n COMPLETE CATEGORY RANKINGS:")
   for i, (category, row) in enumerate(category_performance.iterrows(), 1):
      print(f" {i}. {category}")
                  → Profit: ${row['Total_Profit']:,.0f}__
      print(f"
 → Sales: $\{row['Total Sales']:,.0f\} (\{row['Order Count']:
      print(f"
 →,} orders)")
   if len(product_performance) > 0:
      top_product = product_performance.index[0]
      top_product_profit = product_performance.loc[top_product, 'profit']
      print(f"\n TOP INDIVIDUAL PRODUCT:")
      print(f" • Product: {top_product[:50]}...")
      print(f" • Total Profit: ${top_product_profit:,.2f}")
      print(f" • Orders: {product_performance.loc[top_product, 'order_id']:
 →,}")
   # Interactive Navigation Buttons
   prev_btn, next_btn = create_navigation_buttons()
   prev_btn.disabled = True
   def on_next_click(b):
      analyze_question_2()
   next_btn.on_click(on_next_click)
   # Display navigation
   button_box = HBox([prev_btn, next_btn], layout=widgets.
 display(button_box)
# QUESTION 2: What drives product profitability?
def analyze_question_2():
   """Second analytical question with profitability drivers"""
   clear_output(wait=True)
   display_question_header(1, questions[1])
   print(" ANALYZING: Product Profitability Drivers")
```

```
print("="*60)
   # Aggressive data cleaning for reliable analysis
  clean_data = superstore_pd[
       (superstore_pd['discount'].notna()) &
       (superstore_pd['profit_margin'].notna()) &
       (superstore_pd['quantity'].notna()) &
       (superstore_pd['discount'] >= 0) &
       (superstore_pd['profit_margin'].between(-1, 2))
  ].copy()
  print(f"Using {len(clean_data)} clean records (removed {len(superstore_pd)_u
→- len(clean_data)} problematic rows)")
   # Create comprehensive profitability analysis dashboard
  fig, ((ax1, ax2), (ax3, ax4)) = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(16, 12))
  fig.suptitle('Product Profitability Drivers Analysis', fontsize=16, __

¬fontweight='bold')
   # Chart 1: Discount Impact Analysis
  discount_ranges = [
       (0, 0.1, "0-10%"),
       (0.1, 0.2, "10-20%"),
       (0.2, 0.3, "20-30%"),
       (0.3, 0.5, "30-50%"),
       (0.5, 1.0, "50\%+")
  ]
  avg_margins = []
  range_labels = []
  order_counts = []
  for min_val, max_val, label in discount_ranges:
      mask = (clean data['discount'] >= min val) & (clean data['discount'] <___</pre>
→max_val)
       subset = clean_data[mask]
       if len(subset) > 0:
           avg_margin = subset['profit_margin'].mean()
           count = len(subset)
           if pd.notna(avg_margin):
               avg_margins.append(avg_margin)
               range_labels.append(f"{label}\n({count} orders)")
               order_counts.append(count)
  bars = ax1.bar(range(len(range_labels)), avg_margins,
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color=['#E63946', '#F18F01', '#F77F00', '#FCBF49', '#D62828'],
                 alpha=0.8)
  ax1.set_xlabel('Discount Range')
  ax1.set_ylabel('Average Profit Margin')
  ax1.set_title('Discount Impact on Profitability')
  ax1.set_xticks(range(len(range_labels)))
  ax1.set_xticklabels(range_labels)
  # Add value labels on bars
  for bar, margin in zip(bars, avg margins):
      height = bar.get_height()
      ax1.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width()/2., height,
              f'{margin:.1%}', ha='center', va='bottom', fontweight='bold')
  # Chart 2: Category Profitability Comparison
  category_margins = []
  category_labels = []
  for category in clean_data['category'].unique():
      cat_data = clean_data[clean_data['category'] ==_

¬category]['profit_margin']

      category_margins.append(cat_data.values)
      category_labels.append(category)
  box_plot = ax2.boxplot(category_margins, labels=category_labels,__
→patch_artist=True)
  colors = ['#2E86AB', '#A23B72', '#F18F01']
  for patch, color in zip(box_plot['boxes'], colors[:len(box_plot['boxes'])]):
      patch.set_facecolor(color)
      patch.set_alpha(0.7)
  ax2.set_title('Profit Margin Distribution by Category')
  ax2.set_ylabel('Profit Margin')
  ax2.tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)
  # Chart 3: Quantity vs Profitability
  quantity_bins = pd.cut(clean_data['quantity'], bins=5)
  quantity_impact = clean_data.groupby(quantity_bins).agg({
       'profit_margin': 'mean',
      'order_id': 'count'
  })
  qty_labels = [f"{int(interval.left)}-{int(interval.right)}" for interval in_{L}
→quantity_impact.index]
  ax3_twin = ax3.twinx()
  bars1 = ax3.bar(range(len(qty_labels)), quantity_impact['profit_margin'],
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0.6, label='Avg Profit Margin', alpha=0.8, color='#2A9D8F')
  line1 = ax3_twin.plot(range(len(qty_labels)), quantity_impact['order_id'],
                        'ro-', label='Order Count', color='#F4A261', L
→linewidth=2)
  ax3.set xlabel('Quantity Range')
  ax3.set_ylabel('Profit Margin', color='#2A9D8F')
  ax3_twin.set_ylabel('Order Count', color='#F4A261')
  ax3.set_title('Quantity Impact on Profitability')
  ax3.set_xticks(range(len(qty_labels)))
  ax3.set_xticklabels(qty_labels, rotation=45)
  ax3.legend(loc='upper left')
  ax3_twin.legend(loc='upper right')
  # Chart 4: Sales Volume vs Margin Trend
  sales_bins = pd.cut(clean_data['sales'], bins=10)
  sales_impact = clean_data.groupby(sales_bins).agg({
      'profit_margin': 'mean'
  })
  sales_midpoints = [(interval.left + interval.right) / 2 for interval in_u
⇔sales_impact.index]
  ax4.plot(sales_midpoints, sales_impact['profit_margin'], marker='o',_
→linewidth=2,
           markersize=6, color='#457B9D')
  ax4.set xlabel('Sales Volume ($)')
  ax4.set_ylabel('Average Profit Margin')
  ax4.set_title('Sales Volume vs Profit Margin Trend')
  ax4.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
  plt.tight_layout()
  plt.show()
  # Comprehensive Analytical Insights
  print("\n DETAILED PROFITABILITY INSIGHTS:")
  print("-" * 50)
  # Correlation analysis
  corr_discount = clean_data['discount'].corr(clean_data['profit_margin'])
  corr_quantity = clean_data['quantity'].corr(clean_data['profit_margin'])
  corr_sales = clean_data['sales'].corr(clean_data['profit_margin'])
  print(" CORRELATION ANALYSIS:")
             • Discount vs Profit Margin: {corr_discount:.3f}")
  print(f"
  print(f" • Quantity vs Profit Margin: {corr_quantity:.3f}")
  print(f" • Sales Volume vs Profit Margin: {corr_sales:.3f}")
```

```
# Optimal strategy identification
   if avg_margins:
       best_range_idx = avg_margins.index(max(avg_margins))
       best_range = range_labels[best_range_idx]
       best_margin = max(avg_margins)
       print(f"\n OPTIMAL DISCOUNT STRATEGY:")
       print(f" • Best Discount Range: {best range.split('(')[0].strip()}")
       print(f" • Achieves: {best_margin:.1%} average profit margin")
       print(f" • Order Volume: {order counts[best range idx]:,} orders")
   # Category-specific insights
   print(f"\n CATEGORY-SPECIFIC INSIGHTS:")
   for category in clean_data['category'].unique():
       cat_data = clean_data[clean_data['category'] == category]
       avg_margin = cat_data['profit_margin'].mean()
       avg_discount = cat_data['discount'].mean()
       avg_quantity = cat_data['quantity'].mean()
       print(f"
               {category}:")
                 → Avg Margin: {avg_margin:.1%}")
       print(f"
       print(f" → Avg Discount: {avg_margin::1%}")
                 → Avg Quantity: {avg_quantity:.1f}")
       print(f"
   # Interactive Navigation Buttons
   prev_btn, next_btn = create_navigation_buttons()
   def on_prev_click(b):
       analyze_question_1()
   def on_next_click(b):
       analyze_question_3()
   prev_btn.on_click(on_prev_click)
   next_btn.on_click(on_next_click)
   # Display navigation
   button_box = HBox([prev_btn, next_btn], layout=widgets.
 →Layout(justify_content='center', margin='20px'))
   display(button_box)
# QUESTION 3: Where should we focus product strategy?
# -----
def analyze_question_3():
   """Third analytical question with strategic recommendations"""
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```
clear_output(wait=True)
  display_question_header(2, questions[2])
  print(" STRATEGIC FOCUS ANALYSIS")
  print("="*60)
  # Strategic portfolio analysis
  fig, ((ax1, ax2), (ax3, ax4)) = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(16, 12))
  fig.suptitle('Strategic Product Portfolio Analysis', fontsize=16,,,

→fontweight='bold')
  # Calculate product metrics for BCG-style analysis
  product_metrics = superstore_pd.groupby('product_name').agg({
       'profit': 'sum',
      'sales': 'sum',
       'order_id': 'count',
      'profit_margin': 'mean'
  })
  # Define thresholds for portfolio categorization
  profit_threshold = product_metrics['profit'].median()
  volume_threshold = product_metrics['order_id'].median()
  # Categorize products into BCG matrix
  stars = product_metrics[(product_metrics['profit'] > profit_threshold) &
                          (product_metrics['order_id'] > volume_threshold)]
  cash_cows = product_metrics[(product_metrics['profit'] > profit_threshold) &
                              (product_metrics['order_id'] <=__</pre>
→volume_threshold)]
  question_marks = product_metrics[(product_metrics['profit'] <=__</pre>
→profit_threshold) &
                                   (product_metrics['order_id'] > __
→volume_threshold)]
  dogs = product_metrics[(product_metrics['profit'] <= profit_threshold) &</pre>
                         (product metrics['order id'] <= volume threshold)]</pre>
  # Chart 1: BCG Portfolio Matrix
  ax1.scatter(stars['order_id'], stars['profit'],
              s=100, alpha=0.7, c='#2E86AB', label='Stars', edgecolors='black')
  ax1.scatter(cash_cows['order_id'], cash_cows['profit'],
              s=100, alpha=0.7, c='#A23B72', label='Cash Cows', u
⇔edgecolors='black')
  ax1.scatter(question_marks['order_id'], question_marks['profit'],
              s=100, alpha=0.7, c='#F18F01', label='Question Marks', u
⇔edgecolors='black')
  ax1.scatter(dogs['order_id'], dogs['profit'],
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s=100, alpha=0.7, c='#E63946', label='Dogs', edgecolors='black')
  ax1.axhline(y=profit_threshold, color='gray', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
  ax1.axvline(x=volume_threshold, color='gray', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
  ax1.set_xlabel('Order Volume (Count)')
  ax1.set_ylabel('Total Profit ($)')
  ax1.set_title('BCG Product Portfolio Matrix')
  ax1.legend()
  ax1.grid(True, alpha=0.3)
  # Chart 2: Portfolio Distribution
  portfolio_counts = [len(stars), len(cash_cows), len(question_marks),_
→len(dogs)]
  portfolio labels = ['Stars', 'Cash Cows', 'Question Marks', 'Dogs']
  colors = ['#2E86AB', '#A23B72', '#F18F01', '#E63946']
  wedges, texts, autotexts = ax2.pie(portfolio_counts,__
→labels=portfolio_labels,
                                     autopct='%1.1f%%', colors=colors,_
⇔startangle=90)
  ax2.set_title('Product Portfolio Distribution')
  # Chart 3: Revenue Contribution by Portfolio
  revenue_contribution = [stars['sales'].sum(), cash_cows['sales'].sum(),
                          question_marks['sales'].sum(), dogs['sales'].sum()]
  bars = ax3.bar(portfolio_labels, revenue_contribution, color=colors, __
⇒alpha=0.8)
  ax3.set_title('Revenue Contribution by Portfolio Segment')
  ax3.set_ylabel('Total Sales ($)')
  ax3.tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)
  # Add value labels on bars
  for bar in bars:
      height = bar.get_height()
      ax3.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width()/2., height,
               f'${height/1000:.0f}K', ha='center', va='bottom')
   # Chart 4: Category Strategic Priority Matrix
  category_priority = superstore_pd.groupby('category').agg({
       'profit': 'sum',
       'profit_margin': 'mean',
       'sales': 'sum'
  }).sort_values('profit', ascending=False)
  priority_scores = []
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```
for cat in category_priority.index:
      profit_score = category_priority.loc[cat, 'profit'] /__

¬category_priority['profit'].max()
      margin_score = category_priority.loc[cat, 'profit_margin'] /__

¬category_priority['profit_margin'].max()
      priority_score = (profit_score * 0.6) + (margin_score * 0.4)
      priority_scores.append(priority_score)
  bars = ax4.barh(range(len(category_priority.index)), priority_scores,
                 color=['#2E86AB', '#A23B72', '#F18F01'][:
→len(category_priority.index)])
  ax4.set_yticks(range(len(category_priority.index)))
  ax4.set_yticklabels(category_priority.index)
  ax4.set_xlabel('Strategic Priority Score')
  ax4.set_title('Category Investment Priority Ranking')
  ax4.set xlim(0, 1)
  # Add score labels
  for i, (bar, score) in enumerate(zip(bars, priority_scores)):
      ax4.text(score + 0.02, bar.get_y() + bar.get_height()/2,
              f'{score:.2f}', va='center')
  plt.tight layout()
  plt.show()
  # Comprehensive Strategic Recommendations
  print("\n DETAILED STRATEGIC RECOMMENDATIONS:")
  print("-" * 60)
  print(f" STARS ({len(stars)} products) - INVEST & GROW:")
  if len(stars) > 0:
      top_star = stars['profit'].idxmax()
      star_profit = stars.loc[top_star, 'profit']
      star_volume = stars.loc[top_star, 'order_id']
      print(f" • Top Star Product: {top_star[:50]}...")
      print(f" • Profit Contribution: ${star_profit:,.2f}")
      print(f" • Order Volume: {star_volume:,}")
      print(f" • Strategy: Increase marketing spend by 25-30%")
      print(f" • Investment Priority: HIGH")
  else:
      print(f" • No star products identified")
      print(f" • Strategy: Develop high-potential products")
  print(f"\n CASH COWS ({len(cash cows)} products) - HARVEST:")
  if len(cash_cows) > 0:
      top cow = cash_cows['profit'].idxmax()
      cow_profit = cash_cows.loc[top_cow, 'profit']
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```
cow_volume = cash_cows.loc[top_cow, 'order_id']
                • Top Cash Cow: {top_cow[:50]}...")
      print(f"
                Profit Contribution: ${cow_profit:,.2f}")
      print(f"
      print(f" • Order Volume: {cow_volume:,}")
      print(f"
                • Strategy: Optimize operations, maintain market position")
                • Investment Priority: MEDIUM")
      print(f"
  else:
      print(f"

    No cash cow products identified")

  print(f"\n QUESTION MARKS ({len(question_marks)} products) - SELECTIVE_
→INVESTMENT:")
  if len(question_marks) > 0:
      qm_total_volume = question_marks['order_id'].sum()
      qm_avg_margin = question_marks['profit_margin'].mean()
                Total Volume: {qm_total_volume:,} orders")
      print(f"
                 • Average Margin: {qm_avg_margin:.1%}")
      print(f"
      print(f" • Strategy: Test price optimization, improve profit margins")
      print(f" • Investment Priority: SELECTIVE")
  else:
      print(f"

    No question mark products identified")

  print(f"\n DOGS ({len(dogs)} products) - DIVEST OR REPOSITION:")
  if len(dogs) > 0:
      dog_total_loss = dogs[dogs['profit'] < 0]['profit'].sum()</pre>
      print(f" • Products to Review: {len(dogs):,}")
      print(f" • Total Loss from Unprofitable: ${abs(dog_total_loss):,.2f}")
      print(f" • Strategy: Discontinue worst performers, find niche markets⊔

¬for others")
      print(f"
                 • Investment Priority: LOW/DIVEST")
  print(f"\n CATEGORY INVESTMENT PRIORITIES:")
  for i, (category, score) in enumerate(zip(category_priority.index,_
⇔priority_scores), 1):
      priority_level = "HIGH" if score > 0.7 else "MEDIUM" if score > 0.4
⇔else "LOW"
      category_profit = category_priority.loc[category, 'profit']
      category_margin = category_priority.loc[category, 'profit_margin']
      print(f" {i}. {category}:")
      print(f"
                    → Priority Score: {score:.2f} ({priority_level})")
                  → Total Profit: ${category_profit:,.2f}")
      print(f"
                    → Avg Margin: {category_margin:.1%}")
      print(f"
  print(f"\n IMMEDIATE ACTION PLAN (Next 30 Days):")
  print(f" 1. Focus investment on {category_priority.index[0]} category")
  print(f" 2. Launch pricing optimization pilot for Question Mark products")
  print(f" 3. Increase marketing budget for top 5 Star products by 25%")
  print(f" 4. Conduct profitability review for bottom 20% of Dog products")
```

```
5. Optimize operations for top 3 Cash Cow products")
   print(f"
   print(f"\n STRATEGIC INITIATIVES (90-Day Roadmap):")
            1. Launch premium product line in {category_priority.index[0]}__
   print(f"
 ⇔category")
   print(f" 2. Implement dynamic pricing algorithm for high-volume products")
   print(f"
            3. Develop customer retention program targeting Cash Cow buyers")
   print(f" 4. Exit bottom 10% of unprofitable products")
   print(f" 5. Invest in R&D for next-generation Star products")
   # Final Navigation Buttons
   prev_btn, next_btn = create_navigation_buttons()
   prev_btn.disabled = False
   next_btn.disabled = True
   next_btn.description = 'Analysis Complete '
   next_btn.button_style = 'success'
   def on_prev_click(b):
      analyze_question_2()
   prev_btn.on_click(on_prev_click)
   # Display final navigation
   button_box = HBox([prev_btn, next_btn], layout=widgets.
 display(button_box)
# MAIN EXECUTION & STARTUP
def start analysis():
   """Initialize and start the interactive analysis"""
   title html = """
   <div style="background: linear-gradient(135deg, #667eea 0%, #764ba2 100%);</pre>
            padding: 30px;
            border-radius: 15px;
            text-align: center;
            margin: 20px 0;">
      <h1 style="color: white; margin: 0; font-size: 28px;">
          Interactive Product Performance Analysis
      </h1>
      Navigate through three core analytical questions with interactive ⊔
 ⇔visualizations
```

```
Click the navigation buttons to move between questions and explore
 \hookrightarrow insights
       </div>
   .....
   overview_html = """
   <div style="background: #f8f9fa;</pre>
              padding: 20px;
              border-left: 5px solid #667eea;
              margin: 20px 0;">
       <h3 style="color: #495057; margin-top: 0;"> Interactive Analysis⊔

→Framework</h3>

       <strong>Question 1:</strong> Which products/categories perform

 ⇔best?
           <strong>Question 2:</strong> What drives product profitability?
 <strong>Question 3:</strong> Where should we focus product_
 →strategy?
       <em>Use the Previous/Next buttons to navigate between questions and \sqcup

dive deep into each analysis.

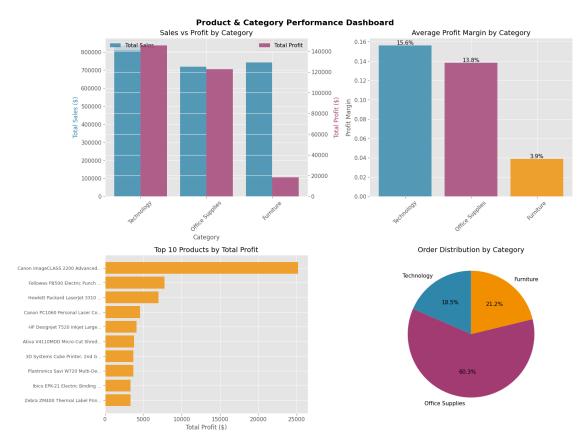
       </div>
   0.00
   display(HTML(title_html))
   display(HTML(overview_html))
   # Start with first question
   analyze_question_1()
# Initialize and start the complete interactive analysis
print(" Initializing Interactive Product Performance Analysis...")
print(" Data processing complete!")
print(" Using matplotlib with ggplot2 styling")
print(" Interactive navigation buttons enabled")
print(" Ready to begin comprehensive analysis...")
print("\n" + "="*60)
start_analysis()
```

```
HTML(value='\n <div style="background: linear-gradient(90deg, #2E86AB, padding:...

#A23B72); \n padding:...

ANALYZING: Product & Category Performance
```

\_\_\_\_\_\_



## **KEY FINDINGS:**

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TOP PERFORMING CATEGORY: Technology

• Total Profit: \$145,454.95 • Profit Margin: 15.6%

• Market Share: 18.5%

## COMPLETE CATEGORY RANKINGS:

1. Technology

→ Profit: \$145,455 (15.6% margin)
→ Sales: \$836,154 (1,847 orders)

2. Office Supplies

→ Profit: \$122,491 (13.8% margin)
→ Sales: \$719,047 (6,026 orders)

3. Furniture

→ Profit: \$18,451 (3.9% margin)
→ Sales: \$742,000 (2,121 orders)

## TOP INDIVIDUAL PRODUCT:

• Product: Canon imageCLASS 2200 Advanced Copier...

• Total Profit: \$25,199.93

• Orders: 5

HBox(children=(Button(button\_style='info', description='← Previous Question', udisabled=True, layout=Layout(hei...