Question 1

Question: What airports are the worst to fly in/out of?

For this exercise, we will define the worst airport as the airport with the longest delays.

Load libraries.

```
library(RSocrata)
## Warning: package 'RSocrata' was built under R version 3.2.2
library(plyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(maps)
## Warning: package 'maps' was built under R version 3.2.2
##
## Attaching package: 'maps'
## The following object is masked from 'package:plyr':
##
       ozone
library(cowplot)
##
## Attaching package: 'cowplot'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
      ggsave
```

Read in airport data file and longitude/latitude data. Process the data to speed up computations.

```
airport<-
read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jgscott/STA380/master/data/ABIA.c
sv", header=TRUE)

longlat<-read.socrata ('https://opendata.socrata.com/dataset/Airport-Codes-
mapped-to-Latitude-Longitude-in-the-/rxrh-4cxm')

attach(airport)
airportkeep<-
c("UniqueCarrier", "ArrDelay", "DepDelay", "Origin", "Dest", "Cancelled")</pre>
```

```
airport<-airport[airportkeep]
#Drop variables that are irrelevant for this analysis.
airport$ArrDelay[is.na(airport$ArrDelay)]=0 #Replace NA's (missing delays)
with zeros. Assume NA means no delay.
airport$DepDelay[is.na(airport$DepDelay)]=0 #Replace NA's (missing delays)
with zeros. Assume NA means no delay.

ll<-subset(longlat, locationID%in%airport$Origin |
locationID%in%airport$Dest) #keep the airport codes that are in my dataset
usamap<-map_data("usa") #importing USA map</pre>
```

First, create dummy variables to divide the flights into two sets: those departing from Austin and those arriving in Austin. We expect these to have different patterns of delays.

```
airport$departing<-"Departing from Austin"
airport$departing[airport$Dest=="AUS"]<-"Arriving into Austin"
airport$departing<-as.factor(airport$departing)</pre>
```

Examine the distribution of arrival and departure delays, split by whether flights are arriving into Austin or departing from Austin. We will ignore outliers by zooming in to the area around zero.

We see arrivals have a much wider spread, both for flights departing from and arriving to Austin: More flights arrive earlier than expected and later than expected as opposed to departing earlier than expected and later than expected.

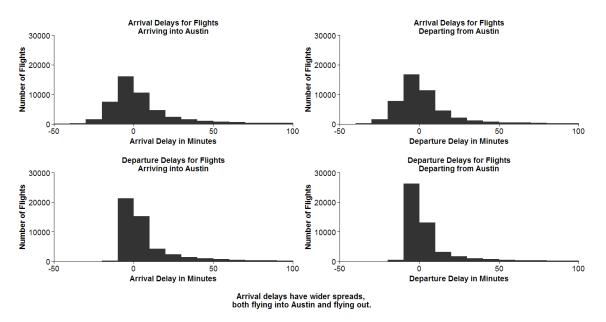
Both the arrival delays and the departure delays have similar enough distributions for flights into Austin and out of Austin that we can safely consider them together rather than separately.

```
ggarrivalin<-ggplot(data=subset(airport,departing=="Arriving into
Austin"))+geom_histogram(aes(x=ArrDelay), binwidth=10)+ coord_cartesian(xlim
= c(-50,100),ylim=c(0,30000)) + labs(title="Arrival Delays for
Flights\nArriving into Austin", x="Arrival Delay in Minutes", y="Number of
Flights")

ggarrivalout<-ggplot(data=subset(airport,departing=="Departing from
Austin"))+geom_histogram(aes(x=ArrDelay), binwidth=10)+ coord_cartesian(xlim
= c(-50,100),ylim=c(0,30000)) + labs(title="Arrival Delays for
Flights\nDeparting from Austin", x="Departure Delay in Minutes", y="Number of
Flights")

ggdeparturein<-ggplot(data=subset(airport,departing=="Arriving into
Austin"))+geom_histogram(aes(x=DepDelay), binwidth=10)+ coord_cartesian(xlim
= c(-50,100),ylim=c(0,30000)) + labs(title="Departure Delays for
Flights\nArriving into Austin", x="Arrival Delay in Minutes", y="Number of
Flights")</pre>
```

```
ggdepartureout<-ggplot(data=subset(airport,departing=="Departing from
Austin"))+geom_histogram(aes(x=DepDelay), binwidth=10)+ coord_cartesian(xlim
= c(-50,100),ylim=c(0,30000)) + labs(title="Departure Delays for
Flights\nDeparting from Austin", x="Departure Delay in Minutes", y="Number of
Flights")
g<-plot_grid(ggarrivalin, ggarrivalout, ggdeparturein, ggdepartureout,
ncol=2)
ggdraw(add_sub(g,label="Arrival delays have wider spreads,\n both flying into
Austin and flying
out.",x=.5,y=.5,vpadding=grid::unit(2,"lines"),fontface="bold",size=15))</pre>
```



Calculate average arrival and departure delays by airport.

```
airportagg<-ddply(airport,.(Origin), summarize, AvgArrDelay=mean(ArrDelay),
AvgDepDelay=mean(DepDelay))
airportagg<-merge(airportagg, ll, by.x="Origin", by.y="locationID")</pre>
```

Create graphs. The worst departure delays overall (both for flights arriving at Austin and departing from Austin) are in the mid-Atlantic region, with TYS (in Knoxville) being a clear outlier. We see similar patterns for arrival delays. TYS is still by far the worst, and the mid-Atlantic region still tends higher than everywhere else.

```
airportagg$Longitude=-(airportagg$Longitude) #uniformizing Longitude between
dataset and map

ggdep<-ggplot(airportagg) + geom_map(data=usamap, map = usamap,
aes(map_id=region,x=long,y=lat), fill="white", color="black") +
geom_point(aes(x=Longitude,y=Latitude,size=AvgDepDelay),alpha=.5,color="blue")+ggtitle(paste0(airportagg$Origin[which.max(airportagg$AvgDepDelay)], " has</pre>
```

```
the worst departure delays: ".
round(airportagg$AvgDepDelay[which.max(airportagg$AvgDepDelay)],0), " minutes
on average")) + scale_size_continuous("Minutes", breaks=c(-25,0,20,40,60),
labels=c(-25,0,20,40,60), limits=c(-25,100),
range=c(1,10))+theme(axis.line=element_blank(),
axis.text=element_blank(),axis.ticks=element_blank(),
axis.title=element blank())
ggarr<-ggplot(airportagg) + geom map(data=usamap, map = usamap,</pre>
aes(map_id=region,x=long,y=lat), fill="white", color="black") +
geom_point(aes(x=Longitude,y=Latitude,size=AvgArrDelay),alpha=.5,color="blue"
)+ggtitle(paste0(airportagg$Origin[which.max(airportagg$AvgArrDelay)], " has
the worst arrival delays: ",
round(airportagg$AvgArrDelay[which.max(airportagg$AvgArrDelay)],0), " minutes
on average"))+ scale size continuous("Minutes", breaks=c(-25,0,20,40,60),
labels=c(-25,0,20,40,60), limits=c(-25,100),
range=c(1,10))+theme(axis.line=element_blank(),
axis.text=element blank(),axis.ticks=element blank(),
axis.title=element blank())
q<-plot_grid(ggdep,ggarr)</pre>
ggdraw(add_sub(q,label="Avoid TYS if
possible",x=.5,y=.5,vpadding=grid::unit(1,"lines"),fontface="bold",size=15))
```

Minutes

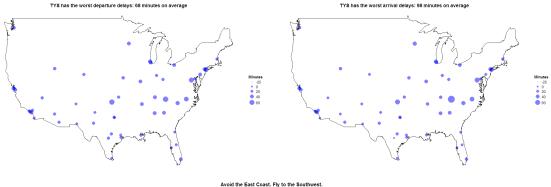
-55
-60
-60
-60

Avoid TYS if possible

While we have seen the results aggregated over all flights, we may also want to consider only what happends when a flight is in fact delayed. In other words, which airport most quickly resolves delays? We filter by only departure delays so we retain all the flights that made up for the delay. TYS is still the worst, but many other big airports on the East Coast (as well as OKC) take about an hour to resolve departure delays. Southwestern airports only take about 20 minutes to resolve delays.

```
airport_delays<-subset(airport,DepDelay>0)
airportagg<-ddply(airport_delays,.(Origin), summarize,
AvgArrDelay=mean(ArrDelay), AvgDepDelay=mean(DepDelay))
airportagg<-merge(airportagg, ll, by.x="Origin", by.y="locationID")</pre>
```

```
airportagg$Longitude=-(airportagg$Longitude)
ggdep<-ggplot(airportagg) + geom map(data=usamap, map = usamap,</pre>
aes(map id=region,x=long,y=lat), fill="white", color="black") +
geom point(aes(x=Longitude,y=Latitude,size=AvgDepDelay),alpha=.5,color="blue"
)+ggtitle(paste0(airportagg$Origin[which.max(airportagg$AvgDepDelay)], " has
the worst departure delays: ",
round(airportagg$AvgDepDelay[which.max(airportagg$AvgDepDelay)],0), " minutes
on average")) + scale size continuous("Minutes", breaks=c(-25,0,20,40,60),
labels=c(-25,0,20,40,60), limits=c(-25,100),
range=c(1,10))+theme(axis.line=element_blank(),
axis.text=element blank(),axis.ticks=element blank(),
axis.title=element_blank())
ggarr<-ggplot(airportagg) + geom_map(data=usamap, map = usamap,</pre>
aes(map_id=region,x=long,y=lat), fill="white", color="black") +
geom point(aes(x=Longitude,y=Latitude,size=AvgArrDelay),alpha=.5,color="blue"
)+ggtitle(paste0(airportagg$Origin[which.max(airportagg$AvgArrDelay)], " has
the worst arrival delays: ",
round(airportagg$AvgArrDelay[which.max(airportagg$AvgArrDelay)],0), " minutes
on average"))+ scale_size_continuous("Minutes", breaks=c(-25,0,20,40,60),
labels=c(-25,0,20,40,60), limits=c(-25,100),
range=c(1,10))+theme(axis.line=element blank(),
axis.text=element blank(),axis.ticks=element blank(),
axis.title=element blank())
q<-plot_grid(ggdep,ggarr)</pre>
ggdraw(add sub(q,label="Avoid the East Coast. Fly to the
Southwest.",x=.5,y=.5,vpadding=grid::unit(1,"lines"),fontface="bold",size=15)
```



Summary

The worst airport with regards to delays is TYS (Knoxville). However, the East Coast in general has trouble with delays. Southwestern cities handle delays particularly well.

Question 2

Creating a Dense Document Term Matrix

Import necessary libraries and source necessary functions.

```
library(tm)
## Loading required package: NLP
## Attaching package: 'NLP'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
       annotate
library(SnowballC)
library(plyr)
library(maxent)
## Warning: package 'maxent' was built under R version 3.2.2
## Loading required package: SparseM
##
## Attaching package: 'SparseM'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
       backsolve
##
library(glmnet)
## Loading required package: Matrix
## Loading required package: foreach
## Loaded glmnet 2.0-2
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
#wrapper function for readPlain
readerPlain = function(fname){
                readPlain(elem=list(content=readLines(fname)),
                            id=fname, language='en') }
```

Import data and create a corpus.

```
author_dirs = Sys.glob('.../data/ReutersC50/C50train/*')
file_list = NULL
labels = NULL
for(author in author_dirs) {
    author_name = substring(author, first=29)
    files_to_add = Sys.glob(paste0(author, '/*.txt'))
```

```
file_list = append(file_list, files_to_add)
    labels = append(labels, rep(author_name, length(files_to_add)))
}

all_docs = lapply(file_list, readerPlain)
names(all_docs) = file_list
names(all_docs) = sub('.txt', '', names(all_docs))
my_corpus = Corpus(VectorSource(all_docs))
names(my_corpus) = labels
```

Preprocess the corpus.

```
my_corpus = tm_map(my_corpus, content_transformer(tolower)) # make everything
Lowercase
my_corpus = tm_map(my_corpus, content_transformer(removeNumbers)) # remove
numbers
my_corpus = tm_map(my_corpus, content_transformer(removePunctuation)) #
remove punctuation
my_corpus = tm_map(my_corpus, content_transformer(stripWhitespace)) ## remove
excess white-space
my_corpus = tm_map(my_corpus, content_transformer(removeWords),
stopwords("en")) #remove basic English stopwords
my_corpus = tm_map(my_corpus, stemDocument) #stem document
```

Create a document term matrix, remove sparse terms, and create a dense matrix. Also, create a vector of training set authors

```
DTM = DocumentTermMatrix(my_corpus) #create a document term matrix
DTM = removeSparseTerms(DTM, 0.996) #remove words that are in ten or fewer
documents
X = as.matrix(DTM) #create a dense matrix
authors=rownames(X) #create a vector of training set author names
```

Create a document term matrix and author list for the test set.

```
author_dirs = Sys.glob('../data/ReutersC50/C50test/*')
file_list = NULL
labels = NULL
for(author in author_dirs) {
    author_name = substring(author, first=28)
    files_to_add = Sys.glob(paste0(author, '/*.txt'))
    file_list = append(file_list, files_to_add)
    labels = append(labels, rep(author_name, length(files_to_add)))
}
all_docs = lapply(file_list, readerPlain)
names(all_docs) = file_list
names(all_docs) = sub('.txt', '', names(all_docs))
my_corpus_test = Corpus(VectorSource(all_docs))
names(my_corpus_test) = labels
```

```
my corpus test = tm map(my corpus test, content transformer(tolower)) # make
everything lowercase
my_corpus_test = tm_map(my_corpus_test, content_transformer(removeNumbers)) #
remove numbers
my_corpus_test = tm_map(my_corpus_test,
content_transformer(removePunctuation)) # remove punctuation
my corpus test = tm map(my corpus test, content transformer(stripWhitespace))
## remove excess white-space
my_corpus_test = tm_map(my_corpus_test, content_transformer(removeWords),
stopwords("en")) #remove basic English stopwords
my_corpus_test = tm_map(my_corpus_test, stemDocument) #stem document
DTM test = DocumentTermMatrix(my corpus test) #create a document term matrix
DTM test = removeSparseTerms(DTM test, 0.996) #remove words that are in ten
or fewer documents
X test = as.matrix(DTM test)
authors_test=rownames(X_test)
```

We need to handle words that are in the test set but not in our training set. We will drop them out of our test set because they do not help our model's predictions. We must similarly handle words that are in the training set but not in the test set so our multiplication works. We will add columns of zeros to the test columns.

```
X names<-colnames(X)</pre>
X test names<-colnames(X test)</pre>
drop_list<-vector(length=0) #initialize a vector of words to drop out of test</pre>
zero list<-vector(length=0) #initialize a vector of words to drop out of
train
for (stem in X test names) { #find word stems that are in test but not in
  if (!stem %in% X names) {
    drop_list<-c(drop_list,stem)</pre>
  }
}
X_test_mod<-X_test[,!colnames(X_test) %in% drop_list] #drop words from test</pre>
that are in test but not in train
for (stem in X_names) { #find words that are in train but not in test
  if (!stem %in% X test names) {
    zero list<-c(zero list,stem)</pre>
  }
}
#add columns of zeros to test for words that are in train but not in test
zeroes<-matrix(0,dim(X_test)[1],length(zero_list))</pre>
colnames(zeroes)<-zero list</pre>
```

```
X_test_mod<-cbind(zeroes,X_test_mod)
X_test_mod<-X_test_mod[,order(colnames(X_test_mod))]</pre>
```

Model 1: Naive Bayes

This model assumes words are independently distributed.

Calculate logged multinomial probability vectors for each author.

```
smooth_count=1/nrow(X)
byauthor=rowsum(X+smooth_count, authors) #sum word counts for individual
words by author
w=rowSums(byauthor) #sum total word count by author
w_author=log(byauthor/w) #avoid underflow
```

We multiply the modified test DTM by the transposed modified multinomial probability matrix to arrive at a matrix of documents with Naive Bayes scores per author.

```
nbscores<-X_test_mod%*%t(w_author)</pre>
```

We create a comparison matrix of the Naive Bayes prediction (the author with the highest logged probabilities per document) versus the actual author.

```
nbprediction<-colnames(nbscores)[max.col(nbscores)] #highest Logged
probability
nbcorrect<-as.integer(nbprediction==authors_test) #does prediction match
actual?
correct_matrix<-cbind.data.frame(authors_test,nbprediction,nbcorrect) #cbind</pre>
```

This model correctly predicts the author about 64% of the time across the entire test set.

```
mean(nbcorrect)
## [1] 0.6388
```

Model 2: Multinomial Logistic Regression Using Principal Components

Our Naive Bayes model assumes that word counts are not correlated. This model allows us to relax that assumption. Because we have so many more features than observations, we will use principal components to reduce the number of features and thus the variance of our final prediction. We will cross-validate to choose the number of principal components we use to build our model.

We run principal a principal components and cross-validate over a sequence of k's (number of principal components) to choose which k to use to build our final model.

```
set.seed(1234)

train<-createDataPartition(y = authors, p=0.5, times=1, list = FALSE) #divide
the training set into two stratified datasets for cross-validation purposes

CV_train<-X[train,]</pre>
```

```
CV test<-X[-train,]</pre>
y train<-as.factor(authors[train])</pre>
y_test<-as.factor(authors[-train])</pre>
q<-c(2,10,100,seq(250,1000,250)) #create a sequence of k's over which to
cross-validate
mean<-numeric(length=length(q)) #create an empty vector to store the accuracy
counter=1 #initialize a counter to ensure the means vector is accurately
filled out.
pc<-pre>rcomp(CV_train) #run a principal components analysis on the cross-
validation training set.
#calculate the accuracy over the sequence of k's
for (n in a) {
  scores<-pc$x[,1:n]</pre>
  glm<-glmnet(y=y_train, x=scores, family="multinomial", alpha=0)</pre>
  loading<-pc$rotation[,1:n]</pre>
  CV_test_scores<-CV_test%*%loading</pre>
  predict<-predict(glm, newx=CV test scores, type="class", s=0)</pre>
  mean[counter]=mean(as.integer(y test==predict))
  counter=counter+1
}
CV error=cbind.data.frame(q,mean)
CV_error[which.max(CV_error$mean),] #find the k with the highest accuracy
##
## 6 750 0.7672
```

We see that 500 principal components has the highest accuracy. We will use this to build our full model.

```
pc<-prcomp(X) #run principal components analysis on the entire training
dataset.
X_scores<-pc$x[,1:500] #use the first 500 principal components
glm<-glmnet(y=authors,x=X_scores,family="multinomial",alpha=0) #fit a
multinomial logistic regression.</pre>
```

We transform our test matrix.

```
loading<-pc$rotation[,1:500] #the loadings of the first 500 principal
components

X_test_scores<-X_test_mod%*%loading #transform test matrix
mlrpredict<-predict(glm,newx=X_test_scores,type="class",s=0) #predictions</pre>
```

We add these predictions and correctness measures to our correct matrix.

```
mlrcorrect<-as.integer(mlrpredict==authors_test) #does prediction match
actual?
correct_matrix<-cbind.data.frame(correct_matrix,mlrpredict,mlrcorrect)</pre>
```

This model has an accuracy of 63%, which is similar to our Naive Baye's model.

```
mean(mlrcorrect)
## [1] 0.6324
```

Summary

I prefer the Naive Bayes model. Although PCA multinomial logistic regression and Naive Bayes have similar accuracy scores, Naive Bayes is a simpler, more interpretable model that requires fewer computing resources and less time.

The Naive Bayes model particularly struggles with the following authors. They all have accuracy scores under 50%: Fewer than 50% of their articles are correctly attributed to them.

```
final <- ddply(correct_matrix, .(authors_test), transform, sum.n =</pre>
length(authors_test))
xtab<-ddply(final, .(authors_test, nbprediction), summarise,number =</pre>
length(nbprediction), proportion = number / sum.n[1] * 100)
poor.prediction<-xtab[xtab$authors_test==xtab$nbprediction &</pre>
xtab$proportion<50,]
poor.prediction #number and proportion refer to the number and proportion of
predictions for that predicted author and that actual author
##
           authors test
                             nbprediction number proportion
         AlexanderSmith
## 10
                           AlexanderSmith
                                              23
                                                          46
## 15
        BenjaminKangLim BenjaminKangLim
                                              13
                                                          26
## 39
       DarrenSchuettler DarrenSchuettler
                                              11
                                                          22
## 44
            DavidLawder
                              DavidLawder
                                               7
                                                          14
      HeatherScoffield HeatherScoffield
## 72
                                              22
                                                          44
## 83
          JaneMacartney
                            JaneMacartney
                                              20
                                                          40
## 213
             MureDickie
                               MureDickie
                                                          34
                                              17
## 278
            ScottHillis
                              ScottHillis
                                               9
                                                          18
## 291
               TanEeLyn
                                 TanEeLyn
                                              15
                                                          30
## 310
             ToddNissen
                               ToddNissen
                                              22
                                                          44
## 321
           WilliamKazer
                             WilliamKazer
                                              16
                                                          32
```

We further examine these authors to see if particular pairs of authors give our Naive Bayes model particular difficulty. The following pairs are often confused. At least 20% (10 documents) of the actual author's documents are misclassifed as the predicted author's works.

```
xtab[xtab$authors_test %in% poor.prediction$authors_test & xtab$number>10 &
xtab$authors_test!=xtab$nbprediction,]

## authors_test nbprediction number proportion
## 11 AlexanderSmith JoeOrtiz 22 44
```

```
## 17
        BenjaminKangLim
                            JaneMacartnev
                                              13
                                                          26
       DarrenSchuettler HeatherScoffield
## 40
                                               36
                                                          72
                                              27
                                                          54
## 48
            DavidLawder
                               ToddNissen
## 85
                              ScottHillis
                                              20
                                                          40
          JaneMacartney
## 219
             MureDickie
                             WilliamKazer
                                              11
                                                          22
## 274
            ScottHillis
                            JaneMacartney
                                              24
                                                          48
## 288
               TanEeLyn
                            PeterHumphrey
                                               20
                                                          40
## 289
               TanEeLyn
                             SarahDavison
                                                          22
                                              11
                              DavidLawder
## 304
             ToddNissen
                                              12
                                                          24
```

The MLR model has trouble with the same authors, but it misclassifies most of them across a range of other authors. Only JaneMaCartney and TanEelyn show a high percentage of documents misclassified as by one particular other author (Heather Scoffield and Aaron Pressman, respectively).

```
final <- ddply(correct_matrix, .(authors_test), transform, sum.n =</pre>
length(authors test))
xtab<-ddply(final, .(authors_test, mlrpredict), summarise, number =</pre>
length(mlrpredict), proportion = number / sum.n[1] * 100)
poor.prediction<-xtab[xtab$authors test==xtab$mlrpredict &</pre>
xtab$proportion<50,]</pre>
poor.prediction #number and proportion refer to the number and proportion of
predictions for that predicted author and that actual author
## [1] authors_test mlrpredict
                                  number
                                                proportion
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
levels(xtab$mlrpredict)<-levels(xtab$authors_test)</pre>
xtab[xtab$authors test %in% poor.prediction$authors test & xtab$number>10 &
xtab$authors test!=xtab$mlrpredict,]
## [1] authors test mlrpredict
                                                proportion
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

Problem 3

Load libraries.

```
library(arules)

##

## Attaching package: 'arules'

##

## The following object is masked from 'package:tm':

##

## inspect
```

```
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## %in%, write
```

Read data files and create transactions object.

```
groceries<-
read.transactions("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jgscott/STA380/master/da
ta/groceries.txt",format="basket",sep=',')</pre>
```

Run apriori algorithm with low support and low confidence: These levels let us inspect different subsets without rerunning the apriori algorithm.

```
groceriesrules <- apriori(groceries,parameter=list(support=.001,
confidence=.1, maxlen=10))</pre>
```

Support=.01 and Confidence=0.5

These choices mean that rarer purchases and weaker relationships are dropped. At these levels, we see that purchases of whole milk are strongly associated with purchases of produce and other dairy, even after accounting for whole milk's relative abundance in our data.

```
inspect(subset(groceriesrules, subset=support>.01&confidence>.5))
     1hs
##
                             rhs
                                                   support confidence
lift
## 1 {curd,
##
      yogurt}
                          => {whole milk}
                                                0.01006609
                                                            0.5823529
2.279125
## 2 {butter,
##
      other vegetables}
                          => {whole milk}
                                                0.01148958 0.5736041
2,244885
## 3 {domestic eggs,
                          => {whole milk}
##
      other vegetables}
                                                0.01230300
                                                            0.5525114
2.162336
## 4 {whipped/sour cream,
##
      yogurt}
                          => {whole milk}
                                                0.01087951 0.5245098
2.052747
## 5 {other vegetables,
      whipped/sour cream} => {whole milk}
##
                                                0.01464159 0.5070423
1.984385
## 6 {other vegetables,
      pip fruit}
                          => {whole milk}
                                                0.01352313 0.5175097
##
2.025351
## 7 {citrus fruit,
      root vegetables}
                          => {other vegetables} 0.01037112 0.5862069
##
3.029608
## 8 {root vegetables,
## tropical fruit}
                          => {other vegetables} 0.01230300 0.5845411
```

```
3.020999
## 9 {root vegetables,
      tropical fruit}
                          => {whole milk}
##
                                                 0.01199797 0.5700483
2.230969
## 10 {tropical fruit,
                           => {whole milk}
                                                 0.01514997 0.5173611
##
      yogurt}
2.024770
## 11 {root vegetables,
                          => {whole milk}
                                                 0.01453991 0.5629921
      yogurt}
2.203354
## 12 {rolls/buns,
      root vegetables}
                          => {other vegetables} 0.01220132 0.5020921
2.594890
## 13 {rolls/buns,
##
      root vegetables}
                          => {whole milk}
                                                 0.01270971 0.5230126
2.046888
## 14 {other vegetables,
                          => {whole milk}
##
      yogurt}
                                                 0.02226741 0.5128806
2.007235
```

Support>.005 and Confidence>0.2 and Lift>2

These choices mean that rarer purchases will still be dropped, but weaker relationships will be kept. The lift parameter ensures that very weak relationships are still dropped. At these levels, we see that a variety of grocery items--dairy, fruits, and meats--are associated with the purchase of root vegetables. Furthermore, we also see that buying any type of dairy (especially in conjunction with a produce item) is associated with buying another type, a relationship that corroborates our earlier findings.

```
inspect(subset(groceriesrules, subset=support>.01&confidence>0.2&lift>2))
##
     lhs
                                rhs
                                                       support confidence
lift
                            => {other vegetables}
## 1 {onions}
                                                    0.01423488 0.4590164
2.372268
## 2 {berries}
                            => {yogurt}
                                                    0.01057448 0.3180428
2.279848
                            => {other vegetables}
## 3 {hamburger meat}
                                                    0.01382816 0.4159021
2.149447
## 4 {cream cheese }
                            => {yogurt}
                                                    0.01240468 0.3128205
2.242412
## 5 {chicken}
                             => {root vegetables}
                                                    0.01087951 0.2535545
2.326221
## 6 {chicken}
                            => {other vegetables}
                                                    0.01789527 0.4170616
2.155439
## 7 {frozen vegetables}
                            => {root vegetables}
                                                    0.01159126 0.2410148
2.211176
## 8 {beef}
                             => {root vegetables}
                                                    0.01738688 0.3313953
3.040367
## 9 {curd}
                            => {yogurt}
                                                    0.01728521 0.3244275
```

2.325615 ## 10 {pork}	<pre>=> {root vegetables}</pre>	0.01362481	0.2363316
2.168210	-> (1000 Vegetables)	0.01302401	0.2303310
## 11 {butter}	<pre>=> {root vegetables}</pre>	0.01291307	0.2330275
2.137897 ## 12 {domestic eggs}	<pre>=> {root vegetables}</pre>	0.01433655	0.2259615
2.073071	-> {root vegetables}	0.01433033	0.2239013
<pre>## 13 {whipped/sour cream}</pre>	<pre>=> {root vegetables}</pre>	0.01708185	0.2382979
2.186250 ## 14 {whipped/sour cream}	=> {yogurt}	0.02074225	0.2893617
2.074251	. (athanaatablaa)	0.03007646	0.4020260
<pre>## 15 {whipped/sour cream} 2.081924</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.02887646	0.4028369
## 16 {pip fruit} 2.574648	<pre>=> {tropical fruit}</pre>	0.02043721	0.2701613
## 17 {citrus fruit}	<pre>=> {tropical fruit}</pre>	0.01992883	0.2407862
2.294702 ## 18 {tropical fruit}	=> {yogurt}	0.02928317	0.2790698
2.000475	-> (yogurt)	0.02920317	0.2790098
## 19 {yogurt}	<pre>=> {tropical fruit}</pre>	0.02928317	0.2099125
2.000475 ## 20 {root vegetables}	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.04738180	0.4347015
2.246605			
<pre>## 21 {other vegetables} 2.246605</pre>	<pre>=> {root vegetables}</pre>	0.04738180	0.2448765
## 22 {curd,			
## yogurt}	<pre>=> {whole milk}</pre>	0.01006609	0.5823529
2.279125			
<pre>## 23 {curd, ## whole milk}</pre>	=> {yogurt}	0.01006609	0.3852140
2.761356	-> (yogur c)	0.0100000	0.3032140
## 24 {pork,			
<pre>## whole milk}</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01016777	0.4587156
2.370714			
<pre>## 25 {butter, ## other vegetables}</pre>	=> {whole milk}	0.01148958	0 5736041
2.244885	-> (whole milk)	0.011-0550	0.5750041
## 26 {butter,			
## whole milk}	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01148958	0.4169742
2.154987			
## 27 {domestic eggs,	s (whole milk)	0.01220200	0 5525114
<pre>## other vegetables} 2.162336</pre>	=> {whole milk}	0.01230300	0.5525114
## 28 {domestic eggs,			
## whole milk}	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01230300	0.4101695
2.119820	,		
<pre>## 29 {fruit/vegetable juice,</pre>			
<pre>## whole milk}</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01047280	0.3931298
2.031756			
## 30 {whipped/sour cream,			

## yogurt} 2.533410	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01016777	0.4901961
<pre>## 31 {other vegetables, ## whipped/sour cream} 2.524073</pre>	=> {yogurt}	0.01016777	0.3521127
<pre>## 32 {other vegetables, ## yogurt}</pre>	=> {whipped/sour cream}	0.01016777	0.2341920
3.267062 ## 33 {whipped/sour cream, ## yogurt}	=> {whole milk}	0.01087951	0.5245098
2.052747 ## 34 {whipped/sour cream, ## whole milk}	=> {yogurt}	0.01087951	0.3375394
2.419607 ## 35 {whipped/sour cream, ## whole milk}	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01464159	0 4542587
2.347679 ## 36 {other vegetables,			
<pre>## pip fruit} 2.025351 ## 37 {pip fruit,</pre>	=> {whole milk}	0.01352313	0.5175097
<pre>## whole milk} 2.322178 ## 38 {citrus fruit,</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01352313	0.4493243
<pre>## root vegetables} 3.029608</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01037112	0.5862069
<pre>## 39 {citrus fruit, ## other vegetables} 3.295045</pre>	=> {root vegetables}	0.01037112	0.3591549
<pre>## 40 {other vegetables, ## root vegetables} 2.644626</pre>	=> {citrus fruit}	0.01037112	0.2188841
<pre>## 41 {citrus fruit, ## whole milk}</pre>	=> {yogurt}	0.01026945	0.3366667
2.413350 ## 42 {citrus fruit, ## whole milk}	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01301474	0.4266667
<pre>2.205080 ## 43 {root vegetables, ## tropical fruit}</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01230300	0.5845411
3.020999 ## 44 {other vegetables, ## tropical fruit}	=> {root vegetables}	0.01230300	0.3427762
3.144780 ## 45 {other vegetables,			
<pre>## root vegetables} 2.474538 ## 46 {root vegetables,</pre>	<pre>=> {tropical fruit}</pre>	0.01230300	0.2596567
## tropical fruit} 2.230969	=> {whole milk}	0.01199797	0.5700483

<pre>## 47 {tropical fruit, ## whole milk} 2.602365</pre>	=> {root vegetables}	0.01199797	0.2836538
<pre>## 48 {root vegetables, ## whole milk} 2.337931</pre>	<pre>=> {tropical fruit}</pre>	0.01199797	0.2453222
<pre>## 49 {tropical fruit, ## yogurt} 2.171343</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01230300	0.4201389
<pre>## 50 {other vegetables, ## tropical fruit} 2.457146</pre>	=> {yogurt}	0.01230300	0.3427762
## 51 {other vegetables, ## yogurt} 2.700550	<pre>=> {tropical fruit}</pre>	0.01230300	0.2833724
## 52 {tropical fruit, ## yogurt} 2.024770	=> {whole milk}	0.01514997	0.5173611
<pre>## 53 {tropical fruit, ## whole milk}</pre>	=> {yogurt}	0.01514997	0.3581731
2.567516 ## 54 {whole milk, ## yogurt}	=> {tropical fruit}	0.01514997	0.2704174
2.577089 ## 55 {tropical fruit, ## whole milk}	=> {other vegetables}	0.01708185	0.4038462
<pre>2.087140 ## 56 {other vegetables, ## whole milk}</pre>	<pre>=> {tropical fruit}</pre>	0.01708185	0.2282609
<pre>2.175335 ## 57 {root vegetables, ## yogurt}</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>	0.01291307	0.5000000
<pre>2.584078 ## 58 {other vegetables, ## yogurt}</pre>	=> {root vegetables}	0.01291307	0.2974239
2.728698 ## 59 {root vegetables, ## yogurt}	=> {whole milk}	0.01453991	
2.203354 ## 60 {root vegetables, ## whole milk}	=> {yogurt}	0.01453991	
2.131136 ## 61 {whole milk, ## yogurt}	=> {root vegetables}		
2.381025 ## 62 {rolls/buns,	, G		
<pre>## root vegetables} 2.594890 ## 63 {other vegetables,</pre>	<pre>=> {other vegetables}</pre>		
## rolls/buns}	<pre>=> {root vegetables}</pre>	0.01220132	0.2863962

```
2.627525
## 64 {rolls/buns,
      root vegetables}
                              => {whole milk}
##
                                                      0.01270971 0.5230126
2.046888
## 65 {rolls/buns,
       whole milk}
                              => {root vegetables}
                                                      0.01270971 0.2244165
##
2,058896
## 66 {root vegetables,
       whole milk}
                              => {other vegetables}
                                                      0.02318251 0.4740125
2.449770
## 67 {other vegetables,
       whole milk}
                              => {root vegetables}
                                                      0.02318251 0.3097826
##
2.842082
## 68 {other vegetables,
##
       yogurt}
                              => {whole milk}
                                                      0.02226741 0.5128806
2.007235
## 69 {whole milk,
                              => {other vegetables}
##
       yogurt}
                                                      0.02226741 0.3974592
2.054131
## 70 {other vegetables,
      whole milk}
##
                              => {yogurt}
                                                      0.02226741 0.2975543
2,132979
```

Support>.001 and Confidence>0.9 and Lift>4

These choices mean that rarer purchases will be kept, but weaker relationships will be dropped. Our lift parameter ensures that these relationships are meaningful (unlikely to be a chance result). At these levels, the most interesting relationship is between liquor/wine and beer. If a customer buys liquor and wine, we are $\sim 90\%$ confident that they will also buy beer. We also see many relationships between three-grocery itemsets with other vegetables. Shoppers who are making large grocery trips (as opposed to grabbing one or two items) will usually buy some kind of other vegetable.

```
inspect(subset(groceriesrules, subset=support>.001&confidence>0.9&lift>4))
##
      1hs
                                 rhs
                                                        support confidence
lift
## 1 {liquor,
##
      red/blush wine}
                             => {bottled beer}
                                                    0.001931876 0.9047619
11.235269
## 2 {grapes,
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001118454 0.9166667
##
      onions}
4.737476
## 3 {hard cheese,
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001118454 0.9166667
##
      oil}
4.737476
## 4 {fruit/vegetable juice,
##
      herbs,
##
      whole milk}
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001016777
4.698323
```

```
## 5 {soft cheese,
      tropical fruit,
##
      whipped/sour cream}
                           => {other vegetables} 0.001220132 0.9230769
4.770605
## 6 {citrus fruit,
##
      root vegetables,
      soft cheese}
                           => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 1.0000000
5.168156
## 7 {frankfurter,
##
      frozen meals,
      tropical fruit} => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
4.698323
## 8 {hard cheese,
      tropical fruit,
##
      whipped/sour cream} => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
4.698323
## 9 {butter milk,
##
      pork,
                    => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
      whole milk}
4.698323
## 10 {butter milk,
      fruit/vegetable juice,
      pip fruit}
                            => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
4.698323
## 11 {coffee,
##
      oil,
                    => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
      yogurt }
4.698323
## 12 {napkins,
      onions,
##
      root vegetables} => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
4.698323
## 13 {hamburger meat,
      tropical fruit,
##
##
      whipped/sour cream} => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
4.698323
## 14 {dessert,
      tropical fruit,
      whipped/sour cream} => {other vegetables} 0.001118454 0.9166667
##
4.737476
## 15 {butter,
##
      cream cheese .
                           => {yogurt}
##
      root vegetables}
                                               0.001016777 0.9090909
6.516698
## 16 {citrus fruit,
      cream cheese,
##
      root vegetables} => {other vegetables} 0.001220132 0.9230769
4.770605
## 17 {brown bread,
## pip fruit,
```

```
whipped/sour cream} => {other vegetables} 0.001118454 1.0000000
5.168156
## 18 {butter,
##
       soda,
       whipped/sour cream} => {other vegetables} 0.001321810 0.9285714
##
4.799002
## 19 {butter,
##
       pastry,
                             => {other vegetables} 0.001321810 0.9285714
       pip fruit}
4.799002
## 20 {fruit/vegetable juice,
      tropical fruit,
       whipped/sour cream} => {other vegetables} 0.001931876 0.9047619
##
4.675950
## 21 {rice,
      root vegetables,
##
       whole milk,
      yogurt}
                             => {other vegetables} 0.001321810 0.9285714
##
4.799002
## 22 {grapes,
##
      tropical fruit,
##
       whole milk,
                            => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 1.0000000
##
      yogurt}
5.168156
## 23 {ham,
##
       pip fruit,
       tropical fruit,
##
                             => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 1.0000000
##
      yogurt}
5.168156
## 24 {ham,
##
       pip fruit,
##
       tropical fruit,
##
      whole milk}
                            => {other vegetables} 0.001118454 1.0000000
5.168156
## 25 {butter,
       sliced cheese,
##
       tropical fruit,
##
       whole milk}
                            => {yogurt}
                                                  0.001016777 0.9090909
6.516698
## 26 {oil,
       root vegetables,
##
       tropical fruit,
##
      yogurt}
                             => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
4.698323
## 27 {oil,
##
       root vegetables,
##
       whole milk,
                             => {other vegetables} 0.001423488 0.9333333
##
      yogurt}
4.823612
## 28 {cream cheese,
```

```
##
       curd,
##
       other vegetables,
##
       whipped/sour cream}
                            => {yogurt}
                                                    0.001016777 0.9090909
6.516698
## 29 {citrus fruit,
##
       cream cheese,
##
       whipped/sour cream,
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001118454 0.9166667
##
       whole milk}
4.737476
## 30 {butter,
##
       tropical fruit,
##
       white bread,
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
       yogurt}
4.698323
## 31 {butter,
       other vegetables,
##
       tropical fruit,
                             => {yogurt}
##
       white bread}
                                                  0.001016777 0.9090909
6.516698
## 32 {butter,
##
       root vegetables,
##
       white bread,
       whole milk}
                          => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
4.698323
## 33 {butter,
##
       fruit/vegetable juice,
##
       tropical fruit,
       whipped/sour cream} => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 1.0000000
##
5.168156
## 34 {butter,
##
       soda,
##
       whipped/sour cream,
##
       whole milk}
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
4.698323
## 35 {newspapers,
##
       rolls/buns,
##
       soda,
##
       whole milk}
                       => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 1.0000000
5.168156
## 36 {citrus fruit,
       domestic eggs,
##
       whipped/sour cream,
##
       whole milk}
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001220132 0.9230769
4.770605
## 37 {fruit/vegetable juice,
##
       tropical fruit,
##
       whipped/sour cream,
##
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001118454 0.9166667
      yogurt}
4.737476
## 38 {fruit/vegetable juice,
```

```
##
       tropical fruit,
##
       whipped/sour cream,
       whole milk}
                               => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
4.698323
## 39 {citrus fruit,
       fruit/vegetable juice,
##
##
       other vegetables,
                               => {root vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
       soda }
8.340400
## 40 {citrus fruit,
       root vegetables,
##
##
       tropical fruit,
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001220132 1.0000000
##
       whipped/sour cream}
5.168156
## 41 {oil,
##
       root vegetables,
##
       tropical fruit,
##
       whole milk,
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
       yogurt}
4.698323
## 42 {oil,
       other vegetables,
##
##
       tropical fruit,
##
       whole milk,
##
                              => {root vegetables} 0.001016777
       yogurt}
                                                                  0.9090909
8.340400
## 43 {citrus fruit,
       root vegetables,
##
##
       whipped/sour cream,
##
       whole milk,
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001016777 0.9090909
##
       yogurt}
4.698323
## 44 {citrus fruit,
       root vegetables,
##
##
       tropical fruit,
##
       whole milk,
                              => {other vegetables} 0.001423488 0.9333333
##
       yogurt}
4.823612
```

Support>.001 and Confidence>0.2 and Lift>5

These choices mean that rarer purchases and weaker relationships will be kept but only if the relationship is particularly meaningful. At these levels, we begin to see groups of things frequently bought together. Shoppers who buy two types of alcohol are likely to buy the third as well. Shoppers who buy baking supplies are likely to buy a full set (flour, sugar, eggs, baking powder, etc.). Shoppers who buy lunch items are also likely to buy a full set (white bread, processed cheese, ham, etc.)

inspect(subset(groceriesrules, subset=support>.001&confidence>0.2&lift>10))

## lhs confidence lift		rhs	support
	=>	{detergent}	0.001118454
## 2 {Instant food products} 0.3797468 11.42144 ## 3 {liquor,	=>	{hamburger meat}	0.003050330
## red/blush wine} 0.9047619 11.23527 ## 4 {bottled beer,	=>	{bottled beer}	0.001931876
## liquor} 0.4130435 21.49356 ## 5 {bottled beer,	=>	{red/blush wine}	0.001931876
## red/blush wine} 0.3958333 35.71579 ## 6 {popcorn,	=>	{liquor}	0.001931876
## soda} 0.6315789 16.69779 ## 7 {Instant food products,	=>	{salty snack}	0.001220132
## soda} 0.6315789 18.99565 ## 8 {hamburger meat,	=>	{hamburger meat}	0.001220132
## soda} 0.2105263 26.20919	=>	{Instant food products}	0.001220132
<pre>## 9 {Instant food products, ## rolls/buns} 0.4347826 13.07672 ## 10 {Instant food products</pre>	=>	{hamburger meat}	0.001016777
<pre>## 10 {Instant food products, ## whole milk} 0.5000000 15.03823 ## 11 [ham</pre>	=>	{hamburger meat}	0.001525165
## 11 {ham, ## processed cheese} 0.6333333 15.04549	=>	{white bread}	0.001931876
## 12 {processed cheese, ## white bread} 0.4634146 17.80345	=>	{ham}	0.001931876
## 13 {ham, ## white bread} 0.3800000 22.92822 ## 14 {fruit(vegetable juice	=>	{processed cheese}	0.001931876
<pre>## 14 {fruit/vegetable juice, ## processed cheese} 0.3793103 14.57233 ## 15 {fruit/vegetable juice</pre>	=>	{ham}	0.001118454
<pre>## 15 {fruit/vegetable juice, ## ham} 0.2894737 17.46610 ## 16 [ham]</pre>	=>	{processed cheese}	0.001118454
## 16 {ham, ## soda} 0.2040816 12.31376	=>	{processed cheese}	0.001016777
<pre>## 17 {domestic eggs, ## processed cheese}</pre>	=>	{white bread}	0.001118454

0.5238095 12.44364		
## 18 {pip fruit,	-> (white broad)	0.001016777
## processed cheese} 0.4347826 10.32871	<pre>=> {white bread}</pre>	0.001010///
## 19 {rolls/buns,		
## white bread}	=> {processed cheese}	0.001321810
0.2031250 12.25604	ζρ	
## 20 {baking powder,		
## flour}	=> {sugar}	0.001016777
0.555556 16.40807		
## 21 {baking powder,		
## sugar}	=> {flour}	0.001016777
0.3125000 17.97332 ## 22 {flour,		
## sugar}	<pre>=> {baking powder}</pre>	0.001016777
0.2040816 11.53530	-> (buking powder)	0.001010///
## 23 {baking powder,		
## margarine}	=> {sugar}	0.001118454
0.3666667 10.82933		
## 24 {margarine,		
## sugar}	<pre>=> {baking powder}</pre>	0.001118454
0.2037037 11.51394		
## 25 {domestic eggs,	\ (haking maydan)	0.001016777
## sugar} 0.2040816 11.53530	<pre>=> {baking powder}</pre>	0.001016777
## 26 {sugar,		
## whipped/sour cream}	=> {baking powder}	0.001321810
0.2708333 15.30831	(canaling pointer)	
## 27 {curd,		
## flour}	=> {sugar}	0.001118454
0.3548387 10.48000		
## 28 {curd,		
## sugar}	=> {flour}	0.001118454
0.3235294 18.60767 ## 29 {flour,		
## 29 {\lour, ## margarine}	=> {sugar}	0.001626843
0.4324324 12.77169	-> (Sugar)	0.001020045
## 30 {margarine,		
## sugar}	=> {flour}	0.001626843
0.2962963 17.04137		
## 31 {sugar,		
<pre>## whipped/sour cream}</pre>	=> {flour}	0.001016777
0.2083333 11.98221		
## 32 {citrus fruit,) (flam)	0.001016777
## sugar} 0.2127660 12.23715	=> {flour}	0.001016777
## 33 {root vegetables,		
## sugar}	=> {flour}	0.001423488
0.2222222 12.78103	(3.)	
## 34 {flour,		
-		

```
## soda}
                              => {sugar}
                                                         0.001118454
0.3928571 11.60285
## 35 {dessert,
                             => {butter milk}
                                                         0.001423488
      pip fruit}
0.2857143 10.21818
## 36 {sliced cheese,
      whipped/sour cream}
                            => {ham}
                                                         0.001016777
0.2631579 10.10999
## 37 {ham,
##
      pip fruit}
                             => {sliced cheese}
                                                       0.001016777
0.2564103 10.46388
## 38 {fruit/vegetable juice,
                              => {white bread}
      ham}
                                                       0.001626843
0.4210526 10.00254
## 39 {soda,
      white bread,
##
      whole milk}
                            => {processed cheese}
                                                        0.001016777
0.2500000 15.08436
## 40 {flour,
##
      root vegetables,
      whole milk}
                            => {sugar}
                                                        0.001016777
0.3448276 10.18432
## 41 {root vegetables,
      sugar,
                         => {flour}
##
                                                        0.001016777
      whole milk}
0.2941176 16.91606
## 42 {citrus fruit,
##
      fruit/vegetable juice,
      tropical fruit}
                            => {grapes}
                                                         0.001118454
0.2820513 12.60897
## 43 {hard cheese,
      whipped/sour cream,
##
      yogurt}
                              => {butter}
                                                        0.001016777
0.5882353 10.61522
## 44 {butter,
##
      whipped/sour cream,
                             => {hard cheese}
##
      yogurt}
                                                        0.001016777
0.2631579 10.73924
## 45 {chocolate,
##
      rolls/buns,
                             => {candy}
      soda}
                                                         0.001220132
0.3000000 10.03571
## 46 {pip fruit,
##
      sausage,
                             => {sliced cheese}
                                                        0.001220132
##
      yogurt}
0.3076923 12.55665
## 47 {coffee,
      other vegetables,
##
      yogurt}
                             => {oil}
                                                         0.001016777
0.2857143 10.18116
```

```
## 48 {citrus fruit,
       fruit/vegetable juice,
                                                         0.001016777
##
       root vegetables}
                              => {oil}
0.2941176 10.48061
## 49 {hamburger meat,
       whipped/sour cream,
##
       yogurt}
                              => {butter}
                                                         0.001016777
0.6250000 11.27867
## 50 {other vegetables,
##
       pip fruit,
##
      tropical fruit,
##
                                                         0.001016777
       yogurt}
                             => {ham}
0.2857143 10.97656
## 51 {sliced cheese,
##
       tropical fruit,
##
      whole milk,
##
       yogurt}
                             => {butter}
                                                         0.001016777
0.5555556 10.02548
## 52 {butter,
       tropical fruit,
##
##
       whole milk,
                             => {sliced cheese}
                                                        0.001016777
##
       yogurt}
0.3030303 12.36640
## 53 {butter,
##
       other vegetables,
##
       root vegetables,
                             => {onions}
                                                         0.001321810
##
       whole milk}
0.3170732 10.22431
## 54 {cream cheese,
       other vegetables,
##
       whipped/sour cream,
##
                             => {curd}
                                                         0.001016777
       yogurt}
0.5882353 11.04064
## 55 {curd,
##
       other vegetables,
##
       whipped/sour cream,
                              => {cream cheese }
##
       yogurt}
                                                  0.001016777
0.5882353 14.83409
## 56 {curd,
##
       whipped/sour cream,
##
       whole milk,
                              => {cream cheese }
       yogurt}
                                                  0.001118454
0.4074074 10.27398
## 57 {curd,
##
       other vegetables,
##
       root vegetables,
##
      yogurt}
                             => {cream cheese }
                                                         0.001016777
0.4166667 10.50748
## 58 {other vegetables,
## tropical fruit,
```

```
##
       white bread,
                              => {butter}
##
       yogurt}
                                                         0.001016777
0.6666667 12.03058
## 59 {other vegetables,
##
      root vegetables,
##
       tropical fruit,
##
       whole milk,
##
      yogurt}
                              => {oil}
                                                         0.001016777
0.2857143 10.18116
## 60 {other vegetables,
##
       rolls/buns,
##
       root vegetables,
##
       tropical fruit,
                            => {beef}
##
       whole milk}
                                                         0.001118454
0.5500000 10.48304
## 61 {domestic eggs,
       other vegetables,
##
##
       tropical fruit,
##
      whole milk,
                             => {butter}
##
                                                         0.001016777
      yogurt}
0.6250000 11.27867
```