# CSE 262: Technology, Ethics, and Global Society

# Fall 2014 Quiz 1 - 09/04

**1. (1 pt)**  Explain the difference between ethics and morality according to our course textbook.

*½ Ethics is a set of morally permissible standards of a* ***GROUP*** *that each member wants every other member, including oneself, to follow.*

*½ Morality is the set of universal standards that all**people want each other to follow, even if doing so requires one to do the same*

**2. (1.5 pts)** Explain the basis for Contractarianism . From whom does this theory stem? *1 1 pt People are rational beings who wish to promote their own self-interests, and the best way of doing that is to promote the common interests of society.*

*½ pt Contractarianism stems from Hobbes*

**3. (1.5 pts)** What theory has the categorical imperative? Explain one of these categorical imperatives. Who is the major contributor of this theory?

½ pt Deontological Theory 1 pt for either one of the following:

*Universal law of nature: Act only according to maxims that could be adopted as universal laws.*

*Principle of the end in itself: Treat humans, both yourself and others, as ends in themselves, never as a means to an end.*

**4. (2 pts)**  Explain the difference between the Theory of Justice and the Ethics of Caring. Who developed the Theory of Justice? Who developed the Ethics of Caring? What is its difference principle?

*½ pt Theory of Justice focuses* ***on institutions and what a just institution*** *should look like.*

*½ Ethics of Caring focuses on how we* ***relate to other particular individuals****.* ***To be moral is to care for (and receive caring from)*** *those we relate to.*

*¼ Nel Noddings Ethics of Caring ¼ pt John Rawls Theory of Justice*

*½ pt Difference principle: Inequalities provide the greatest benefit to the least advantaged; Stated another way: All socio-economic differences are of the most benefit to the least advantaged.*

**5. (1.5 pts)** “Human conduct is subject to a threefold evaluation from a moral point of view” What are these three factors for evaluation and what moral theory is primarily associated with each factor?

*Give them ¼ pt for factor and ¼ pt for associated theory.*

1. *The* ***end*** *Consequentialism or Utilitarian Theory*
2. *The* ***motive*** *Virtue Theory*
3. *The* ***means*** *Deontological Theory*

**6 (1.5 pt)**  What are the three “inherent goods” and with what moral theory is each associated? *½ pt for each ¼ for good, ¼ pt for theory*

*Happiness -* Utilitarian Theory *Good will -* Deontological Theory *Caring -* Ethics of Caring

**7. (1 pt)**  List the two kinds of utilitarianism. Who is regarded as its strongest proponent?

¼ pt for each kind and ½ pt for person.

Act and Rule. John Stuart Mill