

# Documentation

## **What is Fibonacci**

- Fibonacci 0 and 1 are 0 and 1 so we don't need to calculate
- So just return the number itself, if num equal 0 or 1.
- Find the Fibonacci for given number we need previous two number Fibonacci value for example

If we calculate Fibonacci for 10 we need Fibonacci value for 9,8.

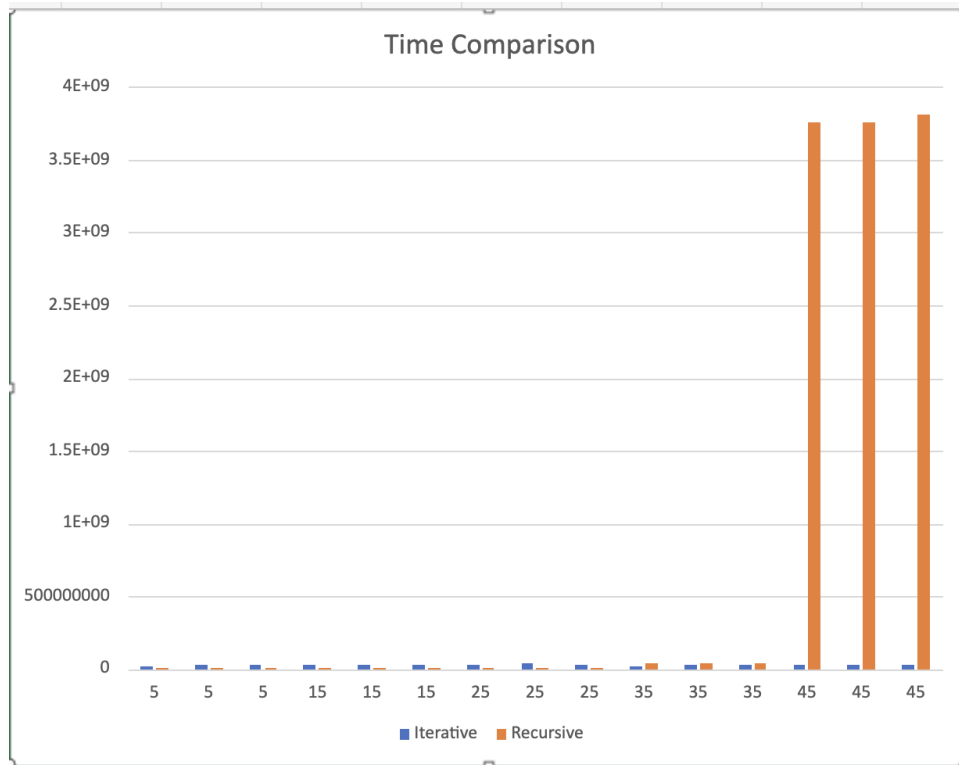
## **Calculate Fibonacci Using Iterative**

- Here using for loop for calculate Fibonacci value for given number
- Here I am using data type long for all input and output (not using int) because Fibonacci output is big.
- Variable first and second are used to store previous Fibonacci value (first for n-2 and second for n-1)
- Variable result for store the Fibonacci value for given input
- Loop  $i=2$  to  $n$  because we do not need to calculate  $i=0$  or  $i=1$ .

## **Calculate Fibonacci Using Recursive**

- If number (input) is 0 or 1 then it is the base case for recursive function
- Call recursively for calculate  $n-1$  and  $n-2$  Fibonacci

## **Graph**



- Here I added 3 result for same test
- Here for input 5 to 25 recursive function is faster than iterative function
- For input 35 to 45 iterative function is faster than recursive function
- For input 45 there are huge difference between two method iterative function is much faster than recursive function