TUPLE CREATION

```
In [4]: tup1 = () # EMPTY TUPLE
In [6]: tup2 = (10,30,60) # tuple of integers numbers
In [10]: tup3 = (10.77,30.66,60.89) #TUPLE OF FLOAT NUMBERS
In [14]: tup4 = ('one', 'two', "three") # tuple of strings
In [16]: tup5 = ('Asif', 25,(50, 100),(150, 90)) # NESTED TUPLES
In [18]: tup6 = (100, 'Asif', 17.765) # TUPLE OF MIXED DATA TYPES
In [20]: tup7 = ('Asif', 25,[50, 100],[150, 90], {'John', 'David'}, (99,22,33))
In [22]: len(tup7) # LENGTH OF LIST
Out[22]: 6
```

TUPLE INDEXING

```
In [25]: tup2[0] # RETREIVE FIRST ELEMENT OF THE TUPLE
Out[25]: 10
In [27]: tup4[0] # RETREIVE FIRST ELEMENT OF THE TUPLE
Out[27]: 'one'
In [29]: tup4[0][0] # NESTED INDEXING - ACCESS THE FIRST CHARACTER OF THE FIRST TUPLE ELEMEN
Out[29]: 'o'
In [31]: tup4[-1] # Last item of the tupLe
Out[31]: 'three'
In [33]: tup5[-1] # Last item of the tupLe
Out[33]: (150, 90)
```

TUPLE SLICING

```
In [36]: mytuple = ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight')
In [38]: mytuple[0:3] # RETURN ALL ITEMS FROM OTH TO 3RD INDEX LOCATION EXCLUDING THE ITEM
Out[38]: ('one', 'two', 'three')
In [40]: mytuple[2:5] # LIST ALL ITEMS FROM 2nd to 5th INDEX LOCATION EXCLUDING THE ITEM
Out[40]: ('three', 'four', 'five')
In [42]: mytuple[:3] # RETURN FIRST THREE ITEMS
Out[42]: ('one', 'two', 'three')
In [44]: mytuple[:2] # RETURN FIRST TWO ITEMS
Out[44]: ('one', 'two')
In [46]: mytuple[-3:] # RETURN LAST THREE ITEMS
Out[46]: ('six', 'seven', 'eight')
In [50]: mytuple[-2:] # RETURN LAST TWO ITEMS
Out[50]: ('seven', 'eight')
In [52]: mytuple[-1] # RETURN LAST ITEM OF THE TUPLE
Out[52]: 'eight'
In [54]: mytuple[:] # RETURN WHOLE TUPLE
Out[54]: ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight')
```

REMOVE & CHANGE ITEMS

LOOP THROUGH A TUPLE

```
In [72]: mytuple = ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight')
In [74]: for i in mytuple:
              print(i)
        one
        two
        three
        four
        five
        six
        seven
        eight
In [76]: for i in enumerate(mytuple):
              print(i)
        (0, 'one')
        (1, 'two')
        (2, 'three')
        (3, 'four')
        (4, 'five')
        (5, 'six')
        (6, 'seven')
        (7, 'eight')
```

TUPLE MEMBERSHIP

```
In [79]: mytuple
Out[79]: ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight')
In [81]: 'one' in mytuple # CHECK IF 'ONE' EXIST IN THE LIST
Out[81]: True
In [83]: 'ten' in mytuple # CHECK IF 'TEN' EXIST IN THE LIST
Out[83]: False
```

eleven is not present in the tuple

INDEX POSITION

```
In [90]: mytuple
Out[90]: ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight')
In [92]: mytuple.index('one') # INDEX OF FIRST ELEMENT EQUAL TO 'ONE'
Out[92]: 0
In [94]: mytuple
Out[94]: ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight')
In [96]: mytuple.index('one') # INDEX OF FIRST ELEMENT EQUAL TO 'ONE'
Out[96]: 0
In [98]: mytuple.index('five') # INDEX OF FIRST ELEMENT EQUAL TO 'FIVE'
Out[98]: 4
In [106...
          mytuple1 = ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'one', 'one', 'two', 'three')
In [108...
          mytuple1
          ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'one', 'one', 'two', 'three')
Out[108...
In [110...
         mytuple1.index('one') # INDEX OF FIRST ELEMENT EQUAL TO 'ONE'
Out[110...
          0
```

SORTING

```
In [113... mytuple2 = (43,67,99,12,6,90,67)
```

```
In [115... sorted(mytuple2) # RETURNS A NEW SORTED LIST AND DOESN'T CHANGE ORIGINAL TUPLE
Out[115... [6, 12, 43, 67, 67, 90, 99]
In [117... sorted(mytuple2, reverse=True) # SORT IN DESCENDING ORDER
Out[117... [99, 90, 67, 67, 43, 12, 6]
```

SETS

- 1. Unordered & Unindexed collection of items.
- 2. Set elements are unique. Duplicate elements are not allowed.
- 3. Set elements are immutable (cannot be changed).
- 4. Set itself is mutable. We can add or remove items from it.

SET CREATION

```
In [1]: myset = {1,2,3,4,5} # Set of numbers
myset

Out[1]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

In [2]: len(myset) #Length of the set

Out[2]: 5

In [3]: my_set = {1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5} # Dup.icate elements are not allowed.
my_set

Out[3]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

In [4]: myset1 = {1.79,2.08,3.99,4.56,5.45} # Set of float numbers
myset1

Out[4]: {1.79, 2.08, 3.99, 4.56, 5.45}

In [5]: myset2 = {'Asif', 'John', 'Tyrion'} # Set of Strings
myset2

Out[5]: {'Asif', 'John', 'Tyrion'}

In []:
```