Practice Exercise #30: Sorted Linked List

http://www.comp.nus.edu.sg/~cs1020/4 misc/practice.html

Objective:

- Programming on linked list
- Learning about compareTo() method in Comparable interface

Task Statement

Java provides the **Comparable** and **Comparator** interfaces for comparing object (check out the API documentation). We will explore the former here.

The **Comparable** interface contains the **compareTo()** method that compares this object with the specified object in the parameter, and returns a negative integer, zero, or a positive integer, if this object is less than, equal to, or greater than the specified object, respectively.

(For example, the **String** class and it has a **compareTo()** method too. Assuming that s1 and s2 are String objects, s1.compareTo(s2) compares the two strings lexicographically, and returns a negative integer, zero, or a positive integer if s1 is lexicographically less than s2, equals to s2, or lexicographically greater than s2, respectively.)

In this exercise, you are to add elements into a sorted list containing strings as its elements. Each time you add a new element, you must <u>place it in the correct position</u> to maintain the sorted order of the list. You may assume that all elements added are distinct.

You are given a client program **TestSortedList.java** which you should not modify, and hence need not submit. This client program uses the **addOrdered()** method in **MySortedLinkedList** class which you need to complete.

The **System.out.println(list)** statement (which is commented out) in the **readNames()** method is for you to check whether the method works properly each time you add a new element into the sorted list.

The file MySortedLinkedList.java contains the definition of ListNode class as well as MySortedLinkedList class. You are to complete the toString() method and addOrdered() method in the MySortedLinkedList class. The addOrdered() method is to add an element into the list at the right place to keep the list in sorted order.

As **addOrdered()** method requires you to compare list elements, **MySortedLinkedList** class needs to support comparison between instances of the generic type E, via the **Comparable** interface. Hence:

class MySortedLinkedList <E extends Comparable <E>>

In the client program **TestSortedList**, we also need to state this:

```
public class TestSortedList implements Comparable <String>
```

and provide an implementation of the **compareTo()** method which would be used in **addOrdered()** to compare the elements of two list nodes. As the client program is creating a linked list of strings, the **compareTo()** method (of **Comparable** interface) is implemented here as the **compareTo()** method in the **String** class:

```
public int compareTo(String that) {
   return this.compareTo(that);
}
```

You are not to modify the rest of the given code in **MySortedLinkedList**. You need to submit only **MySortedLinkedList.java**.

Sample run:

Inputs are shown in blue.

5

```
Elaine Diana Avery Candy Bubble
```

List:

[Avery, Bubble, Candy, Diana, Elaine]