# CSCE 658: Randomized Algorithms – Spring 2024 Problem Set 4

Due: Thursday, April 4, 2024, 5:00 pm CT

## **Problem 1.** (30 points total)

- 1. (10 points) Prove that every graph on m edges has a subgraph on at least  $\frac{m}{2}$  edges that is bipartite.
- 2. (10 points) An independent set of a graph is a subset of vertices that are not connected by an edge in the graph. Prove that for any graph with n vertices, and  $m \ge \frac{n}{2}$  edges, there exists an independent set of size at least  $\frac{n^2}{4m}$ .
- 3. (10 points) Prove that for every matrix  $A \in \{0,1\}^{n \times n}$ , there exists a vector  $b \in \{-1,+1\}^n$  such that there is some entry of  $Ab \in \mathbb{R}^n$  with magnitude at least  $2\sqrt{n \log n}$ .

#### **Problem 2.** (30 points total)

- 1. (15 points) Suppose there are p packets that need to be routed over a network of links. Each packet  $i \in [p]$  must pick a route from a set  $R_i$  of r different possible routes to be sent. Multiple routes can share the same link, but a link only has capacity to support the routing of a single packet. Suppose that for all  $i \neq j$  and any route  $R \in R_i$ , there are at most c other routes  $R' \in R_j$  that share a link with R. Prove that if  $r \geq 8pc$ , then there exists a possible routing of all p packets where no link exceeds its capacity.
- 2. (15 points) Let G be an undirected graph and suppose each vertex v has a set C(v) of colors. A proper list coloring of the graph assigns each vertex  $v \in V$  a color from its set C(v) while ensuring that no edges have two vertices with the same color. Suppose  $|C(v)| \ge 10q$  and for all  $v \in V$  and  $c \in C(v)$ , there are most q neighbors u of v that contain c in C(u). Prove that there exists a proper list coloring of the graph.

#### **Problem 3.** (30 points total)

- 1. (10 points) Give an example, with proof, of a primal-dual pair of linear programs, each with at most three variables and three constraints in addition to the non-negativity constraints, such that neither program is feasible.
- 2. (10 points) Write the linear program for the best fit line with  $L_1$  error, i.e., values (a, b, c) that minimizes

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} |ax_i + by_i - c|.$$

3. (10 points) Write the linear program for the best fit line with  $L_{\infty}$  error, i.e., values (a, b, c) that minimizes

$$\max_{i \in [n]} |ax_i + by_i - c|.$$

### Problem 4. (30 points total)

- 1. (5 points) Describe the implementation of randomized response for  $\varepsilon$ -differential privacy. Prove its correctness.
- 2. (5 points) Use the probability density function of the Laplace distribution to prove that if  $X \sim \text{Lap}(b)$ , then  $\Pr[|X| > 4Cb \log n] \leq \frac{1}{n^C}$  for any constant C > 0.
- 3. (10 points) Suppose that are given a database  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$  of counts, so that  $x_i \in \mathbb{Z}$  for all  $i \in [n]$ . To privately release the index of the item with the largest value, i.e.,  $\operatorname{argmax}_{i \in [n]} x_i$ , we first add independent Laplace noise  $\operatorname{Lap}\left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon}\right)$  to each value  $x_i$  to acquire a value  $y_i$ . We then output the index of the noisy item with the largest value, i.e.,  $\operatorname{argmax}_{i \in [n]} y_i$ . Show with proof that the resulting protocol is  $\varepsilon$ -differentially private. Analyze the correctness/error of the protocol.
- 4. (10 points) Suppose that are given a database  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$  of counts, so that  $x_i \in \mathbb{Z}$  for all  $i \in [n]$ . Suppose that we release  $i \in [n]$  with probability proportional to  $\exp(s(x_i))$ , where  $s(x_i) = x_i \max_{j \in [n]} x_j$ . Show with proof that the resulting protocol is  $\varepsilon$ -differentially private. Analyze the correctness/error of the protocol.