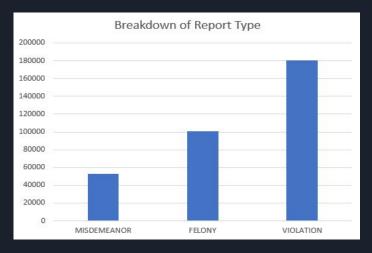
Introduction to Data Mining Predicting Crime Type in NYC

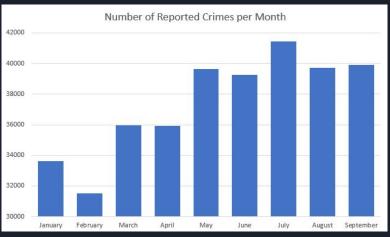
Omar Qusous, Sertan Akinci, Sam SR

Our Dataset

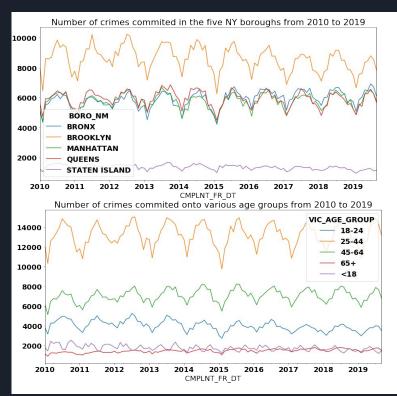
- NYPD Complaint Data Historic
- Data provided by NYC Open Data and the New York Police Department
- Contains every felony, misdemeanor, and violation crime that the New York City Police Department received a report for from 2006 to 2019
- Contains information such as race / age / sex of victims and suspects, the time of day the crime was committed, and information about the location
- Over 6 million observations
- 35 columns mostly categorical
- Updated Annually

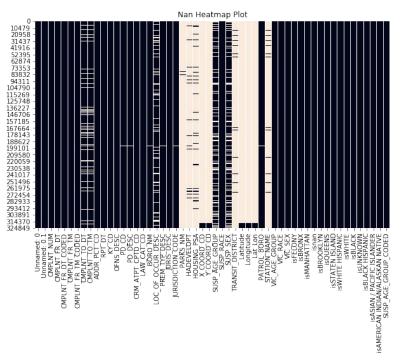
Exploratory Data Analysis





Exploratory Data Analysis





Cleaning and Preprocessing

- Limited our data to 2019, giving us about 350,000 reports
- Encoded numerical variables (date/time) to a continuous number
 - Nulls -> average
- Encoded ordinal categorical variables (age) to continuous number
 - Nulls -> average
- One-hot encoded categorical (not ordinal) variables (borough, sex, etc)
 to separate features for each possible
 - Nulls -> randomly assigned matching the given distribution of possibilities

Available Features

- Date of reported event (start and end)
- Time of reported event (start and end)
- Precinct in which the event occured
- Date of report
- Offense classification code / description
- Internal classification code / description
- Indicator of whether or not the crime was successfully completed
- Level of offense
- Borough in which the offense occurred
- Specific Location around the premises
- Description of the premises

- Jurisdiction code / description
- Victim Race / Sex / Age
- Suspect Race / Sex / Age
- Specific location as X and Y coordinate on the NY State Plane Coordinate System
- Latitude and Longitude
- Patrol borough

Decision Tree Models: Targets and Features

- For simplicity, separate models targeting each crime type
- Targets: felony, misdemeanor, violation
- Features:
 - Time of reported event
 - Date of reported event
 - Victim Age / Sex / Race
 - Borough in which the event took place
 - Description of the premises
 - Specific location on the premises
 - Jurisdiction code description
- Max leaf nodes = 50

Decision Tree Models: Results

- Tweaking the test_size and the max_leaf_nodes, our best results were:
- Violation:

0	Accuracy:	84%
0	Accuracy.	\cup \top \wedge

- o F1: 11%
- Confusion Matrix:

28134	14
5243	7

Felony:

- Accuracy: 70%
- o F1: 3%
- Confusion Matrix:

Misdemeanor:

- o Accuracy: 58%
- o F1:61%
- Confusion Matrix:

22903	561
9343	591

8497	6832
7034	11035

Other Modeling Attempts

- Random Forest
- Multinomial Logistic Regression
- Support Vector Machine
- Random Forest
- These methods did not see as much success as decision tree

App Demo

- Developed an app with a user interface which can let you play around with our decision tree model
- Choose parameters and try out the classification