## **Python- Dynamically Typed Language**

- When a variable is declared, it must be initialise as well
- Variables do not have a specific data type, it's type depends on the value assigned to it.

## Ex:

```
X = 25 - integer type
```

$$X = 13.75$$
 - float type

$$X = 'A'$$
 - string type

- For the above example we can say that, Python is a dynamically typed language meaning while defining a variable we don't have to give its data type explicitly like in any other languages such as c++, Java
- To know what type of data is provided to the variable we use function type(x)

## Ex:

```
rype neip*, copyright*,
>>> x=25
>>> type(x)
<class 'int'>
>>> |
```

- The above result is <class 'int'> meaning the given data type belongs to a class of integer
- As we know every thing in python is an object and every object will have its own class
- The class is decided on the type of value assigned to the variable.