SQL

Database - Lecture 7

Recap

- SQL
- Create Database With SQL
- Constraints
- Data Types

Contents

- Alter Table
- Update and Delete Data
- SELECT

 Modify an existing table by adding, modifying, renaming, or deleting columns and constraints.

Modify Existing Column

```
ALTER TABLE students
MODIFY email VARCHAR(150);
```

Rename Column and Change Data Types

```
ALTER TABLE students
CHANGE phone contact VARCHAR(20);
```

Drop a Column

```
ALTER TABLE students DROP COLUMN address;
```

Add Primary key

```
ALTER TABLE students
ADD primary key (id);
```

Drop Primary key

```
ALTER TABLE students DROP primary key;
```

Add Auto increment

```
ALTER TABLE students
MODIFY id INT AUTO_INCREMENT;
```

Add foreign key

```
ALTER TABLE students

ADD CONSTRAINT fk_department

FOREIGN KEY (dept_id)

REFERENCES departments(id);
```

Drop foreign key

```
ALTER TABLE students
DROP FOREIGN KEY fk_department;
```

Add Unique constraint

```
ALTER TABLE students ADD UNIQUE (email);
```

Drop Unique

```
ALTER TABLE students
DROP INDEX email;
```

Add default

```
ALTER TABLE students
ALTER email SET DEFAULT 'abc@example.com';
```

Drop default

```
ALTER TABLE students
ALTER email DROP DEFAULT;
```

Rename table

```
ALTER TABLE students
RENAME TO student_info;
```

Rename a database Name??

Add check

```
ALTER TABLE students

ADD CONSTRAINT chk_age CHECK (dob <= '2010-01-01');
```

Drop default

```
ALTER TABLE students
DROP CONSTRAINT chk_age;
```

Update Data

- The UPDATE statement is used to modify the existing records in a table.
- The WHERE clause specifies which record(s) that should be updated. If you omit the WHERE clause, all records in the table will be updated!
- Syntax:

```
UPDATE table_name
SET column1 = value1, column2 = value2,..
WHERE condition;
```

Update Data

teachers

id	name	designation	city	salary
1	Trump	Professor	Dhaka	100000
2	Obama	Associate Professor	Dhaka	80000
3	Kim	Assictant Professor	Khulna	70000
4	King	Assistant Professor	Barishal	65000
5	Alice	Lecturer	Barishal	60000

Update Example

• Update the name and city of the person whose id is 4

```
UPDATE teachers
SET name = 'Mr King', City= Patuakhali'
WHERE id = 4;
```

 Provide 10% salary increment of all assistant professor

```
UPDATE teachers
SET salary = salary*1.1
WHERE designation = 'Assistant Professor';
```

Delete Data

- The DELETE statement is used to delete existing records in a table.
- Syntax:

```
DELETE FROM table name WHERE condition;
```

Example:

```
DELETE FROM teachers WHERE id=4;
```

DELETE FROM teachers; //delete all data

SELECT

References

- Alter: https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_alter.asp
- Update: <u>https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_update.a</u>
 <u>sp</u>
- Delete:
 https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_delete.as