## Greensboro Report

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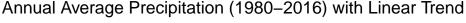
Load Raw Data see broad annual and monthly trends from 1980-2016

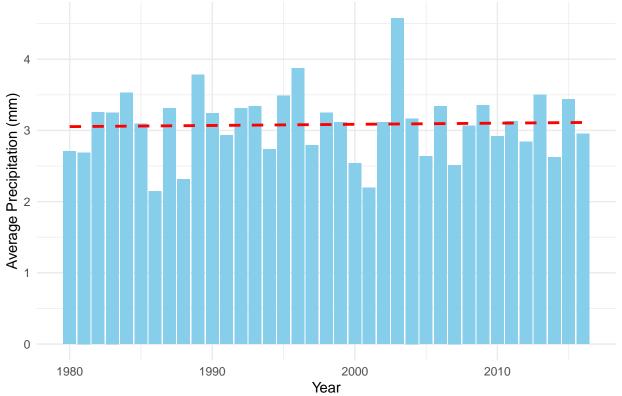
```
library(dplyr)
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(ggplot2)
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       date, intersect, setdiff, union
Greensboro <- read.csv("Hydrology/Data/Raw/Greensboro_daily_precip_1980-present_HUC_030300020105_dayMet
Greensboro_Data <- Greensboro</pre>
# Rename the precipitation column to 'Precipitation in mm'
Greensboro_Processed <- Greensboro_Data %>%
  rename(Precipitation_mm = Area.Weighted.Mean.Precipitation..mm.per.day.)
# Ensure the 'Date' column is in date format
Greensboro_Processed <- Greensboro_Processed %>%
  mutate(Date = as.Date(Date))
```

# \*All code was produced in conversation with R Wizard GPT. Prompts included in code where relevant.

The first analysis we can run is finding large scale trends within the precipitation data. Using the HUC data, we found a constant trend in annual precipitation from 1980-2016

## 'geom\_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'

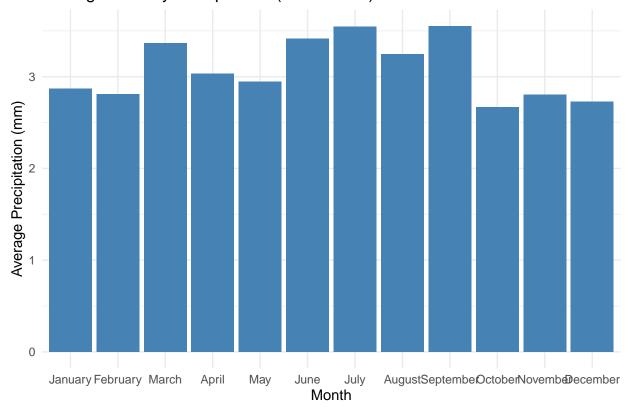




While this general trend is useful, in regard to infrastructure, it is vital to know if this precipitation is evenly distributed throughout the year, is concentrated in larger, predictable hurricane systems (Hurricane

Season defined by the State of North Carolina as June 1-November 30) or the less predictable, smaller frontal systems throughout the rest of the year. We find that the rainest months occur during Hurricane season, with July, September, and March being the rainiest months.

#### Average Monthly Precipitation (1980–2016)



Combining these two analyses we can see the monthly trends from 1980-2016, seeing a steady increase in mean precipation, particularly in the summer months.

```
# Group by year and month, and calculate the mean precipitation for each month
Greensboro_Monthly_Averages <- Greensboro_Processed %>%
filter(year >= 1980 & year <= 2016) %>%
```

```
group_by(year, month) %>%
  summarize(monthly_avg_precip = mean(Precipitation_mm, na.rm = TRUE))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
# Plotting the monthly averages using a bar plot
ggplot(Greensboro_Monthly_Averages, aes(x = factor(month), y = monthly_avg_precip, fill = factor(year))
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Monthly Average Precipitation (1980-2016)",
       x = "Month",
       y = "Average Precipitation (mm)") +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_viridis_d(name = "Year") +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = month.name) # Adding month names to the x-axis
        Monthly Average Precipitation (1980–2016)
                                                                               1980
                                                                                         1999
   10.0
                                                                               1981
                                                                                         2000
                                                                                         2001
                                                                               1982
                                                                                         2002
                                                                               1983
                                                                               1984
                                                                                         2003
    7.5
Average Precipitation (mm)
                                                                               1985
                                                                                         2004
                                                                               1986
                                                                                         2005
                                                                               1987
                                                                                         2006
                                                                                         2007
                                                                               1988
    5.0
                                                                               1989
                                                                                         2008
                                                                               1990
                                                                                         2009
                                                                               1991
                                                                                         2010
    2.5
                                                                                         2011
                                                                               1992
                                                                               1993
                                                                                         2012
                                                                               1994
                                                                                         2013
                                                                                         2014
                                                                               1995
    0.0
```

Seeing these trends, we now compare the mean precipiations of Hurricane Season against Frontal systems.

JanualFebruarMarch April May June July Augusteptem Detrollytorem Decrember

Month

```
#Creating Hurricane Season vs. Frontal Dataframe
Greensboro_Seasonal <- Greensboro_Processed %>%
  mutate(Season = case_when(
    (month >= 6 & month <= 11) ~ "Hurricane Season", # June to November
    TRUE ~ "Frontal" # December to May
))</pre>
```

```
#Filter data for the years 1980-2016
Greensboro_Seasonal <- Greensboro_Seasonal %>%
   filter(year >= 1980 & year <= 2016)

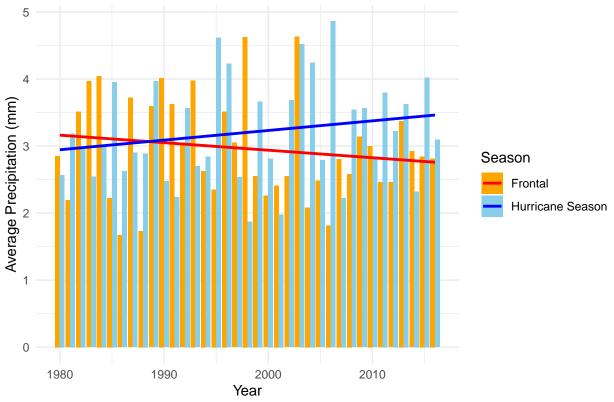
#Grouping by year and season, we calculate the average precipitation for each year and season
Greensboro_Seasonal_Averages <- Greensboro_Seasonal %>%
   group_by(year, Season) %>%
   summarize(avg_precip = mean(Precipitation_mm, na.rm = TRUE))
```

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.

We express the results with a bar plot with separate linear regression lines for each season.

## 'geom\_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'

### Average Precipitation for Hurricane Season vs Frontal (1980–2016)

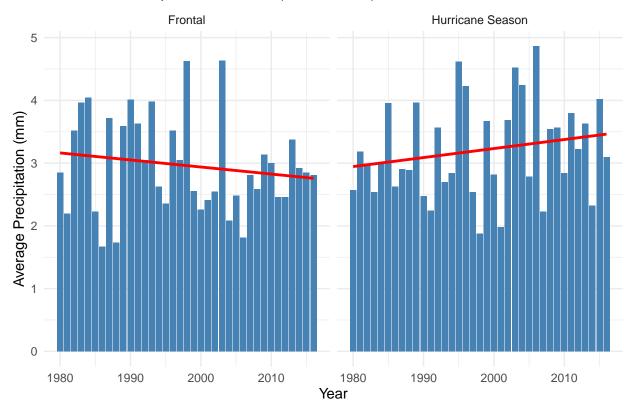


This graph makes it apparent that despite the constant trend in precipitation, Hurricane Season has been steadily increasing in terms of mean precipation in the last 36 years, while frontal precipation has been decreasing. Combining this with our previous analysis, we can assume that the majority of the despite constant trends in precipitation, hurricane season is becoming heavier due to increased intensities and rainfall of hurricane systems, rather than frontal systems.

Here are those graphs again, side by side:

## 'geom\_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'

#### Seasonal Precipitation Trends (1980–2016)



We can also see this increasing dominance of Hurricane systems, especially since the year 2000 in the following Time Series Analysis:

```
ggplot(Greensboro_Seasonal_Averages, aes(x = year, y = avg_precip, color = Season, group = Season)) +
    geom_line(size = 1) +
    labs(title = "Time Series of Precipitation (1980-2016)",
        x = "Year",
```

```
y = "Average Precipitation (mm)") +
theme_minimal() +
scale_color_manual(values = c("Hurricane Season" = "blue", "Frontal" = "red"))
```

```
## Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use 'linewidth' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was
## generated.
```

