

# Boone

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```
Boone <- read.csv("Hydrology/Data/Raw/Boone_daily_precip_1980-present_HUC_050500010201_dayMet_split-dat
```

```
Boone_Data<-Boone
```

```
# Load necessary libraries
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(lubridate)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
# Assuming your dataset is called 'Boone', and 'Area Weighted Mean Precipitation (mm per day)' is the p
# Rename the precipitation column to 'Precipitation in mm'
Boone_Processed <- Boone_Data %>%
```

```

rename(Precipitation_mm = Area.Weighted.Mean.Precipitation..mm.per.day.)

# Ensure the 'Date' column is in date format
Boone_Processed <- Boone_Processed %>%
  mutate(Date = as.Date(Date))

# 2. Calculate monthly averages from 1980-2016
# Group by year and month, and calculate the mean precipitation for each month
Boone_Monthly_Averages <- Boone_Processed %>%
  filter(year >= 1980 & year <= 2016) %>%
  group_by(year, month) %>%
  summarize(monthly_avg_precip = mean(Precipitation_mm, na.rm = TRUE))

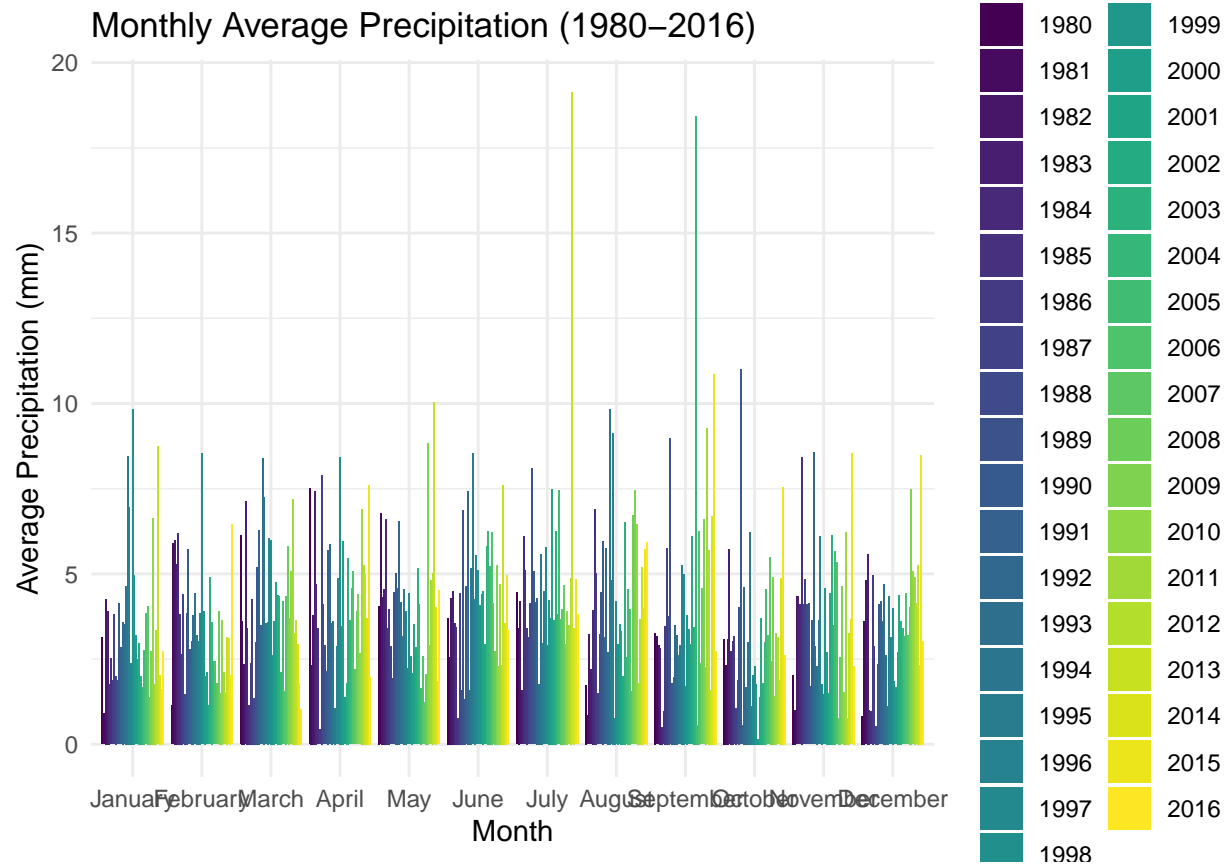
```

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year'. You can override using the  
## '.groups' argument.

```

# Plotting the monthly averages using a bar plot
Boone_Annual_Average_Precip<-ggplot(Boone_Monthly_Averages, aes(x = factor(month), y = monthly_avg_precip)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  labs(title = "Monthly Average Precipitation (1980-2016)",
       x = "Month",
       y = "Average Precipitation (mm)") +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_viridis_d(name = "Year") +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = month.name) # Adding month names to the x-axis
print(Boone_Annual_Average_Precip)

```

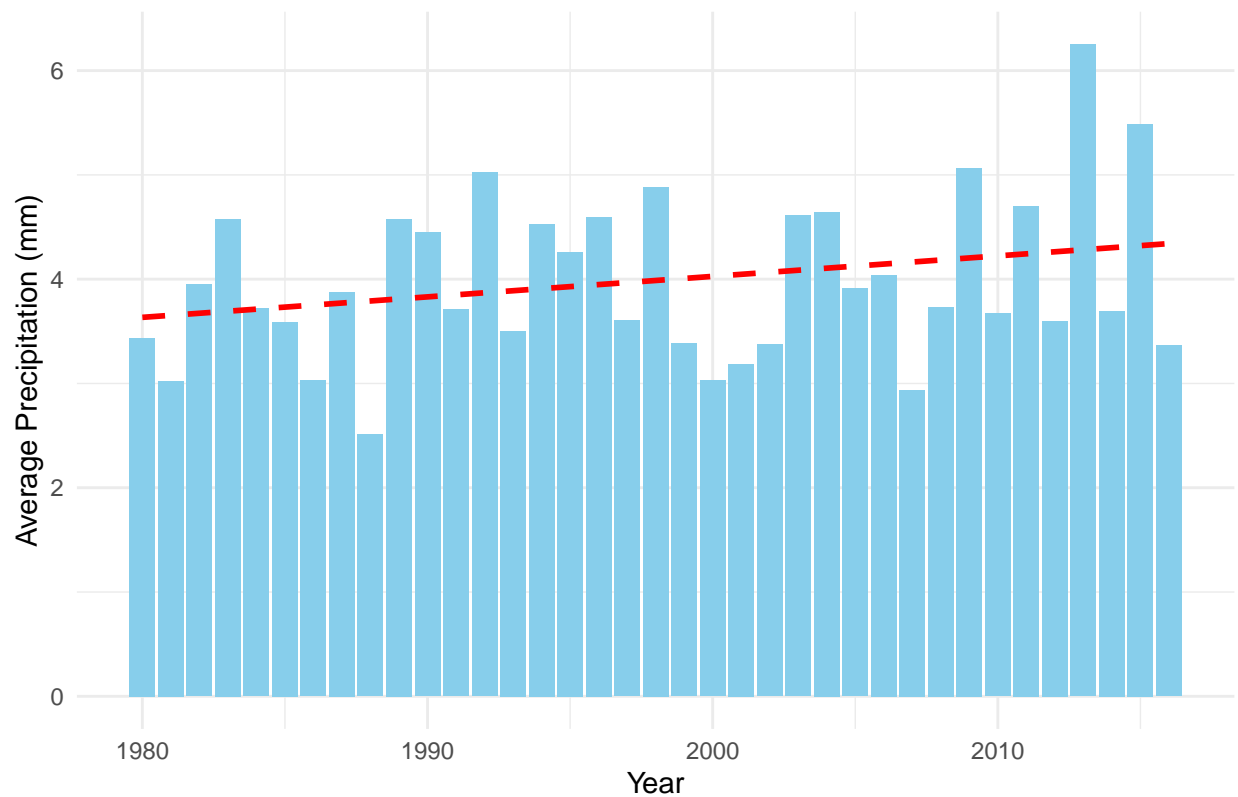


## Including Plots

You can also embed plots, for example:

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'
```

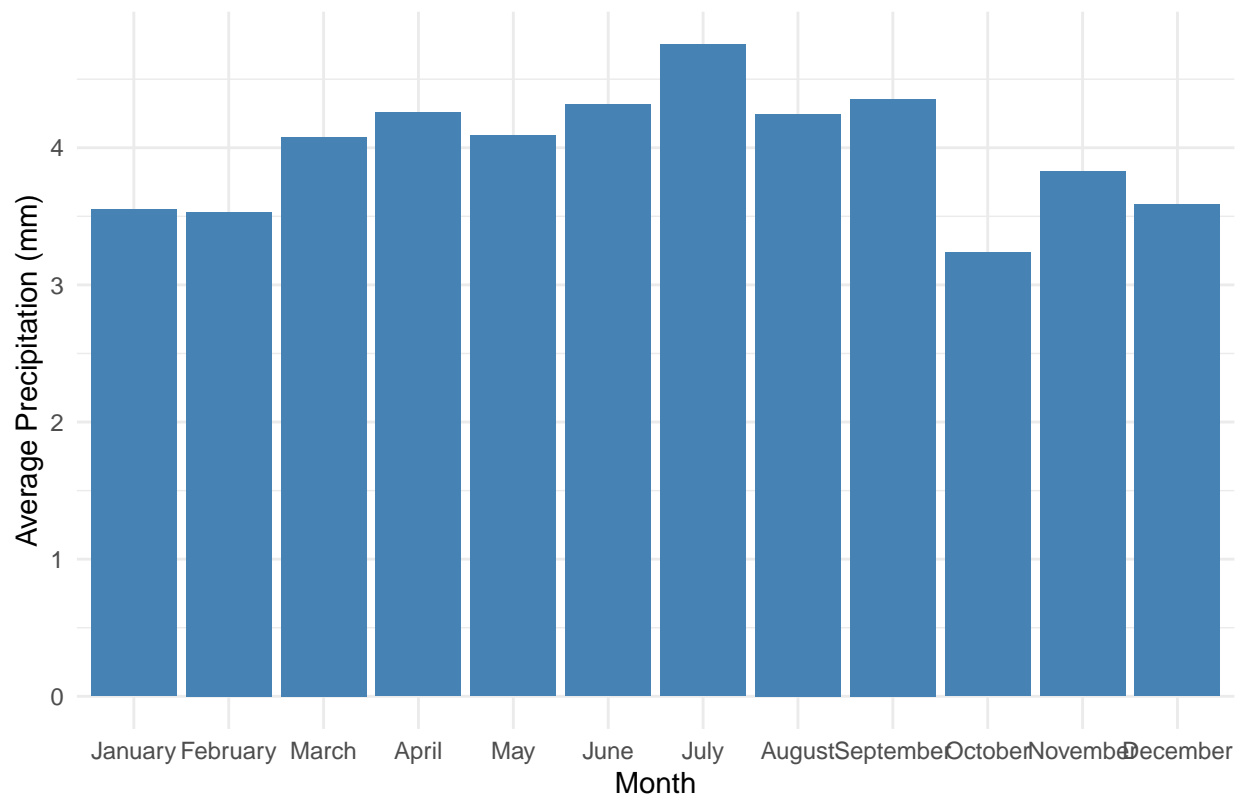
Annual Average Precipitation (1980–2016) with Linear Trend



```
Boone_Monthly_Averages_AllYears <- Boone_Processed %>%
  filter(year >= 1980 & year <= 2016) %>%
  group_by(month) %>%
  summarize(monthly_avg_precip = mean(Precipitation_mm, na.rm = TRUE))

# Plotting the monthly averages (across all years) using a bar plot
Monthly_Averages_AllYears<-ggplot(Boone_Monthly_Averages_AllYears, aes(x = factor(month), y = monthly_avg_precip)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") +
  labs(title = "Average Monthly Precipitation (1980-2016)",
       x = "Month",
       y = "Average Precipitation (mm)") +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = month.name) # Adding month names to the x-axis
print(Monthly_Averages_AllYears)
```

Average Monthly Precipitation (1980–2016)



```
Boone_Seasonal <- Boone_Processed %>%
  mutate(Season = case_when(
    (month >= 6 & month <= 11) ~ "Hurricane Season", # June to November
    TRUE ~ "Frontal" # December to May
  ))

# 2. Filter data for the years 1980-2016
Boone_Seasonal <- Boone_Seasonal %>%
  filter(year >= 1980 & year <= 2016)

# 3. Group by year and season, and calculate the average precipitation for each year and season
Boone_Seasonal_Averages <- Boone_Seasonal %>%
  group_by(year, Season) %>%
  summarize(avg_precip = mean(Precipitation_mm, na.rm = TRUE))
```

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year'. You can override using the  
## '.groups' argument.

```
# 4. Plot the results using a bar plot with separate linear regression lines for each season
Boone_Seasonal_Averages_Plot <- ggplot(Boone_Seasonal_Averages, aes(x = year, y = avg_precip, fill = Season)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") + # Bar plot for both seasons side-by-side
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", aes(color = Season), se = FALSE) + # Add separate linear regression lines
  labs(title = "Average Precipitation for Hurricane Season vs Frontal (1980-2016)",
        x = "Year",
        y = "Average Precipitation (mm)") +
```

```

theme_minimal() +
scale_fill_manual(values = c("Hurricane Season" = "skyblue", "Frontal" = "orange")) +
scale_color_manual(values = c("Hurricane Season" = "blue", "Frontal" = "red"))

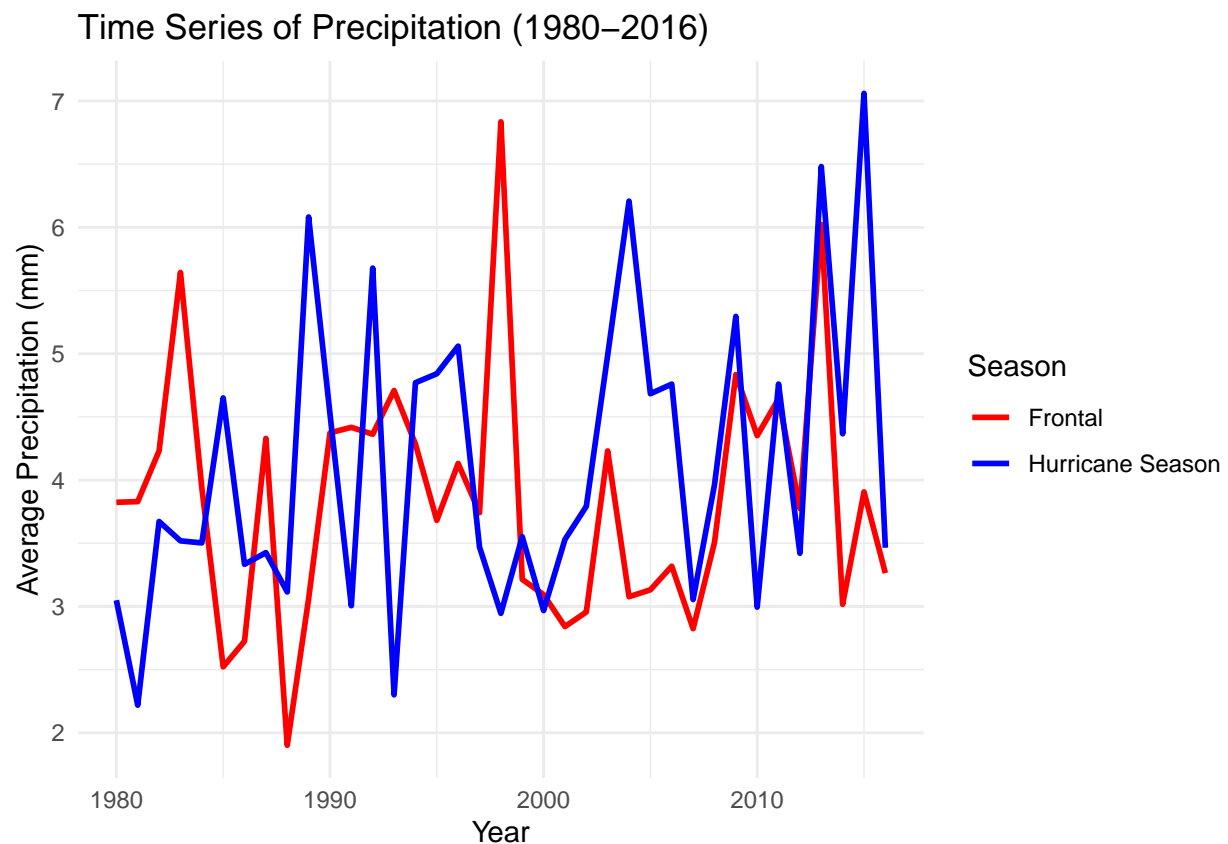
ggplot(Boone_Seasonal_Averages, aes(x = year, y = avg_precip, color = Season, group = Season)) +
geom_line(size = 1) +
labs(title = "Time Series of Precipitation (1980–2016)",
     x = "Year",
     y = "Average Precipitation (mm)") +
theme_minimal() +
scale_color_manual(values = c("Hurricane Season" = "blue", "Frontal" = "red"))

```

```

## Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use 'linewidth' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was
## generated.

```



```

print(Boone_Seasonal_Averages_Plot)

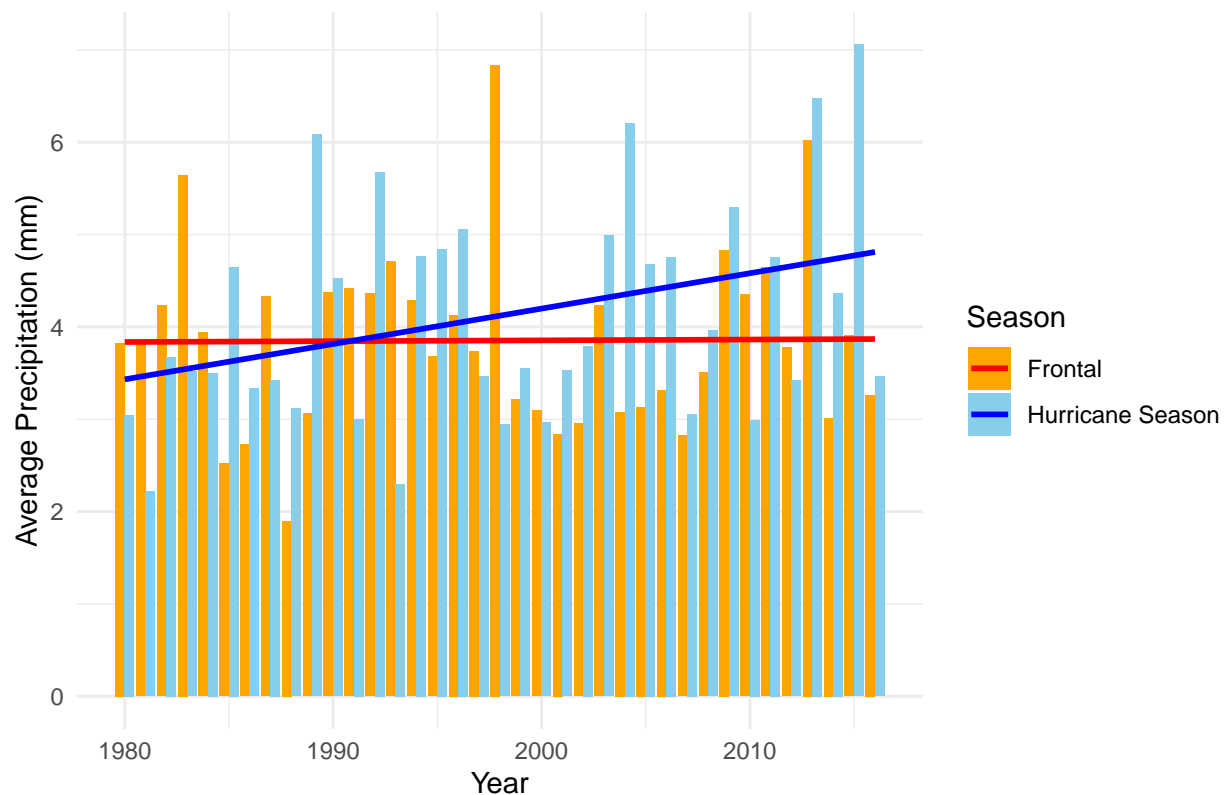
```

```

## 'geom_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'

```

## Average Precipitation for Hurricane Season vs Frontal (1980–2016)



```
Boone_Heatmap_Data <- Boone_Processed %>% group_by(year, month) %>% summarize(monthly_avg_precip
= mean(Precipitation_mm, na.rm = TRUE))
```

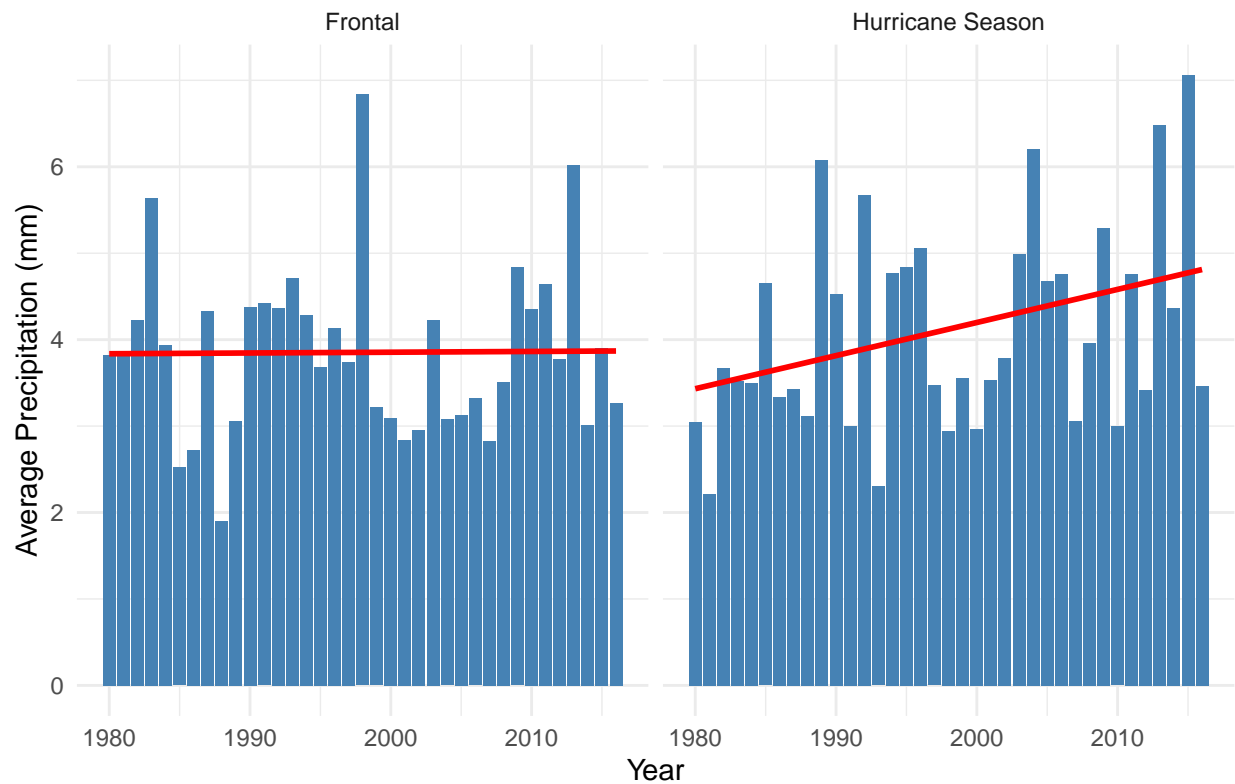
```
ggplot(Boone_Heatmap_Data, aes(x = year, y = factor(month), fill = monthly_avg_precip)) +
geom_tile() + labs(title = "Heatmap of Monthly Average Precipitation (1980-2016)", x = "Year", y =
"Month", fill = "Precipitation (mm)") + scale_fill_viridis_c() + scale_y_discrete(labels = month.name)
+ theme_minimal()
```

#these two graphs show that if you give equal weight to pre 2000 post 2000, then the frontal season shifts from a flat trend to a rising trend

```
Boone_Seasonal_Faceted_19802016 <- ggplot(Boone_Seasonal_Averages, aes(x = year, y = avg_precip)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") + # Bar plot for average precipitation
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "red") + # Add linear regression line
  facet_wrap(~ Season) + # Facet by season ("Hurricane Season" and "Frontal")
  labs(title = "Seasonal Precipitation Trends (1980-2016)",
        x = "Year",
        y = "Average Precipitation (mm)") +
  theme_minimal()
print(Boone_Seasonal_Faceted_19802016)
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'
```

## Seasonal Precipitation Trends (1980–2016)



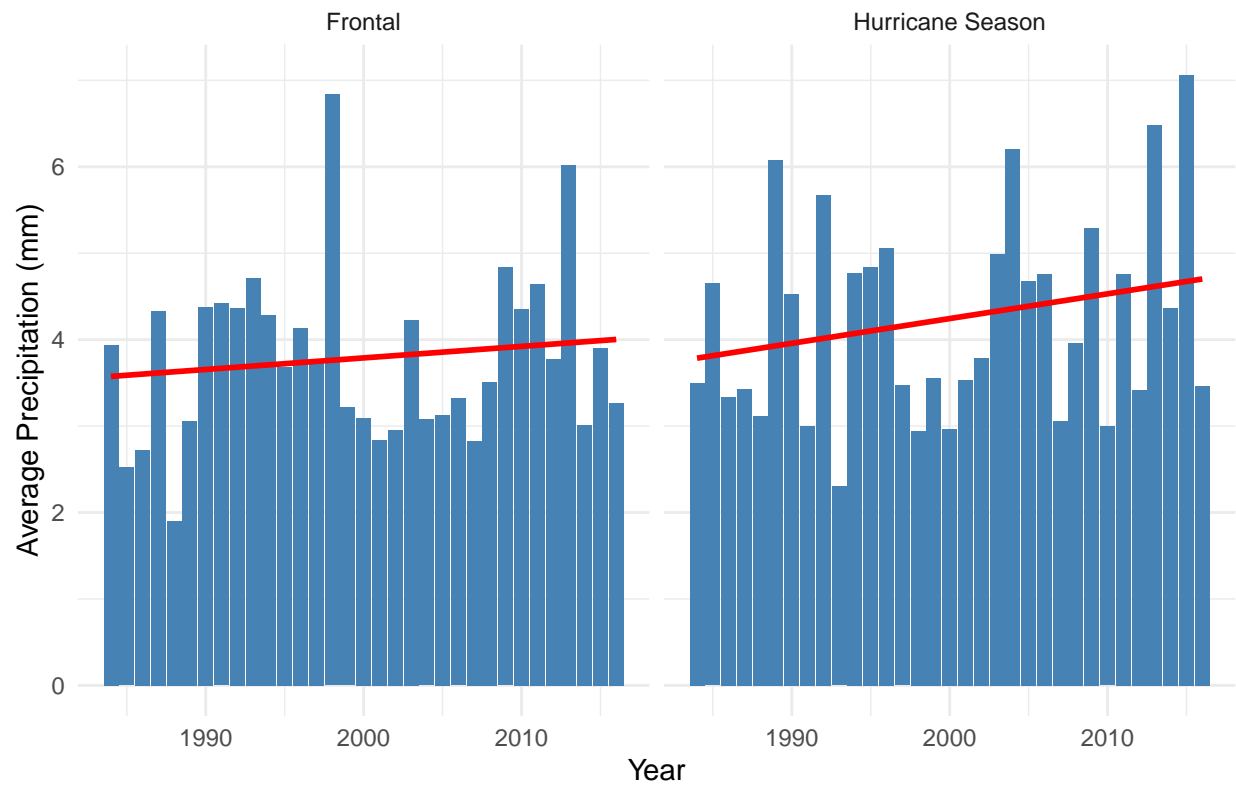
```
Boone_Seasonal_Averages_Modified <- Boone_Seasonal_Averages %>%
  filter(year >= 1984 & year <= 2016)

# Plot with separate regression lines for each season (1984-2016)
Boone_Faceted_Seasonal_19842016<-ggplot(Boone_Seasonal_Averages_Modified, aes(x = year, y = avg_precip))
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") + # Bar plot for average precipitation
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "red") + # Add linear regression line
  facet_wrap(~ Season) + # Facet by season ("Hurricane Season" and "Frontal")
  labs(title = "Seasonal Precipitation Trends (1984-2016)",
        x = "Year",
        y = "Average Precipitation (mm)") +
  theme_minimal()
print(Boone_Faceted_Seasonal_19842016)

## 'geom_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'
```



## Seasonal Precipitation Trends (1984–2016)



Note that the `echo = FALSE` parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.