

# Assignment 1 – Data Structure

## Problem Statement:

You work in XYZ Corporation as a Data Analyst. Your corporation has told you to work with the structure of the data.

## Tasks To Be Performed:

1. Create a list named 'myList' that has the following elements: 10, 20, 30, 'apple', True, 8.10:
- a. Now in the 'myList', append these values: 30, 40

b. After that, reverse the elements of the 'myList' and store that in 'reversedList'
2. Create a dictionary with key values as 1, 2, 3 and the values as 'data', 'information' and 'text':
- a. After that, eliminate the 'text' value from the dictionary

b. Add 'features' in the dictionary

c. Fetch the 'data' element from the dictionary and display it in the output
3. Create a tuple and add these elements 1, 2, 3, apple, mango in my\_tuple.
4. Create another tuple named numeric\_tuple consisting of only integer values 10, 20, 30, 40, 50:
- a. Find the minimum value from the numeric\_tuple

b. Concatenate my\_tuple with numeric\_tuple and store the result in r1

c. Duplicate the tuple named my\_tuple 2 times and store that in 'newdupli'
5. Create 2 sets with the names set1 and set2, where set1 contains {1,2,3,4,5} and set2 contains {2,3,7,6,1} Perform the below operation:
- a. set1 union set2

b. set1 intersection set2

c. set1 difference set2

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In [1]: import numpy as np

In [10]: myList = np.array([10, 20, 30, 'apple', True, 8.10])
myList
Out[10]: array(['10', '20', '30', 'apple', 'True', '8.1'], dtype='<U32')

In [12]: myList = np.append(myList,(30,40))
myList
Out[12]: array(['10', '20', '30', 'apple', 'True', '8.1', '30', '40'], dtype='<U32')

In [13]: reversedList = np.flip(myList)
reversedList
Out[13]: array(['40', '30', '8.1', 'True', 'apple', '30', '20', '10'], dtype='<U32')

In [38]: dic = {1:'data',2:'information',3:'text'}
dic
Out[38]: {1: 'data', 2: 'information', 3: 'text'}

In [39]: dic = {key:value for (key,value) in dic.items() if value!='text'}
dic
Out[39]: {1: 'data', 2: 'information'}

In [43]: dic[3] = 'features'
dic
Out[43]: {1: 'data', 2: 'information', 3: 'features'}

In [45]: for k,v in dic.items():
if(v=='data'):
print(k,v)

1 data

In [48]: my_tuple = (1, 2, 3, 'apple', 'mango')
my_tuple
Out[48]: (1, 2, 3, 'apple', 'mango')

In [49]: numeric_tuple = (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
numeric_tuple
Out[49]: (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)

In [50]: min(numeric_tuple)
Out[50]: 10

In [54]: r1 = my_tuple + numeric_tuple
r1
Out[54]: (1, 2, 3, 'apple', 'mango', 10, 20, 30, 40, 50)

In [56]: newdupli = np.copy(my_tuple*2)
newdupli
Out[56]: array(['1', '2', '3', 'apple', 'mango', '1', '2', '3', 'apple', 'mango'],
dtype='<U11')

In [57]: set1 = {1,2,3,4,5}
set2 = {2,3,7,6,1}

In [58]: set1 | set2
Out[58]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

In [59]: set1 & set2
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Out[59]: {1, 2, 3}

In [60]: set1 - set2

Out[60]: {4, 5}