COS 485 — Homework 6

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Problem 1

In this problem we are asked to make a decision tree argument about the lower limit on the worst case number of comparisons needed to find a key in a sorted list.

Let us assume our list has N items. We assume that these items are in sorted order. There are N possible solutions, namely keys, from which we must choose one. Thus the height of the decision tree must be large enough to cover the search space of N items. Since we have sorted the items we have a binary decision, either an item is greater than its predecessor or it is less than its predecessor. Thus we have a binary tree where each node can have at most two children, the height of the tree can be calculated by solving the following equation.

$$N \leq 2^h \implies \lg(N) \leq h \implies h \geq \lg(N)$$

Since the height of the decision tree is equal to the number of needed comparisions, we have that there can be a minimum of $\lg N$ comparisions in the worst case to find a particular key in a sorted list of N elements.