

# Kokki: Configuration Management Framework

It means “cook” in Finnish

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# What is it?

- [ Infrastructure automation → configuration management
- [ Part of provisioning
- [ Library and simple command line tool
  - currently no client/server component
  - can use GitHub in place of client/server
- [ Alternative to Puppet/Chef/CFengine

# Why not Puppet, Chef, or ...

- [ Python

- [ It's a framework/library rather than a complete solution

- [ Different needs

# What can I use it for?

- [ Creating a template for configuring servers

- Great for cloud based servers (EC2)

- Mix in some 'userscript' and you have a new web instances in less than 5 minutes.

- [ Avoid having to log into servers except when absolutely necessary

- Configuring servers by hand is tedious, not scalable, and more prone to mistakes. (fine for 1 server, not for 10)

# Overview

- [ Environment: execution environment

- Resource: describes a file, service, package, etc..

- Provider: knows how to execute a resource

- [ Kitchen: container for cookbooks

- Cookbook: container for recipes and libraries

- Recipe: group of resource definitions

- Library: utility methods, resources, and providers

# Environment

— [ An environment holds and executes resources and actions.

— [ config: attribute dictionary of configuration values

— [ system: provides access to system information

— machine architecture, os (linux, darwin, ...), flavor (redhat, ubuntu, debian, ...)

# Resource

— [ A resource is a description of a small part of a configuration

— [ Examples: File, Mount, Package, Service, ...

```
File("/etc/nginx/nginx.conf",  
    owner = "root",  
    mode = 0644,  
    content = Template("nginx/nginx.conf.j2"),  
    notifies = [  
        ("restart" env.resources["Service"]["nginx"]),  
    ])
```



# Provider

- [ A provider is a concrete implementation of a resource.
- [ Responsible for checking current state of the resource and taking any steps necessary to make resource match. (e.g. compare the contents of a file and overwrite if it doesn't match)
- [ Each platform can have a provider (e.g. one provider knows how to install packages using 'apt' on Ubuntu)



# Kitchen

## — [ A Kitchen:

- is a subclass of an Environment
- provides a higher level of abstraction for describing roles and resources
- contains cookbooks which contain recipes and libraries

# Cookbook

- [ A cookbook groups recipes, libraries, and default configuration as a unit. For instance a package like “apache2” could have a cookbook.
- [ Each cookbook is required to contain a file metadata.py which holds a dictionary of all configuration values and their defaults.
- [ Subdirectories of a cookbook include: recipes, libraries, templates, and files.
- [ Multiple recipes can be used for different purposes: apache2.prefork, apache2.worker, etc..

# Recipe

— [ A recipe is a “script” that defines resources.

— [ Each recipe receives a global ‘env’ which is the current Environment/Kitchen.

— [ A cookbook can have a ‘default.py’ recipe which is the one used if no recipe specified.

— `env.include_recipe("memcached")`  
vs `env.include_recipe("munin.node")`

# Demo

— [ <http://github.com/samuel/kokki-pywebsf-demo> ]

# Current Limitations

- [ Currently only supports Debian/Ubuntu

- easy to support other platforms, just isn't done

- [ No client/server

- [ Small userbase

- [ No documentations

# Roadmap

— [ Better documentation

— [ Client/server

— [ Cloud tools (automate EC2 instances)

— [ More platforms (though probably not Windows)

— [ Pick a different theme? (enough with the cooking/chefs)

# Thanks! Questions?

— [ <http://github.com/samuel/kokki>

— [ <http://github.com/samuel/kokki-pywebsf-demo>

— [ <https://convore.com/kokki/>

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