# 10953 Stochastic Digit Generator

A stochastic digit generator (SDG) generates a decimal digit with a certain probability. The probability of the generation of one digit may be different than the other. Suppose this generator is allowed to generate N digits of a number one after another from right to left (least significant to most significant). "What is the probability that this number has a specific remainder when divided by 11?" In this problem you will have to determine such probabilities with some additional constraints.

## Input

The input file contains at most 51 blocks of input.

The description of each block starts with an integer 10 in a single line, which indicates that this is a valid input set and the probability of the generation of 10 decimal digits follow. Each of the next 10 lines contains a decimal digit  $d_i$  and a floating-point number  $p_i$   $(1 \le I \le 10)$ . These lines indicate that the generator generates the digit  $d_i$  with probability  $p_i$ . Note that values of all  $d_i$  will be distinct and  $\sum_{i=1}^{D} p_i = 1$ . Next line contains an integer Q (0 < Q < 21) which indicates the number of queries for this set. Each of the next Q lines contains a format string  $S_i$   $(1 \le i \le Q)$  which actually denotes the format of the generated number followed my an integer r  $(0 \le r_i \le 10)$ . Each character of the format string will either be an '\*' (asterisk) or a decimal digit. An asterisk in a position means that the generator can generate any digit for that position, a decimal digit indicates that for those places the generator doesnt work and generates only that specific digit. The format strings will have maximum 50 characters The integer  $r_i$  denotes that when the generated number is divided by 11 the remainder will be  $r_i$ .

Input is terminated by a block whose first line contains a zero.

#### Output

For each block of input produce Q+1 lines of output. The description of output for each block is given below:

The first line contains the serial of the block. Each of the next Q lines contains a floating-point number with eight digits after the decimal point. The i-th floating-point number indicates the probability that the numbers generated according to the format string  $S_i$  has reminder  $r_i$  when divided by 11.

### Sample Input

- 10
- 0 0.1
- 1 0.1
- 2 0.1
- 3 0.1
- 4 0.1
- 5 0.1
- 6 0.1 7 0.1
- 8 0.1
- 9 0.1
- 5

\*\*\* 0

12\* 0

1\*\* 0

121 0

121 1

## **Sample Output**

### Case 1:

0.09100000

0.1000000

0.09000000

1.0000000

0.0000000