

Floyd-Warshall - GPU

· 觀察 Data dependency

 $f_k(i,j) = \min(f_{k-1}(i,j), f_{k-1}(i,k) + f_{k-1}(k,j))$

裡面兩層 loop 沒有關聯

將裡面兩層迴圈平行代

```
for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
2
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
              for (int j = 0; j < n; j \leftrightarrow ) {
                  g[i][j] = min(g[i][j], g[i][k] + g[k][j]);
5
```

```
__global__ void gpu(int **g, int n, int k) {
 2
          int id = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x+ threadIdx.x;
3
          int i = id / n;
         int j = id \% n;
(
          g[i][j] = min(g[i][j], g[i][k] + g[k][j]);
 6
 7
8
     // bs * 1024 = n^2
9
     for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
10
          gpu <<< bs, 1024 >>> (g, n, k);
11
```

Floyd-Warshall - GPU

• 觀察 Data dependency

$$f_k(i,j) = \min(f_{k-1}(i,j), f_{k-1}(i,k) + f_{k-1}(k,j))$$

- · 裡面兩層 loop 沒有關聯
- 將裡面兩層迴圈平行化

```
for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            g[i][j] = min(g[i][j], g[i][k] + g[k][j]);
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
1   __global__ void gpu(int **g, int n, int k) {
2    int id = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x+ threadIdx.x;
3    int i = id / n;
4    int j = id % n;
5    g[i][j] = min(g[i][j], g[i][k] + g[k][j]);
6  }
7  
8  // bs * 1024 = n^2
9  for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
10    gpu<<<bs, 1024>>>(g, n, k);
11 }
```

Performance Issue

• 無連續讀取記憶體讀取

```
min(g[i][j], g[i][k] + g[k][j]);
```

- 無共用記憶體
- 效能瓶頸為記憶體頻寬

