Multiple Linear Regression

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1 Multiple Linear Regression

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[17]: #Importing the librariesimport pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
[18]: #Reading the dataset
     dataset = pd.read_csv('Advertising.csv')
     dataset.head()
[18]:
        Unnamed: 0
                       TV Radio Newspaper Sales
                 1 230.1
                            37.8
                                       69.2
                                              22.1
                 2
                    44.5
                          39.3
                                       45.1
                                              10.4
     1
     2
                 3 17.2 45.9
                                       69.3
                                              9.3
     3
                 4 151.5 41.3
                                       58.5
                                              18.5
                 5 180.8 10.8
                                              12.9
                                       58.4
[19]: #Setting the value for X and Y
     x = dataset[['TV', 'Radio', 'Newspaper']]
     y = dataset['Sales']
[20]: #Splitting the dataset
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.3,__
       →random_state = 100)
[21]: #Fitting the Multiple Linear Regression model
     from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
     mlr = LinearRegression()
     mlr.fit(x_train, y_train)
[21]: LinearRegression()
[22]: #Intercept and Coefficient
     print("Intercept: ", mlr.intercept_)
```

```
print("Coefficients:")
      list(zip(x, mlr.coef_))
     Intercept: 2.6527896688794996
     Coefficients:
[22]: [('TV', 0.04542559602399794),
       ('Radio', 0.18975772766893612),
       ('Newspaper', 0.004603078953112024)]
[23]: #Prediction of test set
      y_pred_mlr= mlr.predict(x_test)
      #Predicted values
      print("Prediction for test set: \n{}".format(y_pred_mlr))
     Prediction for test set:
     [10.62160072 20.00625302 16.91850882 19.17040746 20.94974131 13.12284284
      11.80740696 12.32019766 20.57806782 20.95662688 10.79096475 19.54868702
       6.42403866 15.23133391 8.97226257 7.89897862 16.23599497 12.02636477
      17.09702178 11.26080277 16.97826292 9.75655721 20.82389762 17.20916742
      15.13816239 21.97290698 19.20181841 10.07501899 19.39017185 14.8673761
      14.36798893 7.55604543 9.96742165 14.76342565 7.20995576 13.60003295
       7.49088656 11.70865932 13.46091883 15.2229793 17.18088277 13.56738329
      14.30942267 13.72909849 11.88559349 8.77039705 12.1244102 19.20252289
       9.08376601 5.15367352 16.22852749 18.14111213 12.94835466 16.86274503
      17.86462435 12.33930625 4.3575739 11.25904494 16.11560622 13.56602169]
[24]: #Actual value and the predicted value
      mlr_diff = pd.DataFrame({'Actual value': y_test, 'Predicted value': y_pred_mlr})
     mlr_diff.head()
[24]:
          Actual value Predicted value
                   6.6
      126
                               10.621601
      104
                  20.7
                               20.006253
      99
                  17.2
                               16.918509
      92
                  19.4
                              19.170407
      111
                  21.8
                               20.949741
```