

Report on Spring Data for NoSQL Databases and Redis

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Configuration and Setup

To begin, I configured Spring Data MongoDB in my Spring Boot project. This involved setting up the necessary dependencies in the `pom.xml` file and configuring the MongoDB connection properties in the `application.properties` file.

Entity Mapping

The entities in the hospital system were mapped to MongoDB collections using annotations such as `@Document` and `@MongoId`. Here are a few examples:

- **Department:** Represents a department within the hospital. It includes fields like `id`, `code`, `name`, `building`, and references to a `Doctor` as the director and a list of `Ward` entities.
- **Doctor:** Extends an abstract `Employee` class and includes additional fields like `speciality` and references to a set of `Patient` entities and the `Department` they direct.
- **Patient:** Represents a patient in the hospital, including fields like `id`, `name`, `surname`, `address`, `telephone`, `diagnosis`, and references to the `Ward` and `Doctor` associated with the patient.

Repository Interfaces

For data access, I implemented repository interfaces that extend `MongoRepository`. This allowed me to use built-in methods for CRUD operations and define custom queries where needed. For example, I created a `DepartmentRepository` to find departments based on the director's ID.

Spring Data Redis Integration

Redis Configuration

To integrate Redis with my Spring Boot application, I used Lettuce as the connection factory. I configured a `RedisTemplate` bean in the `RedisConfig` class to manage the serialization of keys and values.

Service and Repository Implementation

I implemented a `WardService` that interacts with Redis for operations related to the `Ward` entity. The service provides methods for saving, retrieving, updating, and deleting `Ward` objects in

Redis. I also implemented custom queries to find wards by the number of beds or a keyword in their name.

RESTful API with Redis

To expose these operations, I developed a **WardController** with RESTful endpoints. The controller allows for creating, retrieving, updating, and deleting wards, as well as querying wards by certain criteria.

Conclusion

Through this exercise, I gained a deeper understanding of how Spring Data abstracts and simplifies the use of NoSQL databases. I also learned the importance of understanding each NoSQL database's unique characteristics to effectively use Spring Data's features.