Bubble sort

Programovacie techniky | Pavol Marák

OBSAH

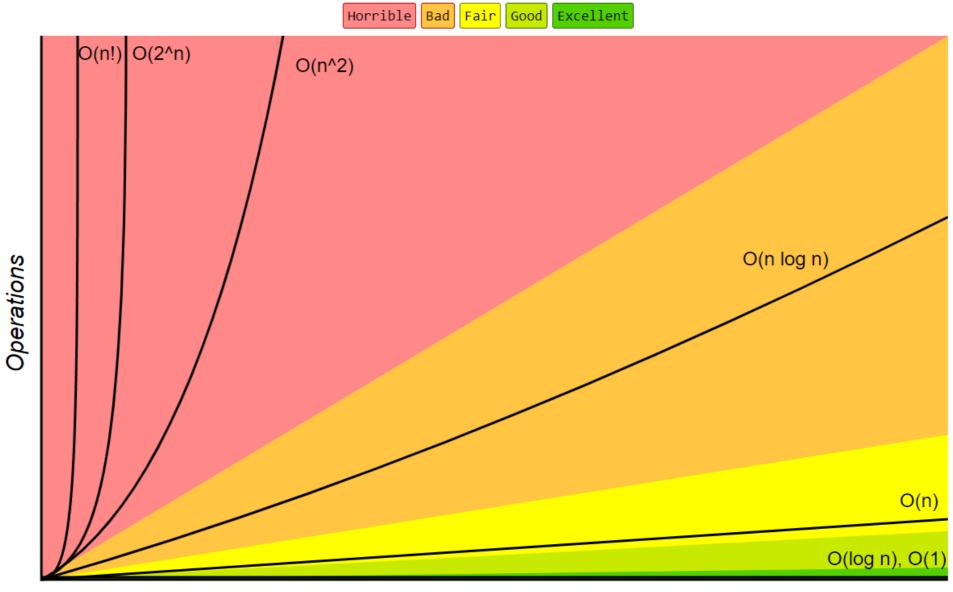
Bubble sort

- Princíp
- Vizualizácia
- Implementácia v C/C++

Bubble sort

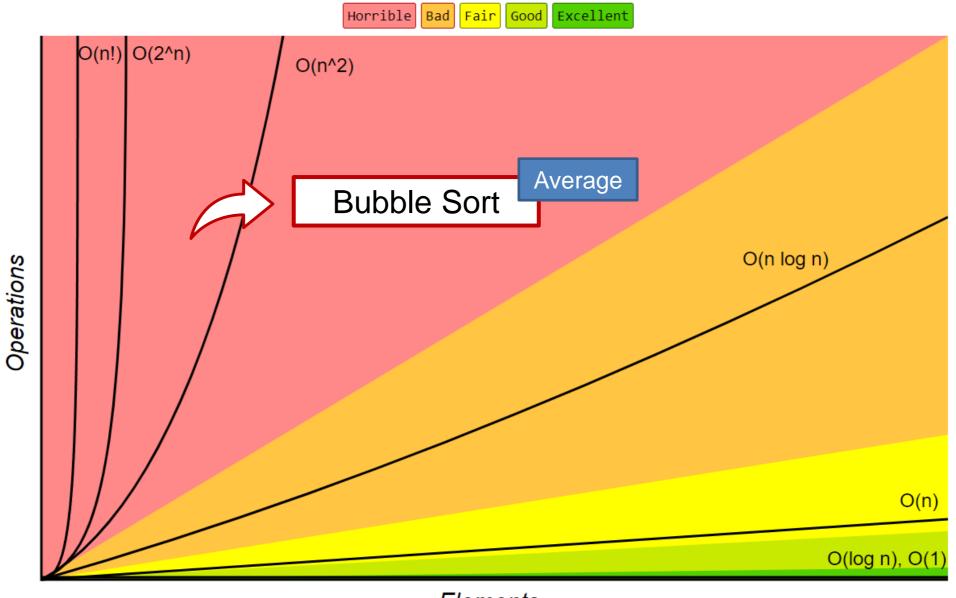
- Motivácia: pedagogický význam a jednoduchosť.
- Pomalý algoritmus, nepraktický, zložitosť O(n²).
- Stabilný algoritmus.

Big-O Complexity Chart



Elements

Big-O Complexity Chart



Elements

Zdroj: https://www.bigocheatsheet.com/

Array Sorting Algorithms

	Algorithm	Time Complexity			Space Complexity
		Best	Average	Worst	Worst
	Quicksort	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	0(n log(n))	0(n^2)	O(log(n))
\ /	<u>Mergesort</u>	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	$0(n \log(n))$	O(n log(n))	O(n)
	<u>Timsort</u>	$\Omega(n)$	O(n log(n))	O(n log(n))	O(n)
	<u>Heapsort</u>	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	O(n log(n))	O(n log(n))	0(1)
/	Bubble Sort	$\Omega(n)$	Θ(n^2)	O(n^2)	0(1)
	Insertion Sort	$\Omega(n)$	Θ(n^2)	O(n^2)	0(1)
	Selection Sort	Ω(n^2)	Θ(n^2)	O(n^2)	0(1)
	Tree Sort	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	O(n log(n))	O(n^2)	O(n)
	Shell Sort	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	Θ(n(log(n))^2)	O(n(log(n))^2)	0(1)
	Bucket Sort	$\Omega(n+k)$	Θ(n+k)	O(n^2)	O(n)
	Radix Sort	$\Omega(nk)$	Θ(nk)	O(nk)	O(n+k)
	Counting Sort	$\Omega(n+k)$	Θ(n+k)	O(n+k)	O(k)
	<u>Cubesort</u>	$\Omega(n)$	$\boxed{\Theta(n \log(n))}$	O(n log(n))	O(n)

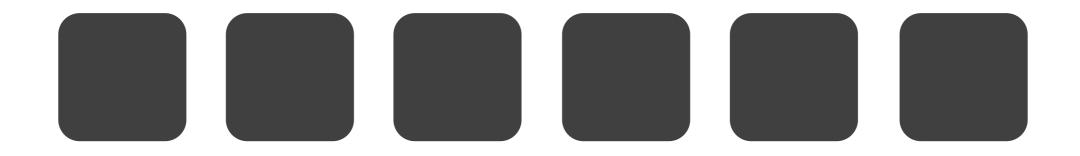
Bubble sort

Princip

- Opakovaný prechod poľom.
- V každom prechode sa vymieňajú (z angl. swap) prvky, ktoré sú v nesprávnom poradí.
- Po každom prechode sa usporiada jeden prvok.

Bubble sort Vizualizácia

Pole





Úloha: zotriediť pole vzostupne



1. prechod poľom



Prechádzame poľom zľava doprava a porovnávame susediacie prvky



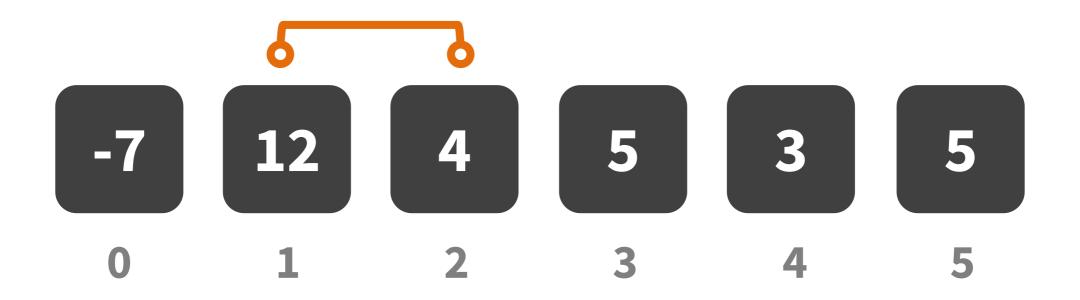
... ak platí, vykoná sa swap

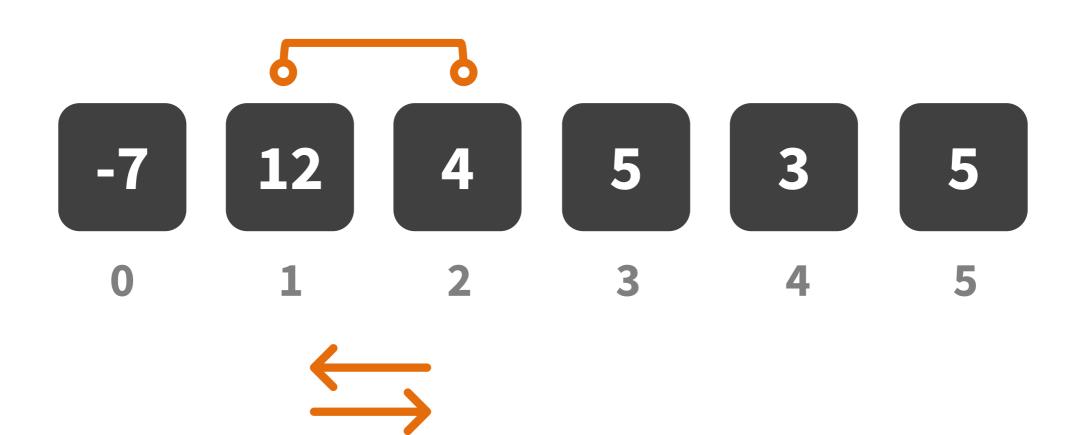


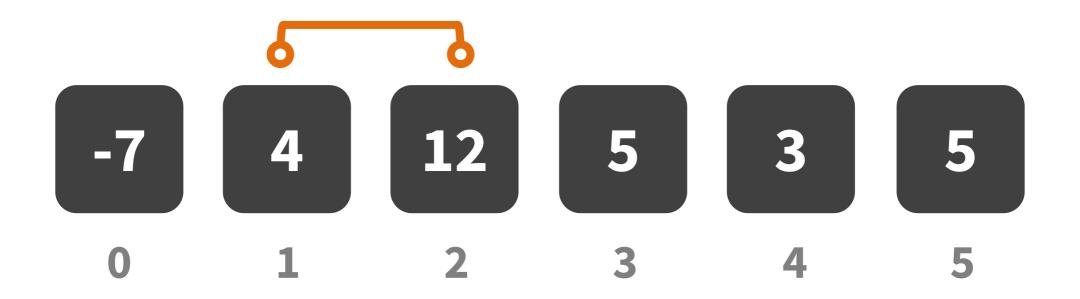


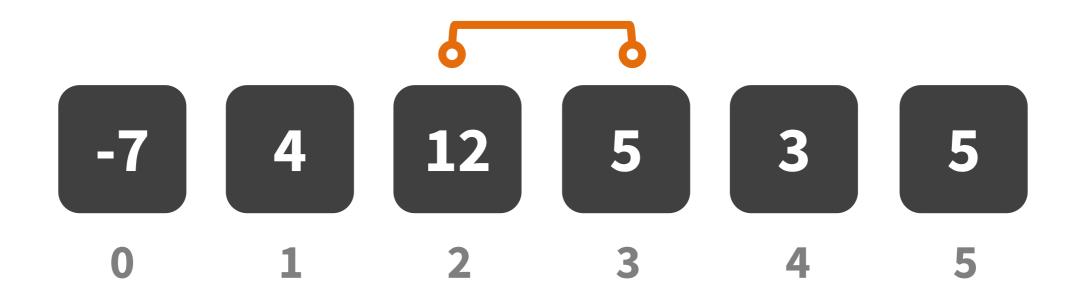


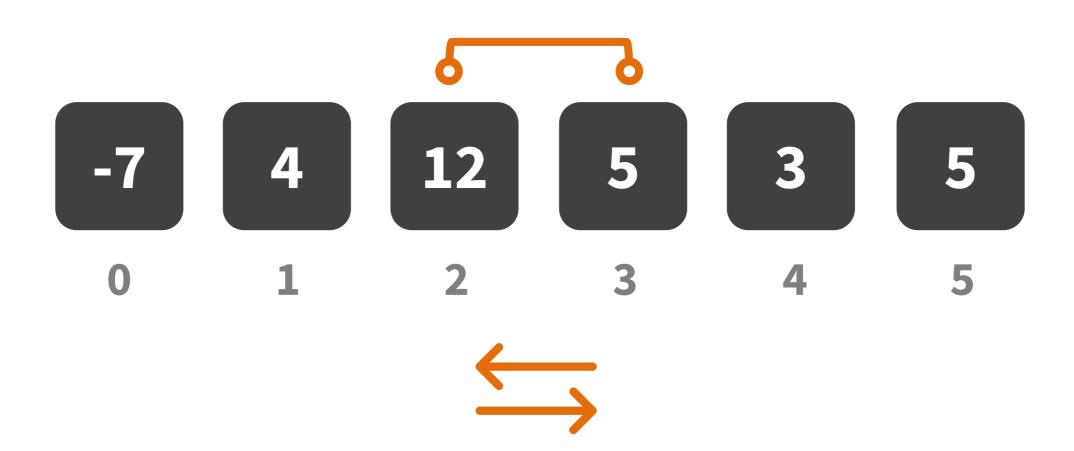


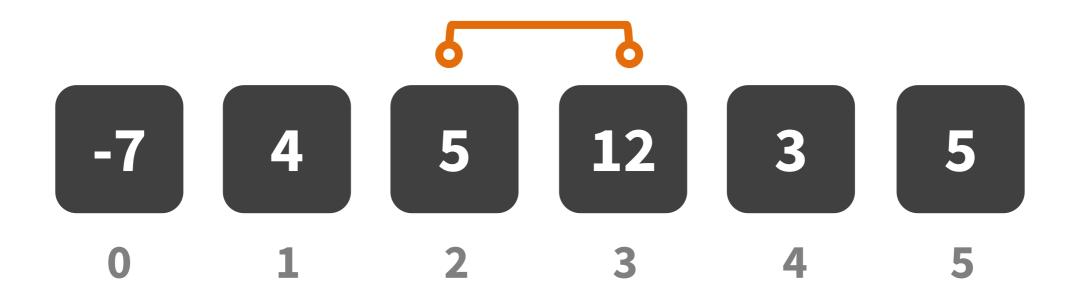


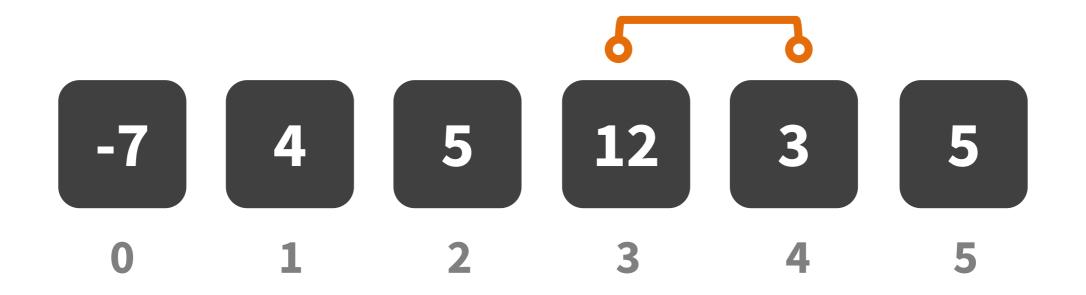


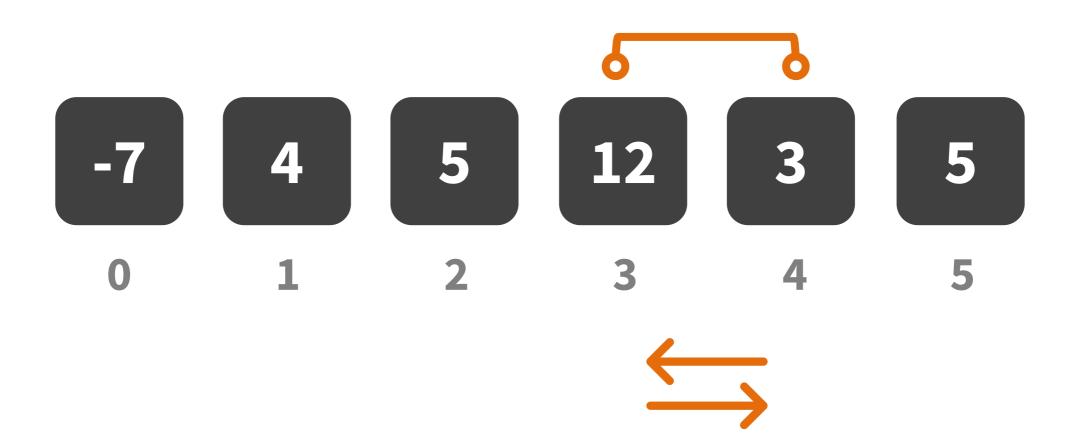


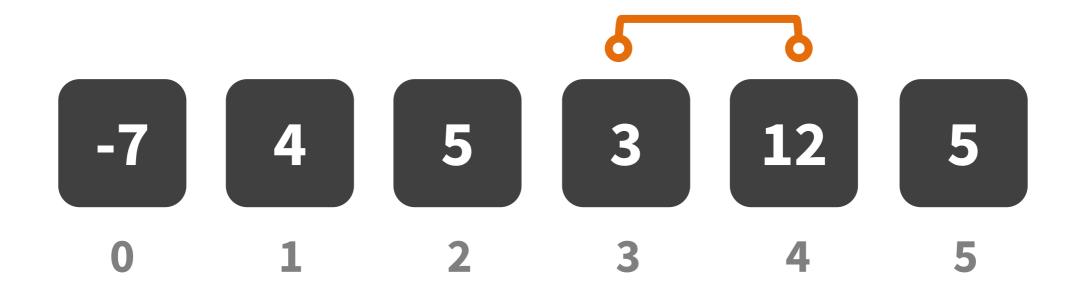














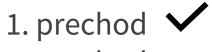






2. prechod poľom



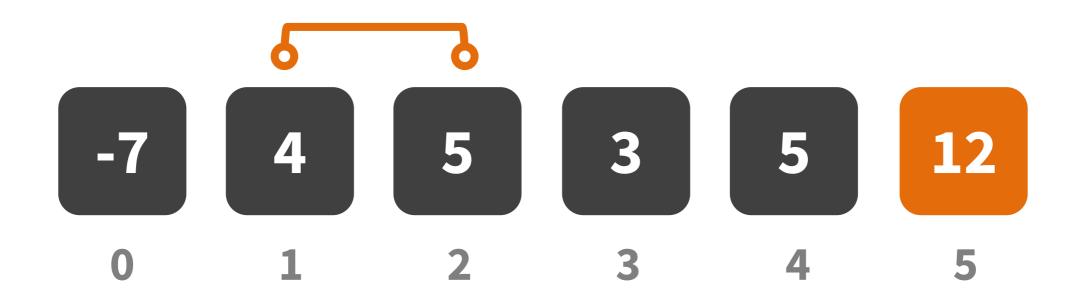




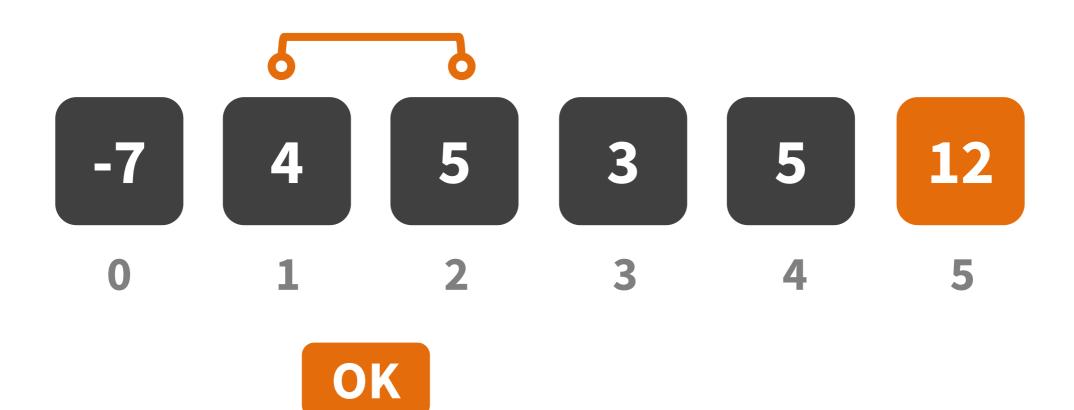




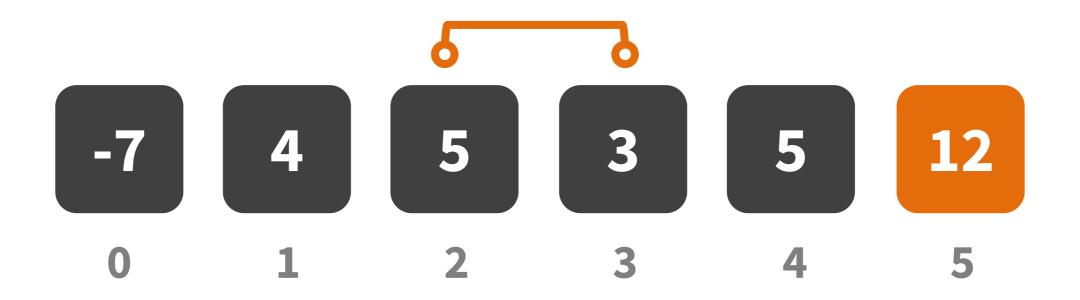






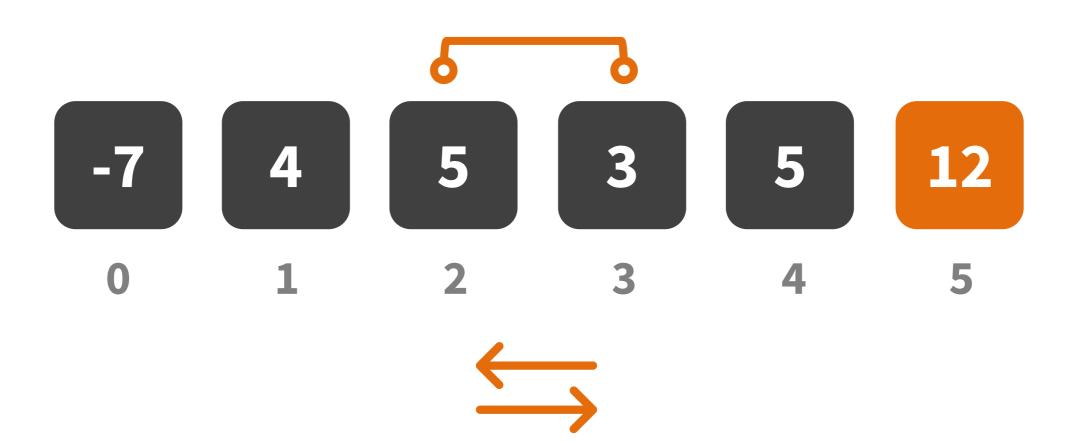


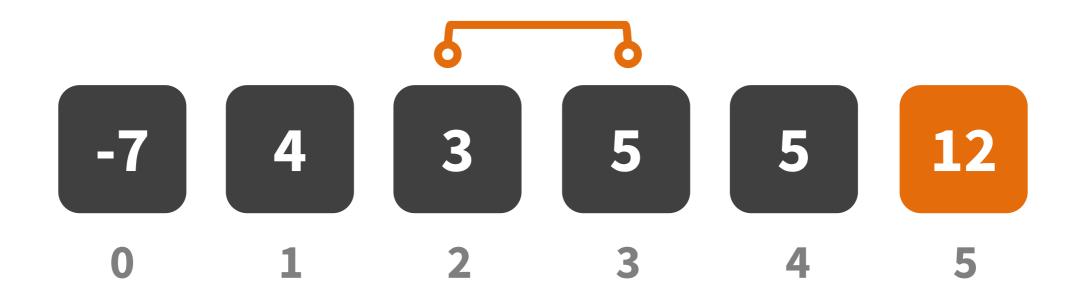






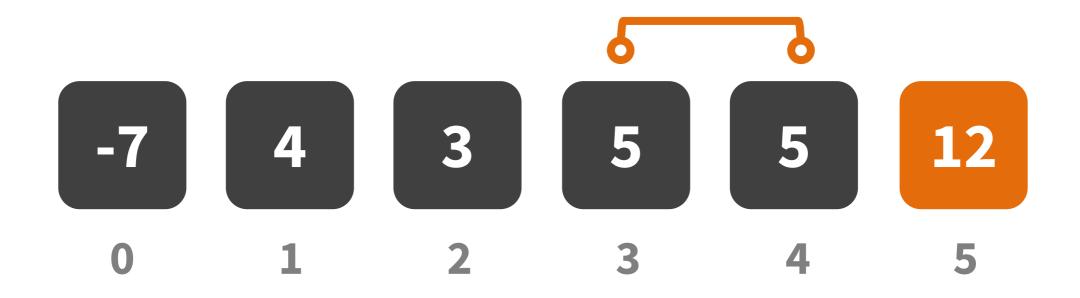
2. prechod





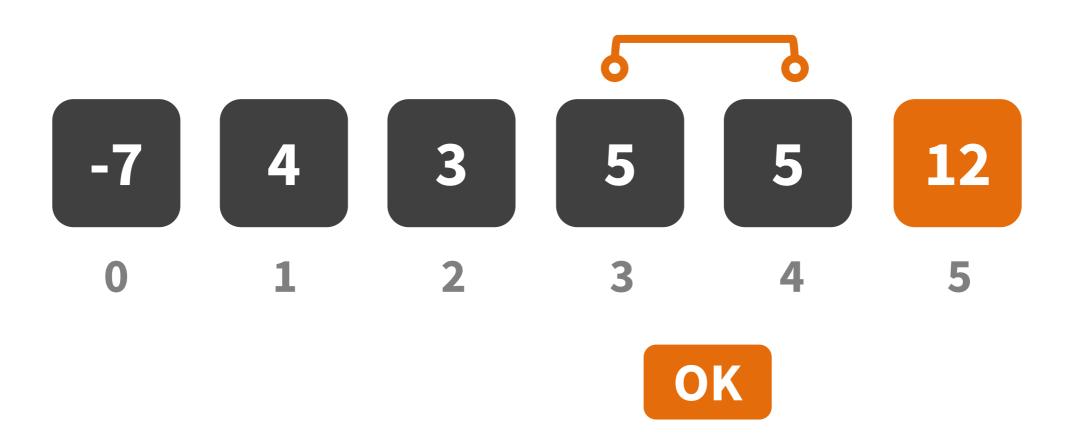


2. prechod





2. prechod

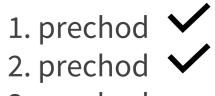






3. prechod poľom



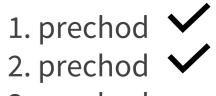




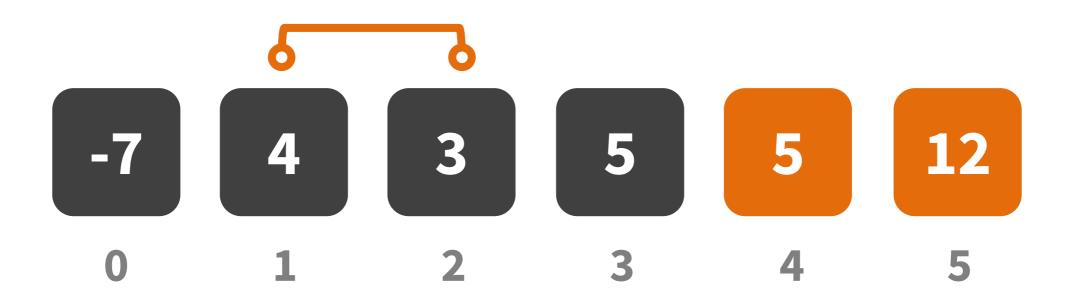


- prechod
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- 3. prechod

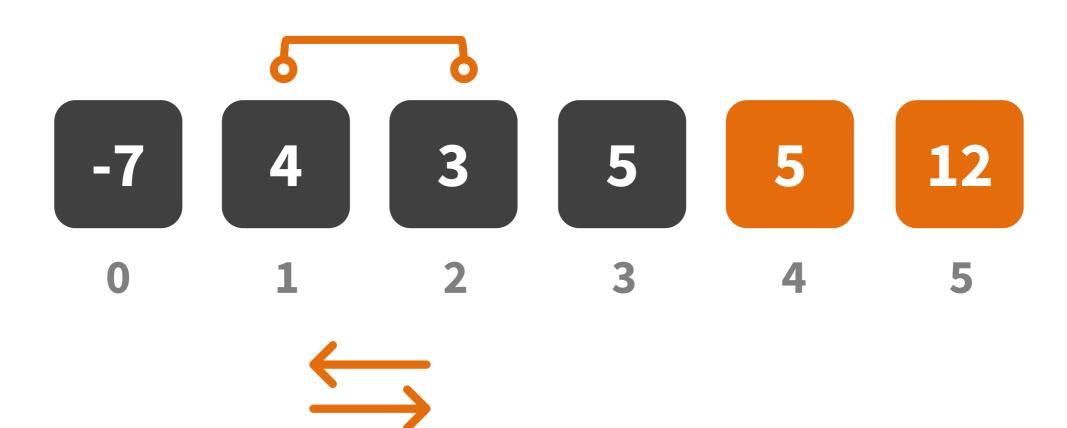


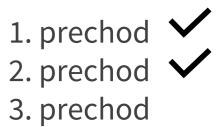


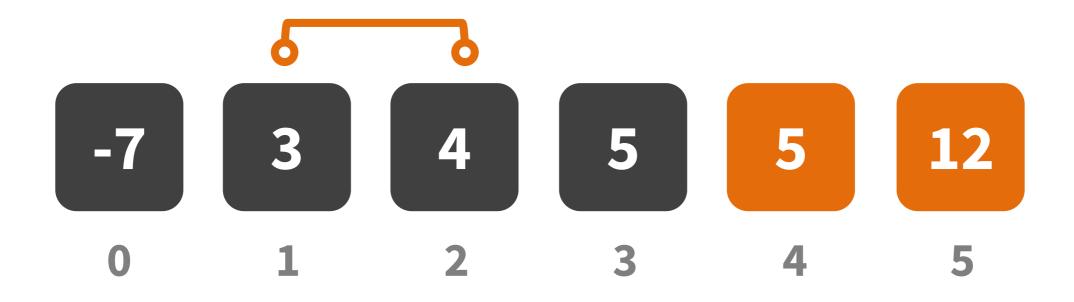


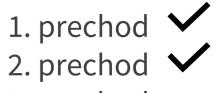


- prechod
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- 3. prechod

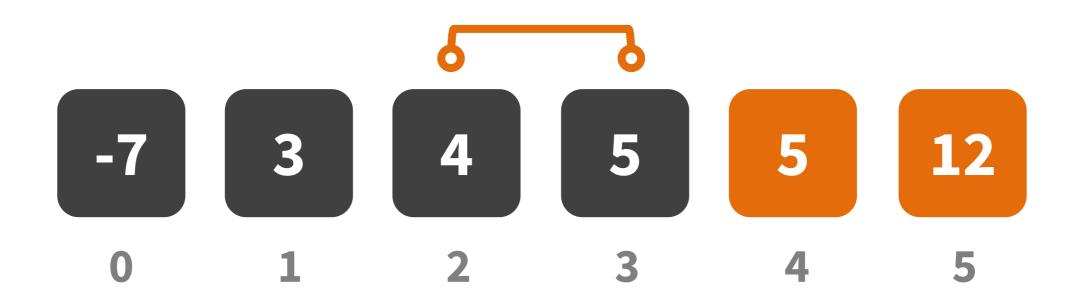




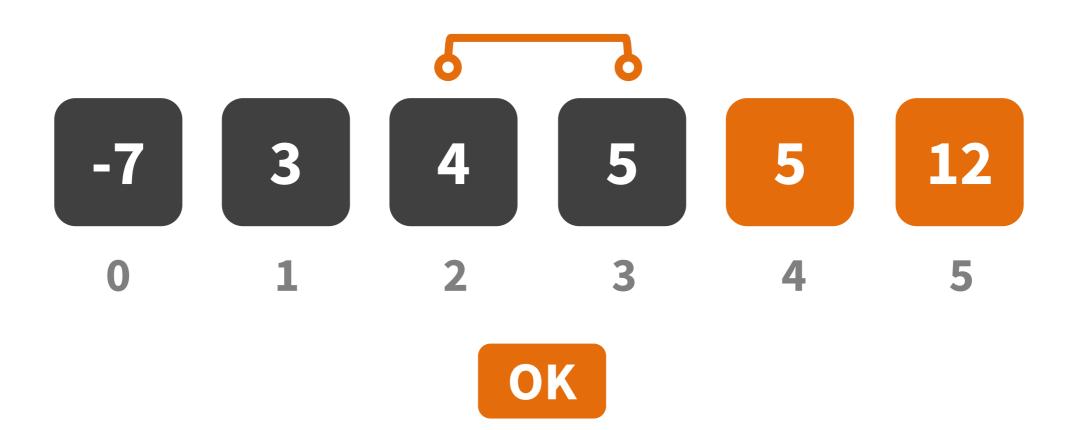








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- 3. prechod

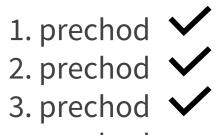






4. prechod poľom









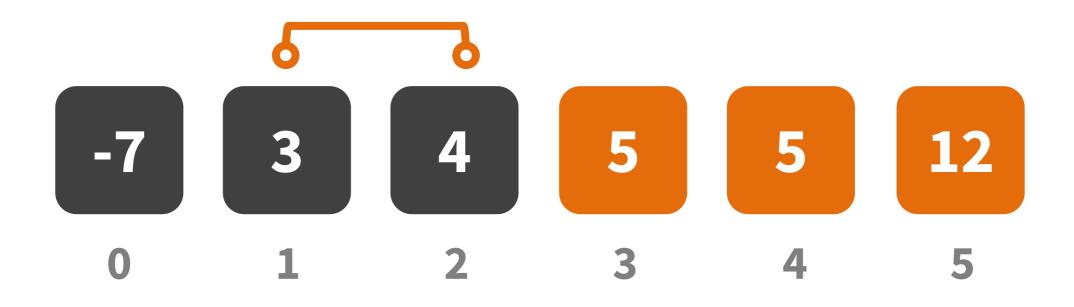
- prechod
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- 4. prechod

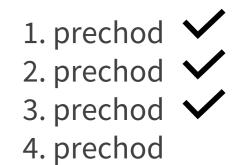


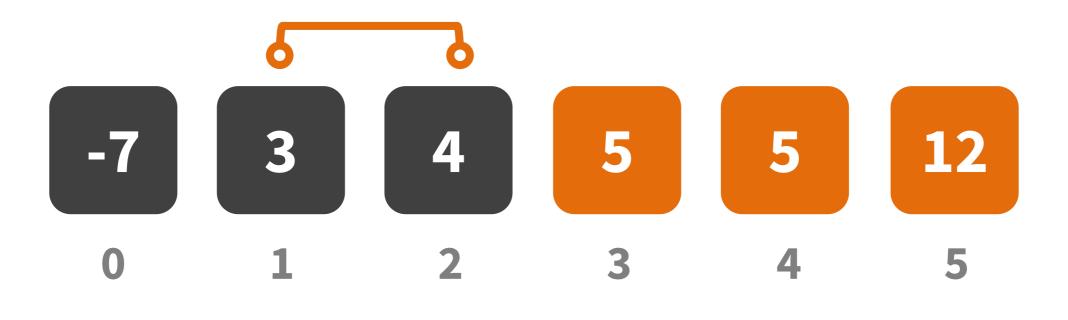
OK

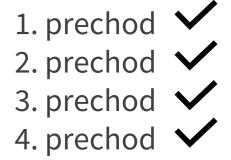








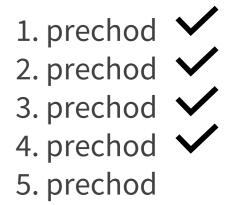






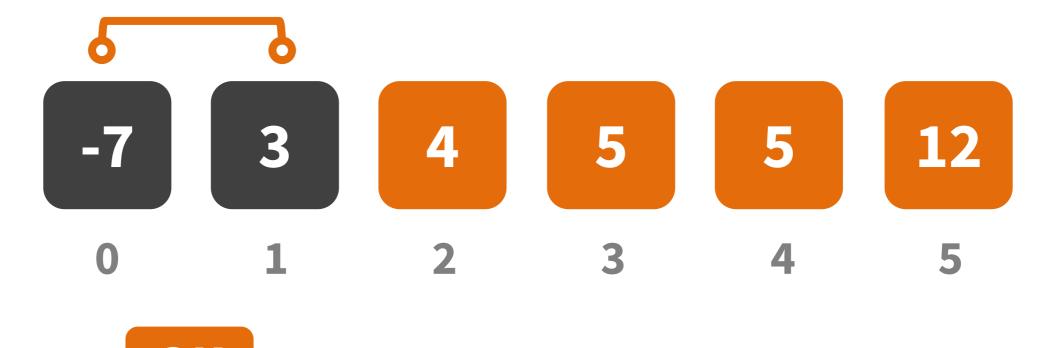
5. prechod poľom



















Pole je usporiadané



Analýza zložitosti

Počet prvkov poľa **n=6** Počet prechodov poľom: **5** = (n-1)

Prechod	1	2	3	4	5
Počet porovnaní	5	4	3	2	1

Vzorová implementácia v C/C++