

Progetto di Simulazione di Sistemi

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1 Modello

1.1 Rete

1.1.1 network.ned

```
//
// This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
// it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License as published by
// the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
// (at your option) any later version.
//
// This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
// but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
// MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
// GNU Lesser General Public License for more details.
//
// You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public License
// along with this program. If not, see http://www.gnu.org/licenses/.
//
import org.omnetpp.queueing.PassiveQueue;
import org.omnetpp.queueing.Router;
import org.omnetpp.queueing.Server;
import org.omnetpp.queueing.Sink;
import org.omnetpp.queueing.Source;

//
// TODO documentation
//
network Network
{
    @display("bgb=677,409");
    submodules:
        source: Source {
            @display("p=53,191");
        }
        router: Router {
            @display("p=173,191");
        }
        passiveQueue: PassiveQueue {
            @display("p=324,63");
        }
        passiveQueue1: PassiveQueue {
            @display("p=321,152");
        }
        passiveQueue2: PassiveQueue {
            @display("p=321,238");
        }
        passiveQueue3: PassiveQueue {
            @display("p=321,325");
        }
        server: Server {
            @display("p=479,191");
        }
        sink: Sink {
            @display("p=613,191");
        }
}
```

```

connections:
    source.out --> router.in++;
    router.out++ --> passiveQueue.in++;
    router.out++ --> passiveQueue1.in++;
    router.out++ --> passiveQueue2.in++;
    router.out++ --> passiveQueue3.in++;
    passiveQueue.out++ --> server.in++;
    passiveQueue1.out++ --> server.in++;
    passiveQueue2.out++ --> server.in++;
    passiveQueue3.out++ --> server.in++;
    server.out --> sink.in++;
}

```

Listing 1: "network.ned"

1.2 Configurazione

1.2.1 omnetpp.ini

```

[General]
network = Network

record-eventlog = true
repeat = 20
seed-set = 33
sim-time-limit = 100s

# Esponenziale di media 1/lambda = {0.5, 0.714285714286, 0.833333333333, 1}; lambda =
    {2.0, 1.4, 1.2, 1.0}
simtime-resolution = ps
Network.source.interArrivalTime = exponential(0.5s)
# Uniforme su [a, b] = {[4.0, 6.0], [3.0, 7.0]}
Network.source.jobRelativeDeadline = uniform(4.0s, 6.0s)

# Code K = {1, 2, 4}
Network.router.queueNumber = 1
Network.router.routingAlgorithm = "pssRandom"

# Esponenziale negativa di media 1/mu = {0.333333333333, 0.25}; mu = {3.0, 4.0}
Network.server.serviceTime = exponential(0.333333333333s)
Network.server.fetchingAlgorithm = "exhaustiveService"
Network.server.checkJobDeadline = true

```

Listing 2: "omnetpp.ini"

A Codice Sorgente

Per l'implementazione delle funzionalità richieste dal modello di simulazione si è proceduto modificando alcune classi e alcuni moduli della libreria *queueinglib*. La nuova libreria è stata chiamata *pssqueueinglib* ed è stata utilizzata nel progetto al posto della libreria *queueinglib*.

Di seguito vengono riportate le modifiche apportate, nei moduli e nelle librerie il codice aggiunto è riportato sotto il commento

```
// progettoss
```

A.1 Job (pssqueueinglib)

Aggiunte:

- *simtime_t absoluteDeadline*: attributo che contiene la deadline assoluta del *Job* (*Job.h*)
- *void setAbsoluteDeadline(simtime_t absoluteDeadline)*: metodo per impostare la deadline assoluta del *Job* (*Job.h*, *Job.cc*)
- *simtime_t getAbsoluteDeadline()*: metodo per ottenere la deadline assoluta del *Job* (*Job.h*, *Job.cc*)

A.1.1 Job.h

```
//  
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.  
//  
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.  
//  
// This file is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. See the file  
// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.  
//  
  
#ifndef __QUEUEING_JOB_H  
#define __QUEUEING_JOB_H  
  
#include <vector>  
#include "Job_m.h"  
  
namespace queueing {  
  
class JobList;  
  
/**  
 * We extend the generated Job_Base class with support for split-join, as well  
 * as the ability to enumerate all jobs in the system.  
 *  
 * To support split-join, Jobs manage parent-child relationships. A  
 * relationship is created with the makeChildOf() or addChild() methods,  
 * and lives until the parent or the child Job is destroyed.  
 * It can be queried with the getParent() and getNumChildren()/getChild(k)  
 * methods.  
 *  
 * To support enumerating all jobs in the system, each Job automatically  
 * registers itself in a JobList module, if one exist in the model.  
 */
```

```

* (If there's no JobList module, no registration takes place.) If there
* are more than one JobList modules, the first one is chosen.
* JobList can also be explicitly specified in the Job constructor.
* The default JobList can be obtained with the JobList::getDefaultInstance()
* method. Then one can query JobList for the set of Jobs currently present.
*/
class QUEUEING_API Job: public Job_Base
{
    friend class JobList;
protected:
    Job *parent;
    std::vector<Job*> children;
    JobList *jobList;
    virtual void setParent(Job *parent); // only for addChild()
    virtual void parentDeleted();
    virtual void childDeleted(Job *child);
    // progettoss
    simtime_t absoluteDeadline;
public:
    /**
     * Creates a job with the given name, message kind, and jobList. If
     * jobList==nullptr, the default one (or none if none exist) will be chosen.
     */
    Job(const char *name=nullptr, int kind=0, JobList *table=nullptr);

    /** Copy constructor */
    Job(const Job& job);

    /** Destructor */
    virtual ~Job();

    /** Duplicates this job */
    virtual Job *dup() const override {return new Job(*this);}

    /** Assignment operator. Does not affect parent, children and jobList. */
    Job& operator=(const Job& job);

    /** @name Parent-child relationships */
    //@{
    /** Returns the parent job. Returns nullptr if there's no parent or it no longer
        exists. */
    virtual Job *getParent();

    /** Returns the number of children. Deleted children are automatically removed
        from this list. */
    virtual int getNumChildren() const;

    /** Returns the kth child. Throws an error if index is out of range. */
    virtual Job *getChild(int k);

    /** Marks the given job as the child of this one. */
    void addChild(Job *child);

    /** Same as addChild(), but has to be invoked on the child job */
    virtual void makeChildOf(Job *parent);
    //@}

    /** Returns the JobList where this job has been registered. */
    JobList *getContainingJobList() {return jobList;}

```

```

        // progettoss
        void setAbsoluteDeadline(simtime_t absoluteDeadline);

        simtime_t getAbsoluteDeadline();

};

}; // namespace

#endif

```

A.1.2 Job.cc

```

//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
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// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

#include <algorithm>
#include "Job.h"
#include "JobList.h"

namespace queueing {

Job::Job(const char *name, int kind, JobList *jobList) : Job_Base(name, kind)
{
    parent = nullptr;
    if (jobList == nullptr && JobList::getDefaultInstance() != nullptr)
        jobList = JobList::getDefaultInstance();
    this->jobList = jobList;
    if (jobList != nullptr)
        jobList->registerJob(this);
}

Job::Job(const Job& job)
{
    setName(job.getName());
    operator=(job);
    parent = nullptr;
    jobList = job.jobList;
    if (jobList != nullptr)
        jobList->registerJob(this);
}

Job::~~Job()
{
    if (parent)
        parent->childDeleted(this);
    for (int i = 0; i < (int)children.size(); i++)
        children[i]->parentDeleted();
    if (jobList != nullptr)
        jobList->deregisterJob(this);
}

```



```

}

Job& Job::operator=(const Job& job)
{
    if (this == &job)
        return *this;
    Job_Base::operator=(job);
    // leave parent and jobList untouched
    return *this;
}

Job *Job::getParent()
{
    return parent;
}

void Job::setParent(Job *parent)
{
    this->parent = parent;
}

int Job::getNumChildren() const
{
    return children.size();
}

Job *Job::getChild(int k)
{
    if (k < 0 || k >= (int)children.size())
        throw cRuntimeError(this, "child_index_%d_out_of_bounds", k);
    return children[k];
}

void Job::makeChildOf(Job *parent)
{
    parent->addChild(this);
}

void Job::addChild(Job *child)
{
    child->setParent(this);
    ASSERT(std::find(children.begin(), children.end(), child) == children.end());
    children.push_back(child);
}

void Job::parentDeleted()
{
    parent = nullptr;
}

void Job::childDeleted(Job *child)
{
    std::vector<Job *>::iterator it = std::find(children.begin(), children.end(), child);
    ASSERT(it != children.end());
    children.erase(it);
}

void Job::setAbsoluteDeadline(simtime_t absoluteDeadline)

```

```

{
    this→absoluteDeadline = absoluteDeadline;
}

simtime_t Job::getAbsoluteDeadline()
{
    return absoluteDeadline;
}

}; // namespace

```

A.2 Source (pssqueueinglib)

Aggiunte:

- *double jobRelativeDeadline @unit(s) = default(0s)*: parametro per impostare la deadline relativa dei *Job* (*Source.ned*)

Modifiche:

- *Job *SourceBase::createJob()*: il *Job* viene configurato con la sua deadline assoluta (*Source.cc*)

A.2.1 Source.ned

```

//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
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// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

package org.omnetpp.queueing;

//
// A module that generates jobs. One can specify the number of jobs to be generated,
// the starting and ending time, and interval between generating jobs.
// Job generation stops when the number of jobs or the end time has been reached,
// whichever occurs first. The name, type and priority of jobs can be set as well.
// One can specify the job relative deadline.
//
simple Source
{
    parameters:
        @group( Queueing );
        @signal[ created ]( type="long" );
        @statistic[ created ]( title="the number of jobs created"; record=last;
            interpolationmode=none );
        @display( "i=block/source" );
        int numJobs = default(-1); // number of jobs to be generated (-1
            means no limit)
        volatile double interArrivalTime @unit(s); // time between generated jobs
        string jobName = default("job"); // the base name of the generated job (
            will be the module name if left empty)
        volatile int jobType = default(0); // the type attribute of the created
            job (used by classifiers and other modules)

```

```

        volatile int jobPriority = default(0); // priority of the job
        double startTime @unit(s) = default(interArrivalTime); // when the module sends
            out the first job
        double stopTime @unit(s) = default(-1s); // when the module stops the job
            generation (-1 means no limit)
        // progettos
        double jobRelativeDeadline @unit(s) = default(0s); // job relative deadline
    gates:
        output out;
}

```

Listing 3: "Source.ned"

A.2.2 Source.cc

```

//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
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// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

#include "Source.h"
#include "Job.h"

namespace queueing {

void SourceBase::initialize()
{
    createdSignal = registerSignal("created");
    jobCounter = 0;
    WATCH(jobCounter);
    jobName = par("jobName").stringValue();
    if (jobName == "")
        jobName = getName();
}

Job *SourceBase::createJob()
{
    char buf[80];
    sprintf(buf, "%.60s-%d", jobName.c_str(), ++jobCounter);
    Job *job = new Job(buf);
    job->setKind(par("jobType"));
    job->setPriority(par("jobPriority"));
    job->setAbsoluteDeadline(simTime() + par("jobRelativeDeadline"));
    return job;
}

void SourceBase::finish()
{
    emit(createdSignal, jobCounter);
}

//——
Define_Module(Source);

```

```

void Source::initialize()
{
    SourceBase::initialize();
    startTime = par("startTime");
    stopTime = par("stopTime");
    numJobs = par("numJobs");

    // schedule the first message timer for start time
    scheduleAt(startTime, new cMessage("newJobTimer"));
}

void Source::handleMessage(cMessage *msg)
{
    ASSERT(msg->isSelfMessage());

    if ((numJobs < 0 || numJobs > jobCounter) && (stopTime < 0 || stopTime > simTime()))
    {
        // reschedule the timer for the next message
        scheduleAt(simTime() + par("interArrivalTime").doubleValue(), msg);

        Job *job = createJob();
        send(job, "out");
    }
    else {
        // finished
        delete msg;
    }
}

//——

Define_Module(SourceOnce);

void SourceOnce::initialize()
{
    SourceBase::initialize();
    simtime_t time = par("time");
    scheduleAt(time, new cMessage("newJobTimer"));
}

void SourceOnce::handleMessage(cMessage *msg)
{
    ASSERT(msg->isSelfMessage());
    delete msg;

    int n = par("numJobs");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        Job *job = createJob();
        send(job, "out");
    }
}

}; //namespace

```

Listing 4: "Source.cc"

A.3 Router (pssqueueinglib)

Aggiunte:

- *int queueNumber = default(sizeof(out)-1)*: numero di code da utilizzare (*Router.ned*)
- *ALG_PSSRANDOM*: algoritmo che consente di inoltrare i messaggi solo alle prime n code in maniera casuale (*Router.h*)
- *int queueNumber*: numero di code da utilizzare (*Router.h*)

Modifiche:

- *string routingAlgorithm @enum("random", "roundRobin", "shortestQueue", "minDelay", "pssRandom") = default("random")*: "pssRandom" permette di inoltrare i messaggi solo alle prime n code in maniera casuale (*Router.ned*)
- *void Router::initialize()*: inizializzazione dell'algoritmo di instradamento e del numero di code da utilizzare (*Router.cc*)
- *void Router::handleMessage(cMessage *msg)*: implementazione dell'algoritmo di instradamento *ALG_PSSRANDOM* (*Router.cc*)

A.3.1 Router.ned

```
//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
// This file is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. See the file
// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

package org.omnetpp.queueing;

//
// Sends the messages to different outputs depending on a set algorithm.
// Sends the messages to first queueNumber-th queues.
//
// @author rhornig, Samuele Evangelisti
// @todo minDelay not implemented
//
simple Router
{
    parameters:
        @group( Queueing );
        @display( "i=block/routing" );
        string routingAlgorithm @enum( "random", "roundRobin", "shortestQueue", "minDelay", "pssRandom" ) = default( "random" );
        volatile int randomGateIndex = default( intuniform( 0, sizeof( out ) - 1 ) ); // the destination gate in case of random routing
        // progetto
        int queueNumber = default( sizeof( out ) - 1 ); // queue number limit
    gates:
        input in [ ];
        output out [ ];
```

```
}
```

Listing 5: "Router.ned"

A.3.2 Router.h

```
//  
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.  
//  
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.  
//  
// This file is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. See the file  
// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.  
//  
  
#ifndef _QUEUEING_ROUTER_H  
#define _QUEUEING_ROUTER_H  
  
#include "QueueingDefs.h"  
  
namespace queueing {  
  
// routing algorithms  
enum {  
    ALG_RANDOM,  
    ALG_ROUND_ROBIN,  
    ALG_MIN_QUEUE_LENGTH,  
    ALG_MIN_DELAY,  
    ALG_MIN_SERVICE_TIME,  
    // progetto  
    ALG_PSSRANDOM  
};  
  
/**  
 * Sends the messages to different outputs depending on a set algorithm.  
 * Sends the messages to first queueNumber-th queues.  
 */  
class QUEUEING_API Router : public cSimpleModule  
{  
    private:  
        int routingAlgorithm; // the algorithm we are using for routing  
        int rrCounter;        // msgCounter for round robin routing  
        // progetto  
        int queueNumber;  
    protected:  
        virtual void initialize() override;  
        virtual void handleMessage(cMessage *msg) override;  
};  
  
}; //namespace  
  
#endif
```

Listing 6: "Router.h"

A.3.3 Router.cc

```

//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
// This file is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. See the file
// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

#include "Router.h"

namespace queueing {

Define_Module(Router);

void Router::initialize()
{
    const char *algName = par("routingAlgorithm");
    if (strcmp(algName, "random") == 0) {
        routingAlgorithm = ALG_RANDOM;
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "roundRobin") == 0) {
        routingAlgorithm = ALG_ROUND_ROBIN;
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "minQueueLength") == 0) {
        routingAlgorithm = ALG_MIN_QUEUE_LENGTH;
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "minDelay") == 0) {
        routingAlgorithm = ALG_MIN_DELAY;
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "minServiceTime") == 0) {
        routingAlgorithm = ALG_MIN_SERVICE_TIME;
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "pssRandom") == 0) {
        routingAlgorithm = ALG_PSS_RANDOM;
    }
    rrCounter = 0;
    int qn = par("queueNumber").intValue() - 1;
    if (qn < 0 || qn > gateSize("out") - 1)
        throw cRuntimeError("Invalid_queue_number");
    else
        queueNumber = qn;
}

void Router::handleMessage(cMessage *msg)
{
    int outGateIndex = -1; // by default we drop the message

    switch (routingAlgorithm) {
        case ALG_RANDOM:
            outGateIndex = par("randomGateIndex");
            break;

        case ALG_ROUND_ROBIN:
            outGateIndex = rrCounter;
            rrCounter = (rrCounter + 1) % gateSize("out");
            break;
    }
}

```

```

    case ALG_MIN_QUEUE_LENGTH:
        // TODO implementation missing
        outGateIndex = -1;
        break;

    case ALG_MIN_DELAY:
        // TODO implementation missing
        outGateIndex = -1;
        break;

    case ALG_MIN_SERVICE_TIME:
        // TODO implementation missing
        outGateIndex = -1;
        break;

    case ALG_PSSRANDOM:
        outGateIndex = intuniform(0, queueNumber);
        break;

    default:
        outGateIndex = -1;
        break;
}

// send out if the index is legal
if (outGateIndex < 0 || outGateIndex >= gateSize("out"))
    throw cRuntimeError("Invalid output gate selected during routing");

send(msg, "out", outGateIndex);
}

}; //namespace

```

Listing 7: "Router.cc"

A.4 SelectionStrategies (pssqueueinglib)

Aggiunte:

- *class QUEUEING_API ExhaustiveServiceSelectionStrategy : public SelectionStrategy*: implementa la *SelectionStrategy* per ottenere un exhaustive service (*SelectionStrategies.h*, *SelectionStrategies.cc*)

Modifiche:

- *SelectionStrategy *SelectionStrategy::create(const char *algName, cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate*: inizializzazione di *ExhaustiveServiceSelectionStrategy* (*SelectionStrategies.cc*)

A.4.1 SelectionStrategies.h

```

//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
// This file is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. See the file
// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.

```



```

//

#ifndef _QUEUEING_SELECTIONSTRATEGIES_H
#define _QUEUEING_SELECTIONSTRATEGIES_H

#include "QueueingDefs.h"

namespace queueing {

/**
 * Selection strategies used in queue, server and router classes to decide
 * which module to choose for further interaction.
 */
class QUEUEING_API SelectionStrategy : public cObject
{
protected:
    bool isInputGate;
    int gateSize; // the size of the gate vector
    cModule *hostModule; // the module using the strategy
public:
    // on which module's gates should be used for selection
    // if selectOnInGate is true, then we will use "in" gate otherwise "out" is used
    SelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate);
    virtual ~SelectionStrategy();

    static SelectionStrategy * create(const char *algName, cSimpleModule *module,
        bool selectOnInGate);

    // which gate index the selection strategy selected
    virtual int select() = 0;
    // returns the i-th module's gate which connects to our host module
    cGate *selectableGate(int i);
protected:
    // is this module selectable according to the policy? (queue is selectable if
    // not empty, server is selectable if idle)
    virtual bool isSelectable(cModule *module);
};

/**
 * Priority based selection. The first selectable index will be returned.
 */
class QUEUEING_API PrioritySelectionStrategy : public SelectionStrategy
{
public:
    PrioritySelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate);
    virtual int select() override;
};

/**
 * Random selection from the selectable modules, with uniform distribution.
 */
class QUEUEING_API RandomSelectionStrategy : public SelectionStrategy
{
public:
    RandomSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate);
    virtual int select() override;
};

/**

```

```

* Uses Round Robin selection , but skips any module that is not available currently.
*/
class QUEUEING_API RoundRobinSelectionStrategy : public SelectionStrategy
{
    protected:
        int lastIndex; // the index of the module last time used
    public:
        RoundRobinSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate);
        virtual int select() override;
};

/**
* Chooses the shortest queue. If there are more than one
* with the same length , it chooses by priority among them.
* This strategy is for output only (i.e. for router module).
*/
class QUEUEING_API ShortestQueueSelectionStrategy : public SelectionStrategy
{
    public:
        ShortestQueueSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate);
        virtual int select() override;
};

/**
* Chooses the longest queue (where length>0 of course).
* Input strategy (for servers).
*/
class QUEUEING_API LongestQueueSelectionStrategy : public SelectionStrategy
{
    public:
        LongestQueueSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate);
        virtual int select() override;
};

// progettos
/**
* End all the tasks in a queue, then chooses cyclically the next one.
* Input strategy (for servers).
*/
class QUEUEING_API ExhaustiveServiceSelectionStrategy : public SelectionStrategy
{
    private:
        int actualInputGate; // actual input gate
    public:
        ExhaustiveServiceSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate);
        virtual int select() override;
};

}; //namespace

#endif

```

Listing 8: "SelectionStrategies.h"

A.4.2 SelectionStrategies.cc

```

//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.

```

```

//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
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// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

#include "SelectionStrategies.h"
#include "PassiveQueue.h"
#include "Server.h"

namespace queueing {

SelectionStrategy::SelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool selectOnInGate)
{
    hostModule = module;
    isInputGate = selectOnInGate;
    gateSize = isInputGate ? hostModule->gateSize("in") : hostModule->gateSize("out");
}

SelectionStrategy::~SelectionStrategy()
{
}

SelectionStrategy *SelectionStrategy::create(const char *algName, cSimpleModule *module,
    bool selectOnInGate)
{
    SelectionStrategy *strategy = nullptr;

    if (strcmp(algName, "priority") == 0) {
        strategy = new PrioritySelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate);
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "random") == 0) {
        strategy = new RandomSelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate);
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "roundRobin") == 0) {
        strategy = new RoundRobinSelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate);
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "shortestQueue") == 0) {
        strategy = new ShortestQueueSelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate);
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "longestQueue") == 0) {
        strategy = new LongestQueueSelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate);
    }
    else if (strcmp(algName, "exhaustiveService") == 0) {
        strategy = new ExhaustiveServiceSelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate);
    }

    return strategy;
}

cGate *SelectionStrategy::selectableGate(int i)
{
    if (isInputGate)
        return hostModule->gate("in", i)->getPreviousGate();
    else
        return hostModule->gate("out", i)->getNextGate();
}

```

```

bool SelectionStrategy::isSelectable(cModule *module)
{
    if (isInputGate) {
        IPassiveQueue *pqueue = dynamic_cast<IPassiveQueue *>(module);
        if (pqueue != nullptr)
            return pqueue->length() > 0;
    }
    else {
        IServer *server = dynamic_cast<IServer *>(module);
        if (server != nullptr)
            return server->isIdle();
    }

    throw cRuntimeError("Only IPassiveQueue (as input) and IServer (as output) is supported by this Strategy");
}

//

```

```

PrioritySelectionStrategy::PrioritySelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool
selectOnInGate) :
    SelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate)
{
}

int PrioritySelectionStrategy::select()
{
    // return the smallest selectable index
    for (int i = 0; i < gateSize; i++)
        if (isSelectable(selectableGate(i)->getOwnerModule()))
            return i;

    // if none of them is selectable return an invalid no.
    return -1;
}

//

```

```

RandomSelectionStrategy::RandomSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool
selectOnInGate) :
    SelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate)
{
}

int RandomSelectionStrategy::select()
{
    // return the smallest selectable index
    int noOfSelectables = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < gateSize; i++)
        if (isSelectable(selectableGate(i)->getOwnerModule()))
            noOfSelectables++;

    int rnd = hostModule->intuniform(1, noOfSelectables);

    for (int i = 0; i < gateSize; i++)

```

```

        if (isSelectable(selectableGate(i)->getOwnerModule()) && (--rnd == 0))
            return i;

    return -1;
}

//

```

```

RoundRobinSelectionStrategy::RoundRobinSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool
selectOnInGate) :
    SelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate)
{
    lastIndex = -1;
}

int RoundRobinSelectionStrategy::select()
{
    // return the smallest selectable index
    for (int i = 0; i < gateSize; ++i) {
        lastIndex = (lastIndex+1) % gateSize;
        if (isSelectable(selectableGate(lastIndex)->getOwnerModule()))
            return lastIndex;
    }

    // if none of them is selectable return an invalid no.
    return -1;
}

//

```

```

ShortestQueueSelectionStrategy::ShortestQueueSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module,
bool selectOnInGate) :
    SelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate)
{
}

int ShortestQueueSelectionStrategy::select()
{
    // return the smallest selectable index
    int result = -1; // by default none of them is selectable
    int sizeMin = INT_MAX;
    for (int i = 0; i < gateSize; ++i) {
        cModule *module = selectableGate(i)->getOwnerModule();
        int length = (check_and_cast<IPassiveQueue *>(module))->length();
        if (isSelectable(module) && (length < sizeMin)) {
            sizeMin = length;
            result = i;
        }
    }
    return result;
}

//

```

```

LongestQueueSelectionStrategy::LongestQueueSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *module, bool
    selectOnInGate) :
    SelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate)
{
}

int LongestQueueSelectionStrategy::select()
{
    // return the longest selectable queue
    int result = -1; // by default none of them is selectable
    int sizeMax = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < gateSize; ++i) {
        cModule *module = selectableGate(i)->getOwnerModule();
        int length = (check_and_cast<IPassiveQueue *>(module))->length();
        if (isSelectable(module) && length > sizeMax) {
            sizeMax = length;
            result = i;
        }
    }
    return result;
}

//

ExhaustiveServiceSelectionStrategy::ExhaustiveServiceSelectionStrategy(cSimpleModule *
    module, bool selectOnInGate) :
    SelectionStrategy(module, selectOnInGate)
{
    actualInputGate = 0;
}

int ExhaustiveServiceSelectionStrategy::select()
{
    // previously selected queue is not empty
    if (isSelectable(selectableGate(actualInputGate)->getOwnerModule()))
        return actualInputGate;
    // scan cyclically the next non empty queue
    else {
        for (int i = 1; i < gateSize; i++) {
            int gn = (actualInputGate + i) % gateSize;
            if (isSelectable(selectableGate(gn)->getOwnerModule())) {
                actualInputGate = gn;
                return gn;
            }
        }
    }

    // if none of them is selectable return an invalid no.
    return -1;
}

}; //namespace

```

Listing 9: "SelectionStrategies.cc"

A.5 Server (pssqueueinglib)

Aggiunte:

- *@signal[droppedForDeadline](type="long")*: *signal* per la registrazione dei *Job* scartati a causa di un inizio di servizio successivo alla loro *absoluteDeadline* (*Server.ned*)
- *@statistic[droppedForDeadline](title="drop event for deadline reached";record=vector?,count;interpolationmode=sample-and-hold)*: statistica relativa ai *Job* scartati a causa di un inizio di servizio successivo alla loro *absoluteDeadline* (*Server.ned*)
- *bool checkJobDeadline = default(true)*: specifica se sia necessario controllare *Job.absoluteDeadline* prima dell'inizio del servizio (*Server.ned*)
- *simsignal.t droppedForDeadlineSignal*: *signal* per la registrazione dei *Job* scartati a causa di un inizio di servizio successivo alla loro *absoluteDeadline* (*Server.h*)
- *bool checkJobDeadline*: specifica se sia necessario controllare *Job.absoluteDeadline* prima dell'inizio del servizio (*Server.h*)

Modifiche:

- *void Server::initialize()*: configurazione dei nuovi valori aggiunti (*Server.cc*)
- *void Server::handleMessage(cMessage *msg)*: modifiche al metodo per implementare il controllo di *Job.absoluteDeadline* e richiedere un nuovo *Job* in caso quello attuale venga scartato

A.5.1 Server.ned

```
//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
// This file is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. See the file
// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

package org.omnetpp.queueing;

//
// Queue server. It serves multiple input queues (PassiveQueue), using a preset
// algorithm. Inputs must be connected to Passive Queues (PassiveQueue)
//
simple Server
{
    parameters:
        @group( Queueing );
        @display( "i=block/server" );
        @signal[ busy ]( type="bool" );
        @statistic[ busy ]( title="server busy state"; record=vector?, timeavg;
            interpolationmode=sample-and-hold );
        // progettos
        @signal[ droppedForDeadline ]( type="long" );
        @statistic[ droppedForDeadline ]( title="drop event for deadline reached"; record=
            vector?, count; interpolationmode=none );
```

```

        string fetchingAlgorithm @enum(" priority","random","roundRobin","longestQueue","
            exhaustiveService") = default(" priority");
        // how the next job will be choosen from the attached queues
        volatile double serviceTime @unit(s); // service time of a job
        // progettoss
        bool checkJobDeadline = default(false);
    gates:
        input in[];
        output out;
}

```

Listing 10: "Server.ned"

A.5.2 Server.h

```

//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
// This file is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. See the file
// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

#ifndef _QUEUEING_SERVER_H
#define _QUEUEING_SERVER_H

#include "IServer.h"

namespace queueing {

class Job;
class SelectionStrategy;

/**
 * The queue server. It cooperates with several Queues that which queue up
 * the jobs, and send them to Server on request.
 *
 * @see PassiveQueue
 */
class QUEUEING_API Server : public cSimpleModule, public IServer
{
private:
    simsignal_t busySignal;
    bool allocated;

    SelectionStrategy *selectionStrategy;

    Job *jobServiced;
    cMessage *endServiceMsg;

    // progettoss
    simsignal_t droppedForDeadlineSignal;
    bool checkJobDeadline;

public:
    Server();
    virtual ~Server();

```



```

protected:
    virtual void initialize() override;
    virtual int numInitStages() const override {return 2;}
    virtual void handleMessage(cMessage *msg) override;
    virtual void refreshDisplay() const override;
    virtual void finish() override;

public:
    virtual bool isIdle() override;
    virtual void allocate() override;
};

}; //namespace

#endif

```

Listing 11: "Server.h"

A.5.3 Server.cc

```

//
// This file is part of an OMNeT++/OMNEST simulation example.
//
// Copyright (C) 2006–2015 OpenSim Ltd.
//
// This file is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. See the file
// 'license' for details on this and other legal matters.
//

#include "Server.h"
#include "Job.h"
#include "SelectionStrategies.h"
#include "IPassiveQueue.h"

namespace queueing {

Define_Module(Server);

Server::Server()
{
    selectionStrategy = nullptr;
    jobServiced = nullptr;
    endServiceMsg = nullptr;
    allocated = false;
}

Server::~Server()
{
    delete selectionStrategy;
    delete jobServiced;
    cancelAndDelete(endServiceMsg);
}

void Server::initialize()
{
    busySignal = registerSignal("busy");
    emit(busySignal, false);
}

```

```

endServiceMsg = new cMessage("end-service");
jobServiced = nullptr;
allocated = false;
selectionStrategy = SelectionStrategy::create(par("fetchingAlgorithm"), this, true);
if (!selectionStrategy)
    throw cRuntimeError("invalid_selection_strategy");
droppedForDeadlineSignal = registerSignal("droppedForDeadline");
checkJobDeadline = par("checkJobDeadline").boolValue();
}

void Server::handleMessage(cMessage *msg)
{
    if (msg == endServiceMsg) {
        ASSERT(jobServiced != nullptr);
        ASSERT(allocated);
        simtime_t d = simTime() - endServiceMsg->getSendingTime();
        jobServiced->setTotalServiceTime(jobServiced->getTotalServiceTime() + d);
        send(jobServiced, "out");
        jobServiced = nullptr;
        allocated = false;
        emit(busySignal, false);

        // examine all input queues, and request a new job from a non empty queue
        int k = selectionStrategy->select();
        if (k >= 0) {
            EV << "requesting_job_from_queue_" << k << endl;
            cGate *gate = selectionStrategy->selectableGate(k);
            check_and_cast<IPassiveQueue *>(gate->getOwnerModule())->request(gate->
                getIndex());
        }
    }
    else {
        if (!allocated)
            error("job_arrived, but the sender did not call allocate() previously");
        if (jobServiced)
            throw cRuntimeError("a_new_job_arrived_while_already_servicing_one");
        jobServiced = check_and_cast<Job *>(msg);
        simtime_t serviceTime = par("serviceTime");
        if (checkJobDeadline) {
            if (jobServiced->getAbsoluteDeadline() < simTime()) {
                EV << "Dropped!" << endl;
                if (hasGUI())
                    bubble("Dropped!");
                emit(droppedForDeadlineSignal, 1);
                delete msg;
                allocated = false;
                jobServiced = nullptr;
                int k = selectionStrategy->select();
                if (k >= 0) {
                    EV << "requesting_job_from_queue_" << k << endl;
                    cGate *gate = selectionStrategy->selectableGate(k);
                    check_and_cast<IPassiveQueue *>(gate->getOwnerModule())->request(
                        gate->getIndex());
                }
            }
            else {
                scheduleAt(simTime()+serviceTime, endServiceMsg);
                emit(busySignal, true);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
    else {
        scheduleAt(simTime()+serviceTime, endServiceMsg);
        emit(busySignal, true);
    }
}

void Server::refreshDisplay() const
{
    getDisplayString().setTagArg("i2", 0, jobServiced ? "status/execute" : "");
}

void Server::finish()
{
}

bool Server::isIdle()
{
    return !allocated; // we are idle if nobody has allocated us for processing
}

void Server::allocate()
{
    allocated = true;
}

}; //namespace

```

Listing 12: "Server.cc"