

**3686 - Max of the K**

## Description

Given a list of  $N$  integer numbers  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_N$  and a positive integer number  $K$ , you must output  $N-K+1$  numbers: maximum ( $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_K$ ), maximum ( $A_2, A_3, \dots, A_{K+1}$ ), maximum ( $A_3, A_4, \dots, A_{K+2}$ ), ..., maximum ( $A_{N-K+1}, A_{N-K+2}, \dots, A_N$ ).

## Input specification

The first line of input contains an integer  $T$  ( $0 < T \leq 10^3$ ) denoting the number of test cases. Each case is composed by two lines. The first line of each case contains two space-separated integer numbers  $N$  and  $K$  ( $0 < K \leq N \leq 10^6$ ) respectively. And the second line contains  $N$  space-separated integer numbers whose absolute values are less than or equal to  $2^{31} - 1$ . You can safely assume that sum of all values for  $N$  in a single file of input is lower or equal to  $10^6$ .

## Output specification

For each case, you must output a line containing  $N-K+1$  numbers: maximum ( $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_K$ ), maximum ( $A_2, A_3, \dots, A_{K+1}$ ), maximum ( $A_3, A_4, \dots, A_{K+2}$ ), ..., maximum ( $A_{N-K+1}, A_{N-K+2}, \dots, A_N$ ).

## Sample input

```
1
5 3
8 3 1 4 5
```

## Sample output

```
8 4 5
```

## Hint(s)