## Homework #11, Due: 4/19 Math 181 (Discrete Structures), Spring 2023

Problem 1 is worth 4 points (2 pts each part), and Problem 2 is worth 6 points (2 pts each part), for a total of 10 points. Remember to show your work and explain your answers on all problems!

- 1. In a standard deck of playing cards, cards have two qualities:
  - a rank: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, Jack, Queen, King, or Ace;
  - a suit: Spades ( $\spadesuit$ ), Hearts ( $\heartsuit$ ), Diamonds ( $\diamondsuit$ ), or Clubs ( $\clubsuit$ ).

There are 13 ranks and 4 suits, and each combination of rank and suit appears exactly once. So there are a total of  $13 \times 4 = 52$  cards. A *poker hand* consists of any 5 of these 52 cards. We saw in class that there are  $C(52,5) = \frac{52!}{(5! \cdot 47!)} = 2,598,960$  different poker hands.

- (a) A poker hand is called *four of a kind* if it consists of all four cards of one rank, plus any other card. For instance:  $8 \spadesuit 8 \heartsuit 8 \diamondsuit 8 \clubsuit 3 \diamondsuit$ . How many four of a kind hands are there?
- (b) A poker hand is called a *full house* if it consists of three of the cards of one rank, and two of the cards of another rank. For instance:  $5 \spadesuit 5 \heartsuit 5 \clubsuit J \heartsuit J \diamondsuit$ . How many full house hands are there?
- 2. (a) How many rearrangements of the word LOLLYPOP are there?
  - (b) How many rearrangements of LOLLYPOP start with a Y or end with a P (or both)? **Hint**: remember the Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion!
  - (c) How many rearrangements of LOLLYPOP have the two O's adjacent?

    Hint: treat the two O's as a single character "OO" to force them to be adjacent.