

## Resources for Further Learning

This is basically a compiled list of all the links provided in the slides (plus a few bonus links). Don't get overwhelmed! Think of these as options to dive further into if you are interested, or starting points for when you get stumped with a coding/stats problem. This list is by no means exhaustive nor really even comprehensive, but can hopefully give an idea of how much support there is for R users and encourage you to become a more confident, competent one yourself ☺

### General / Getting Started:

- Download R and R Studio: <https://posit.co/download/rstudio-desktop/>
- Working Directories: <https://support.posit.co/hc/en-us/articles/200711843-Working-Directories-and-Workspaces-in-the-RStudio-IDE>
- Cheatsheets: <https://rstudio.com/resources/cheatsheets/>
- Introverse. Provides interactive tutorials of many key R packages: [https://sjspielman.github.io/introverse/articles/introverse\\_online.html](https://sjspielman.github.io/introverse/articles/introverse_online.html)
- Intro to R as a programming language: <http://r-guide.steveharoz.com/index.html>

### Wrangling:

- The tidyverse: <https://tidyverse.tidyverse.org/>
- Video tutorial of data manipulation: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zc\\_ufg4uW4U](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zc_ufg4uW4U)
- Joining: <https://www.garrickadenbuie.com/project/tidyexplain/>
- Tidying (general): <https://tidydatatutor.com/>

### Plotting:

- Free ggplot book: <https://ggplot2-book.org/>
- Video workshop by Thomas Lin Pedersen:
  - o Part 1: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h29g21z0a68>
  - o Part 2: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0m4yywqNPVY>
- R Graph Gallery: <https://r-graph-gallery.com/>

### Finding help!

- R Studio Community: <https://community.rstudio.com/>
- Stack Overflow (my / many people's go-to): <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/r>

### Linguistics-specific packages:

1. **quanteda**: quantitative analysis of textual data (corpus management, tokenization, stemming, text analysis)
2. **tm**: text mining,; create and manipulate text documents, preprocessing, clustering, topic modeling.
3. **stringr**: strings and regular expressions. Good for pattern matching, string manipulation, and text cleaning
4. **udpipe**: Parse raw text; enables part-of-speech tagging, dependency parsing, and morphological analysis of text in multiple languages.

5. **koRpus**: quantitative text analysis (specifically for German. Handles tokenization, stemming, readability analysis, and other linguistic measures.
6. **phonR**: phonological analysis: phoneme transcription, syllabification, phonetic feature analysis, and phonological rule application.
7. **lme4**: Fitting linear mixed-effects models. For analyzing data with hierarchical or nested structures (e.g., experimental or language acquisition studies)
8. **text2vec**: text vectorization and feature extraction. Convert textual data into numerical representations, such as bag-of-words, TF-IDF, and word embeddings
9. **WordNetR**: Accessing and working with WordNet, a lexical database that provides semantic relationships between words. I
10. **tm.plugin.webmining**: Extension of 'tm' package. Scrape and process text from websites