

$$\frac{\theta_{n+1/2} - \theta_{n-1/2}}{\Delta T/2} = \frac{k}{h^2} \left[A_2 \theta_{n+1/2} + A_1 \theta_n \right]$$

$$\frac{\theta_{n+1} - \theta_n}{\Delta T/2} = \frac{k}{h^2} \left[A_2 \theta^{n+1} + A_1 \theta^{n+1/2} \right]$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\Delta T \cdot k}{2 h^2} \quad \boxed{\theta^0} \sim r^2 V$$

(L)

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1-2\alpha & -\alpha & & \\ -\alpha & 1-2\alpha & -\alpha & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots \\ & & -\alpha & 1-2\alpha & -\alpha \\ & & & -\alpha & 1-2\alpha \end{bmatrix}}_M \begin{bmatrix} \theta_{n+1/2} \\ \theta_n \\ \vdots \\ \theta_{n+L/2} \\ \theta_n \end{bmatrix}$$

M

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \times \theta_{2, j-1}^n + (1+2\alpha) \theta_{2, j}^n + \theta_{2, j+1}^n + \alpha \bar{\theta}_{2, j} \\
 & \times \theta_{3, j-1}^n + (1+2\alpha) \theta_{3, j}^n + \theta_{3, j+1}^n \\
 & \dots \\
 & \times \theta_{N, j-1}^n + (1+2\alpha) \theta_{N, j}^n + \theta_{N, j+1}^n + \alpha \bar{\theta}_{N, j}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\rho} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\mu}$

(2)

$$M \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \theta_{i,2}^{n+1} \\ \vdots \\ \theta_{i,N}^{n+1} \end{pmatrix} =$$

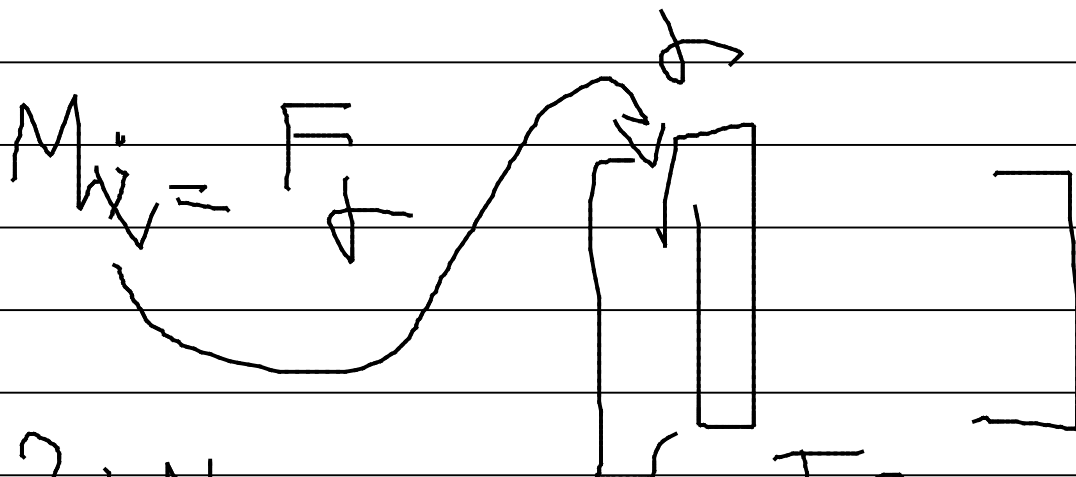
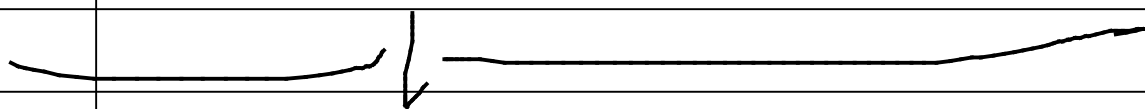
$$\alpha \theta_{i-1,2}^{n+1/2} + (1+2\alpha) \theta_{i,2}^{n+1/2} + \alpha \theta_{i+1,2}^{n+1/2} + \alpha \bar{\theta}_{i,1}^{n+1/2}$$

$$\alpha \theta_{i-1,3}^{n+1/2} + (1+2\alpha) \theta_{i,3}^{n+1/2} + \alpha \theta_{i+1,3}^{n+1/2}$$

u_j

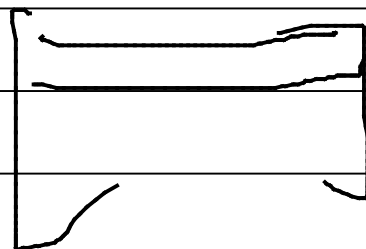
$$\alpha \theta_{i-1,N}^{n+1/2} + (1+2\alpha) \theta_{i,N}^{n+1/2} + \alpha \theta_{i+1,N}^{n+1/2} + \theta_{i,N+1}^{n+1/2}$$

Q



$$j = 2 : N$$

Trans



u_j

