



Midterm Exam advanced pharmacology

Advanced Pharmacology (Walden University)

- **Question 1**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse works in a private hospital and needs to administer some narcotic drugs to one of her patients. Which of the following should the nurse consider when administering narcotics to patients in a hospital setting?

Selected Narcotics to be used in the hospital are dispensed only with a
Answer: written prescription.

- **Question 2**

1 out of 1 points



A patient has been receiving regular doses of an agonist for 2 weeks. Which of the following should the nurse anticipate?

Selected The drug will decrease in effectiveness
Answer:

- **Question 3**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is creating a plan of care for a 68-year-old woman with a recent diagnosis of unstable angina and new prescription for nitroglycerin. Which of the following nursing diagnoses should the nurse prioritize in the planning of this patient's care?

Selected Acute Pain, Headache, related to adverse effects of drug
Answer: therapy

- **Question 4**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is caring for a patient who abuses marijuana. The treatment for marijuana abuse consists mainly of

Selected nonpharmacologic interventions combined with an exercise
Answer: program.

- **Question 5**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is caring for a patient who is in severe pain and is receiving an opioid analgesic. Which of the following would be the nurse's priority assessments?

Selected Pain intensity, respiratory rate, and level of consciousness
Answer:

- **Question 6**

1 out of 1 points



A patient has been prescribed an oral drug that is known to have a high first-pass effect. Which of the following measures has the potential to increase the amount of the free drug that is available to body cells?

Selected Administering the drug intravenously rather than

Answer: orally

- Question 7**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is providing a patient with a list of drugs as a part of the patient's plan of care. Which of the following drug nomenclatures should the nurse use to list the drugs?

Selected The drugs' generic names
Answer:

- Question 8**

1 out of 1 points



Federal legislation dictates a lengthy and rigorous process of testing for new drugs. What is the primary purpose of this testing process?

Selected To ensure the safety of the public
Answer:

- Question 9**

1 out of 1 points



During a clinic visit, a patient complains of having frequent muscle cramps in her legs. The nurse's assessment reveals that the patient has been taking over-the-counter laxatives for the past 7 years. The nurse informed the patient that prolonged use of laxatives

Selected may cause nutrient deficiencies.
Answer:

- Question 10**

1 out of 1 points



A home health nurse notes that there have been changes to a patient's oral drug regimen. The nurse will closely monitor the new drug regimen to

Selected identify any changes in drug absorption that would change the
Answer: drug effect.

- Question 11**

1 out of 1 points



What critical piece of information is missing from the following medication order:
Amoxicillin 250 mg every 8 hours?

Selected Route
Answer:

- Question 12**

1 out of 1 points



A patient has recently been prescribed a drug that treats his hypertension by blocking the sympathetic receptors in his sympathetic nervous system. This action is characteristic of

Selected an adrenergic antagonist.
Answer:

• **Question 13**

1 out of 1 points

 Which of the following will a nurse inform the patient is one of the most common adverse effects of guaifenesin (Robitussin)?

Selected Gastrointestinal distress
Answer:

• **Question 14**

0 out of 1 points

 A patient who has ongoing pain issues has been prescribed meperidine (Demerol) IM. How should the nurse best administer this medication?

Selected Into the patient shoulder muscle using a small-gauge needle
Answer:

• **Question 15**

0 out of 1 points

 A nurse is providing patient education to a 35-year-old man who has been prescribed clonidine (Catapres) as part of step 2 antihypertensive therapy. The nurse should anticipate that the drug will be administered

Selected orally.
Answer:

• **Question 16**

1 out of 1 points

 A 49-year-old woman has been diagnosed with myalgia. The physician has recommended aspirin. The patient is concerned that the aspirin will upset her stomach. The nurse will encourage the patient to

Selected swallow the tablet with milk or food.
Answer:

• **Question 17**

1 out of 1 points

 A nurse notes new drug orders for a patient who is already getting several medications. Which of the following is the most important consideration when preparing to administer the new drugs?

Selected Possible drug-drug interactions that might occur
Answer:

• **Question 18**

1 out of 1 points

 A nurse is discussing with a patient the efficacy of a drug that his physician has suggested, and he begins taking. Efficacy of a drug means which of the

following?

Selected How well a drug produces its desired effect
Answer:

• **Question 19**

1 out of 1 points

 The nurse's assessment of a community-dwelling adult suggests that the client may have drug allergies that have not been previously documented. What statement by the client would confirm this?

Selected "I broke out in hives and got terribly itchy when I started a new prescription last year."
Answer:

• **Question 20**

1 out of 1 points

 An 80-year-old patient has been taking lorazepam since his wife died a year ago. He has been staying with his son, but will now move to an assisted living facility. Before admission to the assisted living facility, the patient's physician has determined that the drug is no longer needed. The nurse at the facility will plan to

Selected withdraw the drug gradually over a 2 to 3 week period.
Answer:

• **Question 21**

1 out of 1 points

 A patient has been prescribed lithium therapy. Which of the following signs and symptoms will the nurse tell the patient to report immediately?

Selected Muscle twitching
Answer:

• **Question 22**

1 out of 1 points

 The lower respiratory system utilizes a number of different mechanisms that confer protection and maintain homeostasis. Which of the following physiological processes protects the lower respiratory system?

Selected Cilia sweep foreign material and mucus upward toward the trachea and larynx where they can then be swallowed.
Answer:

• **Question 23**

1 out of 1 points

 A female patient, age 36, is prescribed inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) for daily use. Which of the following adverse effects should the nurse closely monitor for in this patient?

Selected Oropharyngeal Candida albicans infection
Answer:

- **Question 24**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse practitioner understands when prescribing a medication that there are certain questions to address. Check all that apply.

Selected
Answers:

- Is there a need for the drug in treating the presenting problem?
- Is this the best drug for the presenting problem?
- Can the patient take the prescribed drug?

- **Question 25**

1 out of 1 points



A teenage boy has undergone a diagnostic workup following several months of persistent, bloody diarrhea that appears to lack an infectious etiology. The boy has also experienced intermittent abdominal pain and has lost almost 15 pounds this year. Which of the following medications is most likely to treat this boy's diagnosis?

Selected
Answer:

Mesalamin
e

- **Question 26**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse working for a drug company is involved in phase III drug evaluation studies. Which of the following might the nurse be responsible for during this stage of drug development?

Selected
Answer:

Administering investigational drugs to patients

- **Question 27**

1 out of 1 points



A 65-year-old woman has an advanced form of rheumatoid arthritis. Her treatment includes a regular dosage of methotrexate. The nurse will advise her to take which of the following vitamin supplements while taking the drug?

Selected
Answer:

Vitamin B

- **Question 28**

1 out of 1 points



An unconscious patient has been brought to the hospital, and the physician has prescribed a life-saving drug to be administered parenterally. Which of the following methods would be the most appropriate for the nurse to use when administering the medication?

Selected
Answer:

Intravenous infusion.

- **Question 29**

1 out of 1 points

 A male patient is to begin glyburide (Diabeta) for type 2 diabetes. Before the drug therapy begins, a priority action by the nurse will be to assess the patient's

Selected use of alcohol.

Answer:

• **Question 30**

1 out of 1 points

 To minimize the risk of adverse effects of glucagon when given to an unconscious diabetic patient, as the patient regains consciousness, the nurse should

Selected administer carbohydrates.

Answer:

• **Question 31**

1 out of 1 points

 A nurse is caring for a 61-year-old man who has had a severe attack of gout while in the hospital for food poisoning. The nurse administers colchicine intravenously in order to

Selected avoid aggravating the gastrointestinal tract.

Answer:

• **Question 32**

1 out of 1 points

 A patient who is experiencing withdrawal from heavy alcohol use have developed psychosis and been treated with haloperidol. Which of the following assessment findings should prompt the care team to assess the patient for neuroleptic malignant syndrome?

Selected The patient develops muscle rigidity and a sudden, high

Answer: fever.

• **Question 33**

1 out of 1 points

 A patient who has been admitted to the hospital for a mastectomy has stated that she has experienced adverse drug effects at various times during her life. Which of the following strategies should the nurse prioritize in order to minimize the potential of adverse drug effects during the patient's stay in the hospital?

Selected Monitor the patient vigilantly for signs and symptoms of

Answer: potentially adverse drug effects

• **Question 34**

1 out of 1 points

 A patient receives 25 units of NPH insulin at 7.AM. At what time of day should the nurse advise the patient to be most alert for a potential hypoglycemic reaction?

Selected Late afternoon
Answer:

• **Question 35**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is teaching a patient about his newly prescribed drug, colchicine, for gout. The nurse will instruct the patient to avoid which of the following foods?

Selected Shrimp
Answer:

• **Question 36**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is caring for a 46-year-old patient of Chinese origin who has bipolar disorder. The physician has prescribed lithium carbonate (Eskalith) to treat the disorder. The nurse is aware that the lithium dose will likely be given in a

Selected lower-than-normal dose.
Answer:

• **Question 37**

1 out of 1 points



A patient is being treated for respiratory infection. He is a recovering alcoholic and has impaired liver function. The nurse will instruct the patient to be especially cautious when taking

Selected an elixir.
Answer:

• **Question 38**

1 out of 1 points



A 25-year-old woman comes to the clinic because of a chronic, nonproductive cough. Assessment reveals that she has a history of asthma and dextromethorphan, (Robitussin) is prescribed for her. The nurse will question this order because

Selected secretions may be retained.
Answer:

• **Question 39**

1 out of 1 points



A high school student was diagnosed with asthma when he was in elementary school and has become accustomed to carrying and using his "puffers". In recent months, he has become more involved in sports and has developed a habit of administering albuterol up to 10 times daily. The nurse should teach the student that overuse of albuterol can lead to

Selected rebound bronchoconstriction.
Answer:

- **Question 40**

1 out of 1 points



These drugs have a potential for abuse, but the potential is lower than for drugs on Schedule 2. These drugs contain a combination of controlled and noncontrolled substances. Use of these drugs can cause a moderate to low physiologic dependence and a higher psychological dependence. A verbal order can be given to the pharmacy and the prescription can be refilled up to five times within 6 months. Examples include certain narcotics (codeine) and nonbarbiturate sedatives. This is scheduled drug

Selected Schedule 3
Answer:

- **Question 41**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse who is responsible for administering medications should understand that the goals of the MedWatch program are to (Select all that apply.)

Selected provide regular feedback about product safety issues.
Answers:

- facilitate the reporting of adverse reactions of drugs.
- increase awareness of serious reactions caused by drugs or medical devices.

- **Question 42**

1 out of 1 points



A 40-year-old woman with a diagnosis of fibromyalgia has been prescribed cyclobenzaprine (Flexeril) as an adjunct to her existing drug regimen. What nursing diagnosis should the nurse prioritize when updating the nursing care plan for this patient?

Selected Risk for Injury related to CNS depressant effects
Answer:

- **Question 43**

1 out of 1 points



A 52-year-old man is suffering from a deficiency of exocrine pancreatic secretions and is prescribed pancrelipase (Pancrease MT). Before the medication therapy begins, the nurse will assess for allergies related to

Selected pork.
Answer:

- **Question 44**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is caring for a patient with chronic angina. The patient is receiving ranolazine (Ranexa) 500 mg PO bid. Which of the following signs or symptoms would the nurse attribute to being a common adverse effect of this medication?

Selected Dizziness
Answer:

• **Question 45**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is caring for an 81-year-old patient in a long-term care facility who takes nine different medications each day. The patient has a recent diagnosis of seizure disorder and has begun treatment with phenytoin (Dilantin), a highly protein-bound drug. After 1 month of Dilantin therapy, the patient is still extremely drowsy and sluggish. The nurse determines that the prolonged adverse effect is likely due to

Selected polypharmacy decreasing the number of available protein-binding sites.
Answer:

• **Question 46**

1 out of 1 points



An elderly postsurgical patient has developed postoperative pneumonia in the days following abdominal surgery and is being treated with a number of medications. Which of the following medications that the nurse will administer has the slowest absorption?

Selected An oral antidepressant that the patient has been taking daily
Answer: for several years

• **Question 47**

1 out of 1 points



A patient has a blood serum drug level of 50 units/mL. The drug's half-life is 1 hour. If concentrations above 25 units/mL are toxic and no more of the drug is given, how long will it take for the blood level to reach the nontoxic range?

Selected 1 hour
Answer:

• **Question 48**

1 out of 1 points



A patient is in the clinic for seasonal allergic rhinitis. Loratadine (Claritin) is prescribed. Which of the following statements will the nurse include when providing patient education concerning this drug?

Selected "Determine if the drug is going to make you drowsy before
Answer: you drive."

• **Question 49**

1 out of 1 points



Talwin given in combination with Vistaril diminishes the adverse effects of nausea caused by the Talwin. This drug interaction affecting the pharmacodynamics of the Talwin is

Selected an antagonistic effect.

Answer:

- Question 50**

1 out of 1 points



In order to promote therapeutic drug effects, the nurse should always encourage patients to

Selected take their medication at the prescribed times.

Answer:

- Question 51**

1 out of 1 points



A 57-year-old male patient who has been prescribed doxorubicin for small-cell lung cancer is advised by the nurse to avoid taking aspirin or drugs that contain aspirin because it may

Selected promote bleeding.

Answer:

- Question 52**

1 out of 1 points



A 70-year-old woman is starting on an acidic drug. The nurse is aware that food and nutrient intake can affect drug excretion by changing the urinary pH. About which of the following will the nurse question the patient concerning her diet?

Selected The amount of meat and vegetables

Answer:

- Question 53**

1 out of 1 points



A patient who has been taking buspirone (BuSpar) for 1 week calls the clinic and reports to the nurse that the drug is not working. The patient informs the nurse that she is still having symptoms of anxiety. The nurse will tell the patient that

Selected optimum relief of anxiety usually occurs after 3 to 4 weeks of

Answer: treatment.

- Question 54**

1 out of 1 points



A 33-year-old man has developed acute gouty arthritis. He has been prescribed colchicine. When developing a care plan for this patient, which factor will be most important for the nurse to consider?

Selected Dietary habits

Answer:

- Question 55**

1 out of 1 points



A 42-year-old man is being treated for a peptic ulcer with ranitidine (Zantac) taken PO at bedtime. Even though few adverse effects are associated with this drug, one common adverse effect that can be severe is

Selected headache.

Answer:

• **Question 56**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is overseeing the care of a young man whose ulcerative colitis is being treated with oral prednisone. Which of the following actions should the nurse take in order to minimize the potential for adverse drug effects and risks associated with prednisone treatment?

Selected Carefully assess the patient for infections

Answer:

• **Question 57**

1 out of 1 points



A patient has been admitted to the ICU because of multiple traumas due to a motor vehicle accident. The physician has ordered propofol (Diprivan) to be used for maintenance of sedation. Before administration of propofol, a priority assessment by the nurse would be to check for a history of

Selected seizure disorders.

Answer:

• **Question 58**

1 out of 1 points



A male patient has been brought to the emergency department during an episode of status epilepticus. Diazepam is to be administered intravenously. The nurse will be sure to

Selected avoid the small veins in the dorsum of the hand or the wrist.

Answer:

• **Question 59**

1 out of 1 points



A 75-year-old woman is prescribed magnesium hydroxide for constipation. The nurse's assessment reveals that the patient is being treated for rheumatoid arthritis and hypertension. The patient lives in assisted living and is on a low-sodium diet. Before the magnesium hydroxide therapy begins, it will be most important for the nurse to assess the patient's

Selected medication history.

Answer:

• **Question 60**

1 out of 1 points



A female patient with a diagnosis of type 1 diabetes mellitus has been experiencing increasing neuropathic pain in recent months, a symptom that has not responded appreciably to conventional analgesics. The patient's care provider has begun treatment with gabapentin (Neurontin). How is the addition of this drug likely to influence the management of the patient's existing drug regimen?

Selected It is unlikely to influence the patient's other medications because
Answer: gabapentin does not interact with other drugs.

- Question 61**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is caring for a postsurgical patient who has small tortuous veins and had a difficult IV insertion. The patient is now receiving IV medications on a regular basis. What is the best nursing intervention to minimize the adverse effects of this drug therapy?

Selected Monitor the IV site for redness, swelling, or pain
Answer:

- Question 62**

1 out of 1 points



A patient with a diagnosis of nonsmall cell lung cancer is currently undergoing chemotherapy. At the encouragement of a family member, the patient has announced to the nurse his intention to complement this treatment with a regimen of herbal remedies. How should the nurse respond to this patient's statement?

Selected "It's important to discuss what herbs you'll be taking with your
Answer: doctor or the pharmacist to make sure there aren't any
 interactions."

- Question 63**

1 out of 1 points



A resident of a long-term care facility receives 12.5 mg metoprolol (Lopressor) at 8 AM and 8 PM daily. Before administering this drug, the nurse should perform and document what assessments?

Selected Heart rate and blood
Answer: pressure

- Question 64**

1 out of 1 points



A 53-year-old man has been treated for severe asthma for several years with prednisone. Recently, his physician initiated alternate-day therapy for him. The patient tells the nurse that he would rather take the medication every day to prevent confusion. Which of the following would be the best response by the nurse?

Selected "This schedule allows rest periods so that adverse effects are

Answer: decreased but the anti-inflammatory effects continue."

- Question 65**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is teaching an older adult patient about polypharmacy. Which of the following statements best describe this term?

Selected Taking several drugs simultaneously

Answer:

- Question 66**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is caring for a 73-year-old man who is receiving drug therapy. He is beginning to exhibit signs of decline in his renal system, yet his current serum creatinine level is normal. The nurse will base the patient's plan of care on the understanding that there is

Selected a decrease in the amount of creatinine to be filtered.

Answer:

- Question 67**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is assigned to a patient who is taking lithium. Which of the following drug serum levels would indicate that the patient is at risk for adverse effects of the drug?

Selected 1.7 mEq/L

Answer:

- Question 68**

1 out of 1 points



A 58-year-old man is admitted to the emergency department. A diagnosis of severe digoxin toxicity is made. Bradycardia is present, and an electrocardiogram (ECG) confirms toxicity. The nurse will administer which of the following drugs?

Selected Digoxin immune

Answer: fab

- Question 69**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse works in a sleep disorder clinic and is responsible for administering medications to the patients. Which of the following patients would be most likely to receive zaleplon (Sonata)?

Selected A 35-year-old man who is having difficulty falling asleep, but

Answer: once asleep can stay asleep

- Question 70**

0 out of 1 points

 A 79-year-old patient in a long-term care facility is to receive an intravenous fat emulsion. Which of the following lab values would be a priority for the nurse to assess before administration?

Selected Serum sodium levels
Answer:

• **Question 71**

1 out of 1 points

 A nurse is caring for a patient who has been diagnosed with hypothyroidism. Levothyroxine (Synthroid) has been prescribed. Before the drug therapy is started, the nurse will assess for which of the following?

Selected History of taking anticoagulant drugs
Answer:

• **Question 72**

1 out of 1 points

 An 80-year-old man has been prescribed oxycodone for severe, noncancer, chronic pain. He tells the nurse that he has difficulty swallowing and asks if he can crush the tablet before swallowing. The nurse will advise the patient that

Selected there is risk of an extremely high dose available all at once if
Answer: the tablet is crushed.

• **Question 73**

0 out of 1 points

 A nurse is providing discharge instructions to a patient who will be taking fludrocortisone at home. The nurse will encourage the patient to eat a diet that is

Selected low in sodium and potassium.
Answer:

• **Question 74**

1 out of 1 points

 A patient will begin three new medications as part of her treatment plan. The nurse practitioner understands that proper disposal of medications is key when the nurse practitioner states

Selected Many medications can be potentially harmful if taken by
Answer: someone other than the person the medication was prescribed.

• **Question 75**

1 out of 1 points

 A diabetic patient being treated for obesity tells the nurse that he is having adverse effects from his drug therapy. The patient has been taking dextroamphetamine for 2 weeks as adjunct therapy. Which of the following adverse effects would need the nurse's immediate attention?

Selected Increased blood glucose
Answer:

• **Question 76**

1 out of 1 points



A 70-year-old patient has just started taking lorazepam 10 days ago for anxiety issues related the death of her husband. She is staying with her daughter for a couple of weeks. The patient's daughter has noticed that her mother is having difficulty walking and seems to be confused at times and calls the clinic to report this to the nurse. The nurse will inform the daughter that

Selected a dose adjustment should be made if these symptoms persist.
Answer:

• **Question 77**

1 out of 1 points



A 72-year-old man with pain issues is being given a drug by the intramuscular route. His serum blood level concentrations have been erratic. The nurse suspects that this may be due to

Selected decreased blood flow to tissues and muscles.
Answer:

• **Question 78**

1 out of 1 points



A 13-year-old patient has juvenile arthritis. He has recently had oral surgery and was told by the surgeon to take aspirin for the pain. The nurse will monitor for which of the following?

Selected Hepatotoxicity
Answer:

• **Question 79**

1 out of 1 points



A community health nurse is performing a home visit to an elderly client who receives twice-weekly wound care. The client has mentioned that she has been having difficulty sleeping, a problem that she has not previously experienced. Which of the following measures should the nurse suggest?

Selected Encouraging the patient to change her diet and exercise habits
Answer:

• **Question 80**

1 out of 1 points



A male patient is to begin treatment for pneumonia with an albuterol (Ventolin) inhaler. The nurse will advise the patient that he will most likely experience which of the following common adverse effects of the drug?

Selected Throat irritation
Answer:

Answer:

• **Question 81**

1 out of 1 points



A patient has GERD and is taking ranitidine (Zantac). She continues to have gastric discomfort and asks whether she can take an antacid. Which of the following is an appropriate response by the nurse?

Selected "Yes, but be sure to wait at least 2 hours to take the antacid
Answer: after you take the ranitidine."

• **Question 82**

1 out of 1 points



Mesalamine (Asacol) is prescribed for a 22-year-old woman with Crohn disease. The nurse will discuss with the patient the possibility for which of the following adverse effects related to the new drug therapy?

Selected Hair loss
Answer:

• **Question 83**

1 out of 1 points



A 79-year-old woman who takes several medications for a variety of chronic health problems has been prescribed an oral antiplatelet aggregator that is to be taken once daily. The nurse has encouraged the woman to take the pill at the same time of day that she takes some of her other medications. What is the most likely rationale for the nurse's advice?

Selected Integrating the new drug into the patient's existing schedule
Answer: promotes adherence.

• **Question 84**

1 out of 1 points



A homeless man who is well known to care providers at the local hospital has been admitted to the emergency department after having a seizure outside a mall. The man is known to be a heavy alcohol user and is malnourished with a very low body mass index. How are this patient's characteristics likely to influence possible treatment with phenytoin?

Selected The patient's protein deficit will likely increase the levels of the
Answer: free drug in his blood.

• **Question 85**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse who provides care for older adults is aware of the high incidence of drug interactions in this population. When educating a group of seniors about the prevention of drug interactions, the nurse should encourage them to

Selected consult their care provider before taking new over-the-counter medications.

Answer:

• **Question 86**

1 out of 1 points



A 70-year-old man who enjoys good health began taking low-dose aspirin several months ago based on recommendations that he read in a magazine article. During the man's most recent visit to his care provider, routine blood work was ordered and the results indicated an unprecedented rise in the man's serum creatinine and blood urea nitrogen (BUN) levels. How should a nurse best interpret these findings?

Selected The man may be experiencing nephrotoxic effects of aspirin
Answer:

• **Question 87**

1 out of 1 points



A nurse is caring for a 70-year-old patient who is taking desmopressin (DDAVP). The patient has a history of cardiovascular disease. The nurse will prioritize the assessment of which of the following?

Selected Electrolyte levels
Answer:

• **Question 88**

1 out of 1 points



A patient comes to primary clinic for strep throat. A throat swab culture is sent to lab. What information is required for the nurse practitioner to disclose on lab transmittal?

Selected National Provider Identification
Answer: (NPI)

• **Question 89**

1 out of 1 points



Mr. Tan is a 69-year-old man who prides himself in maintaining an active lifestyle and a healthy diet that includes adequate fluid intake. However, Mr. Tan states that he has experienced occasional constipation in recent months. What remedy should be the nurse's first suggestion?

Selected A bulk-forming (fiber) laxative
Answer:

• **Question 90**

1 out of 1 points



A 33-year-old woman has irritable bowel syndrome (IBS). The physician has prescribed simethicone (Mylicon) for her discomfort. Which of the following will the nurse monitor most closely during the patient's drug therapy?

Selected Increased abdominal pain and vomiting

Answer:

- Question 91**

1 out of 1 points



An older adult who lives in a long-term care facility has recently begun taking losartan (Cozaar) for the treatment of hypertension. The nurse who provides care for this resident should recognize that this change in the resident's medication regimen may create a risk for

Selected falls.

Answer:

- Question 92**

0 out of 1 points



A 57-year-old man is to begin 5-FU therapy for colon cancer. It will be most important for the nurse to monitor which of the following during the first 72 hours of the initial treatment cycle?

Selected White blood cell nadir

Answer:

- Question 93**

1 out of 1 points



A patient with diabetes has had a cough for 1 week and has been prescribed a cough syrup (an expectorant). What special instructions should the nurse include in the patient teaching for this situation?

Selected Monitor glucose levels

Answer: closely

- Question 94**

1 out of 1 points



To maximize the therapeutic effect of diphenoxylate HCl with atropine sulfate, the nurse will instruct the patient to take the medication

Selected four times a day.

Answer:

- Question 95**

1 out of 1 points



A 22-year-old male college senior has lived with a diagnosis of Crohn's disease for several years and has undergone several courses of treatment with limited benefit. Which of the following targeted therapies has the potential to alleviate the symptoms of Crohn's disease?

Selected Infliximab (Remicade)

Answer:

- Question 96**

1 out of 1 points

 A patient has been prescribed zolpidem (Ambien) for short-term treatment of insomnia. Which of the following will the nurse include in a teaching plan for this patient? (Select all that apply.)

Selected The drug does not cause sleepiness in the morning.

Answers:

One of the most common adverse effects of the drug is headache.

It is available in both quick-onset and continuous-release oral forms.

• **Question 97**

1 out of 1 points

 A patient is suffering from acute inhalant intoxication. The priority nursing intervention will be to

Selected administer oxygen therapy.

Answer:

• **Question 98**

1 out of 1 points

 Following an endoscopy, a 66-year-old man has been diagnosed with a duodenal ulcer resulting from Helicobacter pylori infection. Which of the following medications will likely be used in an attempt to eradicate the patient's H. pylori infection? (Select all that apply.)

Selected Antibiotics

Answers:

A PPI

• **Question 99**

1 out of 1 points

 On the 1 a.m. rounds, the nurse finds a patient awake and frustrated that she cannot go to sleep. The nurse administers an ordered hypnotic to help the patient sleep. Two hours later, the nurse finds the patient out of bed, full of energy and cleaning her room. The nurse evaluates the patient's response to the hypnotic as

Selected an idiosyncratic

Answer: response.

• **Question 100**

1 out of 1 points

 Drugs have a valid medical use but a high potential for abuse, both psychological and physiologic. In an emergency, a Schedule 2 drug may be prescribed by telephone if a written prescription cannot be provided at the time. However, a written prescription must be provided within 72 hours with the words authorization for emergency dispensing written on the prescription. These prescriptions cannot be refilled. A new prescription must be written each time.

Examples include certain amphetamines and barbiturates. This is scheduled drug

Selected Schedule 2
Answer:

0 out of 0 points