CS412 Machine Learning HW 2 – Probabilities – Bayesian Learning 100pts

- Please TYPE your answer or write legibly by hand (pts off if it is hard to read).
- **Use this document to type in your answers** (rather than writing on a separate sheet of paper), so as to keep questions, answers and and grades together to facilitate grading.
- SHOW all your work for partial/full credit.
- Allocated spaces should be enough for your answers (unnecessarily long and irrelevant answers may loose points)

1) 20 pt - Suppose that we have 3 colored boxes r (red), b (blue) and g (green).

Box r contains 8 apples, 1 oranges and 1 limes;

Box b contains 5 apples, 5 oranges and 0 limes;

Box g contains 3 apples, 3 oranges and 4 limes.

Assume a process where we pick a box first and then pick a fruit from the selected box. A box is chosen at random according to the following probability of being selected: p(r) = p(b) = 0.2 and p(g) = 0.6 and a piece of fruit is selected from the **chosen** box randomly.

a) 10 pt – What is the **probability of selecting an lime**?

$$P(Lime) = (0.2 * 0.1) + (0.2 * 0.0) + (0.6 * 0.4) = 0.26 = 26\%$$

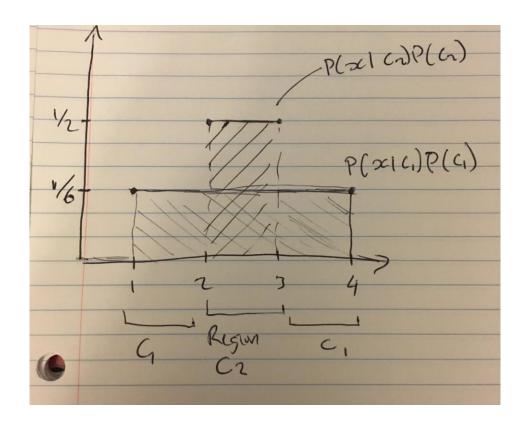
b) 10pt - If we **observe that the selected fruit is a lime**, what is the probability that it came from the green box?

2) 40 pt - For a 1-dimensional input space, assume we are given the following class conditional probability densities as follows:

$$p(x|C_1) = 1/3$$
 for $1 \le x \le 4$ $p(x|C_2) = 1$ for $2 \le x \le 3$ 0 elsewhere

Assume $P(C_1)=P(C_2)=0.5$.

a) 15pt – Draw the corresponding pdfs, being as precise as possible (e.g. label axes and important points on the axes). You can draw by hand, take a picture and include here as image.



b) 10pts - Develop a classification strategy for a given x (just looking at the graph – no formula), just complete the sentence(s):

`if x is in the region $1 \le x \le 2$ or $3 \le x < 4$, I will classify it as C1;

if x is in the region $2 < x \le 3$, I will classify it as C2;

c) 5pts - Draw the decision regions on the above figure.

- d) 10pts Give a one line qualitative answer (no precise numbers/thresholds...) & reasoning for each case below (how your decision changes or whether it doesn't).
 - Would your decision strategy change if P(C₁)=0.9 and P(C₂)=0.1?

Yes, my decision strategy will change because P(x|C1)*P(C1) would be bigger than P(x|C2)*P(C2) for $2 \le x \le 3$

- How about if it was the reverse P(C₁)=0.1 and P(C₂)=0.9?
 No, because p(x|C2)*p(C2) would be still larger than P(x|C1)*P(C1) at 2 <= x <= 3.
- 3) 40pts NAIVE BAYES
- a) 15pts Given that two random variables X and Y are conditionally independent givenC, circle True or False (2pts for each correct answer; -1pts each wrong answer):

•
$$P(X|Y) = P(X)$$
 True / False

•
$$P(X | Y, C) = P(X | Y)$$
 True / False

•
$$P(X, C | Y) = P(X | Y)$$
 True / False

•
$$P(X,Y,C) = P(X|C) P(Y|C) P(C)$$
 True / False

b) 20pts - Using the PlayTennis data given below (and in the lecture slides), how would you classify x=(Overcast, Mild, Normal, Strong), using Naive Bayes classifier without any smoothing. Show your work (e.g. indicate class conditional attribute probabilities under the given table in the next page and just transfer them here).

$$P(Yes|x) = P(Yes|x) = (P(x|Yes) * P(Yes)) / P(x) \equiv P(x|Yes) * P(Yes)$$

P(x) = P(Overcast, Mild, Normal, Strong)

$$= (4/9) \times (4/9) \times (6/9) \times (3/9) \times (9/14) = 0.0282$$

$$P(No| x) = (P(x| No) * P(No)) / P(x) \equiv P(x| No) * P(No)$$

P(x) = P(Overcast, Mild, Normal, Strong)

=P(Overcast | No) x P(Mild | No) x P(Normal | No) x P(Strong | No) x P(No)

$$= (0/5) \times (2/5) \times (1/5) \times (3/5) \times (5/14) = 0$$

 $P(No|x) \approx 0$

Decision: Yes, we can play tennis in conditions where(overcast, mild, normal, strong)

Day	Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Wind	PlayTennis
$\frac{\text{Day}}{\text{D1}}$	Sunny	Hot	High	Weak	No
D_2	Sunny	Hot	High	Strong	No
D3	Overcast	Hot	High	Weak	Yes
D4	Rain	Mild	High	Weak	Yes
D_5	Rain	Cool	Normal	Weak	Yes
D6	Rain	Cool	Normal	Strong	No
$\overline{\mathrm{D7}}$	Overcast	Cool	Normal	Strong	Yes
D8	Sunny	Mild	High	Weak	No
D9	Sunny	Cool	Normal	Weak	Yes
D10	$\operatorname{Rain}^{'}$	Mild	Normal	Weak	Yes
D11	Sunny	Mild	Normal	Strong	Yes
D12	Overcast	Mild	High	Strong	Yes
D13	Overcast	Hot	Normal	Weak	Yes
D14	Rain	Mild	High	Strong	No

Write here the estimated probabilities (you should only write those related to the question for simplicity):

P(Outlook=Overcast | Yes) = 4/9

P(Tempature = Mild | Yes) = 4/9

 $P(Humidity = Normal \mid Yes) = 6/9$

$$P(Wind = Strong | Yes) = 3/9$$

$$P(Tempature = Mild | No) = 2/5$$

$$P(Humidity = Normal | No) = 1/5$$

$$P(Wind = Strong | No) = 3/5$$

c) 5pts - Without re-doing the whole process, give the for P(Overcast|No) and P(Temperature|Yes) using Laplace smoothing:

$$P(Outlook=Overcast|No) = (0 + 1) / ((3*1) + 5) = 1/8 = 0.125$$

$$P(Humidity=Normal|Yes) = (6 + 1) / ((2*1) + 9) = 7/11 \approx 0.636$$