

ORGANIZER

وزارة الاتصالات وتكنولوجيا المعلومات  
Ministry of Communications and Information Technology

State of Qatar • دولة قطر



OFFICIAL  
SPONSOR

وزارة الدفاع  
Ministry of Defence

State of Qatar • دولة قطر



HOST AND  
STRATEGIC PARTNER

جامعة حمد بن خليفة  
HAMAD BIN KHALIFA UNIVERSITY

عـ.ـثـ.ـ وـ.ـ فـ.ـيـ.ـ مـ.ـؤـ.ـسـ.ـسـ.ـةـ.ـ قـ.ـطـ.ـرـ.ـ  
Member of Qatar Foundation



KNOWLEDGE  
PARTNERS

Q  
QuantX

BCG

 **BIG QUANTUM  
HACKATHON  
QATAR 2025**

**QATAR'S FIRST GLOBAL QUANTUM  
COMPUTING HACKATHON**

ORGANIZER

وزارة الاتصالات وتكنولوجيا المعلومات  
Ministry of Communications and Information Technology  
State of Qatar • دولة قطر



OFFICIAL SPONSOR

وزارة الدفesa  
Ministry of Defence  
State of Qatar • دولة قطر



HOST AND STRATEGIC PARTNER

جامعة حمد بن خليفة  
HAMAD BIN KHALIFA UNIVERSITY  
عَلَيْهِ وَفِي مَوْسِىَةٍ قَطَر  
Member of Qatar Foundation



KNOWLEDGE PARTNERS

QuantX

BCG

# Enhanced Retail Credit Risk Scoring Using Quantum Machine Learning (QML) - Qatar Islamic Bank



المصرف



## TEAM 8: H-bar heroes

Ghada Ben Slama  
QbitSoft

Chayma Faraji  
Ecole Polytechnique

Aladana Al Sulaiti  
HBKU

Jawaher Mohamed  
Ali A M Kaldari  
HBKU

Asma Al-Othni  
HBKU

# Introduction & Context



Default Risk

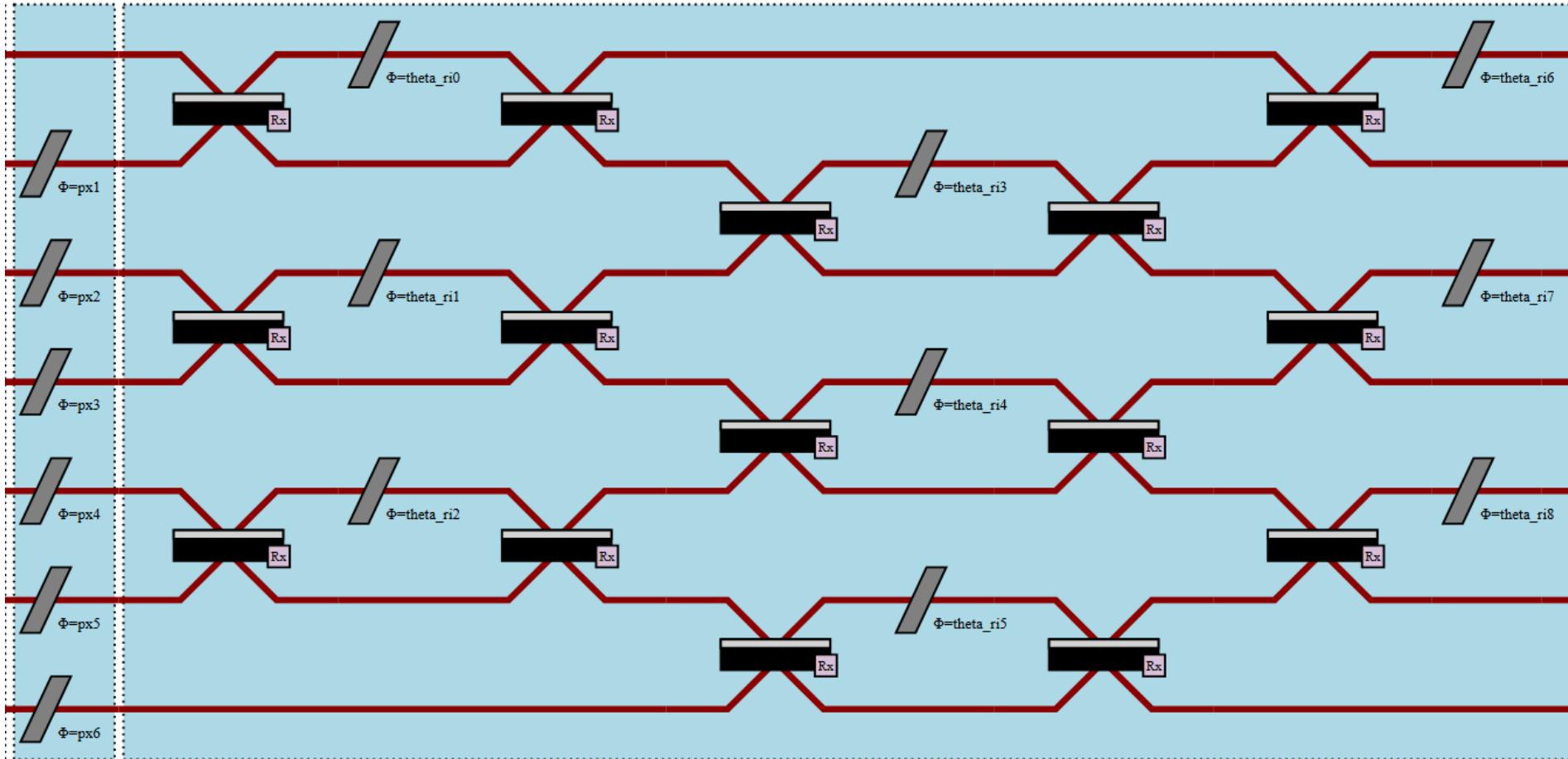


Classical methods: imbalanced dataset, high dimension, thin file applicants...

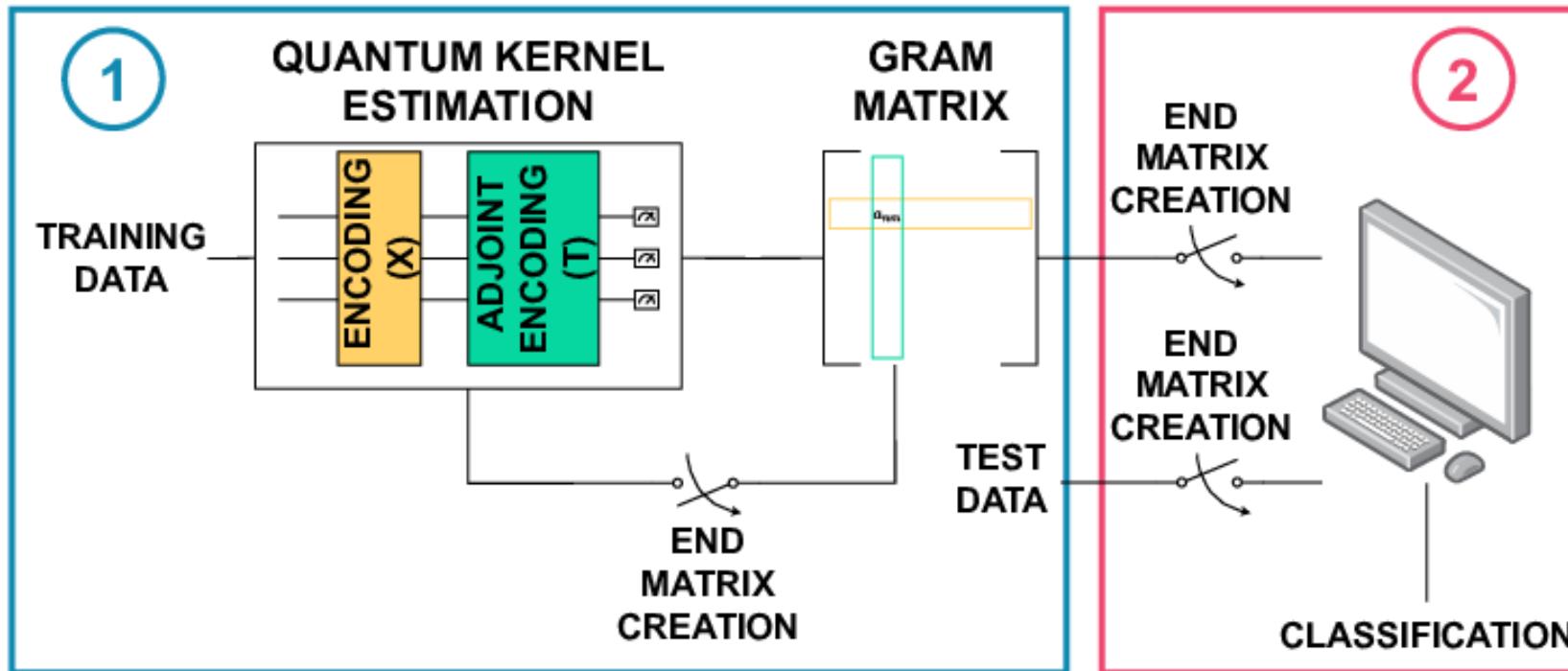
# Problem

Can Quantum Machine Learning  
overcome the limitations of classical  
models in credit risk scoring?

# MerLin - Photonic Quantum Machine Learning Framework



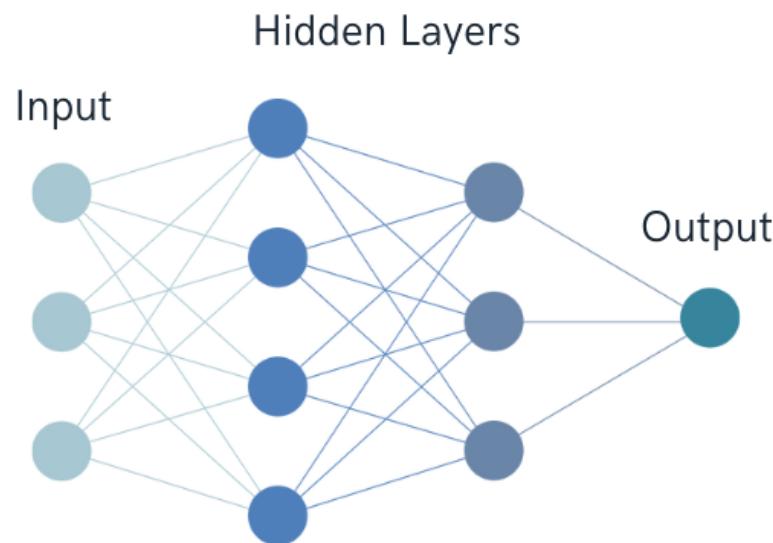
# Quantum solution 1: QSVM



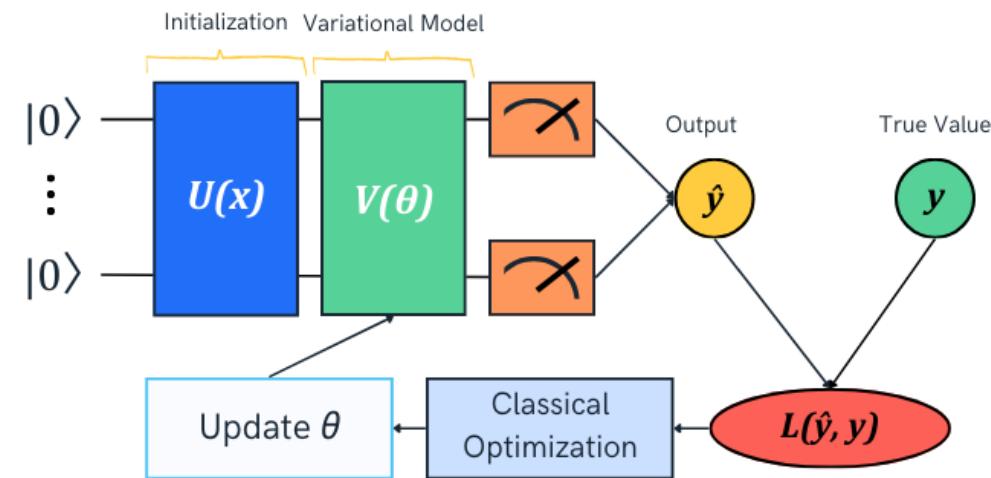
Quantum Support Vector machine QSVM

# Quantum solution 2: QNN

Classical Neural Network

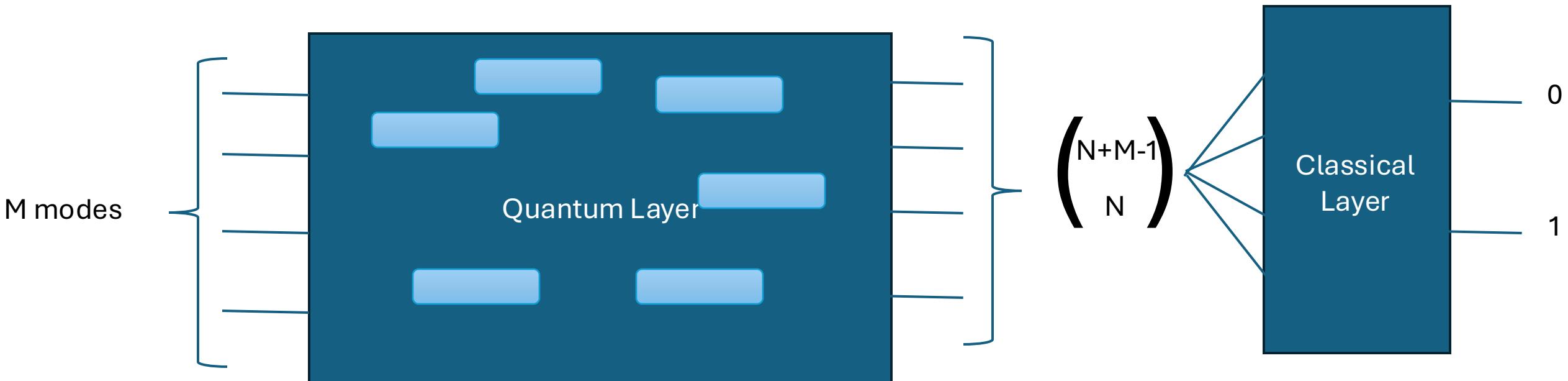


Quantum Neural Network



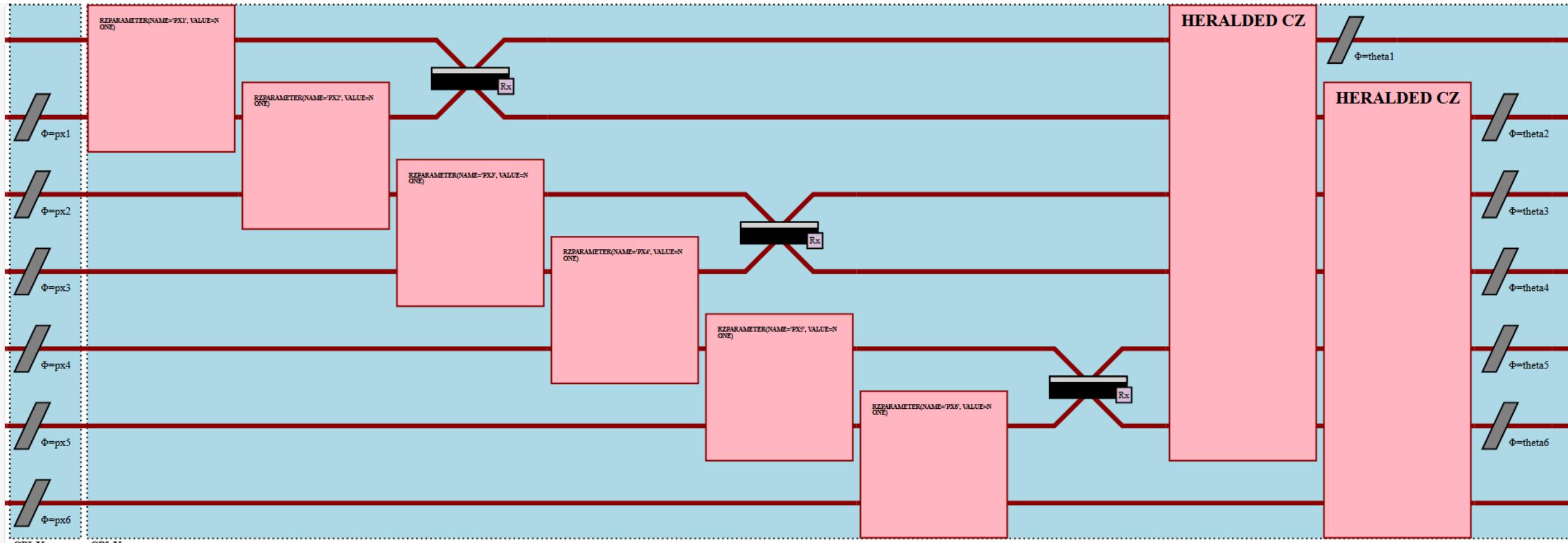
# Quantum solution 2: QNN

N: number of photons



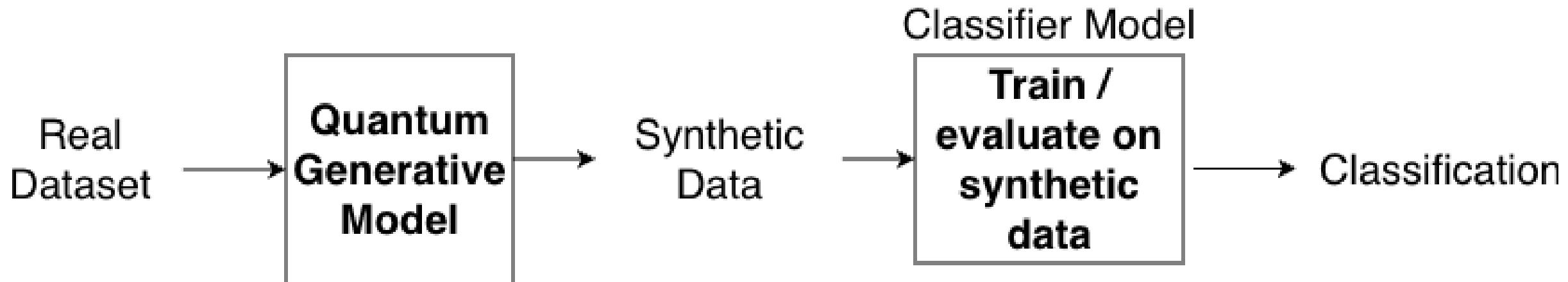
If  $N=3$ ,  $M=6$ , we have 56 outputs

# Improved circuit inspired from the IQP feature map



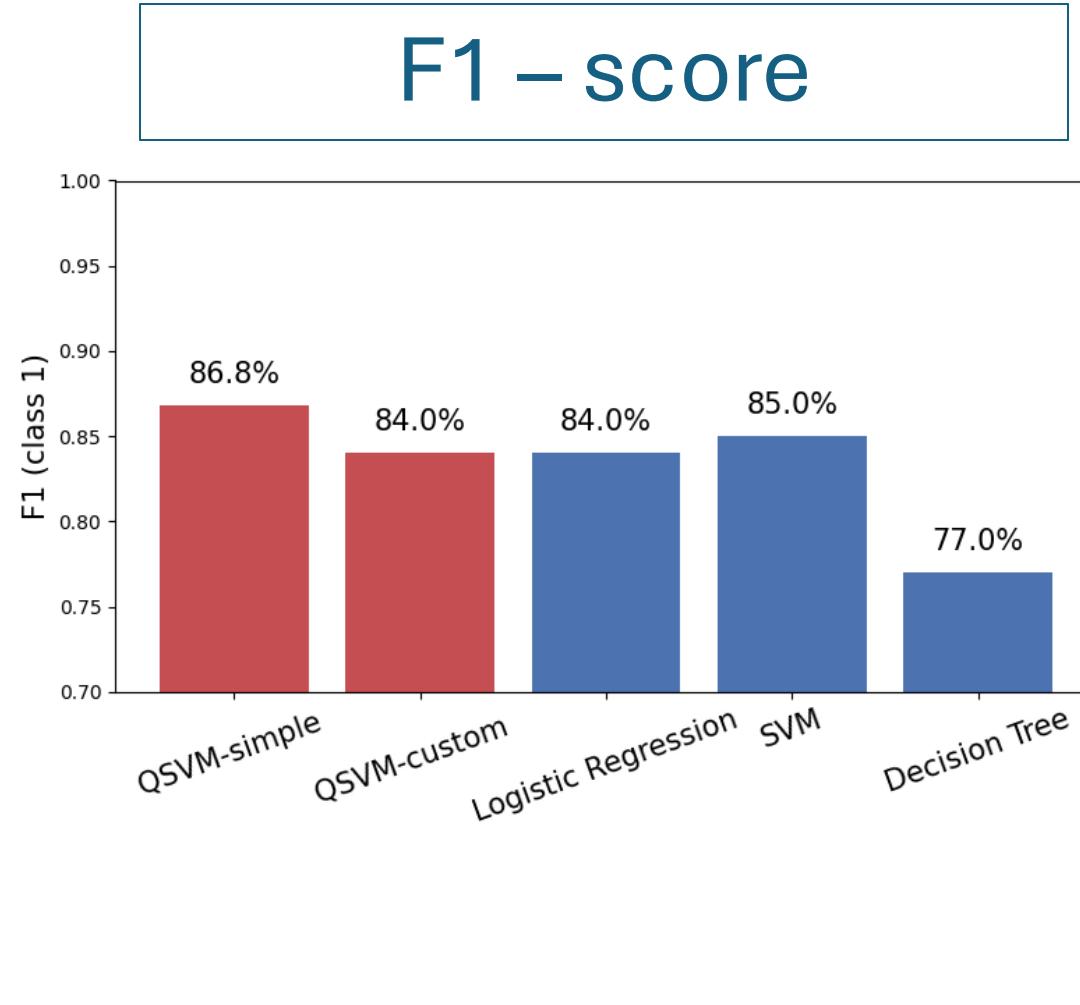
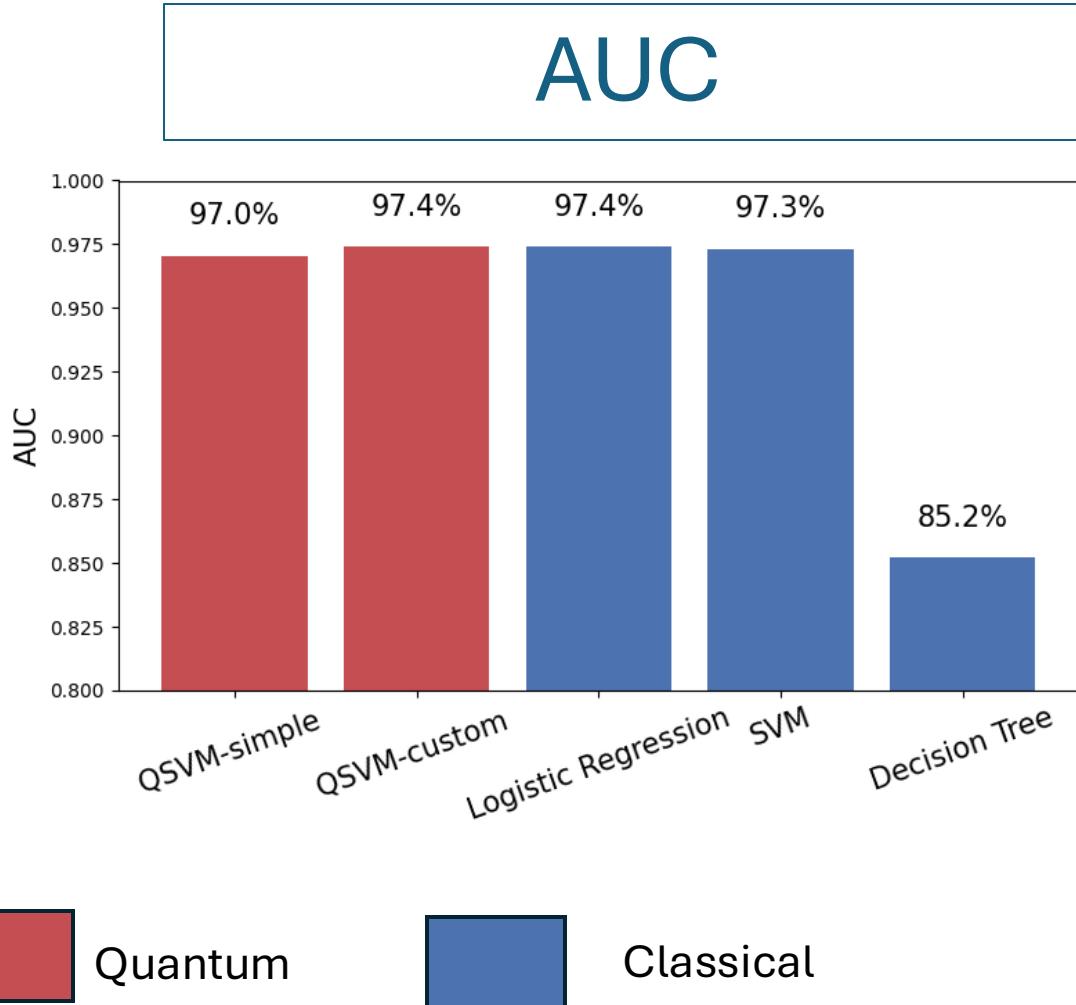
# Quantum Generative Model Architecture

Motivation: mitigate customer privacy risks by training classifiers on quantum-generated synthetic credit profiles instead of real customer data.



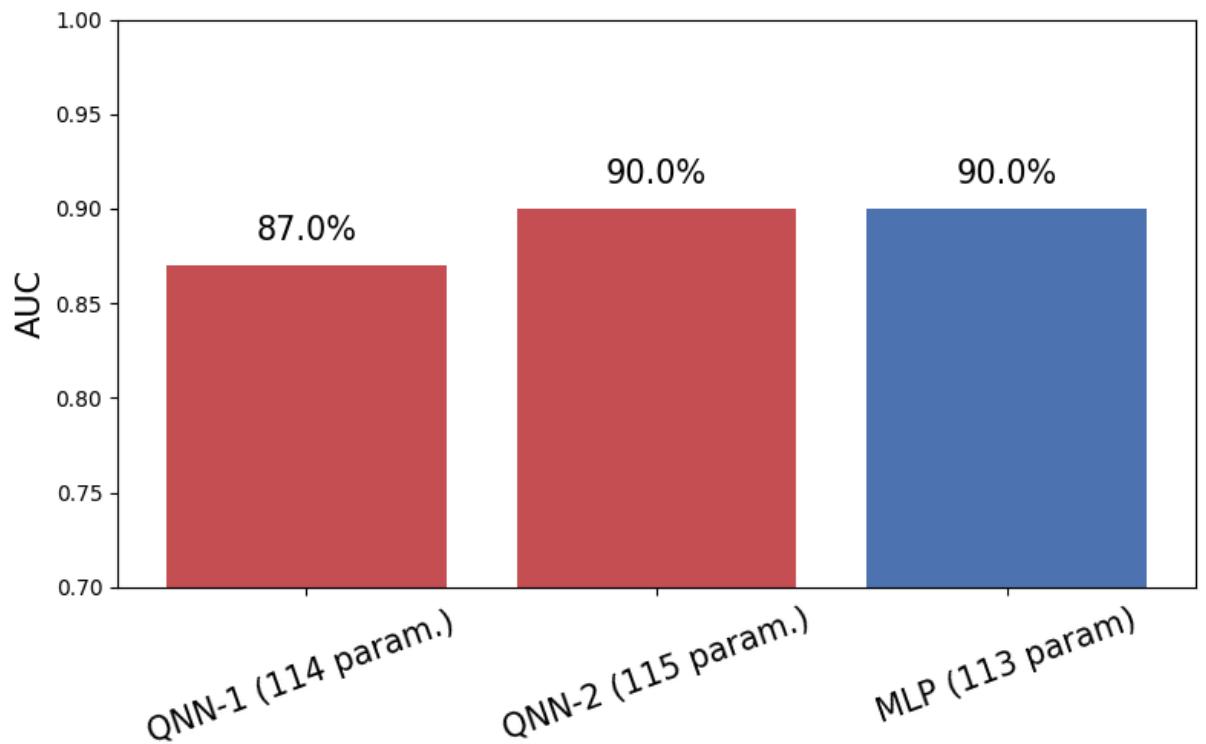
# Results

# QSVM VS Classical methods

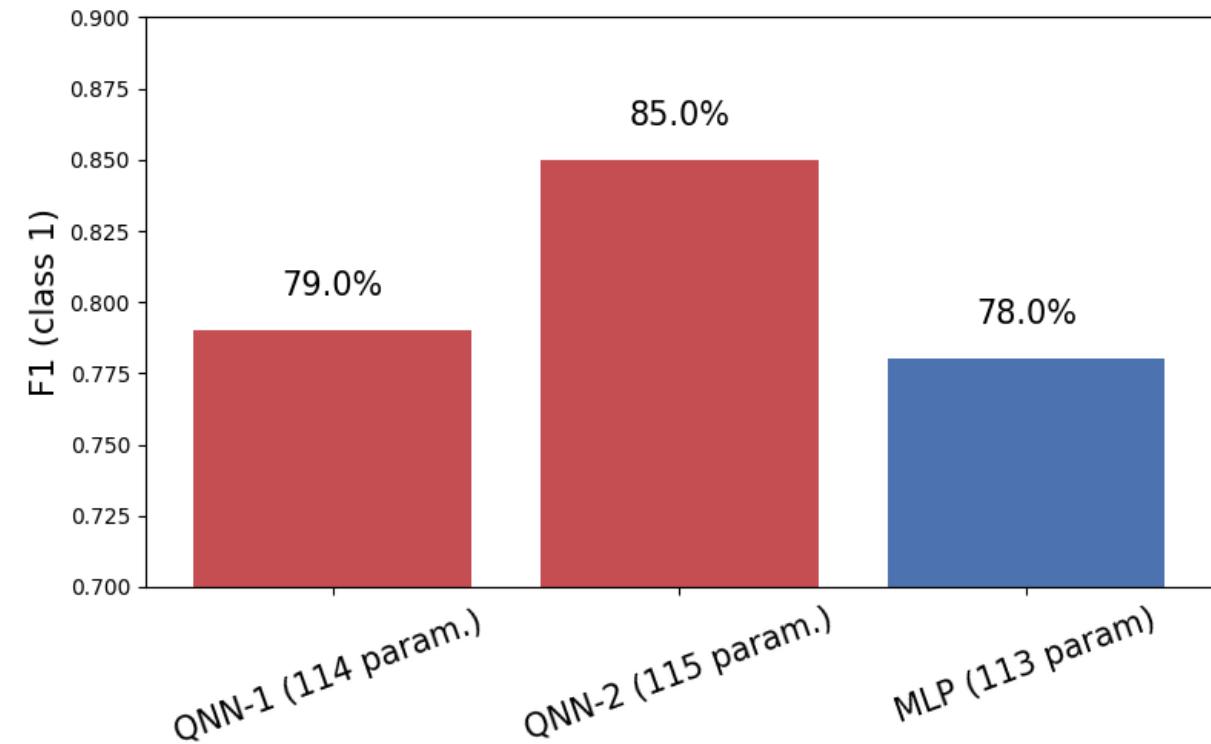


# QNN Results 1

## AUC



## F1 - score



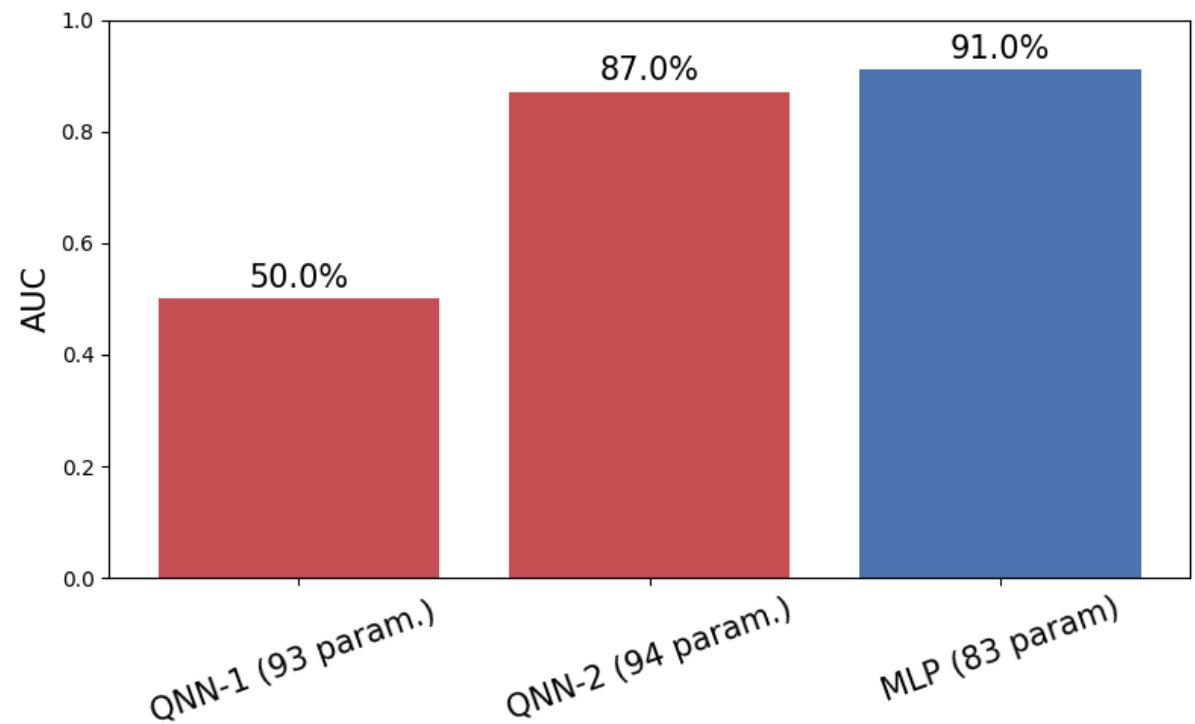
Quantum



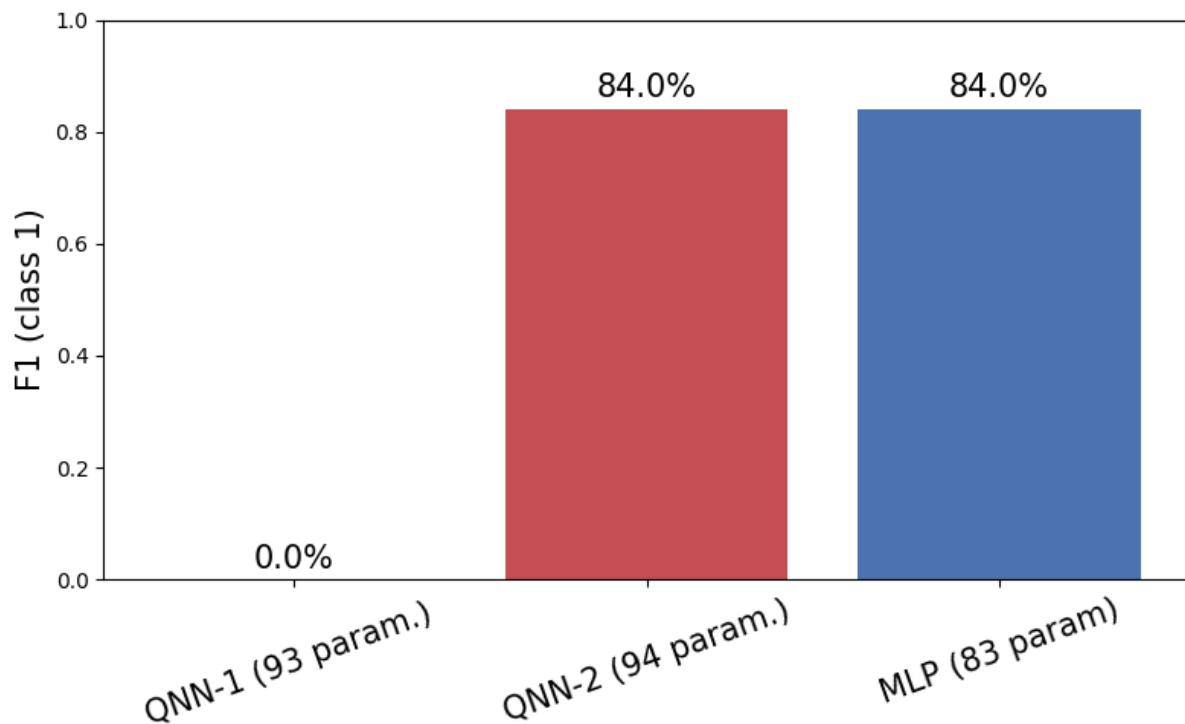
Classical

# QNN Results 2

## AUC



## F1 - score



Quantum



Classical

# Generative model Results

To evaluate our generative model, we train the QSVM on the synthetic data and tested it on the real dataset.

## Results:

Model	Train data	Test data	Precision	Recall	AUC	F1 Score
QSVM (TRTR)	Real	Real	0.868	0.868	0.970	0.868
QSVM (TSTR)	Synthetic	Real	0.588	0.943	0.962	0.725

# Conclusion



QSVM



QSVM with QGAN



QNN



QNN with feature map

# THANK YOU!

## ORGANIZER



## OFFICIAL SPONSOR



## HOST AND STRATEGIC PARTNER



## KNOWLEDGE PARTNERS

